

SPECIFICATION #: 3ADENVM0001

VERSION: REV001

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 1, 2016 REVISION DATE: June 5, 2017

Baseline Environmental Requirements for Supplier Deliverables to TGCS

Specification Responsibility: TGCS Environmental Team

Document Owner: Stacy Arrington



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1.0 Change History

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| Version | Date | Change Description |
|---------|------------|--|
| REV000 | 2015/10/2 | First Toshiba release |
| REV001 | April 2016 | Update SVHC list to include substances from ED/79/2015 Removed limits for Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (Table 1) Updated cover page artwork Clean up of Tables 1 through 5. |
| REV002 | June 2017 | Corrected the link to the TGCS publications website in section 3.3.1.3. |

2.0 Scope

2.1 Objectives

TGCS Engineering Specification 3ADENVM0001 establishes baseline environmental requirements for all Deliverables where this specification is referenced in a Statement of Work, print, contract or other procurement documents. ES 3ADENVM0001 implements TGCS's environmental policy objectives and contains some, but not all, environmental legal requirements for Deliverables. Supplier shall ensure Deliverables comply with the requirements provided in this specification. ES 3ADENVM0001 contains restrictions on Materials, certain chemicals used in manufacturing and includes other requirements, e.g., battery collection programs, labeling of batteries, energy efficiency, and marking of plastic Parts. If the Deliverable does not contain certain types of parts, then the section of this ES referring to those parts would not apply, e.g., if there are no batteries in the Deliverable, then the battery requirements would not apply. ES 3ADENVM0001 requires Suppliers to disclose information about the content of certain substances in their Deliverables. This specification also applies to chemical Deliverables used for Field Use Materials, Chemical Product Supplies and chemicals contained in hardware Deliverables, Parts, or Products.

Compliance with the requirements in ES 3ADENVM0001 alone may not satisfy the Supplier's responsibilities to TGCS because it does not encompass all environmental legal requirements for Deliverables worldwide. In addition to ES 3ADENVM0001, Supplier shall ensure the Deliverables comply with all "Environmental Laws" and are ready for import, export, sale, or other distribution of the Deliverable in all jurisdictions worldwide, regardless of where they are sold to TGCS. "Environmental Laws include laws, rules and regulations at local, state, provincial, national, or international level that relate to environmental matters, including without limitation, material restrictions, material bans, labeling, availability of product environmental information, energy efficiency, end-of-life take back, battery requirements, and other similar requirements.

It is important to note that in addition to ES 3ADENVM0001, TGCS maintains environmental and/or related requirements in other specifications, contracts, or procurement documents. Most notably, full compliance requirements for the European Union (EU) Directive 2011/65/EU on the Restriction on the

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use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) are not solely a part of ES 3ADENVM0001, but are rather applied through the combination of ES 3ADENVM0001, other applicable contract provisions, and TGCS engineering specifications, such as 3ADENVM0002 or 8734444. In circumstances where multiple documents contain restrictions on the same chemical or substance in the same application, the most restrictive requirements apply.

2.2 Definitions

Additional definitions can be found in the applicable sections.

Agglomerate – a collection of weakly bound particles or aggregates where the resulting external surface area is similar to the sum of the surface areas of the individual components. [Source: EU Commission Recommendation 2011/696/EU on the definition of nanomaterial]

Aggregate – a particle comprising of strongly bound or fused particles. [Source: EU Commission Recommendation 2011/696/EU on the definition of nanomaterial]

Article – an object which during production is given a special shape, surface, or design which determines its function to a greater degree than does its chemical composition. [Source: EU Regulation 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)]

Battery or accumulator – any source of electrical energy generated by direct conversion of chemical energy and consisting of one or more primary battery cells (nonrechargeable) or consisting of one or more secondary battery cells (rechargeable). [Source: EU Directive 2006/66/EC on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators]

Chemical Product Supply – a chemical used as part of the operation of a hardware product which is consumed during the operation of the product and/or which must be periodically replaced to maintain the product.

Covered Electronic Device – video display device containing a screen greater than 4 inches, measured diagonally, such as computer monitors containing cathode ray tubes, laptop computers with a liquid crystal display, liquid crystal display containing monitors. [Source: California Electronic Waste Recycling Act, SB 20, 2003, and SB 50, 2004]

Deliverable(s) – any tangible item(s) delivered by or for a Supplier to TGCS in accordance with a purchase contract or other agreement with TGCS. Deliverables include, but are not limited to, components, Materials, Parts, Products, and tools.

Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE) – equipment which is dependent on electric currents or electromagnetic fields in order to work properly and equipment for the generation, transfer and measurement of such currents and fields and designed for use with a voltage rating not exceeding 1000 volts for alternating current and 1500 volts for direct current. [Source: EU Directive 2012/19/EU

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of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)]

Field Use Material (FUM) - a chemical used to maintain and/or service hardware products.

Frequently Handled Cables – cables and cords which are readily accessible to the consumer during ordinary use, e.g., computer mouse cords, computer peripheral wires and cables designed to plug into the front of system (e.g., USB cords), computer peripheral AC adapter cord and I/F cable for portable computers or portable peripheral devices, computer peripheral PCMCIA card cord for portable computers, computer peripheral wires and cables for portable computers, computer speaker cords use with portable computers, desktop computer power/patch/pin cords destined to plug into the front of a computer, external CD/DVD and tape drives for portable computers, mobile PCD computer cords, computer joystick, audio or video adapter cords for portable products, audio or video cable for portable products, audio/video/computer/telecommunications cables, packaged individually for retail sales, portable digital imaging equipment, portable DVD player, portable power adapters, AC adapters for foreign outlets and other voltage converters, portable ZIP drives, scanners for portable computers, USB and firewire cords.

Homogeneous Material – one material of uniform composition throughout a material, consisting of a combination of materials that cannot be disjointed or separated into different materials by mechanical actions such as unscrewing, cutting, crushing, grinding and abrasive processes. [Source: EU Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment]

Intentionally Added or Intentional Addition – a substance is deliberately utilized in the production of a Deliverable.

Materials – chemical substances and preparations that are supplied for the production of Parts, Products and other items (e.g., structural plastics, metals, coatings, paints, and adhesives) and chemical substances or preparations that are shipped with Parts or Products (e.g., toners, cleaners, lubricants, oils, and refrigerants).

Mixture – a mixture or solution composed of two or more substances. [Source: EU Regulation No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling, and packaging of substances and mixtures]

Not Detected – below the detection limit of established test standards or appropriate industry wide test methods. In general, these test standards/methods should achieve trace level detection or at the lowest detection capabilities of the specific sample matrix.

Particle – a minute piece of matter with defined physical boundaries. [Source: EU Commission Recommendation 2011/696/EU on the definition of nanomaterial]

Parts – fabricated Materials, components, devices, and assemblies.

Plastic – material that contains, as an essential ingredient, one or more organic polymeric substances of large molecular weight, is solid in its finished state, and, at some stage in its manufacture or processing into finished articles, can be shaped by flow. [Source: National Sanitation Foundation International Draft Standard NSF/ANSI 426]

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Postconsumer recycled material - Material generated by households or by commercial, industrial and institutional facilities in their role as end-users of the product, which can no longer be used for its intended purpose. This includes returns of material from the distribution chain. [Source: National Sanitation Foundation International Draft Standard NSF/ANSI 426]

Preparation – a mixture or solution composed of two or more substances, for example, paint, lubricant or ink. [Source: EU Regulation 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)]

Products – stand alone, final assemblies including complete machines supplied by an original equipment manufacturer (OEM).

RoHS – an acronym for European Union Directive 2011/65/EU on the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances in electrical and electronic equipment and subsequent amendments.

RoHS substances – substances regulated by EU Directive 2011/65/EU on RoHS. These substances (as of the last revision date of this specification) are: mercury, lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, and polybrominated diphenyl ethers.

REACH – and acronym for European Commission Regulation Number 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals.

Substance – a chemical element and its compounds in the natural state or obtained by any manufacturing process, including any additive necessary to preserve its stability and any impurity deriving from the process used, but excluding any solvent which may be separated without affecting the stability of the substance or changing its composition. This definition is from EU Regulation 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). Substances include such examples as ethanol and metals. Note: metals are included here not in the form of a part or product such as a heat sink or sheet metal cover, but as a metal such as aluminum or aluminum alloy. Substance goes beyond a pure chemical compound defined by a single molecular structure. The definition of substance includes different constituents such as impurities. Also note the word "substance" is used through this specification, only the "Substance" with a capital letter refers to this specific definition.

Substance(s) of Very High Concern (SVHC) -

- 1. Substances meeting the criteria for classification in accordance with EU Directive 67/548/EEC:
 - Carcinogenic category 1 or 2
 - Mutagenic category 1 or 2
 - Toxic for reproduction category 1 or 2;

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- Substances which are persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) in accordance with the criteria set out in Annex XIII of the EU REACH Regulation;
- 3. Substances such as those having endocrine disrupting properties or those having PBT properties or vPvB properties which do not fulfill the criteria of 2 above for which there is scientific evidence of probable serious effects to human health or the environment which give rise to an equivalent level of concern to those of other substances listed in 1 or 2 and which are identified on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 59 or REACH. [Source: EU REACH Regulation, Article 57]

WEEE – an acronym for European Union (EU) Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE).

2.3 Application

ES 3ADENVM0001 applies to all Deliverables supplied to TGCS that reference this specification in a Statement of Work, print, contract, or other TGCS document.

Suppliers are responsible for compliance with ES 3ADENVM0001 in their own operations, in their subcontracted operations, and in the Materials they procure for the manufacture of Deliverables for TGCS as described herein.

In the event of conflict between ES 3ADENVM0001 and any TGCS part drawing requirement, Suppliers shall immediately notify their TGCS procurement representative. Any deviation from the requirements of ES 3ADENVM0001 must have prior written approval by TGCS's procurement representative. TGCS Procurement shall obtain consent from the appropriate TGCS representatives. TGCS Procurement must contact the author of this document for details on the requirement for deviations.

2.4 Document Administration

This document is maintained and controlled by Toshiba Global Commerce Solutions.

2.5 TGCS Documents

ES 3ADENVM0001 and the following documents referenced herein can be accessed by contacting your TGCS representative.

PCD

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- 3ADENVM0002
- 873444
- 92F6933
- 5897660

3.0 Requirements

3.1 Prohibited From Use

3.1.1 Restrictions for Hardware Deliverables, Parts, Products, Chemicals, Substances and Preparations

Table 1 lists restrictions for categories of substances which must not be contained in Deliverables, Parts, Products, Chemicals, Substances, and Preparations. The scope of restrictions varies by substance category. Details of the restriction for each category are provided in Table 1 along with some applicable regulatory references. Please note the regulatory references are only examples, and are not intended to impact or alter the TGCS restrictions set forth in this specification. Restrictions on chemicals used in manufacturing of Deliverables and also included (bold entry in table). Expanded listings of relevant substances in each of the categories are available in the Annexes referenced in Table1. If a substance is found in several entries (Tables 1,2,3,4,5 and/or the Annexes) due to multiple laws and chemical classifications, verify the stated requirements for the application of concern and use the more restrictive level.

Please note certain substances subject to EU RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU are already restricted by other regulations at concentrations levels that are more stringent than those associated with EU RoHS compliance. Table 1 presents the requirements for these substances as defined by certain existing legislation and/or TGCS requirements.

Compliance of Deliverables to all the criteria of the EU Directive on RoHS is not solely governed by ES 3ADENVM0001. Only those restrictions on RoHS substances which must be met in ES 3ADENVM0001 are listed in Table 1. Other TGCS specifications are used to apply EU RoHS compliance requirements to Deliverables. See print notes, Part specifications, purchase contracts, purchase orders, or contact your TGCS procurement representative to determine if TGCS's RoHS specifications apply in addition to ES 3ADENVM0001.

In addition to the prohibited substances in Table 1, TGCS prohibits the use of the following substances in system enclosures:

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- Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2). Prohibited by TGCS for use in system enclosures for TGCS designed Products with a Toshiba logo and OEM designed Products with a Toshiba logo. System enclosures include cover sets enclosing an entire product, including enclosures for monitors, servers, workstations, storage systems, and kiosks. This does not include mice, keyboards, cables, or bezels for subcomponents. Bezels for Storage products (e.g., tape and CD/DVD drives) must meet this requirement and not use PVC. This prohibition includes blends of resins which include PVC in whole or part of the composition.
- Monomer tetrabromobisphenol-A (TBBA)(CAS 79-94-7). Prohibited by TGCS for use as an additive flame retardant in system enclosures for TGCS designed Products with a Toshiba logo and OEM designed Products with a Toshiba logo. System enclosures include housing parts enclosing an entire product such as monitors, workstations, kiosks. This does not included mice, keyboards, and bezels for subcomponents such as DVD drives. The non-reactive form only is prohibited. (Note: TBBA used in polycarbonate resin is generally in a reactive form, not additive.)

Notes for Table 1:

- A list of representative regulatory references is included after Table 1. This list is not allinclusive; it is provided for example purposes only. Where the reference of "TGCS Requirement" is made, this means the requirement in that line is requirement by TGCS and may or may not be also required by a regulation or law.
- Bold font indicates substances are also prohibited from use in manufacturing of the Deliverable.
 The substance may also be restricted in Deliverables, please refer to the "Details of Restriction" column.
- 3. The referenced Annexes include lists of example compounds and Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) numbers. The Annexes are not all inclusive unless stated.

| Chemical Substance Category | Details of Restriction | Sample Regulatory References |
|--|--|---------------------------------|
| Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers. Group containing: Chromic acid (CAS 7738-94-5); dichromic acid (CAS 13530-68-2); oligomers of chromic acid and dichromic acid (CAS not yet assigned) | | 1 |
| Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1) | Shall not be used as a Substance or constituent of Mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight for grouting applications. | 1 |
| Ammonium dichromate (CAS 7789-09-5) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Arsenic and compounds (Annex U) | Prohibited in wood products and paints. Applications other than for wood or paint are reportable on the PCD; see Table 4 for reporting details for other applications. | 1, 2 |

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| Asbestos (Annex A) | Prohibited. | 1,2,3,12, TGCS Requirement |
|--|--|-------------------------------|
| Azo colorants (Annex B) | Azodyes which may release one or more aromatic amines (listed in Annex B (1)) are prohibited in detectable concentrations, e.g., above 30 mg/kg (ppm) in textile and leather articles which may come into direct and prolonged contact with human skin. (Please note Benzidine has further restrictions, see entry in this Table for Benzidine.) Azodyes (listed in Annex B (2)) are prohibited in concentrations above 0.1% by weight in colorants for textile and leather articles (e.g., fabrics for headphones and wrist straps). | 1, 2 |
| Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with styrene and 2,4,4trimethylpentene (CAS 68921-45-9) | Prohibited except as an additive in rubber. Tires are excluded from the rubber exemption. | 15 |
| Benzidine (CAS 92-87-5), and compounds (Annex QQ) | Prohibited. (Note benzidine is also listed in Annex B. The more restrictive level applies, which is this entry.) | 1, 2, 12, 15, 43 |
| Benzo[a]pyrene (CAS 50-32-8) | Prohibited in wood based materials in excess of 0.5 milligrams per kilogram of dry matter. | 2 |
| Benzyl butyl phthalate (or Butyl benzyl phthalate) (BBP) (CAS 85-68-7) Please note this substance is prohibited elsewhere on this table at a more restrictive level. | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials. | 1 44 |
| Biocidal product as defined in EU Regulation 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products | Prohibited on or in Deliverables, for example, prohibited for use as a treatment on Deliverables where the biocidal product is expected to remain on the TGCS Deliverable. This restriction shall not apply to treated articles where the sole treatment undertaken was the fumigation or disinfection of premises or containers used for storage or transport and where no residues are expected to remain from such treatment on the TGCS Deliverable. | 41 |
| Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (CAS 117-81-7) Please note this substance is prohibited elsewhere on this table at a more restrictive level. | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials. | 1 44 |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol (DEGBE) (CAS 112-34-5) | Prohibited in spray paints, paints intended to be sprayed or in spray cleaners in concentrations equal to or greater than 3% by weight. | 1 |
| Cadmium/Cadmium Compounds (Annex C) * | Cadmium is prohibited in concentrations above 100 ppm or 0.01% by weight when used in a paint, varnish, color pigment, dye, stabilizer, plastic, resins, epoxy resins, or in alloy applications. Shall not be used in brazing fillers in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.01% by weight. All cadmium use in plating or in a surface coating containing cadmium is prohibited. For restrictions in battery applications, see Table 8. Cadmium is prohibited in wood based materials in excess of 2 milligrams per kilogram of dry matter. | 1, 2, 12, 28 |
| Chromium trioxide (CAS 1333- 82-0) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Creosote, coal tar, tar oils, and anthracene substances (Annex FF) | Prohibited for the treatment of wood. | 1, 2 |

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| | · · · | 19, 23, 31 |
|--|---|------------------|
| 5) * | Prohibited in Substances and Preparations at levels at and above 0.1% by weight. | 22, 33 |
| | TGCS prohibits the Intentional Addition of Decabromo diphenyl ether in any Homogeneous Material. | TGCS Requirement |
| 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) (CAS 101-77-9) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Diarsenic pentaoxide (CAS 1303-28-2) (synonym - arsenic pentoxide) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Diarsenic trioxide (CAS 1327- 53-3) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) (CAS 84-74-2) Please note this substance is prohibited elsewhere on this table at a more restrictive level. | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials. | 1 44 |
| Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds (Annex KK) | Prohibited in Mixtures and Articles where the concentration in the Mixture or Article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0.1% by weight of tin. | 1 |
| Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) (CAS 84-69-5) Please note this substance is prohibited elsewhere on this table at a more restrictive level. | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials. | 1 44 |
| Dimethylfumarate (CAS 624- 49-7) | Prohibited in Articles, Products, Parts, and Deliverable greater than 0.1 mg/kg of the weight of the Article, Product, Part or Deliverable. Prohibited in pouches (e.g., desiccants) and in chemicals, Substances, and Preparations. | 1, 30 |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene (CAS 121- 14-2) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Dioctylin (DOT) compounds (e.g., dioctyltin oxide CAS 870-08-6 and dioctyltin dilaurate CAS 3648-18-8) | Prohibited in concentrations greater than the equivalent of 0.1% by weight of tin in: 1. Textile articles intended to come into contact with skin, and 2. Two-component room temperature vulcanization molding kits (RTV-2 molding kits). | 1 |
| N,N'-ditolyl-p-phenylenediamine (Annex XX) | Prohibited | |
| Dioxins (Annex YY) | Prohibited | |
| Fluorinated ethers and alcohols (Annex SS) | Prohibited | 32 |

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| Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) | 1. Materials capable of releasing formaldehyde into the air, under | 25 |
|---|--|---------------|
| Tormalderlyde (CAS 30 00 0) | reasonably foreseeable conditions of use at concentrations reaching or exceeding 0.1 ppm are prohibited. | 11, 29 |
| | | 20, 21 |
| | 2. The use of formaldehyde in textiles intended for skin contact is prohibited (e.g., Wrist straps and headphones) above 75 mg/kg formaldehyde. The use of formaldehyde in textiles not intended for skin contact is prohibited above 300 mg/kg. | 24 |
| | 3. The use of formaldehyde in wood applications may not be used if the formaldehyde emission caused by the wooden materials exceeds 0.1 ml/m3 (ppm) in the air of a test chamber. | |
| | Formaldehyde emission standards in Composite Wood must not exceed the following limits (see Section 2.11 for more details): Hardwood Plywood Veneer Core - 0.05 ppm | |
| Halogenated aromatic substances (Annex D) | Hardwood Plywood CompoProhibited from use in capacitors and transformers above 500 ppm site Core - 0.05 ppm for | 1, 2 |
| | monohalogenated or 50 ppm for polyhalogenated aromatic substances in materials of the component. (Please note PCBs have further restrictions, see entry in this Table for PCBs.) | |
| Halogenated diphenyl methanes (Annex E) | Prohibited from use and in Preparations and products containing it. | 1, 12 |
| | T | |
| Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD) and all major diastereoisomers identified (alpha HBCDD, beta HBCDD, gamma HBCDD) (CAS 25637-99-4, 3194-55-6, 134237-50-6, 134237-51-7, 134237-52-8) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Hexachlorobenzene (CAS 118- 74-1 | Prohibited except if incidentally present. | 15, 40 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene (CAS 87- 68-3) | Prohibited. | 10, 15 |
| Hexachloroethane (Annex F) | Prohibited in manufacturing or processing of nonferrous metals. | 1, 2, 12 |
| Hexavalent Chromium/ Hexavalent | Intentional Addition is prohibited by TGCS in paints and plastic resins. | TGCS |
| Chromium Compounds (Annex G) * | Prohibited in leather articles or articles containing leather parts coming into contact with skin in concentrations equal to or greater than 3 mg/kg (0.0003% by weight) of the total dry weight of the leather. | Requirement 1 |
| Hydrofluorocarbons (Annex JJ) | Prohibited in non-refillable containers, foams, and non-confined, direct evaporation systems containing refrigerants. Prohibited in new products and applications from October 2014. | 32 |
| Lead chromate (CAS 7758-97- 6) (Please note hexavalent chromium and lead are prohibited for use in Deliverables; see TGCS RoHS specifications and other entries in this table.) * | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |

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| Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red (Color Index Pigment Red 104) (CAS 12656- 85-8)) (Please note hexavalent chromium and lead are prohibited for use in Deliverables; see TGCS RoHS specifications and other entries in this | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
|---|--|----------------------------|
| table.) * Lead/ Lead Compounds (Annex H) * | (CAS 7446-14-2 and 15739-80-7) may not be used as substances and constituents of Preparations intended for use as paints. 2. Paints and varnishes shall not have lead or lead compounds with a lead content of 0.01% or more by mass. | 1, 12 2 14 39, 42 |
| Lead sulfochromate yellow (Color Index Pigment Yellow 34) (CAS 1344-37-2, see Annex II for deleted CAS numbers.) (Please note hexavalent chromium and lead are prohibited for use in Deliverables, see TGCS RoHS specifications and other entries in this table.) * | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |

| Mercury/ Mercury Compounds (Annex I)* | Prohibited in Deliverables except as unavoidable impurity at levels below 10ppm. Please note, there may be existing products with cold cathode fluorescent lamps (CCFLs), released prior to October 2014. No new products may use mercury containing CCFLs as of October 2014. Mercury use in cold cathode fluorescent lamps, for previously released parts, has multiple requirements including labeling (see section 2.6). When present in an approved application, TGCS must be supplied with a data sheet on mercury content. For additional mercury restrictions in batteries, see Table 8. | |
|--|--|---------------------|
| 2-methoxyethanol (CAS 109- 86-4) | Prohibited except for use in semiconductor manufacturing processes. | 15 |
| 1 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Prohibited in paints, paint strippers, cleaning agents, and self-shining emulsions in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight. | 1 |
| Monomethyl- dibromo-diphenyl methane bromobenzylbromo-toluene, mixture of isomers (Trade name DBBT) (CAS 9968847-8) | Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, and Articles. | 1, TGCS Requirement |
| Monomethyl-dichloro- diphenyl methane (Trade names Ugilec 121 and Ugilec 21) (CAS 81161-70-8) | Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, and Articles | 1, TGCS Requirement |

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| Monomethyl-tetrachlorodiphenyl methane (Trade name Ugilec 141) (CAS 76253-60-6) | Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, and Articles. | 1, TGCS Requirement |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| Nickel and compounds (Annex J) | Nickel finishes are prohibited on surfaces that are designed to be in prolonged contact with skin. Examples of relevant applications in the electronics industry include wrist straps, mice, keyboards, headphones, and portable electronic products designed to be frequently handled. Contact your TGCS representative for questions about use of the Deliverable in a TGCS application which may or may not be in prolonged contact with skin. | 1 |
| Nitrogen trifluoride (CAS 7783-54-2) | Prohibited in Preparations and Articles. | 1, 32 |
| Nonylphenol ethoxylates (Annex VV) | Prohibited in textile articles in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.01% by weight of the textile article or of each part of the textile article. | 1 |
| Ozone-Depleting Substances (CFCs, HCFCs, HBFCs, carbon tetrachloride, etc. (Annex K) | Prohibited in Deliverables and Deliverables may not be manufactured with these substances. | 2, 5, 6, 7, 12, TGCS Requirement |
| Pentachlorobenzene (CAS 608- 93-5) | Prohibited. | 10, 15, 40 |
| Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86- 5) and its salts and esters (Annex HH) | Prohibited in the treatment of wood. Prohibited in wood based materials in excess of 3 milligrams per kilogram of dry matter. | 1 2 |
| Perfluorinated compounds (Annex TT has a complete list of regulated substances) | Prohibited in textiles and leather articles. Prohibited. | 32 |
| Perfluorocarbons (PFC) (Annex L) | Must not be contained in Products or Parts as a gas. Prohibited in nonrefillable containers, foams, and non-confined direct evaporation systems containing refrigerants. | 4, 27, 32 |
| Perfluorooctane sulfonates (PFOS) and salts, C8F17SO2X (X=OH, metal salt, | 1. Prohibited in Substances, in Mixtures or as a constituent of Preparations in a concentration higher than 10mg/kg (0.001% by weight). | 1, 2, 10, 15, 36 |

| Perfluorooctane sulfonates (PFOS) and | 1. Prohibited in Substances, in Mixtures or as a constituent of | 1, 2, 10, 15, 36 |
|--|--|------------------|
| salts, C8F17SO2X (X=OH, metal salt, | Preparations in a concentration higher than 10mg/kg (0.001% by weight). | |
| halide, amide and other derivatives | (See Table 2 for more restrictive requirements for TGCS Field Use Materials, | |
| including polymers), or Compounds that | Chemical | |
| contain C8F17SO2, C8F17SO3 or | Product Supplies, Substances, Mixtures and Preparations.) | |
| C8F17SO2N, (for a list of PFOS CAS | 2. Prohibited in products or parts when PFOS is equal to or higher | |
| numbers see OECD Annex 1 at | than | |
| http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments | 0.1% by weight. If a PFOS substance is present in concentrations below | |
| /displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mon | 0.1%, then it may only be incidentally present and not intentionally added. | |
| o%282006%2915&doclanguage=en) | 3. Prohibited in textiles when PFOS is equal to or higher than 1 | |
| (Please note this includes CAS numbers | ug/m2. If a PFOS substance is present in concentrations below 1 ug/m2, | |
| 1763-23-1, 2795-39-3, 29457-72-5, | then it may only be incidentally present and not intentionally added. | |
| 29081-56-9, /0225-14-8, 56//3-42-3, | Refer to the referenced regulations for more details on these requirements | |
| 251099-16-8, 4151-50-2, 31506-32-8, | and exemptions. | |
| 1691-99-2, 24448-09-7, 307-35-7 in | | |
| addition to all PFOS and salts as cited by | | |
| the OECD document) | | |
| | | 1 |

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| 1) including its salts and any other substance having linear or branched perfluoroheptyl derivatives with the formula C7F15- as a structural element, including its salts except those derivatives with the formula C7F15-X, where X= F, Cl, Br and any other substance having linear or branched perfluorooctyl derivatives with the formula C8F17- as a structural element, including its salts, except those derivatives with the formula C8F17-X, where X= F, Cl, Br or, C8F17-SO2X', C8F17C(=O)OH or C8F17-CF2-X' (where X'=any group, including salts) (Annex Z and for a more extensive list of PFOA CAS numbers see OECD Annex 3 at http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments /displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mon o%282006%2915&doclanguage=en) Phthalates: Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP) | effective July 1, 2015. | 1 |
|--|--|---|
| Phenol, 2- (2H-benzotriazol -2- yl)- 4,6-bis (1,1- dimethylethyl) (CAS 3846-71-7) | Prohibited in decorative laminate, adhesives, paints, printing inks, inked ribbon, and molded plastic products. | 10 |
| Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBBs) (Annex M) * | | 1, 2, 12, 10, 15, 36, 40, TGCS Requirement |
| | | |
| Polybrominated Diphenyl ethers (PBDEs); also known as Polybrominated Biphenyl ethers (PBBEs) or Polybrominated Biphenyl Oxides (PBBOs); except Decabromo diphenyl ether (see this substance in separate entry) (See Annex N for a limited list.) * | | 10, 16, 36, 40, TGCS Requirement |
| Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) (Annex O) | Prohibited. (Please note PCBs are prohibited by other regulations; see halogenated aromatic substances in Table 1 and Annex O.) | 1, 10, 12, 36, 37, 40, TGCS |
| | | Requirement |
| Polychlorinated naphthalenes, C10H8nCln where "n" is greater than 1 (Annex R) | Prohibited except if incidentally present. Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. | 10, 15 |
| Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs) (e.g., CAS 61788-33-8) | Prohibited. | 1, 12, 15 |

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| Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (Annex LL) | Prohibited in Articles at and above 1 mg/kg by weight, if any rubber or plastic component comes in to direct and prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with skin or oral cavity under normal or reasonable foreseeable conditions of use. | |
|---|--|--------------|
| Potassium chromate (CAS 7789-00-6) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Potassium dichromate (CAS 7778-50-9) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Red phosphorus | Prohibited in coating of electrical cables | |
| Shortchain Chlorinated Paraffins (C 10 13) (also referred to as Short-chain Chlorinated Alkanes) (Annex P) | Prohibited in products, Substances, and Preparations. | 1, 2, 12, 15 |
| Sodium chromate (CAS 7775- 11-3) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Sodium dichromate (CAS 7789-12-0 and 10588-01-9) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Substances subject to REACH Authorization found in Annex XIV of REACH regulation and amendments (Annex OO in this specification lists current authorized substances as of date of this specification) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Sulphur hexafluoride (CAS 2551-62-4) | Prohibited in Preparations and Articles. Prohibited in foams and non-refillable containers. | 2, 27, 32 |
| Tetrachlorobenzenes (CAS numbers included in Annex D) | Prohibited | 15 |
| Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01- 6) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Tris-(aziridinyl) – phosphineoxide (CAS 545-55- 1) | Prohibited from use in textile articles intended to come into contact with skin, e.g., wrist straps and headphones. | 1, 12 |
| Tris (2,3 dibromopropyl) phosphate (CAS 126-72-7) | Prohibited from use in textile articles intended to come into contact with skin, e.g., wrist straps and headphones. | 1, 12, 35 |
| Tris(2-chloroethyl) phosphate (CAS 115- 96-8) | Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | 1 |
| Tri-substituted organostannic compounds, e.g., tributyltin (TBT) (Annex EE) and triphenyltin (TPT) (Annex EE) | Prohibited in Articles, or part thereof, where the concentration in the article is greater than the equivalent of 0.1% by weight of tin. | 1, 15 |
| Yellow phosphorus (CAS 12185-10-3) | Prohibited in Deliverables except for semiconductors | |
| | I | |

^{*} For further TGCS EU RoHS requirements, see specification 3ADENVM0002. This specification bans the use of RoHS substances (exemptions allowed), including hexavalent chromium and compounds in finishing processes for sheet steel, aluminized, electroless nickel and die cast parts, fasteners and heat sinks. Hexavalent chromium and its compounds must not be used prior to painting or in other surface treatments for metal parts. This specification applies to Deliverables where the specification is cited on the print, contract, Statement of Work or other procurement documentation.

- 1. Sample regulatory references for Table 1
- 2. EU Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

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- Switzerland Ordinance on Risk Reduction related to the Use of certain particularly dangerous Substances, Preparations and Articles (Ordinance on Risk Reduction related to Chemical Products (ORRChem) of 18 May 2005.
- 4. United States Toxic Substances Control Act; Occupational Safety and Health Act (29 CFR 1910.1001-1051).
- 5. Statutory Order no. 552 of 2 July 2002 Regulating Certain Industrial Greenhouse Gasses (Denmark).
- 6. EU Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on Substances that deplete the ozone layer.
- 7. United States Clean Air Act Section 611 of the 1990 amendments; 40 CFR Part 82.
- Law Concerning the Protection of the Ozone Layer through the Control of Specified Substances and Other Measures (Law No. 53 of May 20, 1988) (Japan).
- 9. No. 553 Decree of 9 September 1998, comprising regulations regarding products containing mercury (Decree on Product Containing Mercury, 1998 Environmentally Hazardous Substances Act) Netherlands.
- 10. The Mercury-containing Products (Certain) Ordinance (SFS 1991:1290) Sweden.
- 11. Japan Act on the Evaluation of chemical substances and Regulation of Their Manufacture, etc. (Act No. 117 of October 16, 1973, last revised October 30, 2009.)
- 12. The Netherlands 178 Besluit van 22 maart 2001, houdende vaststelling van het Warenwetbesluit formaldehyde in textiel.
- 13. Norway Product Control Regulation Chapter 2. Restricted Substances and Preparations.
- 14. Connecticut Public Law 02-90, the Mercury Education and Reduction Act.
- 15. California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.
- 16. Canada Environmental Protection Act, 1999. Prohibition of Certain Toxic Substances Regulations.
- 17. State of Washington Title 70 RCW an act relating to phasing out the use of polybrominated diphenyl ethers.
- 18. Louisiana Mercury Risk Reduction Act of 2006.
- 19. Rhode Island Mercury Education and Reduction Act.
- 20. Maine Public Law Chapter 296 Section 1. 38 MRSA 1609, with 2009 amendment Public Law Chap 121 Section 17 38 MRSA 1609 Sub 5
- 21. Austria BGB I 1990/194: Formaldehydeverordnung, 2, 12/2/1990.
- 22. Germany: LMBG B 82.02-1 Untersuchungen von Bedarfsgegenständen; Bestimmung der Formaldehydabgabe aus textilen Bedarfsgegenständen; Ausgabe: 1985-06.
- 23. Norway Regulation amending regulation of 1 June 2004 No 922 relating to restrictions on the use of chemicals dangerous to health and environment and other products.
- 24. Minnesota 325E.387 Ban on deca-BDE in computer enclosures.
- 25. California Regulation 93120 Airborne Toxic Control Measure to Reduce Formaldehyde Emissions from Composite Wood Products.
- 26. USA 29 CFR 1910.1048 Toxic and Hazardous Substances Formaldehyde.
- 27. EU Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- 28. Austria Ordinance on bans and restrictions of partly fluorinated and fully fluorinated hydrocarbons and of sulfur hexafluoride 447/2002, with amendments 246/2005, 86/2006 and 139/2007.
- 29. Sweden. The Chemical Products Ordinance 1998:944 to 2009:14.
- 30. Lithuanian Hygiene Norm HN 96:2000.
- 31. EU Commission Decision 2009/251/EC Products containing the biocide dimethylfumarate.
- 32. Oregon SB 596 Relating to decabrominated diphenyl ether amending ORS 453.005, 453.025 and 453.085.
- 33. EU Regulation (EC) No 517/2014 on fluorinated greenhouse gases
- 34. Maryland Act concerning Environment Decabrominated Diphenyl Ether Prohibitions.
- 35. Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 2-butoxyethanol regulations SOR/2006-347.
- 36. Canada Hazardous Products Act.
- 37. EU Commission Regulation 757/2010 of 24 August 2010 amending Regulation No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on persistent organic pollutants as regards Annexes I and III.
- 38. EU Regulation No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC.
- 39. France Decree no. 2012-232 concerning the annual declaration of substances with nanoparticle status.
- 40. NORMA Oficial Mexicana NOM-004-SSA1-2013 Environmental Health. Limitations and sanitation specification for the use of lead compounds.
- 41. EU Regulation No 649/2012 of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

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- 42. EU Regulation No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.
- 43. NOM-003-SSA1-2006 Health Environmental. Health requirement to be met by the labeling of paints, inks, varnishes, lacquers and enamels.
- 44. USA 40 CFR Part 721.1660 Benzidine-based chemical substances.
- 45. EU Directive amending Annex II to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of restricted substances (RoHS). (Proposed)
- 46. Canada Products Containing Mercury SOR/2014-1244.

3.1.2 Additional Restrictions and Requirements for Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies

Substances, Preparations, TGCS Field Use Materials (FUMs), and Chemical Product Supplies must meet the applicable restrictions in Section 3.1.1 and Table 1 as well as the additional requirements in this section. This section applies to:

- Substances or Preparations used on or in a Deliverable or to maintain or service hardware Deliverables, Parts or Product, e.g., adhesives, cleaning solvents or solutions, lubricants, water cooling solutions, and refrigerant gas.
- Substances or Preparations used to operate a hardware Part of Product and which is
 consumed during the operation of the Part or Product and/or must be periodically replaced
 to maintain the Part or Product. Examples include toner, toner cartridges, ink and ribbon
 cartridges.
- Substances or Preparations contained in a Part, Product, or assembly which is not normally
 consumed but may require replacement of the chemical to maintain operation of a Part,
 Product or assembly. Examples include refrigerants, lubricants, biocides, or corrosion
 inhibitors in a closed looped water cooling system.

The individual container or individual protective packaging of the Substance, Preparation, Field Use Material, or Chemical Product Supply must be labeled with:

- The chemical name as it appears on the associated Material Safety Data Sheet(s),

The label must be provided in English at a minimum. The label must have text in other languages and format as required by law or regulation in countries outside the US. For example, the label must meet requirements for content, format, and language translation for the EU Classification, Labeling, and Packaging Regulation. In some cases, TGCS may specify the label and its contents.

A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) must be supplied to the TGCS procurement representative or other TGCS designated representative. The MSDS must be provided in English at a minimum and comply with

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legal requirements for information content and format. For example, MSDSs must be provided which meet the requirements of the EU REACH Regulation for format, content, and language translation. The MSDS may be required in other languages and formats as required by law or regulation in countries outside the US. The Supplier shall work with the appropriate TGCS chemical representative through the TGCS procurement representative to ensure proper format, information content, and translation requirements. In some cases, TGCS may specify the language and format of an MSDS. Full chemical disclosure for all Substances and Preparations is required.

Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies must comply with chemical registration and premanufacture notification requirements in countries which require this type of notification in order to permit import, export, and sale of the Deliverable in that country.

The following are prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies. The applicable restriction is listed in the column entitled "Details of Restriction." The cited regulation can be found after Table 1.

| Substance | Details of Restriction | Example legal citations (See Table 1) |
|--|---|---|
| Aldrin (HHDN, Octalene) (CAS 309-00-2) | Prohibited | |
| 4-aminobiphenyl xenylamine (CAS 92-67-1) and | its salts Prohibited from use in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in Substances or Preparations. | 1, 2, 12 |
| Benzene (CAS 71-43-2) | Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in Substances or Preparations. | 1, 2, 12 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | Prohibited in paint stripper or thinner at 0.5 % (w/w). Prohibited in aerosol cleaners at 5 % (w/w). Prohibited in nonaerosol cleaners at 6 % (w/w). Prohibited in aerosol paint and coating at 0.1% (w/w). Prohibited in non-aerosol paint or coating at 0.5% (w/). | 34 |
| Chlordanes (Annex WW) | Prohibited | |
| Clordecone (CAS 143-50-0) | Prohibited | |
| Chlorinated Solvents (see specific list in Annex C | Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight in Substances and Preparations. | 1, 2, 12 |
| Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) | Prohibited as a constituent of neoprene-based contact adhesives in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight in package sizes greater than 350 g. If the package size is less than 350 g, then the package must be labeled in accordance to the EU REACH Regulation. | |
| DDT (CAS 50-29-3) | Prohibited | |

| , | Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies. | TGCS requirement, 28 |
|---|--|----------------------|
| Dieldrin (CAS 60-57-1) | Prohibited | |

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| Endosulfan (CAS 115-29-7, 959-98-8, 33213-65-9) | Prohibited | |
|---|---|--------------------------|
| Endrin (CAS 72-20-8) | Prohibited | |
| Ethylene based glycol ethers (Annex GG) | Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies. | TGCS requirement |
| Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) | Mixtures or solutions composed of greater than 0.1% formaldehyde are prohibited. | 25 |
| Hazardous chemicals subject to export notification, chemicals qualifying for Prior Informed Consent (PIC) notification, and/ or chemicals subject to the PIC procedure. Chemical list located at http://eurlex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ. | | 40 |
| do?uri=OJ:L:2012:201:0060:0106:en:PDF | | |
| Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) (Annex PP) | Prohibited as a constituent in a Mixture in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight. | 1 |
| Mirex (CAS 2385-85-5) | Prohibited | |
| 2-naphthylamine (CAS 91-59-8) and its salts | Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by 1, 2, 12 weight in Substances and Preparations. | |
| 4-nitrobiphenyl (CAS 92 -93-3) | Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in Substances or Preparations. | 1, 2, 12 |
| Perfluoroalkyl sulfonates (PFASs); see OECD Annex 2 http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments/displa | Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies. | TGCS requirement |
| ydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono%282006%29 | | |
| 15&doclanguage=en | | |
| Perfluorooctanoic acids (PFOAs); see OECD Annex 3 http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments/displa | Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies. | TGCS requirement |
| ydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono%282006%29 | | |
| 15&doclanguage=en | | |
| Perfluorooctyl sulfonates (PFOSs); see OECD Annex 1 http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments/displa | Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies. | TGCS requirement, 10, 40 |
| ydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono%282006%29 | | |
| 15&doclanguage=en | | |

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| i) Carcinogen Category 1 or 2; ii) Germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B or mutagen category 17 or 2; iii) Foxic to reproduction category 1 or 2. For more information about this restriction see EU REACH Regulation Annex XVII and amendments Substances with nanoparticle status (intentionally manufactured on a nanometric scale and containing particles, unbound or as an aggregate or agglomerate, of which a minimum proportion, in the number sizes distribution, has one or more external dimensions in the size range 1 mm and 100 mm) Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) CAS 127-18-4 Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Mixture, Preparations, and Chemical Products Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Torough (CAS 108-88-3) Torough (CAS 108-88-3) Torough (CAS 108-88-3) Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S) Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (An | Substances which are classified (in Part 3 of Annex VI to EU Regulation 1272/2008 on Classification, Labeling, and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures) as: | Prohibited in Substances, constituents of Substances, or in Mixtures. | 1 |
|--|---|---|--------------------------|
| iii) Toxic to reproduction category 1 A or 18 or toxic to reproduction category 1 A or 18 or toxic to reproduction category 1 A or 18 or toxic to reproduction category 1 are 2. For more information about this restriction see EU REACH Regulation Annex XVII and amendments Substances with nanoparticle status (intentionally manufactured on a nanometric scale and containing particles, unbound or as an aggregate or agglomerate, of which a minimum proportion, in the number sizes distribution, has one or more external dimensions in the size range 1 nm and 100 nm) Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) CAS 127-18-4 Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Mixture, Preparations, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints. Spray paint includes paint designed or intended to be sprayed on. Toxaphene (CAS 8001-35-2) Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, 10, 40 Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited 2,2,2-trichloro-1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethanol (CAS 115-32-2) (Kelthane, Diccolu) Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | category 1 or 2; | | |
| toxic to reproduction category 1 or 2. For more information about this restriction see EU REACH Regulation Annex XVIII and amendments Substances with nanoparticle status (intentionally manufactured on a nanometric scale and containing particles, unbound or as an aggregate or a | | | |
| manufactured on a nanometric scale and containing particles, unbound or as an aggregate or agglomerate, of which a minimum proportion, in the number sizes distribution, has one or more external dimensions in the size range 1 nm and 100 nm) Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) CAS 127-18-4 Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Mixture, Preparations, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints. Spray paint includes paint designed or intended to be sprayed on. Toxaphene (CAS 8001-35-2) Prohibited Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S) Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S) Prohibited Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited Trichloro-1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethanol (CAS 115-32-2) (Kelthane, Dicofol) Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, Substances, Prohibited in Substances, Prohibited, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | toxic to reproduction category 1 or 2. For more information about this restriction see EU REACH | | |
| particles, unbound or as an aggregate or agglomerate, of which a minimum proportion, in the number sizes distribution, has one or more external dimensions in the size range 1 nm and 100 nm) Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) CAS 127-18-4 Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Mixture, Preparations, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints. Spray paint includes paint designed or intended to be sprayed on. Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S) Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | | | 38 |
| Preparations, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints. Spray paint includes paint designed or intended to be sprayed on. Toxaphene (CAS 8001-35-2) Prohibited Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. 2,2,2-trichloro-1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethanol (CAS 115-32-2) (Kelthane, Dicofol) Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | particles, unbound or as an aggregate or agglomerate, of which a minimum proportion, in the number sizes distribution, has one or more external dimensions in | Preparations, and Chemical Products | |
| or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints. Spray paint includes paint designed or intended to be sprayed on. Toxaphene (CAS 8001-35-2) Prohibited Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. 2,2,2-trichloro-1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethanol (CAS 115-32-2) (Kelthane, Dicofol) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) CAS 127-18-4 | Preparations, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not | TGCS requirement, 10, 28 |
| Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S) Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints. | 1 |
| Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies. 2,2,2-trichloro-1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethanol (CAS 115-32-2) (Kelthane, Dicofol) Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | Toxaphene (CAS 8001-35-2) | Prohibited | |
| 115-32-2) (Kelthane, Dicofol) Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal to 1 or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S) | 1 | 10, 40 |
| or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. See EU Regulation for details. Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | | Prohibited | |
| Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents. | Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) | or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB. | 1 |
| 2,4,6-Tri-tert-butylphenol (CAS 732-26-3) Prohibited in lubricating oils. | Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6) | Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not | TGCS requirement, 10, 28 |
| 1 | 2,4,6-Tri-tert-butylphenol (CAS 732-26-3) | Prohibited in lubricating oils. | 10 |

Chemicals regulated by transportation regulations must be packaged and labeled according to ES 3ADENVM0002 "Packaging Requirements for Dangerous Goods." Contact the TGCS Hazardous Materials Transportation Coordinator for more details on packaging requirements.

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3.2 Product Content Declarations

TGCS documents the presence of certain categories of substances in Deliverables to meet regulatory reporting requirements and customer requirements for Product content disclosures. Suppliers are required to complete a Product Content Declaration (PCD) for Deliverables sold to TGCS. Some commodities and Product, such as batteries, cables, connectors, and Vendor Logo Products may require additional information. The PCDs can either be completed and returned to TGCS upon request or the information can be directly entered into TGCS's systems by select Suppliers. Suppliers are required to keep documentation and/or test data that demonstrates procedures and actions taken by the supplier and the results to verify compliance of the Deliverable for 10 years from the end of production and make available to TGCS upon request. This includes documentation and data maintained by the supplier from their respective supply chain and supplier's own records on the material content of the product. See Section 3.13 for additional documentation requirements. When laboratory sampling is completed for testing the RoHS substances in Table 3, the test method must be in accordance with the latest version of IEC 62321 Electrotechnical products – Determination of levels of six regulated substances (lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, polybrominated diphenyl ethers) as referred to in EN50581:2012, Technical Documentation for the Assessment of Electrical and Electronic Products with Respect to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances.

3.2.1 RoHS Reporting

In certain markets and products the presence of RoHS substances in Deliverables must be quantified and reported (e.g., California Electronic Waste Recycling Act). To meet this and other reporting obligations and requests, TGCS requires that RoHS substances in the Supplier's Deliverables must be quantified and reported to TGCS when such substances are present in permissible applications (such permissible applications do not include those listed in Table 1) and when they exceed the concentrations listed in Table 3 in any Homogeneous Materials. If the Supplier determines that substances in Table 3 are not present above their respective specified thresholds, then the absolute weight in grams of the substance (e.g., cadmium) present in the Deliverable shall be reported to TGCS. Absolute weights, rather than weight percentages or ppm, shall be reported. Suppliers shall contact their TGCS representative to verify the reporting process for material content (e.g., declaration) data. PCDs are available upon request to your TGCS representative.

| Table 3. Thresholds for reporting of RoHS substances | |
|--|---|
| RoHS substance | Threshold for reporting in non-restricted applications* (ppm of the substance in any Homogeneous Material) |
| Cadmium use in plating and surface coating applications. | Any detectable level must be reported.* |
| Cadmium, all applications except plating and surface coating applications. | 100 |
| Hexavalent chromium (CrVI) ** | 1,000 |
| Lead *** | 1,000 |
| Mercury | Any detectable level must be reported, except unavoidable impurities at levels below 10ppm. |
| Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) flame retardants | Any detectable level must be reported. **** |

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| Polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE) flame retardants. Note this | Any detectable level must be reported. **** |
|--|---|
| reporting category includes Deca BDE. | |

3.2.2 Other Reportable Substances

TGCS requires additional substances be quantified and reported by Suppliers <u>if they are present in a Supplier's Deliverables at concentrations greater than the specified thresholds</u> per Table 4 in any individual part in the Deliverable supplied to TGCS. If the Supplier determines that substances in Table 4 are present in any constituent parts of the Deliverable above their respective specified thresholds, then the absolute weight in grams of the substance present in each part of the Deliverable supplied to TGCS shall be reported to TGCS. Absolute weights, rather than weight percentages or ppm, shall be reported to allow aggregation of the data with that from other parts in other Deliverables that comprise a final Product. Please note, the underlined text above emphasizes the need to report on the PCD substances and their weights present in the Deliverable to TGCS, which may be different from the weight of substances in the raw material used.

For example, if the Deliverable supplied to TGCS is a power supply, then the substances in Table 4 should be reported to TGCS if they occur above the specified thresholds in any of the constituent parts of the power supply.

Example #1: If a device or part in a power supply contains a tin-antimony solder and the concentration of the antimony is above the threshold limit of 1000ppm in the device or part, then the total weight of the antimony must be reported on the PCD for the power supply.

Example #2: If antimony trioxide is used as part of the flame retardant system of several devices and plastic components in a power supply and the amount of antimony trioxide is above 1000ppm in its respective homogeneous material (e.g., resin), then the weight of antimony trioxide use in each material in the power supply must be totaled and stated on the PCD.

Product Content Declaration forms are available from your TGCS representative.

| Table 4. Other Reporting Requirements | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| • | Threshold for Reporting is at the "Part" level unless otherwise noted. | Examples of Industry Uses / Comments |
| | uniess otnerwise noted. | |

^{*} Restricted applications are defined in Table 1. Concentrations of these substances above the levels referenced in Table 1 are prohibited. ** TGCS prohibits intentional addition of hexavalent chromium in paints and plastic resins. See Table 1. For EU RoHS requirements, see specification 3ADENVM0002. This TGCS RoHS specification bans the use of hexavalent chromium and compounds in finishing processes for sheet steel, aluminized, electroless nickel and die cast parts, fasteners and heatsinks. Hexavalent chromium and its compounds must not be used prior to painting or in other surface treatments for metal parts. This RoHS specification applies to Deliverables where the specification is cited on the print, contract, Statement of Work or other procurement documentation.

^{***} There are restrictions for lead use at levels lower than 1000ppm. See Table 1 for details.

^{****} While listed here for completeness, PBB and PBDE flame retardants are banned by TGCS per Section 3.1.1 and Table 1 of this specification. There are no permissible applications which can be reported.

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| Antimony/Antimony Compounds (Annex T) Please note antimony trioxide should not be reported in this category, antimony trioxide has a separate entry on this table. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) | Solder alloy CRT glass |
|---|--|---|
| Antimony trioxide (CAS 1309-64-4) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Flame retardant, e.g., in plastic housings and chip encapsulant. Often used in combination with brominated flame retardants. Opacifying agent for glass, ceramics and enamels Pigments Catalyst for polyethylene terephthalate and vulcanization of rubber |
| | | |
| Arsenic/Arsenic Compounds (Annex U) Please note some applications of arsenic are prohibited in Table 1 and reportable in Table 5 as an SVHC. Reporting here is for other applications and/or concentrations. Arsenic pentoxide and arsenic trioxide should not be reported with this entry but in each of their respective entries on this table. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) | Dopant in semiconductor manufacture Gallium arsenide is used as semiconductor substrate |
| Arsenic pentoxide (CAS 1303-28-2) (synonym - diarsenic pentoxide) Please note, this substance should not be reported under the entry of Arsenic/ Arsenic compounds in this Table but rather here in this entry. This substance is restricted in Table 1 at 0.1% by weight of the Deliverable. This entry is for reporting levels below this. | | ☐ Solution in the manufacturing of metal adhesives, wood preservatives, and in printing and dyeing. |
| Arsenic trioxide (CAS 1327-53-3) Please note, this substance should not be reported under the entry of Arsenic/ Arsenic compounds in this Table but rather here in this entry. This substance is restricted in Table 1 at 0.1% by weight of the Deliverable. This entry is for reporting levels below this. | | ☐ Wood preservative, glass, and non-ferrous alloys. |
| Beryllium metal (CAS 7440-41-7) Please note, this substance should not be reported under the entry of Beryllium compounds in this Table but rather here in this entry. | 1000ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Heat transport and heat sinking applications, gears, and cogs |
| Beryllium Compounds (Annex V) Please note this entry does not include beryllium, beryllium oxide and beryllium copper alloys. These beryllium substances have their own entry for reporting on this table. | 200 ppm (0.02%) | Substrate for integrated circuits Lightweight housings |
| Beryllium copper alloys. Please note, this substance should not be reported under the entry of Beryllium compounds in this Table but | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ConnectorsElectrical contacts and springs |

rather here in this entry.

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| Beryllium oxide (CAS 1204-56-9) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) | • | Insulator |
|--|--|---|---|
| • | | • | Structural ceramic |
| Bis(2-ethylhexyl)tetrabromophthalate (TBPH or | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous | • | Flame retardant in polyurethane foam |
| BEHTBP) (CAS 26040-51-7) | material | • | Plasticizer for PVC |
| | | • | Adhesives |
| Bismuth/Bismuth Compounds (also alloys) (Annex W) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) | | Solder alloy |
| Bisphenol A (CAS 80-05-7) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous | • | Used in synthesis of epoxy and plastic resins, |
| | material | | e.g., polycarbonate, polyesters |
| | | • | Antioxidant in some plasticizers |
| | | • | Polymerization inhibitor in PVC |
| | | • | Precursor for the flame retardant |
| | | | tetrabromobisphenol A |
| | | • | Color developer in thermal paper |
| | | • | Carbonless paper |
| | , | | |
| Brominated Flame Retardants (other than PBBs, PBDEs or other brominated flame retardants specifically called out in this Table) in all applications except printed wiring board laminates. (Annex X) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | | Flame retardant |
| Brominated Flame Retardants (other than PBBs | 900 ppm (0.09%) in a homogeneous | | Flame retardant |
| or PBDEs) in printed wiring board laminates. | material in printed wiring board laminate | | |
| 2-Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous | | Paints, varnishes, stains and coatings |
| | material | | Wood preservatives |
| | | | Adhesives, silicone sealants and printing inks |
| | | 0 | Corrosion inhibitors |
| | | | Urethane polymers |
| | | | |
| n-Butyl glycidyl ether (CAS 2426-08-6) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | | Epoxy resin formulations for coatings, adhesives, binders, sealants, fillers and resins |
| Chlorinated Flame Retardants in all applications except printed wiring board laminates | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | | Flame retardant |
| Chlorinated Flame Retardants in printed wiring | 900 ppm (0.09%) in a homogeneous | | Flame retardant |
| board laminates only | material in printer wiring board laminate | | |
| Cobalt dichloride (CAS 7646-79-9) Please note | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous | | Cobalt plating and cobalt based pigments and |
| this substance is also listed in Table 5 for | material | | drier compounds (desiccants). Pneumatic |
| reporting. This entry requires reporting for a | | | panels for indicating water contamination. |
| lower concentration level than Table 5. | | | |
| Cobalt metal (CAS 7440-48-4) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | | Electroplating |
| Cobalt sulfate (CAS 10124 42 4, 12455 64 0 | 1000 (0.10/) : h | | Drangestion of nigmonts for glass and |

Preparation of pigments for glass and

Used in storage batteries

porcelain

material

1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous

Cobalt sulfate (CAS 10124-43-4; 13455-64-0

monohydrate; 10026-24-1 heptahydrate)

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| | | ☐ Electroplating baths |
|--|--|--|
| | | □ Use in sympathetic ink |
| 4, 4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) (CAS 101-77-9) Please note this substance has prohibited levels listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting levels below the restricted amount. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Epoxy hardening agent ☐ Production of high performance polymers ☐ Curative for neoprene ☐ Preparation of isocyanates and polyisocyanates |
| 2, 3-Dibromo-1-propanol (CAS 96-13-9) Please note, this substance should not be reported under the entry of Brominated Flame Retardants in this Table but rather here in this entry. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Flame retardant |
| Dibromoneopentyl glycol (CAS 3296-90-0) Please note this substance is not to be included in the Brominated Flame Retardant entry in this table, but rather as its own separate entry here. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Flame retardant in unsaturated polyester resins, in molded products, and in rigid polyurethane foam. |
| P-Dichlorobenzene (CAS 106-46-7) Please note this substance has a restricted application in Table 1 under Halogenated aromatic substances and Annex D. Reporting for this table is for applications which are not restricted. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Precursor to the high performance polymer poly (p-phenylene sulfide) □ Disinfectant |
| Diethyl phthalate (DEP) (CAS 84-66-2) Please note this phthalate compound should not be reported in the general phthalate category in this table, but rather her in this entry. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Plasticizer |
| Diisodecyl phthalate (DIDP) (CAS 26761-40-0 and 68515-49-1) Please note this phthalate compound should not be reported in the general phthalate category in this table, but rather here in this entry. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Plasticizer (e.g., for PVC) Paints, sealing compounds, and textile inks |
| Diisononyl phthalate (DINP) (CAS 28553-12-0 and 68515-48-0) Please note this phthalate compound should not be reported in the general phthalate category in this table, but rather here in this entry. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Plasticizer (e.g., for PVC) |
| Di-n-hexyl phthalate (DNHP) (CAS 84- 75-3) Please note this phthalate compound should not be reported in the general phthalate category in this table and is also reportable in Table 5 as a REACH SVHC when present at or above 0.1% by weight. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Plasticizer |
| 2, 4-Dinitrotoluene (CAS 121-14-2) Please note this substance has prohibited levels listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting levels below the restricted amount. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Production of flexible polyurethane foam Plasticizer |

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| Di-n-octyl phthalate (DnOP) (CAS 117- 84-0) Please note this phthalate compound should not be reported in the general phthalate category in this table. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Constituent of phthalate mixtures |
|---|--|---|
| Di-n-pentyl phthalate (DnPP) (CAS 131-18-0) Please note this phthalate compound should not be reported in the general phthalate category in this table. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Plasticizer |
| Dioctyltin (DOT) compounds (e.g., dioctyltin oxide CAS 870-08-6 and dioctyltin dilaurate CAS 3648-18-8) Please note Table 1 prohibits DOT in some applications. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications. | thereof, is greater than 0.1% by weight of | TextilesVulcanization molding kits |
| 2-Ethylhexyl-2,3,4,5-tetrabromobenzoate (TBB) (CAS 183658-27-7) Please note TBB is not to be included in the Brominated Flame Retardant entry in this table, but rather as its own separate entry here. | 1 , , | ☐ Flame retardant in polyurethane foam |
| Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Please note this substance has prohibited applications listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Wood Textiles |
| Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD), (e.g., CAS 25637-99-4, 3194-55-6, 134237-50-6, 13423751-7, 134237-52-8.) Please note this substance has a restricted level listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting at lower levels. | 50 ppm (0.005%)in a homogeneous material | ☐ Flame retardant in extruded and expanded polystyrene and flexible polyurethane foam |
| n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Used as solvents in cleaning agents in the printing and textile industry. Used in glues for the leather industry. Used in quick-drying glues and rubber cement. |
| Hydrazine (CAS 302-01-2) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Nickel platingPolymerization of urethaneCorrosion inhibitor |
| Indium phosphide (CAS 22398-80-7) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Semiconductor |
| Please note, lead /lead compound are restricted on Tables 1 and 3, this entry is for | 300ppm to 1000ppm in surface coating materials for cables/ cords with thermoset or thermoplastic coatings; Lead acid batteries | □ Stabilizer |

1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous

• Metal working applications

Plasticizer

Paints and coatings

• Rubber applications

Leather

Sealants

material

levels or for lead acid batteries only.

Long chain chlorinated paraffins

(LCCP; generally C 18-28) (also referred to as

Long-chain chlorinated alkanes) (e.g., CAS

85535-86-0)

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| Magnesium/Magnesium Alloys (Annex Y) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) | Surface coating Computer casings |
|---|--|---|
| Medium chain chlorinated paraffins (C 14-17 alkyl chain) (MCCPs) (e.g., CAS 85535-85-9) (also referred to as Medium-chain chlorinated alkanes) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Flame retardant Plasticizer |
| Nanomaterials intended to be released under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use. Nanomaterials are defined as natural, incidental or manufactured material containing Particles, in an unbound state or as an Aggregate or as an Agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the Particles in the number size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1nm – 100nm. In addition, fullerenes, graphene flakes and single wall carbon nanotubes with one or more external dimensions below 1nm are considered nanomaterials. | conditions of use. | Carbon black in hoses, tubes, vibration mounts, pigments, inks, paints, and rubber based adhesives and sealants Nanosilver for antimicrobial properties Synthetic amorphous silica as a filling agent. □ Aluminum oxide in rubber, paints, varnishes, catalysts, and plastics. Cerium dioxide in catalysts, paints, coated steel, and coating agents. Carbon nanotubes in paints and coating agents. □ Titanium dioxide in plastics, coated electronic components, catalysts, paints, and inks. Zinc oxide in ceramics, adhesive tapes, paints, inks, and plastics. |
| Nickel sulfamate (CAS 13770-89-3) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Nickel plating |
| Nickel sulphate CAS 7786-81-4 (anhydrous), 10101-97-0 (hexahydrate), 10101-98-1 (heptahydrate) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | □ Nickel plating |
| Nonylphenols (Annex RR) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Lubrication oil additive Emulsifier Wetting and dispersing agent Antistatic agent Demulsifier and solubiliser |
| Organic phosphorus compounds (Annex ZZ) | Prohibited | |

| Perchlorates (Annex MM) | 6ppb in a material | Coin cell batteries Acoustic foam |
|---|---|--|
| Perfluoro carboxylic acid and related compounds (PFCAs) for a list of PFCA CAS numbers see OECD Annex 4 at http://search.oecd.org/officialdocumen | 1000 ppm (0.1% by mass) in Deliverables | Water, oil and grease repellantSurfactantSpreading/ wetting agent. |
| ts/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/m | | |
| ono%282006%2915&doclanguage=en | | |
| Perfluoroalkyl sulfonates (PFASs) (for a list of PFAS CAS numbers see OECD Annex 2 at http://search.oecd.org/officialdocumen | 1000 ppm (0.1% by mass) in Deliverables | Semiconductor applications Flame retardant in resins |

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| ts/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono %282006%2915&doclanguage=en | | |
|---|--|---|
| Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and its salts (Annex Z and for a more extensive list of PFOA CAS numbers see OECD Annex 3 at http://search.oecd.org/officialdocumen | 1000 ppm (0.1% by mass) in Deliverables | ☐ Semiconductor applications |
| ts/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono %282006%2915&doclanguage=en) Please note: PFOAs are restricted, see entry in Table 1. Reporting PFOAs is allowed only for parts which were released prior to July 1, 2015. | | |
| Phthalates (Annex AA) Please note several phthalates have separate entries on this Table and should not be included for reporting in this general phthalate category. Several phthalates are restricted, see Table 1. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) | Plasticizer in plastics (e.g., PVC) PVC electrical cables Solder paste Sealants, varnishes, paper coating, inks, resins and adhesives. |
| Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) (e.g., phenanthrene CAS 85-01-8) (Annex LL) Please note this substance grouping has prohibited applications listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications or levels below the restricted amount | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Dyes, plastics, coal tars, and creosote. |
| Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) (Annex BB) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Plastic Insulator Windows on cell phones Housings for IT equipment Electrical cables Flexible CD jackets |
| Postconsumer recycled material - Plastic (see definitions in Section 1.2) | Report only the amount of postconsumer recycled material - plastic (not the amount of pre-consumer or new plastic) in grams for parts equal to or greater than 25 grams. | ☐ Bezels, fillers, enclosure covers |
| Radioactive Substances (Annex CC) | Any Intentional Addition | Promethium 147 as an over-voltage device Measuring devices Gauges Detectors Optical properties (e.g., thorium) |
| Refractory Ceramic Fibres; Special Purpose Fibres, [Man-made vitreous (silicate) fibres with random orientation with alkaline oxide and alkali earth oxide (Na2O+K2O+CaO+ MgO+ BaO) | Content less or equal to 18 % by weight | ☐ Insulation material in high temperature applications |

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| Recyclable Materials – glass in Covered Electronic Devices only, e.g., monitors with a screen size greater than 4 inches (measured diagonally) with a liquid crystal display or cathode ray tube, as defined by California Electronic Waste Recycling Act | Report the amount of glass (in grams) in a Covered Electronic Devices which are recyclable. | □ In Covered Electronic Devices, as defined by the California Electronic Waste Recycling Act: http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/EWaste/MoreInfo.cfm#Covered Electronic_Devices_CEDs |
|---|---|---|
| Recyclable Materials – metals in Covered Electronic Devices only, e.g., monitors with a screen size greater than 4 inches (measured diagonally) with a liquid crystal display or cathode ray tube, as defined by California Electronic Waste Recycling Act | Report the amount of metals (in grams) in a Covered Electronic Devices which are recyclable. | □ In Covered Electronic Devices, as defined by the California Electronic Waste Recycling Act: http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/EWaste/MoreInfo.cfm#Covered Electronic_Devices_CEDs |
| Recyclable Materials – plastics in Covered Electronic Devices only, e.g., monitors with a screen size greater than 4 inches (measured diagonally) with a liquid crystal display or cathode ray tube, as defined by California Electronic Waste Recycling Act | Report the amount of plastics (in grams) in a Covered Electronic Devices which are recyclable. | □ In Covered Electronic Devices, as defined by the California Electronic Waste Recycling Act: http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/ EWaste/MoreInfo.cfm#Covered Electronic_ Devices_CEDs |
| Selenium/Selenium Compounds (Annex DD) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) | Diodes and light detectors (lead selenide) Historically used as photoelectric coating |
| Tetrabromobisphenol A (CAS 79-94-7) Please note TBBA is not to be included in the Brominated Flame Retardant entry in this table but rather as its own separate entry here. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Flame retardant Epoxy resins in printed circuit boards |
| Tetrabutyltin (TTBT) (CAS 1461-25-2) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Stabilizer for PVC |
| Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) | 1000 ppm (Please note that in Table 2 toluene is prohibited as a Substance or constituent of Preparations in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints.) | AdhesivePaints/varnishesCoatingsSilicon sealants |
| Toluene Diisocyanates (see Annex UU for all inclusive list of CAS numbers) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Chemical intermediate in the production of polyurethane |
| Tributyltin (TBT) and tributyltin compounds (Annex EE) Please note this substance has restrictions in Table 1 under the entry for trisubstituted organostannic compounds. This reporting is for lower concentration levels. | Any Intentional Addition in chemical products | Antibacterial and antifungal agents, antifoulant Paint, pigment, and stabilizer |
| 1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene (CAS 87-61-6) Please note this entry has a prohibited application listed in Table 1 for Halogenated aromatic substances. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | SolventDye carrierHeat transfer medium |

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| 1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) Please note this entry has a prohibited application listed in Table 1 for Halogenated aromatic substances. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Solvent Dielectric fluid Dye carrier Synthetic transformer oil Lubricant Heat transfer medium Wood preservatives |
|--|---|---|
| Triphenyltin (TPT) and triphenyltin compounds (Annex EE) Please note this substance has restrictions in Table 1 under the entry for "Trisubstituted organostannic compounds". This reporting is for lower concentration levels. | Any Intentional Addition in chemical products | Antiseptic and antifungal agent Paint, pigment, and stabilizer |
| Tris (2-chloroethyl) phosphate (TCEP) (CAS 115- 96-8) Please note this substance has restrictions in Table 1. Reporting in this table is for lower concentration levels. | material | ☐ Flame retardant, plasticizer, and viscosity regulator in polyurethane, polyester resins, polyacrylates, polyvinyl chloride, cellulose derivatives, and thermoplastic resins. Also in adhesives, paints, varnishes, and epoxy. |
| Tris (2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate (TCPP) (CAS 13674-84-5) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Flame retardant, e.g., for polyurethane |
| Tris (2, 3-dibromopropyl) phosphate (CAS 12672-7) Please note this entry has a prohibited application listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting of all other nonrestricted applications. | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | Flame retardant, e.g., synthetic textiles and plastics Phenolic resins Paints, paper coatings, and rubber |
| Tris (1,3-dichloro-2-propyl) phosphate (TDCPP) (CAS 13674-87-8) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Flame retardant, e.g., in textiles and polyurethane foam. |
| Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4) | 1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material | ☐ Chemical intermediate used in production of polyvinyl chloride |

3.2.3 Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) in Articles – Reporting Requirements

The current candidate list of REACH SVHC as published by the European Chemicals Agency is located at: http://echa.europa.eu/chem_data/candidate_list_table_en.asp . Annex NN in this specification also has the list of SVHC Candidate Substances as of the date of this document. Please check the web site for updates since this list is subject to change. Annex OO is the list of substances subject to REACH Authorization (current as of the date of this specification) and which are prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of a Deliverable.

TGCS requires suppliers to identify <u>if any substances on the SVHC Candidate list are present in an Article (Deliverable)</u> at or above the 0.1% weight by weight (w/w) concentration and report the name and CAS number of the SVHC candidate and the quantity on the Product Content Declaration (PCD) for the Deliverable. The table in this section has a list of SVHC Candidate substances which may potentially be present in Information Technology (IT) equipment. Some of the SVHC substances are not included on

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this table for various reasons, such as they are already restricted by other laws or are unlikely to be present in IT equipment. Annex NN has the list of SVHC, as of the date of this document, including those with a potential to be in IT equipment. Please note, the underlined text above emphasizes the need to report on the PCD substances and their weights present in the Deliverable to TGCS, which may be different from the weight of the substances in the raw material used.

If an SVHC is present in a Deliverable at or above the reporting concentrations, report it on the PCD. If an SVHC in Table 5 or Annex NN is present in a Deliverable at or above the reporting concentrations, the Supplier must provide a customer communication to TGCS meeting the requirement of Article 33 of the EU REACH Regulation when the Deliverable is procured by TGCS in the European Union. Please provide a copy of this communication to the author of this specification. Information about REACH can be found at the European Chemicals Agency website www.echa.europa.eu.

| Table 5. Reporting of Substances of | of Very High Conce | ern | |
|--|--------------------|---|---|
| SVHC (from proposed Candidate List) | CAS Number | Reporting Concentration | Examples of industry uses |
| Acrylamide | 79-06-1 | | Synthesis of polyacrylamides. Polyacrylamides can be used in various applications, e.g., paper processing, gels, and grouting agent. |
| Aluminosilicate, Refractory Ceramic Fibers | Not available | 9 , 9 | High temperature insulating fiber for industrial furnaces, pipes, ducts, and cables. Fire protection equipment, e.g., heat shields. Brake pads, air bags, catalytic converters, and metal reinforcements. |
| Ammonium pentadecafluorooctanoate (APFO) | 3825-26-1 | | Processing aid in the production of fluoropolymers and fluoroelastomers and other surfactant uses. |
| Anthracene | 120-12-7 | the Deliverable | Scintillator for radiation detection. Radiation therapy dosimetry. Used to make dyes, plastics, and pesticides. |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C 6-8- branched alkyl esters, C7-rich (Diisoheptyl phthalate) (DIHP) | 71888-89-6 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Plasticizer in PVC, sealants, and printing inks. |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di- C 7-11- branched and linear alkyl esters (Di(heptyl, nonyl, undecyl) phthalate - DHNUP) | 68515-42-4 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Plasticizer |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester, branched and linear | 68515-50-4 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Plasticizer in PVC, rubbers, inks, and lacquers. |
| 2-benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-di- tert-butylphenol (UV-320) | 3846-71-7 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | UV stabilizer. |
| 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)- 4,6-ditertpentylphenol (UV- 328) | 25973-55-1 | 9 , 9 | UV stabilizer in coatings, ABS resin, epoxy resin fiber resin, propylene and polyvinyl chloride. |

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| 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4- (tert-butyl)-6-(secbutyl)phenol (UV-350) | 36437-37-3 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | |
|--|---------------------------|---|--|
| Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate | 117-82-8 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Plasticizer for nitrocellulose, acetyl cellulose, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl chloride and polyvinylidene chloride. Enameled wire, film, high-strength varnish and adhesive. |
| Bis(tributyltin)oxide (p) | 56-35-9 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Antiseptic, antifungal agent, paint, pigment, antistaining, refrigerant, foaming agent, and extinguishant. |
| Boric acid | 10043-35-3, 11113-50-1 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Applications include electrolytic capacitors, glass, ceramics, rubber, flame retardants, paints, industrial fluids, soldering products, wood veneers, pressed wood panels, and film developers. |
| Cadmium | 7440-43-9 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Applications include batteries, electroplating baths, electrical connectors and connector inserts, cadmium plated fasteners and bearing components, as an alloying element in copper, tin, and zinc alloys, electrical conductors, electrical contact materials in line starters and solenoid relays, and other devices subject to high surge current, pigment in plastic, inks, and dispersant in plastic. Please note, most of these applications are prohibited by the EU RoHS Directive. |
| Cadmium chloride | 10108-64-2 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Applications include electroplating and electrogalvanizing, manufacture of solar cells |
| Cadmium fluoride | 7790-79-6 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Can be used in certain phosphorus for luminescent screens. Manufacture of glass, hightemperature dry film lubricant, and optical applications. Active component in fluxes for soldering of aluminum and its alloys. |
| Cadmium oxide | 1306-19-0 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Applications include batteries, electroplating baths, electrical connectors and connector inserts, cadmium plated fasteners and bearing components, as an alloying element in copper, tin, and zinc alloys, electrical conductors, electrical contact materials in line starters and solenoid relays, and other devices subject to high surge current, pigment in plastic, inks, and dispersant in plastic. Please note, most of these applications are prohibited by the EU RoHS Directive. |
| Cadmium sulphate | 10124-36-4; 31119-53-6 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Metal surface coating. Additive to increase performance of lead acid batteries. |

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| Cadmium sulphide | 1306-23-6 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Used as a pigment. Used in manufacturing of photoresistors. Used for thin-film transistors. As a thin film can be used in piezoelectric and as transducers. |
|---|--|---|---|
| Cobalt (II) carbonate | 513-79-1 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Used as an intermediate in the hydrometallurgical purification of cobalt from its ores, as an inorganic pigment, and as a precursor to catalysts. |
| Cobalt (II) diacetate | 71-48-7 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Used in production of intermediate chemicals, surface treatments, and adhesion improvement between rubber and steel. |
| Cobalt dichloride | 7646-79-9 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Cobalt plating and cobalt based pigments and drier compounds (desiccants). Pneumatic panels for indicating water contamination. |
| Cobalt (II) dinitrate | 10141-05-6 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Used in production of intermediate chemicals, surface treatment and batteries. |
| Cobalt (II) sulphate | 10124-43-3 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Used in production of intermediate chemicals, surface treatment, corrosion prevention, batteries, preparation of pigments, manufacture of drier in lithographic inks. |
| Diboron trioxide (Please note, report this substance only if it is present in a Deliverable in its pure original form, do not report if the substance is incorporated into a glass or bonded chemical structure). | 1303-86-2 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Glass |
| Diisopentylphthalate | 605-50-5 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Plasticizer. Used in manufacture of propellants. |
| Di-n-hexyl phthalate (DNHP) (synonym - dihexyl phthalate) | 84-75-3 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Plasticizer |
| 1,2-dimethoxyethane; ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDME) | 110-71-4 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Possible use in batteries |
| 2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-(5- chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)phenol (UV-327) | 3864-99-1 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | |
| Dipentyl phthalate (DPP) | 131-18-0 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Plasticizer in polyvinyl chloride |
| Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous | 1330-43-4 (anhydrous), 12179-04-3 (pentahydrate), 1303-96-4 (decahydrate) | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Wood preservative. Biocide. Electrolytic capacitors. |

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| 2-Ethoxyethanol | the Deliverable | Solvent for commercial and industrial applications. Multipurpose cleaner in such products as varnish remover and degreasers. |
|--|-----------------|--|
| 2-Ethoxyethyl acetate | , , , | Solvent. Used in formulations of paints, lacquers and varnishes for industrial uses. |
| 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4- dioctyl7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5 – dithia -4 – stannatetra decanoate (DOTE) | , , | Use in manufacture of rubber and plastic products. Heat stabilizer in PVC. Coloring agent. |
| Fatty acids, C16-18, lead salts | , , , | Potential use in PVC processing for cables and power cords |

| Hydrazine | 7803-57-8; 302- 01-2 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Blowing agent for thermoplastic and Elastomers. Organic dyes for textiles. Precursor to polymerization catalysts. Metallization of glass, plastics and metals. Nickel and palladium electroless deposition. Making PCB holes conductive. |
|--|----------------------|---|---|
| Lead hydrogen arsenate Please note Table 1 of this specification and RoHS Specifications 97P3864 already restrict lead levels in many applications. | 7784-40-9 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Biocide for wood. |
| Lead monoxide (lead oxide) trioxide (Please note, report this substance only if it is present in a Deliverable in its pure original form, do not report if the substance is incorporated into a glass or bonded chemical structure). | 1317-36-8 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Potential use in lead acid batteries Glass |
| Lead oxide sulphate | 12036-76-9 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Potential use in lead acid batteries |
| Lead titanium trioxide | 12060-00-3 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Ceramics |
| 2-Methoxyethanol | 109-86-4 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | Manufacture of rubber and plastic products. Multipurpose solvent, for example, in varnishes, dyes, and resins. |
| 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. | High temperature coating, urethane dispersions, acrylic and styrene latexes. Paint remover, industrial degreaser, and injection head and castmolding equipment cleaner. Cleaning, defluxing, edge bead removal and photoresist stripping. |
| Nitrobenzene | 98-95-3 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | |
| N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC) | 127-19-5 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | |

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| Orange lead (lead tetroxide) | 1314-41-6 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Potential use in lead acid batteries |
|--|--------------|--|---|
| Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) | 335-67-1 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Surfactant in emulsion polymerization of fluoropolymers |
| Perfluorononan-1-oic acid and its sodium and ammonium salts | See Annex NN | At or above the 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | |
| [Phthalate (2-)]dioxotrilead | 69011-06-9 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Potential plasticizer in cable jacketing |
| 1,3-propanesultone | 1120-71-4 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | |
| Pyrochlore, antimony lead yellow | 8012-00-8 | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Potential pigment in paints and inks |
| 5-sec-butyl-2-(2,4- dimethylcyclohex-1-en-1-yl)- 5methyl-1,2-dioxane [1] 5-sec- butyl-2-(4,6- dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)- 5methyl-1,3-dioxane[2] Covering any of the individual stereoisomers of [1] and [2] or any combination thereof | | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | |
| Reaction mass of 2-ethyl hexyl 10ethyl-4,4-dioctyl- 7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5dithia-4- stannatetradecanoate and 2- ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylheyxl)oxy]- 2-oxoethyl]thio]-4-octyl-7-oxo-8oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate (reaction mass of DOTE and MOTE) | | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Heat stabilizer in PVC. |

1.3 Marking of Products and Parts

2.3.1 Product/Part

3.3.1.1 Logo and Compliance Identification Number

A mark, such as a logo, identifying the producer of a Product must be permanently affixed and clearly displayed on the Product. Examples of Products requiring a logo include, but are not limited to printers, servers, workstations, storage products, external drives, Uninterruptible Power Supplies, monitors including both standalone and monitors embedded in a system, keyboards, mice, kiosks, external power supplies, and power distribution units.

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| Tetraboron disodium heptaoxide, hydrate | the Deliverable | Applications include electrolytic capacitors, glass and glass fibers, ceramics, cleaners, industrial fluids, metallurgy, adhesives, wood applications, and flame retardants. |
|--|--|---|
| Tetralead trioxide sulphate | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Potential stabilizer in PVC |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Paint and varnish remover. Solvent for oils, fats, waxes, rubber, and resins. Degreasing agent. |
| Triethyl arsenate | At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable | Biocide for wood. |
| Zirconia Aluminosilicate, Refractory Ceramic Fibers | the Deliverable | High temperature insulating fiber for industrial furnaces, pipes, ducts, cables, and high-temp test equipment. Fire protection equipment such as heat shields. Used for brake pads, catalytic converters, metal reinforcement, and air bags |

Products must have a compliance identification number, e.g., batch or serial number allowing identification of the product. Examples of this identification include machine type, machine type model, feature code, or part number. This information must be located on the product. It may be located on the agency label. Where the size or nature of the product does not allow it, the required information must be provided on the packaging or in a document accompanying the EEE. The compliance identification number must match the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) required for RoHS and EU Energy Related Products (ERP) regulations. See Sections 3.11 and 3.13 for additional details about DoCs.

3.3.1.2 California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act

A warning, compliant to the requirements of the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, must be placed on Deliverables containing a substance listed on the California list of Chemicals Know to the State to Cause Cancer or Reproductive Toxicity when these substances are incorporated in a manner to expose any individual to the chemical. The list of substances and the warning information can be found at: http://www.oehha.org/prop65/law/P65law72003.html

For use of lead in Frequently Handled Cables, see Table 1. Lead concentrations below 300ppm in Frequently Handled Cables do not require a warning label as described above. TGCS will request a laboratory analysis to document the level of lead in the cable jacketing of Frequently Handled Cables. The test report must use a method of sufficient sensitivity to establish a limit of quantification of less than 300ppm. Frequently handled cables include but are not limited to:

- Computer mouse cords,
- Computer peripheral wires and cables designed to plug into front of system (e.g. USB cords),
- Computer peripheral AC adapter cord and I/F cable for portable computers or portable peripheral devices,

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- Computer peripheral PCMCIA card cord for portable computers,
- Computer peripheral wires and cables for portable computers,
- Desktop computer power/patch/pin cords designed to plug into front of computer,
- External CD/DVD and tape drives for portable computers,
- Mobile PC computer cords,
- Computer joystick,
- Audio or video adapter cords for portable products,
- Audio or video cable for portable products,
- Audio/Video/Computer/telecommunications cables packaged individually for retail sales,
- Portable digital imaging equipment,
- Portable DVD player,
- Portable power adapters, AC adapters for foreign outlets and other voltage converters,
- Portable ZIP drives,
- Scanners for portable computers, and

 USB, firewire cords.

3.3.1.3 California Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials

Deliverables with 6 parts per billion (ppb) or greater of perchlorate materials (see Annex MM for a list of some perchlorate substances) must include the following information with the Deliverable when shipping to a customer:

"For California: Perchlorate Material – special handling may apply. See http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate. The foregoing notice is provided in accordance with California Code of Regulations Title 22, Division 4.5 Chapter 33 Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials."

This requirement may be fulfilled by TGCS via customer notices, please contact your TGCS representative for more information. The following may be used to fulfill this requirement:

- a. TGCS label part number 15R7482, or
- b. TGCS flyer part number 42R6959, or
- c. TGCS Environmental Notices and User Guide, either hardcopy or CD, pdf file located at: www.toshibacommerce.com/support/publications

3.3.1.4 CE Mark for European Union and other jurisdictions

See Sections 3.11 and 3.13 for CE marking requirements for Energy Related Products (ERP) and RoHS regulations.

Engineering prototypes, which are put on display at trade fairs, exhibitions and demonstrations in the EU or other jurisdictions requiring a CE mark to indicate compliance to RoHS or ERP requirements, must be

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visibly labeled stating that the product may not be placed on the market and/or put into service until conformity is obtained. Please contact the author of this document for more information. Example wording for the label applied on the product may include, "This device is an engineering prototype that has not obtained required agency authorizations. This device is not, and may not be offered for sale or lease, or sold or leased until authorization has been obtained. This device is the property of Toshiba and is not for resale."

The CE marking is the only marking that may be placed on the product to indicate the product or part is in conformance with an EU CE marking legislation. Other marks may be present on the part or product, but they must have a different function from that of demonstrating conformity to an EU CE marking legislation.

3.3.2 Plastic Part Marking

This section applies only to Toshiba logo Products and to Deliverables when those Deliverables are incorporated or integrated within a Toshiba logo Product. If a supplier has questions about whether this section applies to a particular Deliverable, they should consult their TGCS Procurement representative. Plastic parts molded and/or fabricated from thermoplastic materials and weighing 25 grams or more must be marked in accordance with the International Organization for Standardization's international standard ISO 11469:2000 "Plastics- Generic identification and marking of plastics products." The marking convention of ISO 11469 is outline in the following sections. Marking is optional for plastic Parts weighing less than 25 grams, however, all plastic Parts having adequate surface area for coding should be marked. Marking requirements do not apply to cable and cable assemblies, experimental tooling or to plastic Parts without adequate surface area for coding. Marking of protective packaging materials is not in the scope of this specification. See Section 2.5 for information concerning the location of packaging specifications.

3.3.2.1 Coding Method

The marking shall be made by injection molding, stamping, or other means of permanently affixing the information in a readily visible area on non-decorative or nonfunctional surfaces. Marking in a readily visible area means that the marking can be seen on the disassembled plastic Parts. Use of labels with adhesives for coding Parts is not allowed.

Notes:

- 1. When two or more resins may be used for production of a plastic Part, identification of the actual resin used for fabrication is required.
- 2. If the plastic Parts must be plated or painted on the internal surface, it may not be possible to have a readily visible injection molded-in marking. In such cases, it may be necessary to code the Parts with a stamp or other means of permanently affixing the information. If the Parts must be painted with a decorative paint, it must be indicated on the internal surface with an appropriate means (for example, stamp) that the Part has been painted.

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3.3.2.2 Symbol to Signify Recyclability

To indicate that the plastic Material used for the fabrication of the Part is recyclable, the two symbols ">" and "<" (normally used to indicate greater than and less than) will be used. Marking with these symbols indicates that the Material which makes up the Part is recyclable. Note: The size of the symbol is optional as long as it is clearly legible.

3.3.2.3 Resin Generic Identification

Resin identification will be marked on plastic Parts using the symbol for polymer type in between the symbols > and < as shown in the example of polycarbonate/ABS blend below.

> PC+ABS<

The symbols for the plastic Materials shall be selected from Part 1 of international standard ISO 1043, Plastics-Symbols and abbreviated terms. Symbols of plastics not appearing in ISO 1043-1 shall be selected from ASTM D 4000, Classification System for Specifying Plastic Materials; and ASTM D 1600, Terminology Relating to Abbreviations, Acronyms and Codes for Terms Relating to Plastics. See table entitled "Commonly Used Resins" for typical examples.

| Table 6. Commonly Used Resins | | | |
|---|----------------|--|--|
| Generic Family Name | Polymer Symbol | | |
| Polyamide | PA | | |
| Polycarbonate | PC | | |
| Poly(phenylene ether) | PPE | | |
| Polymethylmethacrylate | РММА | | |
| Poystyrene | PS | | |
| Polyvinyl chloride | PVC | | |
| Acrylonitrile/Butadiene/Styrene | ABS | | |
| Polycarbonate + Acrylonitrile/Butadiene/Styrene | PC+ABS | | |
| Polycarbonate with 10% glass fiber | PC - GF10 | | |

When two or more resins may be used for production of a Part, identification of the actual resin used for fabrication can be displayed by arrows. See table below for examples.

| , , , | • | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Table 7. Examples of Completed Plastic Part Markings | | | |
| Example | Marking | | |
| Single material used in production of Part | > ABS-FR(17) < | | |
| Two or more generically different materials allowed for production of Part | Arrow points to actual material used in production. > ABS-FR(17) < > PC + ABS-FR(40)< | | |

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Additives identification shall be marked on plastic Parts using the generic symbols from the series of international standards ISO 1043-2, 1043-3, and 1043-4. For example, a blend of polycarbonate/ABS with halogen-free organic phosphate flame retardant compounds is marks with the following code:

> PC+ABS-FR(40) <

3.4 Additional Requirements for Batteries

3.4.1 Battery Content Restrictions

All batteries contained in Deliverables cover by ES 3ADENVM0001 shall meet the requirements of the table below.

| Table 8. Battery Content Restrictions | | |
|--|---|--|
| Battery Type | Restrictions | |
| All Battery Types, including accumulators. (Some battery types have more restrictive substance levels; see following entries on this table.) | No intentionally-introduced mercury ≤ 0.0005% mercury by weight in homogeneous materials^{1,11} ≤ 0.001% cadmium by weight (Note the lower cadmium restrictions for some battery types below.)¹ Only battery types which are exempted from all hazardous materials transport regulations (surface and air), i.e., not classified as a hazardous material (for purposes of transport) or dangerous good, can be used. Refer to 92F6933 for these | |
| | requirements or contact the TGCS Hazardous Materials Transportation Coordinator. | |
| Nonremovable batteries or accumulators, unless the battery is nonremovable due to user safety or other principal purpose of the Deliverable. | ≤ 0.0005% cadmium by weight⁴ ≤ 0.1% lead by weight⁵ ≤ 0.0005% mercury by weight⁵ | |
| Alkaline zinc manganese dioxide | ≤ 0.001% cadmium _{4,6} ≤ 0.004% lead ^{2,5,9} ≤ 0.001% mercury ^{2,6,9} | |
| Alkaline manganese button cell battery with mercury added | Prohibited ⁶⁷ | |
| Lead Acid, Sealed | Must be classified as non-spillable and meet the requirements of US Code of Federal Regulation, 49 CFR 173.159a and IATA Special Provision A67. | |
| Mercuric oxide button cell battery | Prohibited ⁷ | |
| Nickel Cadmium (Ni-Cd) | Prohibited ¹ | |

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⁴ Switzerland Ordinance of Risk Reduction related to the Use of certain particularly dangerous Substances, Preparations and Articles.

 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ Brazil Resolution Number 401 of November 4, 2008 Batteries.

⁶ Main Act Concerning Mercury-added Button Cell Batteries.

 $^{^{\}rm 7}$ Wisconsin Act 201 relating to zinc air button cell batteries

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| Silver oxide mercury added button cell batteries, including silver oxide button cell batteries designated SR357, SR364, SR371, SR377 and SR395 | Prohibited ⁷ | |
|---|---|--|
| Zinc-air button cell battery with mercury added | Prohibited ^{7,8} | |
| Zinc carbon | ≤0.200% lead by weight² ≤ 0.001% cadmium by weight⁴ (R6, R14 and R20) ≤ 0.0001% mercury by weight³ | |
| Zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries | □ ≤ 0.005 mg/g mercury ¹⁰ | |
| Non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide | ≤ 0.001% cadmium^{4, 6, 8910} ≤ 0.100% lead^{2, 6} ≤ 0.0001% mercury^{2, 6} | |

Note – the regulations cited below are only a sample of the regulations pertaining to batteries. They are provided for example purposes only. ¹ EU Directive 2006/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 September 2006 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators.

all modes of transport as required by 92F6933. Data (safety data sheets for all batteries, plus UN38.3 test reports for lithium batteries) used to classify batteries as non-hazardous in transport must be supplied to TGCS upon request. For further information on this, please contact the TGCS Hazardous Materials Transportation Coordinator.

Suppliers of Deliverables with lead acid batteries must provide TGCS with a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) with is current, e.g., less than 3 years old, and conforms to US Occupational Safety and Health Administration requirements in 29 Code of Federal Register 1910. A copy of this MSDS must accompany lead acid batteries which ship to a TGCS customer, including end use customers, Business Partners, and OEM customers. The MSDS must also be available upon request in Spanish.

3.4.2 Product Design, Management Plans, and Labeling Requirements for Batteries

All batteries contained in Deliverables covered by ES 3ADENVM0001 shall be designed for easy identification and removal. Batteries must be classified as non-hazardous (for purposes of transport) by Page **45** of **140**

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² Argentina National Legislature Act 26.184 on the manufacturing, assembly and importing of batteries.

³ New York Battery Reduction and Elimination. New York State Consolidated Laws. Environmental Conservation

⁴ Austrian Battery Ordinances 514/1990, as amended by BGBI No. 3/1991 (4 January 1991) and BGBI, II No. 495/1999 (28 December 1999) of the Ordinance of Federal Ministry for Environment, Youth and Family.

⁸ GB 24427-2009 Limitation of mercury, cadmium and lead contents for alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries. National Standards of the People's Republic of China.

⁹ GB 24428-2009 Limitation of mercury contents for zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries. National Standards of the People's Republic of China.

¹⁰ Canada Products Containing Mercury Regulations SOR/2014-254.

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Battery manufacturers must comply with Battery Management Plans as required by multiple jurisdictions, including, but not limited to those listed in the table below. TGCS Procurement may request written documentation from a Supplier verifying compliance and upon such request; Supplier must provide this compliance documentation. The table below briefly outlines some battery management plan requirements by jurisdiction for batteries sold for commercial, industrial or business applications. The list is not all-inclusive.

| Table 9. Limited Summary of Battery Management Plan Requirements by Jurisdiction | | |
|--|--|--|
| Jurisdiction | Battery type requiring management plan | |
| Brazil | Lead acid, nickel cadmium, mercury oxide, alkaline manganese and zinc manganese | |
| Ecuador | Primary batteries: mercury oxide batteries Secondary batteries: nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, nickel iron and lithium ion batteries | |
| EU Countries, as well as Israel and Turkey | All | |
| Florida | Rechargeable nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid batteries, weighing less than 25 pounds excluding those used for memory backup | |
| Maine | Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid batteries | |
| Maryland | Nickel cadmium or lead acid batteries | |
| Minnesota | Rechargeable batteries Mercuric oxide, silver oxide, nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid batteries | |
| New Jersey | Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium, sealed lead rechargeable, alkaline manganese, lithium, silver oxide, zincair, and zinc-carbon batteries Any button, coin, cylindrical, rectangular or other shaped battery consisting of two or more cells composed of lead, lithium, manganese, mercury, mercuric oxide, silver oxide, cadmium, zinc, copper or other metals | |
| Vermont | Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid | |

Note: The list of requirements in this table is not all inclusive of all legally mandated Battery Management Plan requirements.

All Batteries shall have appropriate labels affixed, including but not limited to:

- 1. Battery type and chemistry (IEC standard name is acceptable for button cells, e.g., CR2032, BR1225, see IEC 60086-2),
- 2. Manufacturer name,
- 3. Capacity rating on all batteries with the exception of coin cell
 - a. All batteries must have capacity displayed in Ah on a label with a minimum size of 1mm x 5mm,
 - b. Lithium ion batteries also require the specific marking format of Wh, see 92F6933, and
- 4. Other markings, hazard warnings, and information as required by applicable laws and regulations.

Battery labels or markings must be printed visibly, legibly and indelibly. The battery marking shall be located on or adjacent to each battery unless otherwise noted in this Section. Deliverables containing batteries that are not readily identifiable must be clearly labeled on the exterior to indicate the presence of a battery inside. In battery packs, individual cells may be labeled (in cases where multiple

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manufactures or chemistries cannot clearly be identified using a single label for the pack) or one label may be used for the pack.

Batteries and batteries in Deliverables must meet the requirements in this and the following sections. These requirements must be met irrespective of the jurisdiction where the Deliverable is transferred to TGCS.

3.4.2.1 Requirements for the EU, Brazil, Macedonia, Turkey, and multiple other jurisdictions

Instructions must be provided in the Product or Part hardware publications, showing how batteries can be removed safely by either the customer or a qualified professional and informing the customer of the type of battery in the Deliverable. These instructions must accompany the product, if not, a reference to the web location of the removal instructions must accompany the product.

A mark indicating separate collection must be printed on all batteries or accumulators. See the figure in this section. The mark must (1) consist of a crossed-out wheeled bin container; (2) cover at least 3% of the area of the largest side of the battery, accumulator or battery pack, up to a maximum size of 5cm x 5cm; (3) for cylindrical cells, the symbol should cover at least 1.5% of the surface area of the battery or accumulator, and shall have a maximum size of 5cm x 5cm; and (4) where the mark would be smaller than 0.5cm x 0.5cm, the battery, accumulator or battery pack need not be marked but a symbol measuring at least 1cm x 1cm must be printed on the package. Refer to specification 5897661 "Recyclable Packaging Materials" for more details about the marking on the packaging if required.

In addition to the above, batteries and accumulators containing heavy metals must be marked with specific symbols for heavy metal content: Hg for mercury content greater than 0.0005% mercury; Cd for cadmium content greater than 0.002% cadmium; Pb for lead content greater than 0.004% lead. These symbols must be printed beneath the separate collection mark and must cover an area at least ¼ of the size of the symbol.



Figure 1. Collection and heavy metal content marking for a lead acid battery

See previous section for capacity rating labeling requirements.

Batteries shall be tested as required in Turkey Announcement 2009/15 by a Turkey accredited laboratory. The analysis shall show compliance of the battery to the substance restrictions in the Turkey

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Regulation for Used Batteries and Accumulators, Number 25569 for mercury and cadmium. The analysis shall be completed and dated within six months of submittal to TGCS.

3.4.2.2 Requirements for the United States

In the United States, the Mercury-Containing and Rechargeable Battery Management Act (Public Law 104-142) establishes national, uniform labeling requirements for rechargeable batteries, such as nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, lithium ion, small sealed lead acid batteries, and products containing these regulated batteries as a primary energy supply. Products that include an internal uninterrupted power supply (UPS) device are exempt. Regulated batteries must display three chasing arrows or a comparable recycling symbol and the text indicated in the table below for the respective regulated items. No size or color requirements for the recycling symbol are specified in the regulation. EPA publication EPA5330-K-97-009, "Implementation of the Mercury-Containing and Rechargeable Battery Management Act" depicts the three chasing arrows symbol shown in the figure below.



Figure 2. Three chasing arrows symbol from the US Battery Management Act

The required labeling must appear on the packaging of the Products containing regulated batteries that are not easily removable, and on the packaging of regulated batteries that are sold separately from such Products, if the labeling on the Product or battery is not visible through the packaging.

| Table 10. Text for Battery Marking for the US Battery Management Act | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Regulated Item | Text | | |
| Nickel-cadmium batteries* | Nickel cadmium or Ni-Cd with the phrase "BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY" | | |
| Lead acid batteries | Pb or the words "LEAD," "RETURN," and "RECYCLE", and if the batteries are sealed, the phrase "BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED." | | |
| Products containing regulated lead acid batteries that are not easily removable | "CONTAINS SEALED LEAD BATTERY. BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED." | | |
| Product containing Ni-Cd batteries that are not easily removable | "CONTAINS NICKEL CADMIUM BATTERY. BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY." | | |

^{*} Nickel cadmium batteries are prohibited from use in Deliverables covered by this specification. See Table 8.

California – In California, certain coin or button cell lithium manganese dioxide batteries may require a label or flyer. Lithium manganese dioxide batteries containing perchlorate substances must either be:

- 1. Clearly labeled on the exterior of the shipping package, or
- 2. Have included with the Deliverable a shipping document or package insert.

The label or the insert must have the following statements, "Perchlorate Material – special handling may apply. See http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate/." The following must also be included on the label or insert for Toshiba log Products or Deliverables incorporated within a Toshiba logo

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Product, "The foregoing notice is provided in accordance with California Code of Regulations Title 22, Division 4.5 Chapter 33. Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials. This product/part includes a lithium manganese dioxide battery which contains a perchlorate substance."

Wisconsin – Manufacturers of zinc air button cell batteries must certify to the State of Wisconsin that the battery contains no mercury that was intentionally introduced.

3.4.2.3 Requirements for China

The China Regulation on Mercury Content Limitation for Batteries requires all domestically manufactured and imported alkaline zinc manganese and zinc-manganese batteries sold in China to be marked to indicate mercury content using Chinese characters equivalent to "low mercury" (if the mercury content is less than 0.025% of the weight of the battery) or "mercury free" (if the mercury content is less than 0.0001% of the weight of the battery).

China Management Methods for Controlling Pollution by Electronic Information Products, Ministry of Information Industry (MII) Order #39 requires a Mark logo on all batteries except lead acid batteries and on batteries where due to size and function the battery may not be able to be labeled. Button and coin cell batteries are examples of batteries which may not be able to be labeled with a Mark logo. See Section 3.9 for more information in regard to labeling batteries with a China Mark logo. In the case where batteries cannot be labeled due to size or function restrictions, the battery must be listed on the Hazardous Substance Table, see Section 3.9 for details. An example China Mark logo for a battery can be found in the following Figure.



Figure 3. Example of China Mark Logo for batteries

3.4.2.4 Requirements for Taiwan

All dry cell batteries sold in Taiwan are required to have the "Four-in-One" recycling symbol and the words, in Chinese characters, which interpreted mean "Please recycle batteries." See Figure below. The "Four-in-One" recycling symbol must be printed in any solid color (monotone), must be square in shape with each side not smaller than 0.5cm in packaging and 1.5cm in user manuals and product literature. The recycle symbol and words should be placed in one of the following locations only, using this order of priority:

- 1. On the battery,
- 2. As close to the battery as possible,
- 3. On the cardboard packaging of the field replaceable unit (FRU),
- 4. On a flyer that goes with the battery,
- 5. On the Product containing the battery, or

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6. The symbol and words should appear in hardware manuals.



Figure 4. Four-in-One recycling symbol and words for Taiwan

3.4.2.5 Requirements for Japan

Rechargeable sealed lead acid, nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, and lithium ion batteries sold inside Japan shall be labeled according to Ordinance No. 95 of the Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry under the Law for the Promotion of the Effective Utilization of Resources (Law No. 48, 1993 as amended, 2001). These requirements are summarized in the Tables and Forms below. Sealed lead acid batteries with greater than 234,000 coulombs charge and small coin type rechargeable batteries that are contained inside Products are exempted from the special Japanese labeling requirements of this section.

| Table 11. Battery Label Requirements for Japan | |
|--|--------|
| Class of the Specified Labeled Product | Form* |
| Sealed lead storage batteries not covered by using plastic or other materials and sealed lead storage batteries covered by using plastic or other material with height of less than 10mm | Form 1 |
| Sealed lead storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm or more | Form 2 |
| Sealed alkaline storage batteries (limited to sealed nickel-cadmium storage batteries. The same will apply in this item and the next item.) not covered by using plastic or other materials and sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by using plastic or other material with height of less than 10mm | Form 3 |
| Sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm or more | Form 4 |
| Sealed alkaline storage batteries (limited to sealed nickel-hydrogen storage batteries. The same will apply in this item and the next item.) not covered by using plastic or other materials and sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of less than 10mm | Form 5 |
| Sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm ore more | Form 6 |
| Lithium storage batteries not covered by using plastic or other materials and lithium storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of less than 10mm | Form 7 |
| Sealed lithium storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm ore more | Form 8 |

^{*} Forms appear on the following pages

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Form 1

Characters



(Remarks)

The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

Form 3

Characters

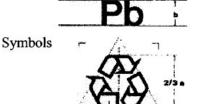


(Remarks)

The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

Form 2

Characters



(Remarks)

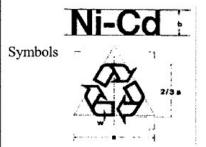
- a: Length of one side of symbol
- s: Surface area of symbol (a x a)
- w: Width of line (0.1 mm or more)
- b: Height of character (1/5 of a or more)

Surface area (S) of labeled symbol shall be 9 square millimeters or more, and 3 % or more of surface area of labeling surface of the said sealed storage batteries or 25 square centimeters or more.

The letter size shall be 6 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

Form 4

Characters



(Remarks)

- a: Length of one side of symbol
- s: Surface area of symbol (a x a)
- w: Width of line (0.1 mm or more)
- b: Height of character (1/5 of a or more)

Surface area (S) of labeled symbol shall be 9 square millimeters or more, and 3 % or more of surface area of labeling surface of the said sealed storage batteries or 25 square centimeters or more.

The letter size shall be 6 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

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Form 5

Characters



(Remarks)

The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

Form 7

Characters

Li-ion

(Remarks)

The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

Form 6

Characters

Ni-MH:

Symbols



(Remarks)

- a: Length of one side of symbol
- s: Surface area of symbol (a x a)
- w: Width of line (0.1 mm or more)
- b: Height of character (1/5 of a or more)

Surface area (S) of labeled symbol shall be 9 square millimeters or more, and 3 % or more of surface area of labeling surface of the said sealed storage batteries or 25 square centimeters or more.

The letter size shall be 6 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

Form 8

Characters



Symbols



(Remarks)

- a: Length of one side of symbol
- s: Surface area of symbol (a x a)
- w: Width of line (0.1 mm or more)
- b: Height of character (1/5 of a or more)

Surface area (S) of labeled symbol shall be 9 square millimeters or more, and 3 % or more of surface area of labeling surface of the said sealed storage batteries or 25 square centimeters or more.

The letter size shall be 6 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.

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3.4.2.6 Requirements for Brazil

Lead acid, nickel cadmium, mercury oxide, alkaline manganese, and zinc manganese batteries or accumulators shall be labeled in accordance to the requirement for the European Union, see previous section for the EU. In addition, these batteries must be clearly and indelibly labeled in Brazilian Portuguese with the following information:

- Identification of the importer and manufacturer,
- Warning about risks to human health and the environment, and
- Requirement to return the battery, after use, to the reseller, manufacturer, or importer.

See your Toshiba engineering representative for the part number that Toshiba logo products may use for this requirement. If there is insufficient space on the batteries to put the above information then this information must be on the packaging and in the product manual. Shipping the latest version of the TGCS Environmental Notices and User Guide (ENUG) with the product or part with the battery will meet the product manual requirements. See Section 3.10 for additional information about the ENUG.

The manufacturer of these batteries must:

- 1. Register in the Brazil Federal Technical Register of Activities that are Potentially Contaminating or that Use Environmental Resources.
- 2. Test the batteries in accordance to Chapter 1, Section 3 of Brazil Resolution Number 401 of November 4, 2008 (and Article 3 of Brazil Normative Instruction NI) No.8) at an in-country (Brazil) INMETRO accredited laboratory. The testing results must be submitted annually to TGCS, the Brazil National Institute of Metrology and Standards (INMETRO), and the Brazil Institute of the Environment and Renewable Natural Resources (IBAMS). Please not this testing requirement applies only to lead acid, zinc manganese and alkaline manganese batteries and accumulators only. (This testing also applies to nickel cadmium and mercury oxide batteries, which are not allowed in TGCS products.)
- 3. Submit a battery management plan to the required Brazil environmental agency (IBAMA).
- 4. Include in the packaging, in Brazilian Portuguese, information about the symbols, warnings on the risks to human health and the environment, and the necessity to return the battery after use to the reseller, manufacturer or importer.

3.4.2.7 Requirements for Ecuador

Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride and nickel iron batteries shipping individually, not incorporated into a product or part, must be labeled with the following:

"ADVERTENCIA

La pila usada es un desecho peligroso para la salud y el ambiente.

La pilas usadas deberán devolverse al momento de adquirir una nueva."

This translates to, "WARNING Waste batteries are a hazardous waste for the health and environment. Waste batteries shall be returned at the time to buy new ones."

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3.4.3 Requirements for alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries

3.4.3.1 Requirements for the People's Republic of China

Reference

GB24427-2009 National Standards of the People's Republic of China. Limitation of mercury, cadmium and lead contents for alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries.

GB 24427-2009 National Standards of the People's Republic of China. Limitation of mercury content for zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries.

Requirement

Alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries (excluding button batteries) must be labeled with the following:

- Model type;
- 2. Production year and month and validation, or recommended time of expiration;
- Positive and negative contact;
- 4. Nominal voltage;
- 5. Name and address of the manufacturer or supplier;
- Trade mark;
- 7. Code number of the standard followed;
- 8. Notification of safe use (warning notice);
- 9. Mercury content ("low mercury" or "mercury free"), in Chinese characters

2, 5, 7, 8 and 9 above can be marked on the package.

Method GB/T 20155-2006 is used to determine mercury, cadmium and lead content in these batteries.

Zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries must be labeled with the following:

- Model type;
- 2. Production year and month and validation, or recommended time of expiration;
- Positive and negative contact;
- 4. Nominal voltage;
- 5. Name and address of the manufacturer or supplier;
- Trade mark;
- 7. Code number of the standard followed;
- 8. Notification of safe use (warning notice);
- 9. Caution of preventing accidental swallowing;
- 10. Mercury content ("low mercury" or "mercury free"), in Chinese characters.

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1 and 3 above must be marked on the battery. 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and 10 above can be marked on the package.

Method GB/T 20155-2006 is used to determine mercury, cadmium, and lead content in these batteries.

3.5 Requirement for Decorative Metal Finishing

This section applies only to Toshiba logo Products and Deliverables when those Deliverables are incorporated or integrated within a Toshiba logo Product. If a Supplier has questions about whether this section applies to a particular Deliverable, they should consult their TGCS Procurement representative.

The decorative metal finishing of Toshiba logo hardware Products is required to be achieved using powder coatings. Decorative metal Parts and OEM Products with decorative metal housings must use powder coating. Exceptions to this requirement are applications where production volumes do no justify using the powder coating process; a unique color, texture, or "feel" (e.g., soft-touch) is specified; or conductive (e.g., electrostatic discharge (ESD), electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)) functional coatings are required. Powder coatings are not applicable for the finishing of plastic parts.

3.6 Requirements for Parts and Products Containing Mercury

Mercury containing components are prohibited in TGCS Deliverables. New parts or products releasing after October 2014 can no longer have mercury containing Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamps (CCFLs) (e.g., in Liquid Crystal Displays (LCDs)). For parts or products released before that date, the use of a mercury-containing CCFL must be reported to your TGCS procurement representative to ensure that the applicable legal requirements are met for Products containing mercury in CCFLs. TGCS Procurement will request information about the length of the fluorescent tube, as this determines the level of mercury allowed. All Parts or Products containing mercury and the packaging for the part or Product must be labeled in English and/or French Canadian for certain US State and Canada laws which require appropriate text indicating that mercury is present in the Part or Product and that the item must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations and requirements. This label must also be on any replacement parts and the packaging for the replacement parts which contain these mercury-containing components. Additionally, appropriate text must be added to user and service manuals for mercuryadded Products indicating which Product components contain mercury and directing the Product owner to dispose of the Product per local regulations.

The table below provides a list of typical Information Technology (IT) Product categories that were known to contain mercury, and provides requirements for label wording, label font size, and user manual text. Labels and manual text for Product categories not listed in the table below must be reviewed and approved by your TGCS procurement representative.

Table 12. Mercury Added Product Labeling Information - US

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| Product Type | Mercury Location | Mercury Amount | Product and Part Label Requirements* | Product and Replacement Part Package Label Requirements* | User/Service Manual Requirements |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| Flat Panel Display | Fluorescent lamp in display module | Displays range from 15 to 20 inches. Varies with the number of bulbs. Each bulb has ≤ 3.5mg of mercury. Mercury amount per product ranges from less than 10mg to less than 30mg. See Table 1 for mercury restrictions per lamp. | Label Wording — "This product contains a cathode fluorescent lamp which contains mercury. Please refer to user manual or follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal of this machine." Label Location — rear panel of product. Label Construction — Per requirements of UL 969 Standard, "Marking and Labeling Systems." Minimum Capital Letter Text Height — 3.53mm** | Label Wording — "This product contains a cathode fluorescent map which contains mercury. Please refer to user manual or follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal of this machine (or product)." Label Construction — Per requirements of UL 969 Standard, "Marking and Labeling Systems." Minimum Capital Letter Text Height — 3.53mm. ** | Statement Wording - "The fluorescent lamp in the liquid crystal display contains mercury. Dispose of it as required by local ordinances and regulations." |

^{*} The labels must also be on the replacement part or product, such as a service part and the packaging for the replacement part.

For Canada, the following information is required in a readily visible location on the product and package:

- 1. The statement "Contains mercury/ Contient du mercure"
- 2. Safe handling procedures and the measures to be taken in case of accidental breakage, the address of a website where that information is available, or contact information for a person who can provide that information;
- 3. The options available for the disposal and recycling of the product in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction where the disposal or recycling is to take place, the address of a website where that information is available, or contact information for a person who can provide that information;
- 4. A statement that the product should be disposed of or recycled in accordance with the applicable laws; and
- 5. Symbol "Hg" in a font size of at least 10 points with characters that are at least 3mm in height or within a pictogram of at least 7mm in height.

The above information for Canada must be in both English and French Canadian; in a font size of at least 10 points with characters that are at least 3mm in height, that are legible and indelible and that are

^{**} The State of Vermont requires a 10 point font which equates to a height of 3.53mm. If the text on the Product or Part label is not able to meet this height requirement, then an Alternative Labeling Plan must be submitted to and approved by the State of Vermont. TGCS may request documentation from the Supplier of an approved Alternative Labeling Plan. The label for the packaging must meet the 10 point font requirement.

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impressed, embossed or in a color that contrasts with the label's background or the color of the product; be enclosed by a border, and be easily distinguishable from other graphic material on the product or its package. See the Canada regulation for further details if the product or package is too small, or there is no package to accommodate the information. Annual reporting and a permit is required to import mercury containing products into Canada after November 7, 2015.

In some jurisdictions, at the point of sale of a Product containing mercury, notification must be given to the customer that the product contains mercury. Contact your TGCS representative for more details or requirements.

3.7 Product Chemical Emissions

Chemical emissions analyses shall be performed on Products and supplies (e.g., toner), but are not necessary for Parts or subassemblies of Toshiba logo hardware Products. Products covered by this specification shall not emit chemicals during normal use conditions which exceed the threshold values or requirements listed in US 29 CRF 1910 (tables Z 1-3)) or the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Product chemical emissions requirements are delineated in ECMA 328: Detection and Measurement of Chemical Emissions from Electronic Equipment.

3.8 WEEE Marking

3.8.1 Affected Products and Jurisdictions

Reference (limited list of jurisdictions with WEEE requirements)

EU Directive 2012/19/EU of the European parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) (recast)

European Standard EN 50419 Marking of electrical and electronic equipment

Electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) which is put on the market in the European Union after August 13, 2005, and is listed in Annex II of EU Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) is subject to the requirements for product markings in accordance with the Directive. In addition to the products specified in this Annex of the WEEE Directive, stand-alone options that operate external to the products listed (e.g., keyboards, monitors, external power supplies, mice, external drives, racks, power distribution units) should also be marked. Components and internal parts of the stand-alone equipment listed in Annex II do no need to be marked. Please not that external power supplies, adapters and electronic tools require a WEEE label. This requirement is also required for several other jurisdictions, e.g., Buenos Aires, Argentina, Bosnia-Herzegovina, India, Jordan, Macedonia, Nigeria, Peru (recommended for Peru, not required), Serbia and Turkey.

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3.8.2 WEEE Marking Elements, Including Date of Manufacture

The marking of EEE, in order to meet requirements in all jurisdictions, must have the following:

- 1. The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol, including the black bar, in accordance with Annex IX of the WEEE Directive per Article 14(4). (Please note, the symbol of the crossed-out wheeled bin, without the underlying black bar, is the same as required for the battery collection mark in the EU, see Figure 5.)
- 2. A unique identification of the producer such as a brand name, trademark, company registration number or other suitable means recorded in EU member state's register of producers per Article 12(1) of the Directive,
- 3. The date of manufacture/put on the market, and
- 4. A product identification number (compliance ID number) and serial number (for Nigeria).

The date of manufacture or date put on the market must be in un-coded text in accordance with EN 28601 (this European standard is equivalent to ISO 8601) or other coded text. If coded text is used, the code definition must be made available for treatment facilities and must be provided to TGCS. The preferred DOM format is YYYYMMDD. See Section 3.9.2 for additional DOM requirements for China. The specific placement of these markings is not prescribed other than for the relationship of the solid bar to the crossed-out wheeled bin.

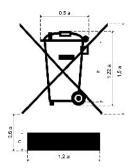


Figure 5. The WEEE Mark

The markings must be visible, accessible, durable, legible, and indelible. The height of the solid bar shall be the greater of 0.3a or 1mm. Each marking element must be located on a permanent portion of the EEE such as a frame member or chassis that cannot be removed or exchanged. Markings can be located behind a door or cover, but must be viewable without the use of a tool by a customer or operator. When the size or function of the product does not allow a label, the marking shall be printed on the packaging, on the instruction for use, and in the warranty of the product.

European Standard 50419:2005 prescribes that the marking must meet minimum marking durability requirements. The marking must remain legible after rubbing by hand for 15 seconds with a piece of cloth soaked with water and again for 15 seconds with a piece of cloth soaked with aliphatic solvent hexane. If marking plates or labels are used, then after this test they shall not show curling.

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3.9 China Electrical and Electronic Products and Electronics Information Products Mark and Table

3.9.1 Scope and Definitions

This section specifies the requirements for the People's Republic of China Management Methods for Controlling Pollution by Electronic Information Products, Ministry of Information Industry Order #39 and Standard SJ/T 11364-2014 Marking for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products (EEP).

Deliverables for which this section applies to include but may not be limited to:

- 1. Systems, e.g., servers, printers, and storage products
- Standalone products which are located external to a TGCS system, e.g., monitors/displays, laptops, keyboards, mice, modems, routers, uninterruptible power supplies, and external disk drives. Refer to the People's Republic of China Ministry of Information Industry (MII) List of Electronic Information Products Classification and Explanations for a comprehensive list of EIP and/or EEP.
- 3. Parts, assemblies, or products which are sold commercially not for use in TGCS equipment or TGCS designed OEM equipment, e.g., hard disk drives, circuit cards, and storage media. Refer to the MII List of Electronic Information Products Classifications and Explanations for a comprehensive list of EIP and/or EEP.
- 4. Electronic measuring equipment, e.g., Voltage measure apparatus, oscillographs, frequency measuring instruments, testers, voltage power supplies, and power meters. Refer to the MII List of Electronic Information Products Classification and Explanations for a comprehensive list of EIP and/or EEP.

This section does not apply to:

- 1. Non-electrical tools (e.g., hammers, screwdrivers, ladders),
- Electrical tools for use with TGCS equipment, e.g., Power hand tools such as drills, (Note: electrical tools which are used in the production of mold and gear as specified in MII's EIP and/or EEP List are included in the MII's regulations for EIP and/or EEP),
- 3. Customer instruction manuals and publications, both hardcopy and softcopy (Note: this section does apply to manuals and publications on floppy disks),
- 4. Software and firmware updates, this includes recorded storage media such as CDs and DVDs (Note: this section does apply to software and firmware updates on floppy disks), and
- 5. Product packaging materials (e.g., cardboard and wood pallets). TGCS packaging requirements are located in 5897661. (name)

Section 3.9.2 on EEP Pollution Control Logos does not apply to the following, but these parts must be included in the Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table outlined in Section 3.9.2:

1. Production parts and assemblies internal to TGCS systems, including line cords,

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- 2. Spare parts, parts for upgrade, maintenance or repair when the parts are used internal to a TGCS system, and
- 3. Coin cell batteries where there is no functional space to place an EEP Pollution Control logo.

3.9.1.1 Definitions

Contain – Per SJ/T 11364-2014 – Refers to cases that the content of hazardous substances is in excess of the concentration limits specified in GB/T 26572-2011 Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Restricted Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products or the product contains one of these substances to an exemption allowed pursuant to the EU RoHS Directive. See reference table below for applicable Concentration Limits (CL).

| Table 13. Hazardous Substances and Concentration Limits for China EEP Regulation | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Hazardous Substance | CLs in a Homogeneous Material - % by weight or ppm | | | | |
| Lead (Pb) | 0.1% or 1,000 ppm | | | | |
| Mercury (Hg) | 0.1% or 1,000 ppm | | | | |
| Cadmium (Cd) | 0.01% or 100 ppm | | | | |
| Hexavalent chromium (Cr ^{VI}) | 0.1% or 1,000 ppm | | | | |
| Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) flame retardants* | 0.1% or 1,000 ppm | | | | |
| Polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE) flame retardants* | 0.1% or 1,000 ppm | | | | |

^{*} See Annexes for limited lists of PBBs and PBDEs.

Electronic Information Products (EIP) – Per MII Order No. 39 – Products and their accessories that are manufactured by utilizing electronic information technologies including:

- 1. Electronic radar products
- 2. Electronic communications products
- 3. Radio and television products
- 4. Computer products
- 5. Home electronic products
- 6. Electronic instrument measuring products
- 7. Specialized electronic products
- 8. Electronic components and parts
- 9. Electronic applications
- 10. Electronic materials
- 11. Software products and their accessories

Electrical and Electronic Product (EEP) – Per SJ/T 11364-2014 – Refers to equipment and supportive products which rely on electric current or electromagnetic field to operate, or are intended to generate, transmit and measure electric current or electromagnetic field, with the rated operating voltage not exceeding 1500V for DC, or 1000V for AC.

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Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) – A period of time measured in years defined in SJ/T 11364-2014 as the period when hazardous substances contained in electrical and electronic products, will not lead or change abruptly, the use of such products will not cause severe environmental pollution or causes severe harm to the life or property of the users. The EPUP starts with the Date of Manufacture of the product.

Homogeneous Materials – For purposes of this section, this is defined in Standard GB/T 26572-2011 as materials formed of one or more substances, which are homogeneous throughout its various parts.

Hazardous Substances – Per SJ/T 11364-2014 – Lead and its compounds, mercury and its compounds, cadmium and its compounds, hexavalent chromium and its compounds, polybrominated biphenyl (PBB), and polybrominated diphenylether (PBDE) contained in electrical and electronic products. (See Table 1 for restrictions on these substances and applicable RoHS specification.)

3.9.2 Requirements

3.9.2.1 EEP Pollution Control Logos

Electrical and electronic products shall be marked with either a Mark I or a Mark II logo, also referred to as the EEP pollution control logo. The logos must meet the requirements in standard SJ/T 11364-2014 – Marking for the Restriction of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products.

The logo shall be clear, distinguishable, visible, resistant to color fading, and difficult to remove. The logo shall not be smaller than 5mm x 5mm. The logo may be applied on the product by molding, spray coating, sticking, or printing. The "e" in Mark I is an image, is not a character. The font of the EPUP number in the Mark II logo is "Impact".

If it is not possible to mark the EEP because of size, irregular shape or function restrictions, then the Mark logo shall be included in the product hardware instructions or in a flyer or insert, which must accompany the EEP. Cables are an example of an irregular shaped product. If the EEP has a maximum surface area less than 5x103mm2, then the Mark logo must be included in the product hardware instructions, in a flyer or insert included with the Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table. See details further in this section. If the operating instructions and the packaging of the product are integrated then the mark may be placed on the packaging. The pollution control logo is to be marked in a prominent location on the EEP, such as the front, side, or back of the product where function keys are located. If restricted by function and appearance, the logo shall be located at another visible location easily visible by consumers. The logo may be placed on the chassis.

Mark I

A Mark I logo (see Figure below) must be used if the product does not contain any toxic and hazardous substances or elements above the CLs in any material or application including those exempt from the requirements of the EU RoHS Directive. It is suggested by the standard that the logo be colored green and color match to C:85, M:30, Y:85, K:20. If the marking does not look sufficiently clear because the

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color of the EEP is close to the suggested color, the color may be altered to any other prominent color. Molded in marking can be the same color as that of the product. TGCS Procurement or Development may direct or authorize use of part number 42R7561, which is the Mark I label.



Figure 6. Mark I symbol

This symbol is included as reference only. For the actual image refer either to the China Labeling Standard or the MII website.

Mark II

A Mark II logo (see Figure below) must be placed on products which have one or more toxic and hazardous substances exceeding the CLs regardless of whether the toxic or hazardous substance is used in an application which is exempt from the EU RoHS Directive. See specification 3ADENVM0002 for a list of EU RoHS Directive exemptions which may apply to TGCS products.



Figure 7. Mark II symbol

This symbol is included as reference only. For the actual image refer to the China Labeling Standard or the MII website.

It is suggested by the Chinese standard that the Mark II label be orange. The SJ/T 11364-2014 standard references the color match as C:0, M:75, Y:100, K:0. If the logo does not look sufficiently clear because the color of the EEP is close to the suggested color, the color may be altered to any other prominent color. Molded in marking can be the same color as that of the product.

TGCS Procurement or Development may direct or authorize use of TGCS part numbers which are the Mark II labels. While the Supplier is responsible for determine the EPUP for its parts and products, TGCS intends to use the following EPUPs for Toshiba logo parts and products manufactured for TGCS. The corresponding TGCS label part number is listed.

| Table 14. Sample TGCS EPUPs and Corresponding Label Part Numbers | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| EEP | EPUP | TGCS Label Part Number | | | | |
| Professional computers, including POS and high end printers | 30 | 42R7646 | | | | |
| Displays, Input/Output devices (e.g., keyboards, mice), low end external drives (e.g., floppy disk drives, CD drives), compact discs, storage media*, cables, and LCDs with fluorescent lamps | 10 | 42R7644 | | | | |
| Batteries** (except lead acid) | 5 | 42R7643 | | | | |
| Electronic measurement instrument products | 40 | None available at this time | | | | |

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Please note while the Supplier is responsible for determining the appropriate EPUP for its parts and products, (a) if the Supplier of a Toshiba logo product intends to use a different EPUP number, then the Supplier must inform TGCS in writing of its intent, and such EPUP number must be approved by the TGCS product environmental focal point, and (b) if the Supplier of a non-Toshiba logo product intends to use a different EPUP for a non-Toshiba logo product to be distributed by TGCS, then the Supplier must inform TGCS in writing of its intent.

As required by the China Regulations of Product Marking and Labeling, products labeled with Mark II must also be labeled with a Date of Manufacturing (DOM). The DOM may be on the product or the packaging. The DONM may be in any of the following formats: YY, WW-YY, MM-YY, DD-MM-YY or by way of other widely accepted product marking method containing manufacture date such as product serial number and bar code. See Section 3.8 for other DOM requirements. Labeling methods such as serial numbers and bar codes that contain the date of the products may also be used, but the manufacturer or importer must provide necessary manufacturing date identification services for consumers and regulatory authorities.

3.9.2.2 Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements Table (HST)

When a Mark II symbol is used on a Product, a Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table must accompany the shipment of the Product. The table below outlines the format TGCS requires for the HST and provides examples of completed lines. All text must be translated into Simplified Chinese. English may remain on the table next to the Simplified Chinese text. When electronic versions (e.g., removable laser disk) of product instructions or descriptions are shipped with the product rather than hardcopy paper versions, then the HST may be included on the electronic version of the product information rather than in hardcopy version. The TGCS ENUG may be used to fulfill this requirement.

| Table 15. Format and Example of a Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements Table | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Names and Contents of Hazardous Substances in the Product | | | | | | | | |
| | Hazardous Substance | | | | | | | |
| Part Name Lead (Pb) Mercury (Hg) Cadmium (Cd) Hexavalent Chromium (Cr(VI)) Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) Polybrominated diphenylether (PBDI | | | | | | | | |
| Server | Х | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Chassis | Chassis O O O O O | | | | | | | |
| Power Supply X O O O O O | | | | | | | | |
| Battery Pack X O O O O | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Storage media, such as CDs, DVDs when sold commercially or at retail for use in non-Toshiba logo systems must have a Mark logo. If a Mark II logo is used then a Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements Table must accompany the parts or products. This applies to blank storage media. Note: CDs and DVDs with TGCS software and firmware for TGCS Products do not require a Mark logo, whereas floppy disks with TGCS software and firmware do require a Mark logo and HST table.

^{**} TGCS does not require a Mark symbol for coin and button cell batteries, if located inside another product. Battery packs, such as nickel metal hydride battery packs and lithium ion batteries must be labeled with a Mark logo. Batteries and battery packs must be listed in the Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table (see Section 3.9.2) if the product is labeled with a Mark II logo. Note: lead acid batteries do not require a Mark label.

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This table is prepared according to SJ/T 11364

O: Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in GB/T 26572

X: Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogenous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in GB/T 26572

Note: In the above table, the "X" is a cross (the two lines are perpendicular) and the "O" is a circle. The height of the Chinese characters must not be less than 1.8mm.

The first column must be completed with the part names found in the product or part. The columns under the Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements must be filled in with either a cross or a circle to indicate the presence or absence of the Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements in the part. Presence of a substance is determined if the concentration of the substance is above the CL included when used in an application which is exempt from the EU RoHS Directive. Absence is determined if the concentration of the substance is below the CL and is not used in an application which is allowed under an EU RoHS Directive exemption. See specification 3ADENVM0002 for a list of EU RoHS Directions exemptions which may apply to TGCS Products and Parts for a listing of allowable exemptions. For Toshiba logo Products or Parts, see table below for a list of Part names which can be used for the column in the table listing Part names.

| Table 16. Part Names for use in a Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements Table for Toshiba Logo Products and Parts | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Accessor control Drum | | LCD Monitor | Sensor | LCD Touch screen | | |
| Operator interface unit | Air moving devices | ECAT assemblies | LED display panel | Optical cable | | |
| Signature capture device | Batteries | LED Monitor | Other mechanical parts | Speaker | | |
| Battery pack assembly | External covers | Light | Cable assemblies | Payment device | | |
| Cages or enclosures | Line cord | Storage device | Cash-handling device | Logic modules | | |
| Point of sale device | Casters | Frame assemblies | Mechanical assemblies | Chassis | | |
| Memory modules | Power supply | UPS | Circuit card with mechanicals | MICR head | | |
| Printer | Circuit card without mechanicals | Ground strap | Printer cartridge | Conveyor | | |
| IO station | Print head | Monitor | Processor modules | Keyboard | | |
| Mouse | Roll | Scale | Disk drive | Scanner | | |

TGCS requires that the following additional text, in Simplified Chinese, be added to the bottom of the table for Toshiba logo Products or Parts:

"Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) Disclaimer: The number provided as the EPUP is provided solely to comply with applicable laws of the People's Republic of China. It does not create any warranties or liabilities on behalf of TGCS to customers. The EPUP assumes that the product will be used under normal conditions in accordance with the TGCS operating manual. Certain assemblies inside this product (for example, assemblies that contain a battery) may have an EPUP which is lower than the EPUP on this product."

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Example of China HST for Toshiba Logo Products

The HST below is provided in English for reference, the table must be translated into Simplified Chinese. For China: Names and Contents of Hazardous Substances in the Product

| | Hazardous Substance | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|----|----|---------|-----|------|--|
| Part Name | Pb | Hg | Cd | Cr (VI) | PBB | PBDE | |
| frame assemblies | x | o | 0 | O | O | o | |
| external covers | x | o | 0 | o | 0 | o | |
| mechanical assemblies | x | 0 | 0 | O | O. | 0 | |
| cooling assembly | x | o | О | o | О | o | |
| air moving devices | х | 0 | 0 | O | O | o | |
| battery pack assembly | x | o | 0 | o | o | o | |
| batteries | x | 0 | 0 | O | O | 0 | |
| cable assemblies | x | o | o | o | O | o | |
| wrap plug | X | o | o | o | 0 | o | |
| fiber optic transceiver | x | o | 0 | O | O | o | |
| keyboard | x | o | o | o | o | o | |
| mouse | x | o | o | o | o | o | |
| modem | x | 0 | 0 | o | 0 | o | |
| LED Display Panel | х | 0 | 0 | O | 0 | 0 | |
| LCD monitor - CCFL | x | x | 0 | o | О | o | |
| LED monitor | x | 0 | 0 | o | o | o | |
| storage device | x | o | 0 | o | 0 | o | |
| ECAT assemblies | x | o | 0 | o | o | o | |
| emergency power off switch | x | o | x | o | O | o | |
| power supply | x | o | x | O | o | 0 | |
| power distribution unit | x | o | x | o | O | o | |
| uninterruptible power supply | х | 0 | x | o | o | o | |

This table is prepared according to SJ/T 11364.

- Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in GB/T 26572.
- x Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in GB/T 26572.

Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) Disclaimer: The number provided as the EPUP is provided solely to comply with applicable laws of the People's Republic of China. It does not create any warranties or liabilities on behalf of TGCS to customers. The EPUP assumes that the product will be used under normal conditions in accordances with the TGCS operating manual. Certain assemblies inside this product (for example, assemblies that contain a battery) may have an EPUP which is lower than the EPUP on this product.

3.10 Environmental Notifications for Customer Hardware Publications

The latest release of the TGCS Environmental Notices and User Guide must ship with products, as well as some repair or spare parts (e.g., whole unit replacement parts, parts with batteries, LCDs, and chemical

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cooling systems) including beta systems, prototypes, etc. Whole unit replacement parts include products such as monitors, keyboards, mice, external power supplies, battery chargers, and external drives. The requirement for repair or spare parts also applies for vendor logo repair or spare parts and whole unit replacement parts. For parts and/or products coming from a supplier, TGCS will direct Supplier to include these notices where needed.

A hardcopy notice for WEEE product take back programs in Croatia and battery return information for the Czech Republic is required for product shipments to those countries. Flyer part number 00GU108 may be used for Toshiba logo products. TGCS will direct suppliers to include these notices where needed.

3.11 Product Energy Requirements

3.11.1 Monitors

3.11.1.1 Requirements for China

Computer monitors shall meet the energy efficiency requirements of the National Standard of the People's Republic of China GB 21520-2008, Sections 4.2 and 4.4. The scope of this standard includes general purpose computer monitors, including, but not limited to cathode ray tubes, liquid crystal displays and light emitting diode displays when used for computers as a computer monitor using normal electrical network voltages and to display equipment with modulator/receivers mainly used for computers. Monitors must meet at least the minimum efficiency standards for Grade 2. See table in this section for requirements for Grade 2.

| China Energy Eff | iciency Grades for | Monitors | | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | Energy Efficiency Grade | | | | | | |
| Monitor Type | Grade 1 | | Grade 2 | | Grade 3 | | |
| | Energy efficiency (cd/W) | Energy consumption in off mode (W) | Energy efficiency (cd/W) | Energy consumption in off mode (W) | Energy efficiency (cd/W) | Energy consumption in off mode (W) | |
| CRT | 0.18 | 1 | 0.16 | 3 | 0.14 | 5 | |
| LCD | 1.05 | 0.5 | 0.85 | 1 | 0.55 | 2 | |

Monitors shall be tested and the testing reported and registered in accordance with the GB 21520-2008 and the China Rules for Computer Monitor Energy Label.

Monitors shall be labeled with the China Energy Label in accordance with the China Rules for Computer Monitor Energy Labeling. See figure below for an example label. The label can be on the product, on

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the packaging, or displayed at least two seconds on the monitor when the monitor is turned on. The minimum length is 80mm and the minimum width is 54mm. The label must be in color with a blue and white background. The label must have the name of the manufacturer, product model, energy efficiency level, energy efficiency (cd/W), energy consumption in off mode (W) and number of energy efficiency standard. The label, if placed on the packaging or on the product, must be on 80 gram or more coated paper. The label or information from the label shall also be included in the product instructions. If there are no product instructions, then this last requirement is not needed.



Figure 8. Example of a China Energy Label

3.11.1.2 Requirements for Korea

Definitions

Monitor – Commercially available, electronic product with a display screen and its associated electronics encased in a single housing that is capable of displaying output information from a computer via one or more inputs, such as VGA and DVI with nameplate output power of power supply less than or equal to 1,000W. Includes computer monitors (i.e., focusing on computer monitor as the primary function) or as dual function computer monitors and televisions. Excludes monitor – main body integrated computers, network computers, monitors with VoIP and other special embedded functions, monitors for broadcasting and medical purposes.

Requirements

Monitors must be labeled according to Annex V of the Korean e-Standby Program Application Regulation, August 28, 2008 with a warning logo if the monitors do not meet the requirements in the following table:

| Monitor low power mode performance | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Classification | Product Type | On Mode Power Consumption | Sleep Mode Power Consumption | Off Mode Power Consumption | | |
| Products without Automatic Brightness | Diagonal Screen Size <76cm, Screen Resolution ≤1.1MP | Po=6x(MP)+0.00775x(A)+3 | ≤2.0W | ≤0.5W | | |

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| Control | Diagonal Screen Size <76cm, Screen Resolution >1.1MP | Po=9x(MP)+0.00775x(A)+3 | |
|--|--|-------------------------|--|
| | Diagonal Screen Size 76~153cm, All Screen Resolutions | Po=0.04185x(A)+8 | |
| Products with Automatic Brightness Control | All screen sizes and resolutions | Po1=(0.8xPh)+(0.2xPl) | |

Po = on mode power consumption

MP = megapixels

A = viewable screen area (cm2)

Po1 = on mode average value of power consumption

Ph = on mode power consumption of high ambient lighting conditions

PI = on mode power consumption of low ambient lighting conditions

The figure below has an example warning logo. The minimum diameter of the logo is 2.5cm. The logo is to be labeled on the front or top side of the product or on the nameplate of the product where it is visually easy to find. The logo may be monochrome, the predominant color of the product's surface, or in the colors suggested by the Korean e-Standby Regulation. English is provided in the Figure below only as a reference.





Figure 9. Example of a warning logo

The manufacturer of the monitor shall provide TGCS with a test report issued by one of the designated testing institutes in Annex IV of the regulation (e.g., Korea Testing Laboratory, Korea Electric Testing Institute, Korea Electrotechnology Research Institute, EMC Research Institute, Telecommunications Technology Association, and/or Korea Electronics Technology Institute) in order for TGCS to submit Form A (found in the regulation) along with the issued test report to the Korea Energy Management Corporation (KEMCO).

3.11.1.3 Requirements for the EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Turkey, Israel, Jordan and other jurisdictions

Reference

EU Regulation 1275/2008 for ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

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EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

Requirements

See Section 3.11.14 for energy requirements for EMC Class B (in accordance with EN55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN55022:2010) equipment, including monitors.

3.11.1.4 Requirements for Australia and New Zealand

Reference

Australia Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards Act 2012

Australia Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Computer Monitors) Determination 2013

Additional information for this program can be found at http://www.energyrating.gov.au/.

Definitions

Computer Monitor – A commercially available product with a display screen and associated electronics, encased in a single housing that as its primary function displays visual information from a computer, workstation or server, including via a wireless connection. This includes LCD, LED, CRT and plasma display panels (PDP).

Computer monitors must meet the minimum energy performance standards (MEPS) and energy rating label requirements as found in AS/NZS 5815.1:2013 and AS/NZS 5815.2:2013. There are multiple displays which these standards do not apply to, for example, specialized electronic displays intended for use primarily in commercial and professional fields, not intended for sale to the general public. Also excluded are displays which are built-in or have integrated networking functionality, the circuitry for which cannot be physically separated or switched independently from the electronic display component.

Requirements

Computer monitors are required to have the six star or ten star label affixed to the product, as outlined in Section 26 of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards Act 2012 and Section 7 of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Computer Monitors) determination 2013. The label may also be placed on the packaging. The format of the labels is in Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Computer Monitors) Determination 2013.

Suppliers are required to supply TGCS a copy of the test report and a confirmation the product has been registered in Australia and New Zealand.

3.11.1.5 Requirements for Vietnam

Computer monitors must meet the minimum energy performance standard as required in Vietnam Decision 51/2011/PD-TTg and Vietnam standard TCVN 9508:2012 Computer monitor energy efficiency.

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3.11.2 External Power Supplies and Adapters

Reference

Australia/New Zealand: Minimum Energy Performance Requirements for External Power Supplies http://www.energyrating.gov.au/regulations/legistlation/legislation-for-e3-under-gems/http://www.energyrating.gov.au/regulations

United States: Federal Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for External Power Supplies Standards:

http://www1.eere.energy.gov/guildings/appliance_standards/product.aspx?productid=23

United States: CA Code of Regulations, Title 20 Section 1601-1608

United States: Oregon Minimum Energy Efficiency Standards for State-regulated appliances and equipment

Canada: Energy Efficiency Act, Energy Efficiency Regulations

Jordan: JSNO 2111/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for no-load condition electric power consumption and average active efficiency of external power supplies; JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related Products

Korea: Korean Regulation on Energy Efficiency Labeling and Standards, July 31, 2008 European Union: Commission Regulation EC No 278/2009 of 6 April 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC with regard to ecodesign requirement for no-load condition electric power consumption and average active efficiency of external power supplies

Definitions

Australia/New Zealand

Single output external power supply – an appliance that is designed to supply power to other appliances and that:

- 1. Has an input from mains supply; Note: This input is usually 100 volts, 60 hertz; 230 volts, 50 hertz; 240 volts, 50 hertz or a range including some or all of these input conditions.
- 2. Has one extra low voltage output (either alternating current or direct current) that is either at a fixed voltage or a user selectable voltage through a selector switch;
- 3. Is sold with, or intended to be used with a separate end-use product that constitutes the primary load on the power supply. Note: These units are often used to power/recharge laptop computers, mobile telephones, portable stereo units and other portable household devices. It is immaterial whether or not the power supply and end use product are packaged separately or together.
- 4. Is contained in a separate physical enclosure form the end-use product. Note: These units cannot be built into the equipment being powered and hence are 'external' to the device being powered. The housings of the EPS and its associated end use product are different. Designs covered include units with an integral mains plug, 'in-line' units and units with provision for equipment to sit in a cradle while being used.
- 5. Is connected to the end-use product via a hard-wired or removable male/female electrical connection, cable, cord or other wiring;

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- 6. Does not have batteries, or battery packs, that physically attach direction to the power supply unit (either permanently or only for the purpose of charging). Note: This includes batteries that are removable from the power supply unit. For example, a battery pack for a portable electric drill: and
- 7. Does not have either a battery chemistry, or type selector, switch; or an indicator light or state of charge meter.

United States - Federal and California

External power supply – an external power supply circuit that is used to convert household electric current into DC current or lower voltage AC current to operate a consumer product

Class A external power supply – a device that:

- 1. Is designed to convert line voltage AC input into lower voltage AC or DC output;
- 2. Is able to convert to only 1 AC or DC output voltage at a time;
- 3. Is sold with, or intended to be used with, a separate end-use product that constitutes the primary load;
- 4. Is contained in a separate physical enclosure from the end-use product;
- 5. Is connected to the end-use product via a removable or hard wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord, or other wiring; and
- 6. Has nameplate output power that is less than or equal to 250 watts.

Class A EPS does not include any device that:

- 1. Requires Federal Food and Drug Administration listing and approval as a medical device in accordance with Section 513 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 260c); or
- 2. Powers the charge of a detachable battery pack or charges the battery or a product that is fully or primarily motor operated.

Single-voltage external AC-DC power supply – means an external power supply that is designed to convert line voltage AC into lower voltage DC output and is able to convert to only one DC output voltage at a time.

Single-voltage external AC-AC power supply – means an external power supply that is designed to convert line voltage AC into lower voltage AC output and is able to convert to only one AC output voltage at a time.

Multiple-voltage external power supply – means an external power supply that is designed to convert line voltage AC input into more than one simultaneous lower voltage output

Low voltage external power supply – means an external power supply with a nameplate output voltage less than 6 volts and nameplate output current greater than or equal to 550 milliamps.

Basic voltage external power supply – means an external power supply that is not a low voltage external power supply.

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Direct operation external power supply – means an external power supply that can operate a consumer product that is not a battery charger without the assistance of a battery.

Indirect operation external power supply – means an external power supply that cannot operate a consumer product that is not a battery charger without the assistance of a battery.

California

Consumer product – any article, other than an automobile, as defined in 49 U.S.C Section 32901(a)(3):

- 1. of a type which in operation consumes, or is designed to consume, energy or, with respect to showerheads, faucets, water closets, and urinals, water; and which, to any significant extent, is distributed in commerce for personal use or consumption by individuals;
- without regard to whether such article of such type is in fact distributed in commerce for
 personal use or consumption by an individual, except that such term includes fluorescent lamp
 ballasts, general service fluorescent lamps, incandescent reflector lamps, showerheads, faucets,
 water closets, and urinals distributed in commerce for personal or commercial use or
 consumption.

As listed in the DoE EPS FAQ, any external power supply that is of a type capable of operating a consumer product would be considered a covered product, without regard to whether that external power supply was in fact distributed in US commerce to operate a consumer product. Only external power supplies that have identifiable design characteristics that would make them incapable of operating a consumer product would be considered to not meet EPCA's definition of external power supply.

United States – California, Oregon, Rhode Island, New York, Arizona, Washington, Connecticut

State-regulated external power supply or single voltage external AC to DC power supply – a single voltage external AC to DC or AC to AC power supply that:

- 1. Is designed to convert line voltage AC input into lower voltage DC or AC output;
- 2. Is able to convert to only one DC or AC output voltage at a time;
- 3. Is sold with, or intended to be used with, a separate end-use product that constitutes the primary load;
- 4. Is contained within a separate physical enclosure from the end-use product;
- 5. Is connected to the end-use product via a removable or hard-wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord, or other wiring;
- 6. Does not have batteries or battery packs that physically attach directly (including those that are removable) to the power supply unit;
- 7. Does not have a battery chemistry or type selector switch and an indicator light; or, does not have a battery chemistry or type selector switch and a state of charge meter;
- 8. Has a nameplate output power less than or equal to 250 watts.

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Canada

External Power Supply – a power supply device that:

- 1. Is designed to convert line voltage AC input to a lower voltage DC or AC output;
- 2. Is able to convert to only one DC or AC output voltage at a time;
- 3. Is designed to be used with a household or office end-use product that constitutes the primary load;
- 4. Is encased in an enclosure separated from that end-use product and is connected to that product by an electrical connection; and
- 5. Has a nominal output power of 250 watts or less.

An EPS does not include a device that:

- 1. Powers the charger of a detachable battery pack of an end-use product;
- 2. Charges the battery of an end-use product that is fully or primarily motor operated;
- Is an accessory to a medical device as defined in Section 1 of Canada Medical Devices Regulations; or
- 4. Is a power sourcing equipment as defined in IEEE 802.3-2008 Standard for Information Technology Telecommunications and Information Exchange between Systems.

This scope is limited to EPSs designed for household and office use.

Replacement External Power Supply – an external power supply that:

- 1. Is marked for replacement of a specified end-use product that was manufactured before July 1, 2010; and
- 2. Is imported or shipped in quantities of less than fifty units.

Korea

Adapter – a single voltage external power supply (AC-DC or AC-AC) under 150W (nameplate output power) without any charging function.

Charger – Single voltage external power supply (AC-DC) with charging function to charge a lithium ion battery and has an input of 20W.

EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Jordan and Turkey

External power supply – a device connected to an EMC classification of Class B device or a computer (as defined by EU Regulation 617/2013) which meets all of the following criteria:

- 1. It is designed to convert alternating current (AC) power input from the mains power source into lower voltage direct current (DC) or AC output;
- 2. It is able to convert to only one DC or AC output voltage at a time;
- 3. It is intended to be used with a separate device that constitutes the primary load;

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- 4. It is contained in a physical enclosure separate from the device that constitutes the primary load;
- 5. It is connected to the device that constitutes the primary load via a removable or hard-wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord or other wiring;
- 6. It has a nameplate output power not exceeding 250 Watts;
- 7. It is intended for use with electrical and electronic household and office equipment as referred to in EU Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 Article 2(1) or with computers as defined in EU Regulation 617/2013.

| Requirements by Juris | Requirements by Jurisdiction | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Jurisdiction | Marking | Efficiency Requirements ¹ | Test Method ² | Certification | Information required by TGCS |
| Australia and New Zealand | Manufacturer name | Tier 2 | AS/NZS 4665 | Registration with government | A/NZ Test Report |
| | Model Number | | | | Copy of registration with government |
| | Date of Manufacture | | | | |
| | International Efficiency Marking Protocol, IV or higher, on product and packaging | | | | |
| United States, | Manufacturer name | Tier 2 | US EPA | Certified by | US Test Report |
| Federal regulations | Model Number | Beginning February 10, 2016 for Direct | | manufacturer to US Department of Energy with test | Copy of certification |
| | Date of Manufacture | Operation External Power Supply: See | | results and compliance statement | |
| | International Efficiency Marking Protocol on product, packaging or accompanying documentation | efficiency section | | | |
| United States, State | Manufacturer name | Tier 2 | US EPA | Requirements vary by state, but | Energy Efficiency Test Report |
| regulations | Model Number | Beginning February 10, 2016 for Direct | | typically include registration with | rest Report |
| | Date of Manufacture | Operation External Power Supply: See | | the energy efficiency test report to verify | |
| | International Efficiency Marking Protocol on product, packaging or accompanying documentation ⁵ | efficiency section | | marking | |

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| Canada | Model number Mark of a Standards | See Efficiency Requirements section | CSA C381.1-08 | Certification by accredited certification body ³ | Certification statement from accredited certification body |
|------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| | Council of Canada (SCC) accredited certification body or International Efficiency Marking Protocol IV or higher | | | | Test results |
| Korea | Unique to Korea; see Marking section below | See Efficiency Requirements section | Unique to Korea; see Test Method section | Certification by accredited certification body ⁴ | Test report issued by one of the designated independent testing laboratories listed for Adapter/ Charger in Annex 4 of the regulation |
| EU, Jordan | CE mark, at least 5mm high on the product, see Figure 10 Brand name Single Point of Contact address | See Efficiency Requirements section | EN 50563:2011/A1:2013 | Self-certification | Technical documentation (dated and signed EPS test report) Declaration of Conformity See Required Documentation section below for more information |

¹ See Efficiency Requirements section for more information ² See Test Method section for more information

3.11.2.1 Efficiency Requirements

Tier 2 Efficiency requirements, see above table under Requirements by Jurisdiction

| External Power Supply Requirements | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Active Mode | | |
| Nameplate Output | Required Efficiency (decimal equivalent of a percentage) | |

The manufacturer or the dealer of the External Power Supply must submit to Natural Resources Canada and energy efficiency report, which must include: product name, manufacturer name, brand name, model number, nominal output, in volts, at highest and lowest output setting, nominal output, in watts, at highest and lowest output setting, if applicable, whether the output is AC or DC, the average efficiency at highest and lowest output setting, no load power in watts, whether it is a replacement external power supply or a security EPS, if a replacement EPS or a security EPS, the end-use equipment and the brand and model number of that equipment, roman numeral mark, if applicable, whether the product bears a verification mark, name of the certification body associated with verifying the Roman numeral mark or that authorized the verification mark that appears on the product

e.g., Korea Testing Laboratory, EMC Research Institute, Telecommunications Technology Association or Korea Electric Testing Institute ⁵ Some states may require the mark to be on the product, with no allowance for the mark to be on the packaging. TGCS recommends the mark be placed on the EPS product.

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| Less than 1 watt | 0.5 times the Nameplate Output | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| From 1 watt to not more than 51 watts | The sum of 0.09 times the Natural Logarithm of the Nameplate Output and 0.5 | |
| Greater than 51 watts | 0.85 | |
| No-Load Mode | | |
| | | |
| Nameplate Output | Maximum Consumption | |
| Not more than 250 watts | 0.5 watts | |

Korea

Adapters (external power supply without charging)

| Minimum Energy Performance Standards for Adapters | | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|--------|--|
| Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS) | | | | |
| Output power on name plate (Pno) Running Efficiency (On mode energy efficiency) Output power on name plate (Pno) Maximum Standby Power Power consumption on NoLoad Mode | | | | |
| 0 <p<sub>no≤1W</p<sub> | ≥0.49 x P _{no} | | | |
| | . [0.00] . [0.1] | 0 <p<sub>no<10W</p<sub> | ≤0.5W | |
| 1W <p<sub>no≤49W</p<sub> | N <p<sub>no≤49W ≥[0.09 x Ln(P_{no})] + 0.49</p<sub> | | ≤0.75W | |
| 49W <p<sub>no≤150W</p<sub> | ≥0.84 | | | |

Chargers (external power supply with charging function to charge Li Ion Battery)

| Minimum Energy Performance Standards for Chargers | | |
|--|--------|--|
| Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS) | | |
| Measured Input Power (P _{in}) Maximum Standby Power Power consumption on No-Load Mode | | |
| 0 <p<sub>in<10W ≤0.5W</p<sub> | | |
| 10W≤P _{in} ≤20W | ≤0.75W | |

Canada

Energy efficiency standard

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| External Power Supply Energy Efficiency Standard (not applicable to replacement EPS manufactured before July 1, 2013) | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------|--|
| Nameplate output (nominal power Ln) Minimum average efficiency in active mode (decimal applicable to security EPS) Maximum power in no-load mode (not applicable to security EPS) | | | |
| < 1 watt | 0.5 *Ln (nameplate output) | 0.5 watt | |
| ≥ 1 watt and ≤ 51 watts | 0.09 *Ln (nameplate output) + 0.5 | 0.5 watt | |
| > 51 watts | 0.85 | 0.5 watt | |

Where: Ln (nameplate output) = natural logarithm of the nameplate output, nameplate output is expressed in watts

EU

Newly releasing external power supplies (and previously released EPSs by April 6, 2011) must meet the following requirements:

1. The no-load condition power consumption shall not exceed the following limits:

| | AC-AC EPSs, except low voltage EPSs | AC-DC EPSs except low voltage EPSs | Low voltage EPSs |
|------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| Po ≤ 51.0W | 0.50W | 0.30W | 0.30W |
| Po > 51.0W | 0.50W | 0.50W | Not applicable |

2. The average active efficiency shall be not less than the following limits:

| | AC-AC and AC-DC EPSs, except low voltage EPSs | Low voltage EPSs |
|-------------------|---|------------------------|
| Po ≤ 1.0W | 0.480 * Po + 0.140 | 0.497 * Po + 0.067 |
| 1.0W < Po ≤ 51.0W | 0.063* In(Po) + 0.622 | 0.075 * In(Po) + 0.561 |
| Po > 51.0W | 0.870 | 0.860 |

United States - Federal and California

Beginning February 10, 2016: for Direct Operation External Power Supply Efficiency Standards

| Single Voltage External AC-DC Power Supply, Basic Voltage | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| Nameplate Output Power (Pout) | Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal) | Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W) | |
| Pout ≤ 1W | ≥ 0.5 x Pout + 0.16 | ≤ 0.100 | |
| 1W < Pout ≤ 49W | ≥ 0.071 x ln(Pout) – 0.0014 x Pout + 0.67 | ≤ 0.100 | |
| 49W < Pout ≤ 250W | ≥ 0.880 | ≤ 0.210 | |
| Pout > 250W | ≥ 0.875 | ≤ 0.500 | |
| Single Voltage External AC-DC Power Supply, Low Voltage | | | |
| Nameplate Output Power (Pout) | Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal) | Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W) | |

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| Pout ≤ 1W | ≥ 0.517 x Pout + 0.087 | ≤ 0.100 | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1W < Pout ≤ 49W | ≥ 0.0834 x In(Pout) – 0.0014x Pout+0.609 | ≤ 0.100 | | | |
| 49W < Pout ≤ 250W | ≥ 0.870 | ≤ 0.210 | | | |
| Pout > 250W | ≥ 0.875 | ≤ 0.500 | | | |
| Single Voltage External AC-AC Power Supp | Single Voltage External AC-AC Power Supply, Basic Voltage | | | | |
| Nameplate Output Power (Pout) | Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal) | Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W) | | | |
| Pout ≤ 1W | ≥ 0.5 x Pout + 0.16 | ≤ 0.100 | | | |
| 1W < Pout ≤ 49W | ≥ 0.071 x In(Pout) – 0.0014x Pout + 0.67 | ≤ 0.100 | | | |
| 49W < Pout ≤ 250W | ≥ 0.880 | ≤ 0.210 | | | |
| Pout > 250W | ≥ 0.875 | ≤ 0.500 | | | |
| Single Voltage External AC-AC Power Supply, Low Voltage | | | | | |
| Nameplate Output Power (Pout) | Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal) | Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W) | | | |
| Pout ≤ 1W | ≥ 0.517 x Pout + 0.087 | ≤ 0.100 | | | |
| 1W < Pout ≤ 49W | ≥ 0.0834 x In(Pout) – 0.0014x Pout+0.609 | ≤ 0.100 | | | |
| 49W < Pout ≤ 250W | ≥ 0.870 | ≤ 0.210 | | | |
| Pout > 250W | ≥ 0.875 | ≤ 0.500 | | | |
| Multiple Voltage External Power Supply | | | | | |
| Nameplate Output Power (Pout) | Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal) | Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W) | | | |
| Pout ≤ 1W | ≥ 0.497 x Pout + 0.067 | ≤ 0.300 | | | |
| 1W < Pout ≤ 49W | ≥ 0.075 x In(Pout) + 0.561 | ≤ 0.300 | | | |
| Pout ≥ 49W | ≥ 0.860 | ≤ 0.300 | | | |

3.11.2.2 Marking

United States Federal and California

Through February 9, 2016: Class A EPSs must have IV mark or higher, see International Efficiency Marking Protocol below.

Beginning February 10, 2016: US Federal EPS Marking Requirements by Product Class are:

| Class ID | Product Class | Marking Requirement |
|----------|--|---------------------|
| В | Direct Operation, AC-DC, Basic Voltage | Roman numeral VI |

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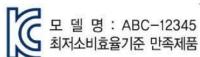
| С | Direct Operation, AC-DC, Low Voltage | Roman numeral VI |
|---|--|--|
| D | Direct Operation, AC-AC, Basic Voltage | Roman numeral VI |
| E | Direct Operation, AC-AC, Low Voltage | Roman numeral VI |
| Х | Direction Operation, Multiple Voltage | Roman numeral VI |
| Н | Direction Operation, High Power | Roman numeral VI |
| N | Indirect Operation | Class A: Roman numeral IV or higher. Non-Class A: No marking requirement. |

International Efficiency Marking Protocol

The marking is determined by comparing the unit's active and no load test data with the performance requirements of the International Efficiency Marking Protocol scale. The marking shall be permanently shown on the nameplate of the power supply. The font should be a plain serif font such as Times Roman. The size must be legible and indelible in a color that contrasts with the nameplate background. The label must include the manufacturer's name, model number, and Date of Manufacture. See International Efficiency Marking Protocol for further information:

http://www.regulations.gov/#!documentDetail;D=EERE-2008-BT-STD-0005-0218 Korea

Adapters and Chargers must be tested and labeled in accordance with the Korean Regulation on Energy Efficiency Labeling and Standards, July 31, 2008. The required label is in the Figure below. The label shall be on the front or top of the product. Please note that "ABC-12345" represents the model number of the external power supply. If the model number is already shown on the unit, then the line text with the model number can be eliminated on this label. The KC mark does not need to be right next to the Korean text, but does need to be on the front or top of the unit.



Korea Energy Label for Adapters and Chargers

3.11.2.3 Test Methods

Reference

US EPA: "Test Method for Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Single Voltage External AC-DC and AC-AC Power Supplies" dated August 11, 2004, except that the test voltage specified in Section 4(d) of the test method shall be only 115 volts, 60Hz.

Korea Regulation on Energy Efficiency Labeling and Standards, Annex I, Section 13 EU Regulation EC No 278/2009, Annex I

Requirements

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The following documents must be provided to TGCS in English, Romanian and Turkish as well as other available languages:

- Declaration of Conformity (DoC) to EU Regulations 1275/2008 and 278/2009 as required by EU
 Directive 2009/125/EC and Declaration of Conformity as required by JSNO 2111/2013 Technical
 Regulation on ecodesign requirements for no-load condition electric power consumption and
 average active efficiency of external power supplies. The DoC must include:
 - a) Name and address of the manufacturer or of its authorized representative;
 - b) A description of the model sufficient for unambiguous identification;
 - c) Where appropriate, the references of the harmonized standards applied;
 - d) Where appropriate, the other technical standards and specifications used;
 - e) Where appropriate, the reference to other EU Community legislation providing for the affixing of the CE mark that is applied; and
 - f) Identification and signature of the person empowered to bind the manufacturer or its authorized representative.
- 2. The technical documentation (including a dated and signed test report) showing efficiency data must be provided. The technical documentation must meet the requirements of Annexes I and II of EU Commission Regulation No 278/2009 and Switzerland Energy Regulation Appendix 2:11. This documentation must include a general description of the product and its intended use. In addition, the following is an example of the format of the technical documentation specifically for EPSs, from EU Commission Regulation No 278/2009:

| Reported Quantity | Description | |
|--|---|--|
| Root mean square (Rms) output current (mA) | | |
| Rms output voltage (V) | Measured at load conditions 1-4 | |
| Active output power (W) | | |
| Rms input voltage (V) | Measured at load conditions 1-5 | |
| Rms input power (W) | | |
| Total harmonic distortion (THD) | | |
| True power factor | | |
| Power consumed (W) | Calculated at load conditions 1-4, measured at load condition 5 | |
| Efficiency | Calculated at load conditions 1-4 | |
| Average efficiency | Arithmetic average of efficiency at load conditions 1-4 | |

| Percentage of nameplate output current | |
|--|----------|
| Load condition 1 100% ± 2% | |
| Load condition 2 | 75% ± 2% |

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| Load condition 3 | 50% ± 2% |
|------------------|------------------------|
| Load condition 4 | 25% ± 2% |
| Load condition 5 | 0% (no-load condition) |

Exemptions

Australia/New Zealand

An external power supply made available by a manufacturer directly to a consumer or service or repair facility after and separate from the original sale of the product requiring the EPS as a service part or spare part shall be exempt from meeting EMSP requirements until 5 years after implementation of the MEPS requirements.

United States

Class A EPSs must meet the energy requirements in the Tier 2 table above. Exceptions to this include EPSs which were:

- ☐ Manufactured during the period beginning on July 1, 2008, and ending on June 30, 2015; and ☐ Made available by the manufacturer as a service part or a spare part for an end-use product:
 - That constitutes the primary load; and
 - Was manufactured before July 1, 2008.

Canada

Replacement EPSs, which meet the definition above are exempt from MEPS until July 1, 2013, however, they must be registered prior to and reported at the time of import. Initial registration does not need to include an efficiency report, or any of the electrical parameters that would be required for production hardware. See the reporting requirements above for EPSs, the required elements for Replacement EPSs would include items (a) through (d) and (i) through (k). See reporting requirements as referenced in the Canada Energy Efficiency Regulations.

3.11.3 Laptops

3.11.3.1 Requirements for the EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Jordan, Turkey and other jurisdictions as applicable

References

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan

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JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B (in accordance with EN55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN55022:2010) equipment including external laptops.

3.11.4 Workstations

3.11.4.1 Requirements for the EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Jordan, Turkey and other jurisdictions as applicable

References

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B (in accordance with EN55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN55022:2010) equipment including external laptops.

3.11.5 Switches

3.11.5.1 Requirements for Japan

These requirements are from japan Ordinance No 39 of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI) amending the Japan Enforcement Regulation of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy. English translation is not yet available from the Japan Ministry.

Definitions

Switch – Switching apparatus specified by a Cabinet Order set forth in Paragraph 1 of Article 78 of the Law shall be defined in Article 21 in Enforcement Ordinance of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy as below:

(xxiii) Switching apparatus (referring to apparatus which transmit and receive telecommunication signals and are capable of selecting, in the transmission of telecommunication signals, such a path as is

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provided for in the preceding item (i) for each destination from among a plurality of paths through which the said apparatus may transmit telecommunication signals and of transmitting telecommunication signals to each destination through the said path selected (limited to such apparatus used exclusively for telecommunications via the Internet, excluding those capable of wireless communications and other matters specified by an Ordinance of the METI)).

The exclusion from application for switching apparatus prescribed by an Ordinance of the METI as set forth in Article 21, item (xxiii) of the Enforcement Order hall be as follows:

- i) Those which do not transmit or exchange any Ethernet frames; ii) Those which transmit and exchange Internet Protocol packets;
- iii) Those which connection ports for transmitting and/or receiving telecommunications signals, half or more of which use a two-wire connection mode;
- iv) Those designed to be capable of being incorporated into items such as a housing or computer;
 v) Those intended to control a device that wirelessly relays telecommunication signals; vi)
 Those intended mainly for use as a power supply, as specified by the Minister of Economy,
 Trade and Industry.

Requirements

Switch suppliers must provide to TGCS the following information with respect to the energy efficiency ratio of an applicable Switch in order to meet the Japanese Energy Savings law:

- 1. Product names, included manufacturer's name;
- 2. Category letter and the Standard Energy Efficiency Ration;
- 3. Line speed for a port during measurement and the number of ports per line speed;
- 4. Maximum effective transmission speed at a frame length of 1,518 bytes;
- 5. Maximum supply capability achieved by Power over Ethernet (limited to Switches with the Power over Ethernet function); and
- 6. Energy efficiency ratio.

The above information must be included in a prominent location in a product catalog where either the performance of the Switch is indicated or in a document use for the selection of a Switch.

3.11.5.2 Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions Reference

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

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Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B switches and routers which are not rack mounted.

3.11.6 Routers

3.11.6.1 Requirements for Japan

These requirements are from Japan Ordinance No 39 of the METI amending the Japan Enforcement Regulation of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy. English translation is not yet available from the Japan Ministry.

Definitions

Router – Router apparatus specified by a Cabinet Order set forth in Paragraph 1 of Article 78 of the Law shall be defined in Article21 in Enforcement Ordinance of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy as below:

(xxii) Routing apparatus (referring to apparatus which transmit and receive telecommunication signals and are capable of identifying, in the transmission of telecommunication signals, the path that is the most appropriate of the existing plurality of paths to the destination apparatus according to circumstances such as the conditions of the said paths, and of transmitting the said telecommunication signals through the said path identified as being the most appropriate (limited to such apparatus used exclusively for telecommunications transmission via the Internet, excluding those use for connecting a communication terminal to the Internet via a telephone line for the purpose of telephoning an Internetaccess service provider to connect the said communication terminal to the Internet, and other matters specified by an Ordinance of the METI.))

Exclusion from application for the Routing apparatus prescribed by an Enforcement Regulation of the METI as set forth in Article 48, item (20) of the Enforcement regulations shall be as follows:

- i) Those which do not transmit or exchange Internet Protocol packets;
- ii) Those which transmit Internet Protocol packets at as speed, in terms of the maximum sum of singal bits of the said packets transmitted per unit time, in excess of 200 megabits per second (excluding those listed in item (vi)); iii) Those equipped with a device intended for the use of Asynchronous Transfer Mode that cannot be easily removed;
- iv) Those with the capability to superimpose a high-frequency current of 10 kilohertz or higher upon a power line
- v) Those with connection ports for transmitting and/or receiving telecommunication signals, at least three of which (excluding such connection ports which use Internet Protocol) are intended for transmitting and/or receiving audio signals;
- vi) Those which wirelessly transmit Internet Protocol packets at a speed, in terms of the maximum sum of signal bits of the said packets transmitted per unit time, in excess of 100 megabits per second;

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- vii) Those with the capability to use an artificial satellite;
- viii) Those with the capability to multiplex and then transmit 53 subcarriers or more by an orthogonal frequency division multiplex system
- ix) Those with the capability to set up a virtual closed network;
- x) Those designed to be capable of being incorporated into items such as a computer.

Requirements

Router suppliers must provide TGCS the following information with respect to the energy efficiency ratio of an applicable Router to meet the Japanese Energy Savings law:

- 1. Product names, including the manufacturer's name;
- 2. Category letter and the Standard Energy Efficiency Ration;
- 3. Availability of 2.4GHz band wireless output power (for Routers falling under category C, limited to cases of 2.4GHz band wireless transmission only or of simultaneous transmission of waves of the two frequency bands);
- Availability of 5GHz band wireless output power (for Routers falling under Category C, limited to cases of 5GHz band wireless transmission only or of simultaneous transmission of waves of the two frequency bands); and
- 5. Energy efficiency ratio.

The above information must be included in a prominent location in a product catalog where either the performance of the Router is indicated or in a document use for the selection of a Router.

3.11.6.2 Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions References

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B switches and routers which are not rack mounted.

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3.11.7 Motors

3.11.7.1 Requirements for the US

Small electric motors, as defined by 42 US Code 6291 (16) and US Code of Federal Regulations 10 CFR Part 431 must have an average full load efficiency as specified in 10 CFR 431.446.

Manufacturer of the most must supply TGCS with a copy of the tested motor's certification document from the certified testing agency.

Additionally, DOE regulated motors that meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Is a single-speed induction motor;
- 2. Is rated for continuous duty (MG1) operation for duty type S1 (IEC);
- 3. Contains a squirrel-cage (MG1) or cage (IEC) rotor;
- 4. Operates on polyphase alternating current 60Hz sinusoidal line power;
- 5. Is rated 600 volts or less;
- 6. Has a 2-, 4-, 6-, or 8-pole configuration;
- 7. Is built in a three-digit or four-digit NEMA frame size (or IEC metric equivalent), including those designs between two consecutive NEMA frame sizes (or IEC metric equivalent), or an enclosed 56 NEMA frame size (or IEC metric equivalent);
- 8. Produces at least 1 horsepower (0.746kW) but not greater than 500 horsepower (373kW); and
- 9. Meets all of the performance requirements of a NEMA Design A, B, or C motor or of an IEC Design N or H motor.

Definitions

Small electric motor – a National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) general purpose alternating current single-speed induction motor, built in a two-digit frame number series in accordance with NEMA Standards Publication MG1-1987 including IEC metric equivalent motors.

For more definitions of electric motors, see 10 CFR 431.12 Definitions.

Requirements

The energy efficiency requirements take affect beginning March 9, 2015 and apply to small single phase and polyphase electric motors with a rating from ¼ to 3 horsepower (180-2.2kW). The regulatory requirements are effective on March 9, 2017 for small electric motors which require listing or certification by a nationally recognized safety testing laboratory.

| Energy Efficiency Requirements for small electric motors | |
|--|--|
| Motor horsepower/standard Kilowatt equivalent | Average full load efficiency Polyphase Open motors (number of poles) |

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| | 6 | 4 | 2 | |
|---------------------------|--|------|------|--|
| 0.25/0.18 | 67.5 | 69.5 | 65.6 | |
| 0.33/0.25 | 71.4 | 73.4 | 69.5 | |
| 0.5/0.37 | 75.3 | 78.2 | 73.4 | |
| 0.75/0.55 | 81.7 | 81.1 | 76.8 | |
| 1/0.75 | 82.5 | 83.5 | 77.0 | |
| 1.5/1.1 | 83.8 | 86.5 | 84.0 | |
| 2/1.5 | N/A | 86.5 | 85.5 | |
| 3/2.2 | N/A | 86.9 | 85.5 | |
| Motor horsepower/standard | Average full load efficiency Capacitor-start capacitor-run and capacitor-start induction-run Open motors (number of poles) | | | |
| Kilowatt equivalent | 6 | 4 | 2 | |
| 0.25/0.18 | 62.2 | 68.5 | 66.6 | |
| 0.33/0.25 | 66.6 | 72.4 | 70.5 | |
| 0.5/0.37 | 76.2 | 76.2 | 72.4 | |
| 0.75/0.55 | 80.2 | 81.8 | 76.2 | |
| 1/0.75 | 81.1 | 82.6 | 80.4 | |
| 1.5/1.1 | N/A | 83.8 | 81.5 | |
| 2/1.5 | N/A | 84.5 | 82.9 | |
| 3/2.2 | N/A | N/A | 84.1 | |

Reference the following DOE website for more information:

http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance standards/standards test procedures.html

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Energy efficiency requirements for electric motors meeting the above nine requirements can be found in 10 CFR Part 431 Energy Conservation Standards for Commercial and Industrial Electric Motors; Final Rule.

3.11.8 Fans

3.11.8.1 Requirements for the EU, Jordan and other jurisdictions as applicable References

EU Commission Regulation (EC) No 327/2011 (implementing Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council) with regard to ecodesign requirements for fans driven by motors with an electric input power between 125W and 500kW.

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy related products

These regulations must be referenced to clarify details such as definitions, product information, measurements and calculations and methodology for calculating the target energy efficiency.

Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2112/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for fans **Definitions**

Fan – a rotary bladed machine that is used to maintain a continuous flow of gas, typically air, passing through it and whose work per unit mass does not exceed 25kJ/kg, and which:

- Is designed for use with or equipped with an electrical motor with an electric input power between 125W and 500kW (≥125W and ≤500kW) to drive the impeller at its optimum energy efficiency point;
- 2. Is an axial fan, centrifugal fan, cross flow fan or mixed flow fan;
- 3. May or may not be equipped with a motor when placed on the market or put into service.

More definitions, including those defining the fan type, can be found in the Regulation cited above. The regulation also further describes fans which are out of scope.

Requirements

Fans placed on the market before January 1, 2015 as replacement for identical fans integrated into products which were placed on the market before January 1, 2013 are exempt. The packaging, product information, and technical documentation as required by the Regulation must clearly indicate this. Information must accompany these fans indicating that the fan shall only be used for the purpose for which it is intended.

Fans in scope of this regulation must meet the energy efficiency requirements in the table below. The efficiency requirements in the table below do not apply to fans which are designed to operate with no optimum energy efficiency at 8000 rotations per minute or more, or in applications in which the 'specific ratio' is over 1.11.

Minimum energy efficiency requirements for fans

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| Fan Types | Measurement category (A-D) | Efficiency category | Power range P (kW) | Target energy efficiency | Efficiency grade (N) | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | Static | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 2.74*ln(P) - 6.33 + N | | |
| | A, C | | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td><td>40</td></p≤500<> | η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N | 40 | |
| Axial Fan | | | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 2.74*ln(P) – 6.33 + N | | |
| | B, D | Total | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td><td colspan="2">58</td></p≤500<> | η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N | 58 | |
| | | | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 2.74*ln(P) – 6.33 + N | 44 | |
| Centrifugal forward curved fan and | A, C | Static | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td></p≤500<> | η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N | | |
| centrifugal radial bladed fan | | | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 2.74*ln(P) – 6.33 + N | | |
| biaded fan | B, D | Total | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td><td colspan="2">49</td></p≤500<> | η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N | 49 | |
| Centrifugal backward | A, C S | Static | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N | | |
| curved fan without housing | | | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td>62</td></p≤500<> | η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N | 62 | |
| | A, C | A, C Static | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N | | |
| Centrifugal backward | | | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*In(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td colspan="2">61</td></p≤500<> | η target = 1.1*In(P) – 2.6 + N | 61 | |
| curved fan with housing | B, D T | Total | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N | | |
| | | | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td colspan="2">64</td></p≤500<> | η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N | 64 | |
| | A, C | Static | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N | | |
| | | | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td colspan="2">50</td></p≤500<> | η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N | 50 | |
| Mixed flow fan | B, D Total | | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N | | |
| | | Total | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*In(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td>62</td></p≤500<> | η target = 1.1*In(P) – 2.6 + N | 62 | |
| | | Total | 0.125≤P≤10 | η target = 1.14*In(P) – 2.6 + N | | |
| Cross flow fan | B, D | | 10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = N</td><td>21</td></p≤500<> | η target = N | 21 | |

Fans in scope of this regulation must have the following information visibly displayed in the technical documentation of the fan (in the order as below) and at a free access manufacturer's website:

- 1. Overall efficiency (η), rounded to 1 decimal place;
- 2. Measurement category used to determine the energy efficiency (A-D);
- Efficiency category (static or total);
- 4. Efficiency grade at optimum energy efficiency point;
- 5. Whether the calculation of fan efficiency assumed use of a variable speed drive (VSD) and if so, whether the VSD is integrated within the fan or the VSD must be installed with the fan;
- 6. Year of manufacture;
- 7. Manufacturer's name or trade mark, commercial registration number and place of manufacture;
- 8. Product's model number;

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- 9. The rated motor power input(s) (kW), flow rate(s) and pressure(s) at optimum energy efficiency; 10. Rotations per minute at the optimum energy efficiency point;
- 11. The 'specific ratio';
- 12. Information relevant for facilitating disassembly, recycling or disposal at end-of-life;
- 13. Information relevant to minimize impact on the environment and ensure optimal life expectancy as regards installation, use and maintenance of the fan; and
- 14. Description of additional items used when determining the fan energy efficiency such as ducts that are not described in the measurement category and supplied with the fan.

A copy of the technical documentation must be provided to TGCS.

Information from numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 above must be durably marked on or near the rating plate of the fan. For number 5, the following forms of words must be used where applicable:

- 1. 'A variable speed drive must be installed with this fan'
- 2. 'A variable speed drive is integrated within the fan'

Manufacturers will provide information in the manual of instruction on specific precautions to be taken when fans are assembled, installed or maintained. If number 5 above indicates that a VSD must be installed with the fan, manufacturers must provide details on the characteristics of the VSD to ensure optimal use.

Fans in scope of this regulation and in conformance must bear the CE mark, as shown in Annex III of this Directive 2009/125/EC (example in Figure 10 of this specification). This includes the manufacturer's name, address, single point of contact, product identification number, and year of manufacture. The manufacturer must provide TGCS a Declaration of Conformity and maintain Technical Documentation in accordance with:

- 1. Annex VI of EU Directive 2009/125/EC and
- Jordan Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related Products JSNO 2090 and Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for fans JSNO 10152

3.11.8.2 Requirements for Ecuador

Reference

Ecuador Resolution No. 14 403 Technical Regulation RTE INEN 138 "Energy Efficiency for fans with motors of input power between 125W and 500kW.

Requirements

Fans, shipping stand-alone not installed in a product, released by or for TGCS after October 2, 2014, with motors of input power between 125W and 500kW must meet the energy efficiency requirements of Ecuador Resolution No. 14 403.

The following information must be in Spanish and visible in the technical documentation of the fan and at a free access webpage of the fan manufacturer.

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- 1. Overall efficiency (η), rounded to 1 decimal place;
- 2. Measurement category used to determine the energy efficiency (A-D);
- 3. Efficiency category (static or total);
- 4. Efficiency grade at optimum energy efficiency point;
- 5. Whether the calculation of fan efficiency assumed use of a variable speed drive (VSD) and if so, whether the VSD is integrated within the fan or the VSD must be installed with the fan;
- 6. Year of manufacture;
- 7. Manufacturer's name or trade mark, commercial registration number and place of manufacture;
- 8. Product model number;
- 9. The rated motor power input(s) (kW), flow rate(s) and pressure(s) at optimum energy efficiency; 10. Rotations per minute at the optimum energy efficiency point;
- 11. The 'specific ratio';
- 12. Information relevant for facilitating disassembly, recycling or disposal and end-of-life;
- 13. Information relevant to minimize impact on the environment and ensure optimal life expectancy as regards installation, use and maintenance of the fan; and
- 14. Description of additional items used when determining the fan energy efficiency such as ducts that are not described in the measurement category and not supplied with the fan.

Manufacturers will provide information in the instruction manual on specific precautions to be taken when fans are assembled, installed, or maintained. If number 5 above indicates that a VSD must be installed with the fan, manufacturers must provide details on the characteristics of the VSD to ensure optimal use.

3.11.9 Battery Chargers (including Battery Back-up Units and Uninterruptible Power Supplies)

3.11.9.1 Requirements for California, Oregon and British Columbia Reference

California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations See regulations for additional definitions and effective dates.

Oregon Act relating to minimum energy efficiency standards 2013

British Columbia Energy Efficiency Act, Standards for Small Battery Charging Systems **Definitions**

À la carte charger – a battery charger that is individually packaged without batteries. À la carte chargers include those with multi-voltage or multi-port capability

Battery backup or uninterruptible power supply charger (UPS) – a small battery charger system that is voltage and frequency dependent (VFD) and designed to provide power to an end use product in the event of a power outage, and includes a UPS as defined in IEC 62040 – 3 ed.2.0. The output of the VFD

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upon which the UPS is dependent changes in AC input voltage and frequency and is not intended to provide additional corrective functions, such as those relating to the use of tapped transformers.

Battery charger system (BCS) – a battery charger coupled with its batteries or battery chargers coupled with their batteries, which together are referred to as battery charger systems. This term covers all rechargeable batteries or devices incorporating a rechargeable battery and the charges used with them. Battery charger system include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Electronic devices with a battery that are normally charged from AC line voltage or DC input voltage through an internal or external power supply and a dedicated battery charger;
- 2. The battery and battery charger components of devices that are designed to run on battery power during part or all of their operations;
- 3. Dedicated battery systems primarily designed for electrical or emergency backup; and
- 4. Devices whose primary function is to charge batteries, along with the batteries they are designed to charge.

These units include chargers for power toll batteries and chargers for automotive, AA, AAA, C, D, or 9V rechargeable batteries, as well as chargers for batteries used in larger industrial equipment and à la carte chargers.

The charging circuitry of battery charger systems may or may not be located within the housing of the end-use device itself. In many cases, the battery may be charged with a dedicated external charger and power supply combination that is separate from the device that runs on power from the battery. Except those:

- Used to charge a motor vehicle that is powered by an electric motor drawing current from
 rechargeable storage batteries, fuel cells, or other portable sources of electrical current, and
 which may include a nonelectrical source of power designed to charge batteries and
 components thereof. This exception does not apply to autoettes, electric personal assistive
 mobility devices, gold carts, or low speed vehicles, as those vehicles are defined in Division 1 of
 the California Vehicle Code;
- 2. That are classified as Class II or Class III devices for human use under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and require US Food and Drug Administration listing and approval as a medical device;
- 3. Used to charge a battery or batteries in an illuminated exit sign, as defined in Section 1602(1);
- 4. With input that is three phase of line-to-line 300 volts root mean square or more and is designed for a stationary power application;
- 5. That are battery analyzers; or
- 6. That are voltage independent or voltage and frequency independent uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) as defined by International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 62040-3 ed.2.0.

Inductive charger system – a small battery charger that transfers power to the charger through magnetic or electric induction.

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Large battery charger system – a battery charger system (other than a battery charger system for golf carts) with a rated input power of more than 2kW.

Small battery charger system – a battery charger system with a rated input power of 2kW or less, and includes golf cart battery charger systems regardless of the output power.

USB charger system – a small battery charger system that uses a Universal Serial Bus (USB) connector as the only power source to charge the battery, and is packaged with an external power supply rated with a voltage output of 5 volts and a power output of 15 watts or less.

Requirements

Large Battery Charger Systems manufactured on or after January 1, 2014 shall meet the performance values in Table W-1 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations

The following Small Battery Charger Systems shall meet the applicable performance values in Table W-2 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations:

- Consumer products that are not USB charger systems with a battery capacity of 20 watt-hours or more, and are manufactured on or after February 1, 2013;
- Consumer products that are USB charger systems with a battery capacity of 20 watt-hours or more and are manufactured on or after January 1, 2014; and
- Those that are not consumer products and are manufactured on or after January 1, 2017.

Exceptions to these Small Battery Charger requirements are à la carte chargers that are:

- 1. Provided separately from and subsequent to the sale of a small battery charger system manufactured before the effective date of the applicable standard in Section 1605.3(w)(2);
- Necessary as a replacement for, or as a replacement component of, such small battery charger system;
- 3. Is provided by a manufacturer directly to a consumer or to a service or repair facility; and
- 4. Is manufactured no more than five years after the effective date in Section 1605.3(w)(2) applicable to the particular Small Battery Charger System for which the à la carte charger is intended as a replacement or replacement component.

À la carte chargers shall not be required to meet the applicable standard in Section 1605.3(w)(2) and Table W-2.14 of the California regulations.

Inductive charger system manufactured on or after February 1, 2013 shall meet either the applicable performance standards in Table W-2 or shall use less than 1 watt in maintenance mode, less than 1 watt in no battery mode, and an average of 1 watt or less over the duration of the charge and maintenance mode test.

Battery Backup and UPSs manufactured on or after February 1, 2013 for consumer products and January 1, 2017 for products that are not consumer products shall consume no more than 0.8+0.0021xEb watts in maintenance mode where Eb is the battery capacity in watt-hours.

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The appliances must be testing in accordance with Sections 1603 and 1604 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations at an approved test laboratory or an approved industry certification program.

The manufacturer must file a statement with the California Executive Director for each appliance sold or offered for sale in California in accordance with Section 1606 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations. Certification information is pending from the State of California, but will include the following:

- Enter data results from the test into an Excel file formatted for uploading into the Energy Commission's Appliance Efficiency Database.
- Fill out and sign a declaration form. This form must record the contact information for the manufacturer and test laboratory along with a statement that all of the submitted information is true, accurate, and in compliance with the law.
- E-mail data file and a scan of the signed declaration to the Energy Commission. If needed, include a test laboratory approval application for the test laboratory used.

Effective dates of this regulation vary, please see regulation for details. The following are some effective dates:

- Most small consumer charger systems manufactured on or after February 1, 2013;
- Large battery charger systems and certain USB-based small consumer charger systems manufactured on or after January 1, 2014; and
- Non-consumer charger systems manufactured on or after January 1, 2017.

Each battery charger system shall be marked with a "BC" inside a circle. The marking shall be legible and permanently affixed to:

1. The product nameplate that houses the battery charging terminals, or; 2. The retail packaging, and, if included, the cover page of the instructions.



Examples of the compliance label

3.11.10 Lamps

3.11.10.1 Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions Reference

EU Regulation No 1194/2012 for ecodesign requirements for directional lamps, light emitting diode lamps and related equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products

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Requirements

The electrical lighting products listed below must meet the requirements set out in Annex III of EU Regulation No 1194/2012 except if they are special purpose products:

- Directional lamps;
- Light-emitting diode (LED) lamps;
- Equipment designed for installation between the mains and the lamps, including lamp control gear, control devices and luminaires (other than ballasts and luminaires for fluorescent and high-intensity discharge lamps);

including when they are integrated into other products.

Definitions

Special purpose product – a product that uses the technologies covered by this Regulation but is intended for use in special applications because of its technical parameters as described in the technical documentation. Special applications are those that require technical parameters not necessary for the purposes of lighting average scenes or objects in average circumstances. They are of the following types:

- 1. Applications where the primary purpose of the light is not lighting, such as:
 - a) Emission of light as an agent in chemical or biological processes (such as polymerization, ultraviolet light used for curing/drying/hardening, photodynamic therapy, horticulture, pet care, anti-insect products);
 - b) Image capture and image projection (such as camera flashlights, photocopiers, video projectors);
 - c) Heating (such as infrared lamps);
 - d) Signaling (such as traffic control or airfield lamps); 2. Lighting applications where:
 - a) The spectral distribution of the light is intended to change the appearance of the scene or object lit, in addition to making it visible (such as food display lighting or colored lamps as defined in point 1 of Annex I), with the exception of variations in correlated color temperature; or
 - b) The spectral distribution of the light is adjusted to the specific needs of particular technical equipment, in addition to making the scene or object visible for humans (such as studio lighting, show effect lighting, theatre lighting); or
 - The scene or object lit requires special protection from the negative effects of the light source (such as lighting with dedicated filtering for photosensitive patients or photosensitive museum exhibits); or
 - d) Lighting is required only for emergency situations (such as emergency lighting luminaires or control gears for emergency lighting); or
 - e) The lighting products have to withstand extreme physical conditions (such as vibrations or temperatures below -20°C or above 50°C);

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3. Products incorporating lighting products, where the primary purpose is not lighting and the product is dependent on energy input in fulfilling its primary purpose during use (such as refrigerators, sewing machines, endoscopes, blood analyzers).

Other relevant definitions can be found in the regulation.

Requirements

Manufacturers of these lamps must have a conformity assessment procedure as required by the regulation. The lamps must be marked in accordance with CE marking requirements. The manufacturer must provide TGCS with a CE Declaration of Conformity and Technical Documentation in accordance with Annex VI of EU Directive 2009/125/EC of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products.

Special purpose products shall comply with the information requirements set out in Annex I of this regulation.

3.11.11 EMC Class B Equipment

3.11.11.1 Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions Reference

EU Regulation 1275/2009 for ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

This section applies to Energy Related Products (ERP) including information technology equipment intended primarily for use in the domestic environment. Products in Annex I of the regulation include information technology equipment intended primarily for use in the domestic environment which means products classified as EMC Class B per EN 55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN 55022:2010 in EU Directive 89/336/EEC for Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC). Examples of products which may be classified as EMC Class B include monitors, workstations, laptops, routers, switches, and other networked equipment.

This regulation excludes desktop computers, integrated desktop computers and notebook computers as defined in EU Regulation 617/2013 (see Annex I of EU Regulation No 1275/2008 and amendment in Article 4 of EU Regulation 617/2013) and Class B equipment placed on the market with a low voltage

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external power supply (≤250 volts) to work as intended (EPSs are regulated by EU Regulation (EC) No 278/2009 Ecodesign requirements for no-load condition electric power consumption and average active efficiency of external power supplies).

Definitions

Electrical and electronic household and office equipment – any energy-using product which:

- 1. Is made commercially available as a single functional unit and is intended for the end-user;
- 2. Falls under the list of energy-using products of Annex I (in EU Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008); 3. Is dependent on energy input from the main power source in order to work as intended; and
- 4. Is designed for use with a nominal voltage rating of 250V or below.

Networked equipment – equipment that can connect to a network and has one or more network ports

Networked equipment with high network availability (HiNA equipment) – equipment with one or more of the following functionalities, but no other, as the main functions(s): router, network switch, wireless network access point, hub, modem, VoIP telephone, video phone.

Networked equipment with high network availability (HiNA) functionality – equipment with the functionality of a router, network switch, wireless network access point or combination thereof included, but not being HiNA equipment.

Router – a network device whose primary function is to determine the optimal path along which network traffic should be forwarded. Routers forward packets from one network to another, based on network layer information (L3).

Network switch – a network device whose primary function is to filter, forward and distribute frames based on the destination address of each frame. All switches operate at least at the data link layer (L2). For a complete list of definitions, please refer to the EU Regulation cited above.

For this regulation, the terms 'router' and 'switch' do not apply to products mounted in a rack for use in a data center.

Requirements

Electronic equipment, such as monitors, workstations and laptops which are EMC Class B Information Technology equipment as defined in EN 55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN 55022:2010 and newly releasing must meet the following requirements:

- 1. Power consumption in off-mode shall not exceed 0.50W;
- 2. Power consumption in standby mode with a reactivation function shall not exceed 0.50W;
- 3. Power consumption in standby mode providing only information or status display shall not exceed 1.00W, and on its functions, equipment shall, unless inappropriate for the intended use, offer a power management function that switches equipment after the shortest possible period of time into standby mode, or off mode, or another condition which does not exceed the

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applicable power consumption requirements for off mode and/or standby mode when the equipment is connected to the mains power supply. The power management function shall be activated before delivery to TGCS.

In addition, as of January 1, 2015,

- 1. Any Class B networked equipment shall offer a power management function, unless the Class B networked equipment is intended for data center use.
- 2. Specifically, any Class B HiNA equipment or equipment with HiNA functionality's power consumption in a condition providing networked standby into which equipment is switched by the power management function shall not exceed 12W.

As of January 1, 2017, those pieces of equipment that apply to the requirements of January 1, 2015 above must also:

- 1. Comply with the standby requirements when all wired network ports are disconnected and when all wireless network ports are deactivated
- 2. Any equipment with HiNA functionality in networked standby shall not exceed 8W
- 3. All other networked equipment networked standby power shall not exceed 3W.

Labeling and Documentation

The product must be marked with the CE conformity marking. See example in the following Figure. The CE mark must have a height of at least 5mm. The CE marking must be affixed to the ERP. Where this is not possible, it must be affixed to the packaging and to the accompanying documents.



Figure 10. Example of CE conformity marking

The following technical documents must be provided to TGCS:

- 1. Declaration of Conformity (DoC) to EU Regulation 1275/2008 in accordance with Annex VI of EU Directive 2009/125/EC of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products and a Declaration of Conformity for compliance with Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products and Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment. The DoC must include:
 - a) Name and address of the manufacturer or of its authorized representative;
 - b) A description of the model sufficient for unambiguous identification;
 - c) Where appropriate, the references of the harmonized standards applied;

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- d) Where appropriate, the other technical standards and specifications used;
- e) Where appropriate, the reference to other EU Community legislation providing for the affixing of the CE mark that is applied; and
- f) Identification and signature of the person empowered to bind the manufacturer or its authorized representative.
- Statement indicating which energy efficiency tier (or both) the DoC applies to (see the first two paragraphs of this section for energy efficiency tier information), and
- The technical documentation showing efficiency data must be provided. The technical documentation must meet the requirements of Annex IV of EU Commission Regulation No 1275/2008. For Israel, testing must be conducted at an approved testing facility in Israel and the results provided to TGCS.

The above DoC and technical documentation must be provided in English, and other available languages such as Romanian, Turkish and Hebrew.

As of January 1, 2015, the following information for networked equipment shall be visibly displayed on the manufacturer's website:

- For each standby and/or off mode and the condition providing networked standby into which
 the equipment is switched by the power management function or similar function: a) The power
 consumption data in Watts rounded to the first decimal place,
 - b) The period of time after which the power management function, or a similar function, switches the equipment automatically into standby and/or off mode and/or the conditions providing networked standby
- The power consumption of the product in networked standby if all wired network ports are connected and all wireless network ports are activated,
- 3. Guidance on how to activate and deactivate wireless network ports.

3.12 Requirements for Product Take-Back

This section applies to Products which have a log or brand other than Toshiba and are not included inside a Toshiba branded product. For example, this section applies to monitors which do not have a Toshiba logo, but rather a vendor logo. Products, such as this, must have product take-back programs in place in the jurisdictions where required, financed and maintained by the vendor whose logo appears on the Product.

3.13 Requirements for RoHS

Reference (limited list of jurisdictions regarding RoHS compliance)

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EU Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (recast) EU Decision No 768/2008/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on a common framework for the marketing of products

EN 50581:2012 Technical Documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances

3.13.1 Restrictions

See Product specification 3ADENVM0002 for details about material restrictions, allowable finishes and exemptions. See Table 1 in this specification for additional details about material restrictions.

3.13.2 Definitions

Finished Product – for the purposes of this specification, Finished Product means any stand-alone, final assembly in any form factor. Examples of stand-along, final assemblies include, but are not limited to:

Displays/Monitors Keyboards Servers

Electrical tools Mice Smart Card Readers External storage drives Power distribution units Storage products

External memory keys/flash drives Printers Switches

External modems Racks Workstations

External power supplies Routers

Manufacturer – any natural or legal person who manufactures EEE or who has EEE designed or manufactured and markets it under his name or trademark. This definition is from the EU Directive 2011/65/EU.

3.13.3 Requirements for Finished Products

All EEE must meet Article 7 of EU Directive 2011/65/EU RoHS. Refer to the Directive for further details.

Documentation

Manufacturers must have in place technical documentation as required by Article 7 and carry out the internal production control procedure in line with module A of Annex II to Decision No 768/2008/EC. Manufacturers must ensure that procedures are in place for series production to remain in conformity. Changes in product design or characteristics and changes in the harmonized standards or in technical specifications by reference to which conformity of EEE is declared shall be adequately taken into account. Technical Documentation must be in accordance with the latest version of EN 50581:2012, Technical Documentation for the Assessment of Electrical and Electronic Products with Respect to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances.

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Manufacturers must keep the technical documentation and the EU Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for 10 years after the EEE has been placed on the market. This documentation must be readily available to TGCS and provided within two business days upon request.

When laboratory sampling is completed and used as part of the technical documentation, the test method must be in accordance with the latest version of IEC 62321 Electrotechnical products – Determination of levels of sic regulated substances (lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, polybrominated diphenyl ethers) as referred to in EN 50581:2012.

Manufacturers must keep a register of non-conforming EEE and product recalls, and keep distributors, including TGCS, informed thereof.

Manufacturers, when requested by a competent national authority or TGCS, must provide all the information and documentation necessary to demonstrate the conformity of the EEE with the RoHS Directive, in a language which can be easily understood by the authority, and that they cooperate with the authority, at its request, on actions taken to ensure compliance with the Directive for the EEE which they have placed on the market or provided to TGCS for placing on the market.

Manufacturers must draw up an EU DoC which must have the following:

- 1. It shall state that it has been demonstrated that the requirements specified in Article 4 of the EU Directive have been met.
- 2. It shall have the model structure and contain the elements specified in Annex VI of the Directive, including:
 - a) Number, which is the unique identification of the EEE.
 - b) Name and address of the manufacturer or authorized representative.
 - c) Wording, "This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer (or installer)".
 - d) Object of the declaration (identification of EEE allowing traceability e.g., a photograph)
 - e) The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with Directive 2011/65/EU
 - f) Where applicable, references to the relevant harmonized standards used or references to the technical specifications in relation to which conformity is declared.
 - g) Signature block including:
 - i) Signed for and on behalf of, ii)
 - Place and date of issue, and iii)
 - Name, function and signature.

By drawing up the EU DoC, the manufacturer shall assume responsibility for the compliance of the EEE with the EU RoHS Recast Directive. Manufacturers of Finished Products must provide TGCS a DoC in as many languages as available, for example, Czech and Slovenian. A single DoC must be provided which references all EU CE marking legislation applicable to the product in accordance with EU Decision 768/2008/EC, Article 5. The product name or number identifier on the product must match the name or number on the DoC and the name or number on the Technical Documentation.

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Labeling

The CE marking must be placed on all Finished Products, including Toshiba logo and non-Toshiba logo products. Figure 10 has an example CE Mark. The CE Mark must be at least 5mm in height. The Manufacturer of the Finished Product must place the CE mark on the product. The CE marking shall be affixed visibly, legibly and indelibly to the finished EEE or to its data plate. Where that is not possible because of the nature of the EEE, it shall be affixed to the packaging and to the accompanying documents. The CE Mark shall be the only marking which establishes the conformity of a product to the EU RoHS Recast Directive. No other markings indicating compliance to EU RoHS requirements shall be used.

EEE must have a type, batch or serial number or other element allowing its identification, or, where the size or nature of the EEE does not allow it, that the required information is provided on the packaging or in a document accompanying the EEE. This must be completed by the manufacturer of the EEE. Examples of this include, but are not limited to machine type, machine type model, or part number. This marking shall be affixed visibly, legibly and indelibly to the finished EEE or packaging.

Manufacturers must indicate their name, registered trade name or registered trade mark and the address at which they can be contacted on the EEE or, where that is not possible, on its packaging or in a document accompanying the EEE. The address must indicate a single point at which the manufacturer can be contacted.

Irrespective of the company logo on the product, when Toshiba is referenced on the product as the manufacturer, the TGCS single point of contact information must be included. This information must include:

Toshiba Global Commerce Solutions 3039 Cornwallis Road RTP, NC 27709 www.toshibacommerce.com

Notification

Manufacturers who have reason to believe that EEE which they have delivered to TGCS is not in conformity with this Directive must immediately take the necessary corrective measures to bring that EEE into conformity, to withdraw it or recall it, as well as immediately notify TGCS.

3.13.4 Requirements for Parts

EEE, parts and Deliverables provided to TGCS must meet EU Directive 2011/65/EU. Refer to the Directive for further details.

Suppliers must have in place documentation as required by Article 7 and carry out the internal production control procedure in line with module A of Annex II to Decision No 768/2008/EC. Suppliers must ensure that procedures are in place for series production to remain in conformity. Changes in product design or characteristics and changes in the harmonized standards or in technical specifications

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by reference to which conformity of EEE is declared shall be adequately taken into account. Suppliers must keep the documentation for 10 years after the EEE has been placed on the market. This documentation must be readily available to TGCS and provided in English within two business days upon request.

When laboratory sampling is completed and used as part of the documentation, the test method must be in accordance with the latest version of IEC 62321 Electrotechnical products – Determination of levels of six regulated substances (lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, polybrominated diphenyl ethers) as referred to in EN50581:2012, Technical Documentation for the Assessment of Electrical and Electronic Products with Respect to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances. Manufacturers, when requested by TGCS, must provide all the information and documentation necessary to demonstrate the conformity of the EEE with the RoHS Directive in English.

Suppliers who have reason to believe that EEE which they have delivered to TGCS is not in conformity with this Directive must immediately take the necessary corrective measures to bring the EEE into conformity, as well as immediately notify TGCS.

4.0 Notification Procedures

If the Deliverable being supplied to TGCS does not meet one or more of the applicable requirements in ES 3ADENVM0001, the Supplier must immediately notify their TGCS procurement representative. This also applies if the Supplier or a subcontractor(s) makes changes in their operations that will cause a Deliverable to no longer comply with ES 3ADENVM0001. If any Deliverable contains a substance in applications restricted by this specification, Suppliers must immediately report such information to their TGCS procurement representative.

5.0 Limited List of References

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

Connecticut Public Law 02-90, the Mercury Education and Reduction Act

Danish Ministry of the Environment EPA Project No. 1291 2009 Development and use of screening methods to determine chromium (VI) and brominated flame retardants in electrical and electronic equipment

EU Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (recast)

EU Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electrnoic equipment (WEEE) (recast)

EU: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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Maine Title 38, Chapter 24, Subchapter 4, 2165 Regulation of certain dry cell batteries

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New Jersey Dry Cell Battery Management Act; NJSA 13:1E-99.5-206

United States 29 Code of Federal Register 1910.1200 Toxic and Hazardous Substances – Hazard Communication

United States 29 Code of Federal Register 1910.1048 Toxic and Hazardous Substances – Formaldehyde

United States Mercury-Containing and Rechargeable Battery Management Act (Public Law 104-142)

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ANNEXES: Chemical Lists with CAS Numbers

Unless specifically indicated as complete for the chemicals affected, these annex listings are examples only, except where noted.

Annex A. Asbestos

| Asbestos | 1332-21-4 |
|---------------------|------------|
| Actinolite | 77536-66-4 |
| Amosite (Grunerite) | 12172-73-5 |
| Anthophyllite | 77536-67-5 |
| Chrysotile | 12001-29-5 |
| Crocidolite | 12001-28-4 |
| Cummingtonite | 17499-08-0 |
| Fibrous erionite | 66733-21-9 |
| Tremolite | 77536-68-6 |
| | 14567-73-8 |

Annex B. Azo colorants -

Note: The EC azo dyes ban applies to 1) Certain azo colorants that by reductive cleavage of azo groups may release one of the following 22 aromatic amines and 2) The Azodye compound listed in the second table of this annex.

| piphenyl-4-ylamine | 92-67-1 |
|--|----------|
| Benzidine (Note: benzidine is also listed as prohibited in Table 1, which is more restrictive than the equirements for azo colorants.) | 92-87-5 |
| 1-chloro-o-toluidine | 95-69-2 |
| 2-naphthylamine | 91-59-8 |
| p-aminoazotoluene | 97-56-3 |
| 5-nitro-o-toluidine | 99-55-8 |
| 1-chloroaniline | 106-47-8 |
| 1-methoxy-m-phenylenediamine | 615-05-4 |
| 1,4'-methylenedianiline | 101-77-9 |
| 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine | 91-94-1 |
| 3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine | 119-90-4 |
| 3,3'-dimethylbenzidine | 119-93-7 |
| 1,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine | 838-88-0 |
| 5-methoxy-m-toluidine | 120-71-8 |
| 1,4'-methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline) | 101-14-4 |
| 1,4'-oxydianiline | 101-80-4 |
| 1,4'-thiodianiline | 139-65-1 |
| p-toluidine | 95-53-4 |
| 1-methyl-m-phenylenediamine | 95-80-7 |
| 2,4,5-trimethylaniline | 137-17-7 |
| p-anisidine | 90-04-0 |
| 1-amino azobenzene | 60-09-3 |

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| A mixture of Disodium- (6- (4- anisidino) -3- sulfonato -2- (3,5- dinitro- 2-oxidophenylazo) 1-naphtholato) | |
|--|---------------|
| (1- (5- chloro -2-oxidophenylazo) -2-naphtholato) chromate (1-); (molecular formula | 118685-33-9 |
| C39H23ClCrN7O12S.2Na); Trisodium bis (6- (4-anisidino) -3- sulfonato -2- (3,5- | |
| dinitro-2- oxidophenylazo) -1- naphtholato) chromate(1-) (molecular formula C46H30CrN10O20S2.3Na) | Not available |
| | |

Annex C. Cadmium/Cadmium Compounds

| Cadmium | 7440-43-9 |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Cadmium oxide | 1306-19-0 |
| Cadmium sulfide | 1306-23-6 |
| Cadmium chloride | 10108-64-2 |
| Cadmium sulfate | 10124-36-4 |
| Cadmium chromate | 14312-00-6 |
| Other cadmium compounds | - |

Annex D. Halogenated aromatic substances

| Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)(Note: PCBs are prohibited by other | See Annex O |
|--|-------------|
| regulations, see PCBs in Table 1 and Annex O) | |
| Halogenated diarylalkanes - | |
| Monomethyltetrachlorodiphenylmethane (Trade name: Ugilec | 76253-60-6 |
| Monomethyldichlorodiphenylmethane (Trade name: Ugilec 121) | 81161-70-8 |
| Monomethyldibromodiphenylmethane (Trade name: DBBT) | 99688-47-8 |
| Halogenated benzenes - | |
| Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene, MCB) | 108-90-7 |
| Dichlorobenzene, 1,2- (ortho-DCB) | 95-50-1 |
| Dichlorobenzene, 1,4- (para-DCB) | 106-46-7 |
| Tetrachlorobenzene, 1, 2, 4, 5- | 95-94-3 |
| Tetrachlorobenzene, 1, 2, 3, 5- | 634-90-2 |
| Tetrachlorobenzene, 1, 2, 3, 4- | 634-66-2 |
| Trichlorobenzene, 1, 2,4 - | 120-82-1 |
| Trichlorobenzene, 1, 2, 3- | 87-61-6 |
| Hexachlorobenzene | 118-74-1 |

Annex E. Halogenated diphenyl methanes

| Monomethyl tetrachloro diphenyl methane; Trade name: Ugilec 141 | 76253-60-6 |
|---|------------|
| Monomethyl dichloro diphenyl methane; Trade name: Ugilec 121, Ugilec 21 | 81161-70-8 |
| Monomethyl dibromo dipenyl methane (DBBT) | 99688-47-8 |

Annex F. Hexachloroethane

| Hexachloroethane | 67-72-1 |
|------------------|---------|
| | |

Annex G. Hexavalent Chromium/Hexavalent Chromium Compounds

| | Ammonium dichromate | 7789-09-5 |
|--|---------------------|------------|
| | Chromium (VI) oxide | 1333-82-0 |
| | Barium chromate | 10294-40-3 |

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| Calcium chromate | 13765-19-0 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Chromic acetate | 1066-30-4 |
| Chromium trioxide | 1333-82-0 |
| Lead (II) chromate | 7758-97-6 |
| Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red | 12656-85-8 |
| Lead sulfochromate yellow | 1344-37-2 |
| Potassium chlorochromate | 16037-50-6 |
| Potassium chromate | 7789-00-6 |
| Potassium dichromate | 7778-50-9 |
| Silver chromate | 7784-01-2 |
| Sodium chromate | 7775-11-3 |
| Sodium chromate, dihydrate | 7789-12-0 |
| Sodium dichromate | 10588-01-9 |
| Strontium chromate | 7789-06-2 |
| Zinc chromate | 13530-65-9 |
| Other hexavalent chromium compounds | - |

Annex H. Lead/Lead Compounds

| Lead | 7439-92-1 |
|---|------------|
| Lead (II) sulfate | 7446-14-2 |
| Lead (II) carbonate | 598-63-0 |
| Lead hydrocarbonate | 1319-46-6 |
| Lead acetate | 301-04-2 |
| Lead (II) acetate, trihydrate | 6080-56-4 |
| Lead phosphate; | 7446-27-7 |
| Lead (II) phosphate | 7446-27-7 |
| Lead selenide | 12069-00-0 |
| Lead (IV) oxide | 1309-60-0 |
| Lead (II,IV) oxide | 1314-41-6 |
| Lead (II) sulfide | 1314-87-0 |
| Lead (II) oxide | 1317-36-8 |
| Lead (II) carbonate basic | 1319-46-6 |
| Lead hydroxidcarbonate | 1344-36-1 |
| Lead (II) chromate | 7758-97-6 |
| Lead (II) titanate | 12060-00-3 |
| Lead sulfate, sulphuric acid, lead salt | 15739-80-7 |
| Lead sulphate, tribasic | 12202-17-4 |
| Lead stearate | 1072-35-1 |
| Lead arsenite | 10031-13-7 |
| Lead azide | 13424-46-9 |
| Lead hexafluorosilicate | 25808-74-6 |
| Lead (II) methanesulphonate | 17570-76-2 |
| Lead naphthenate | 61790-14-5 |
| Lead dinitrate | 10099-74-8 |
| Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red | 12656-85-8 |

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| Lead sulfochromate yellow | 1344-37-2 |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| Tetraethyl lead | 78-00-2 |
| Tetramethyl lead | 75-74-1 |
| Other lead compounds | - |

Annex I. Mercury/Mercury Compounds

An extensive list of mercury compounds can be found at

http://www.pic.int/en/CasNumbers/mercury%20compounds%20CAS%20numbers.pdf

| Mercury | 7439-97-6 |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| Phenylmercury acetate | 62-38-4 |
| Phenylmercury propionate | 103-27-5 |
| Phenylmercury 2-ethylhexanoate | 13302-00-6 |
| Phenylmercuric octanoate | 13864-38-5 |
| Phenylmercury neodecanoate | 26545-49-3 |
| Mercuric chloride | 33631-63-9 |
| Mercury (II) chloride | 7487-94-7 |
| Mercuric sulfate | 7783-35-9 |
| Mercuric nitrate | 10045-94-0 |
| Mercuric (II) oxide | 21908-53-2 |
| Mercuric sulfide | 1344-48-5 |
| Other mercury compounds | - |

Annex J. Nickel

| Nickel | 7440-02-0 |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Nickelacetate | 373-02-4 |
| Nickelcarbonate | 3333-67-3 |
| Nickelcarbonyl | 13463-39-3 |
| Nickelhydroxide | 12054-48-7, 11113-74-9 |
| Nickelocene | 1271-28-9 |
| Nickeloxide | 1313-99-1 |
| Nickelsulfide | 12035-72-2 |
| Other nickel compounds | - |

Annex K. Ozone Depleting Substances

| Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs): | |
|--|---|
| Trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11) and its isomers | 75-69-4 DR ² 62185-70-0 DR ² 79620-41-0 DR ² 83589-40-6 DR ² 91315-61-6 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12) and its isomers | 75-71-8 DR ² 185009-39-6 DR ² 62185-71-1 |

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| Trichlorotrifluoroethane (CFC-113) and its isomers | 76-13-1 DR ² 39349-94-5 DR ² 56996-61-3 DR ² 57762-34-2 |
|---|---|
| Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (CFC-114) and its isomers | 76-14-2 |
| Monochloropentafluoroethane (CFC-115) and its isomers | 76-15-3 DR ² 12770-91-1 |
| Chlorotrifluoromethane (CFC-13) and its isomers | 75-72-9 185009-43-2 |
| Pentachlorofluoroethane (CFC-111) and its isomers | 354-56-3 29756-45-4 |
| Tetrachlorodifluoroethane (CFC-112) and its isomers | 76-12-0 76-11-9 |
| Heptachlorofluoropropane (CFC-211) and its isomers | 422-78-6 135401-87-5 |
| Hexachlorodifluoropropane (CFC-212) and its isomers | 3182-26-1 |
| Pentachlorotrifluoropropane (CFC-213) and its isomers | 2354-06-5 134237-31-3 |
| Tetrachlorotetrafluoropropane (CFC-214) and its isomers | 29255-31-0 2268-46-4 |
| Trichloropentafluoropropane (CFC-215) and its isomers | 1599-41-3 4259-43-2 76-17-5 |
| Dichlorohexafluoropropane (CFC-216) and its isomers | 661-97-2 |
| Chloroheptafluoropropane (CFC-217) and its isomers | 422-86-6 76-18-6 |
| Halons: | |
| Dibromodifluoromethane (Halon-1202) | 75-61-6 |
| Bromochlorodifluoromethane (Halon-1211) and its isomers | 353-59-3 11104-73-7 |
| Bromotrifluoromethane (Halon-1301) and its isomers | 75-63-8 62395-25-9 |
| Dibromotetrafluoroethane (Halon-2402) and its isomers | 124-73-2 DR ² 76199-55-8 |
| Tribromofluoromethane (Halon 1103) | 353-54-8 |
| Dibromochlorofluoromethane (Halon 1112) | 353-55-9 |
| Tetrabromodifluoroethane (Halon 2204) | Not available |
| Bromodichlorofluoromethane (Halon 1121) | Not available |
| Pentabromofluoroethane (Halon 2105) | Not available |
| Tribromotrifluoroethane (Halon 2303) | Not available |
| Bromopentafluoroethane (Halon 2501) | Not available |
| Tribromopentafluoropropane (Halon 3503) | Not available |

| | T |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Dibromohexafluoropropane (Halon 3602) | Not available |

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| Bromoheptafluoropropane (Halon 3701) | Not available |
|---|----------------------------|
| Other: | |
| Carbon tetrachloride | 56-23-5 |
| 1,1,1-trichloroethane (methyl chloroform) and its isomers except 1,1,2- | 71-55-6 |
| trichloroethane | DR ² 74552-83-3 |
| Bromomethane (methyl bromide) | 74-83-9 |
| 1-Bromopropane (n-propyl bromide) | 106-94-5 |
| Bromoethane (ethyl bromide) | 74-96-4 |
| Chlorobromomethane | 74-97-5 |
| Trifluoroiodomethane (trifluoromethyl iodide) | 2314-97-8 |
| Chloromethane (methyl chloride) | 74-87-3 |
| Hydrobromofluorocarbons (HBFCs) and their isomers: | |
| Bromodifluoromethane and its isomers | 1511-62-2 |
| HBFC-22B1 (FM-100) | 1511-62-2 |
| CHFBr2 | 1868-53-7 |
| CH2FBr | Not available |
| C2HFBr4 | Not available |
| C2HF2Br3 | Not available |
| C2HF3Br2 | 354-04-1 |
| | DR ² 66542-88-9 |
| C2HF4Br | Not available |
| C2H2FBr3 | Not available |
| C2H2F2Br2 | 75-82-1 |
| C2H2F3Br | 421-06-7 |
| C2H3FBr2 | 358-97-4 |
| C2H3F2Br | Not available |
| C2H4FBr | 762-49-2 |
| C3HFBr6 | Not available |
| C3HF2Br5 | Not available |
| C3HF3Br4 | Not available |
| C3HF4Br3 | Not available |
| C3HF5Br2 | Not available |
| C3HF6Br | Not available |
| C3H2FBr5 | Not available |
| C3H2F2Br4 | Not available |
| C3H2F3Br3 | Not available |
| C3H2F4Br2 | Not available |
| C3H2F5Br | Not available |
| C3H3FBr4 | Not available |
| C3H3F2Br3 | Not available |
| C3H3F3Br2 | Not available |
| C3H3F4Br | Not available |
| C3H4FBr3 | Not available |
| C3H4F2Br2 | Not available |
| C3H4F3Br | Not available |

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| C3H5FBr2 | Not available |
|---|--|
| C3H5F2Br | Not available |
| C3H6FBr | Not available |
| Hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs) and their isomers: | |
| Dichlorofluoromethane (HCFC-21) | 75-43-4 DR ² 39289-28-6 |
| Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22) | 75-45-6 DR ² 73666-77-0 DR ² 134191-96-1 |

| Chlorofluoromethane (HCFC-31) | 593-70-4 |
|--|------------------------------|
| Tetrachlorofluoroethane (HCFC-121) | 134237-32-4 |
| | 130879-71-9 |
| | DR ² 134237-32-43 |
| 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-2-fluoroethane | 354-11-0 |
| 1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-1-fluoroethane | 354-14-3 |
| Trichlorodifluoroethane (HCFC-122) | 41834-16-6 |
| Trichloro-1,1-difluoroethane | 55949-46-7 |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-1,1-difluoroethane | 354-21-2 |
| | DR ² 134237-33-53 |
| | DR ² 62549-18-2 |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-1,2-difluoroethane | 354-15-4 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-difluoroethane | 354-12-1 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-2,2-difluoroethane | Not available |
| Dichlorotrifluoroethane (HCFC-123) | 34077-87-7 |
| Dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane | 90454-18-5 |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane | 306-83-2 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane (HCFC-123a) | 354-23-4 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane | 812-04-4 |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane | Not available |
| Chlorotetrafluoroethane (HCFC-124) | 63938-10-3 |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane | 2837-89-0 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HCFC-124a) | 354-25-6 |
| Trichlorofluoroethane (HCFC-131) | 27154-33-2 |
| | 134237-34-63 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-2-fluoroethane | 359-28-4 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1 (or 2)-fluoroethane | 90134-98-8 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1-fluoroethane (HCFC-131a) | 811-95-0 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2-fluoroethane (HCFC-131b) | 2366-36-1 |
| Dichlorodifluoroethane (HCFC-132) | 25915-78-0 |
| Dichloro-1,1-difluoroethane | 55494-45-6 |
| 1,1-dichlorodifluoroethane | 31153-51-2 |
| (meso) 1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane | 33579-37-2 |
| (R,R)-(+-).1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane | 33489-30-4 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-132b) | 1649-08-7 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane | 1842-05-3 |
| 1,1-dichloro-2,2-difluoroethane | 471-43-2 |

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| 1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane | 431-06-1 |
|---|----------------------------|
| Chlorotrifluoroethane (HCFC-133) | 1330-45-6 |
| | DR2 38097-47-1 |
| 1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane | 431-07-2 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane | 421-04-5 |
| 2chloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane (HCFC-133a) | 75-88-7 |
| Dichlorofluoroethane (HCFC-141) | 25167-88-8 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1-fluoroethane (HCFC-141b) | 1717-00-6 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1-fluoroethane | 430-57-9 |
| 1,1-dichloro-2-fluoroethane | 430-53-5 |
| Chlorodifluoroethane (HCFC-142) | 25497-29-4 |
| | DR ² 58561-84-5 |
| | DR ² 27175-71-9 |
| Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane | 55949-44-5 |
| 2-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane | 338-65-8 |
| 1-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-142b) | 75-68-3 |
| | DR ² 65762-25-6 |
| 1-chloro-1,2-difluoroethane (HCFC-142a) | 338-64-7 |
| Hexachlorofluoropropane (HCFC-221) | 29470-94-8 |

| | 134237-35-73 |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1,1,1,2,3,3-hexachloro-3-fluoropropane | 431-79-8 |
| 1,1,1,2,3,3-hexachloro-2-fluoropropane | 422-40-2 |
| 1,1,1,2,2,3-hexachloro-1-fluoropropane | 422-26-4 |
| 1,1,2,2,3,3-hexachloro-1-fluoropropane | 422-28-6 |
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexachloro-2-fluoropropane | Not available |
| Pentachlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-222) | 116867-32-4 |
| | 134237-36-8 ³ |
| 1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-1,3-difluoropropane | 431-82-3 |
| 1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-3,3-difluoropropane | 431-80-1 |
| 1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 422-49-1 |
| 1,2,2,3,3-pentachloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 422-30-0 |
| 1,1,1,2,2-pentachloro-3,3-difluoropropane | 422-27-5 |
| 1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| (1,1,3,3,3-pentachloro-1,2-difluoropropane) | |
| 1,1,2,2,3-pentachloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-1,2-difluoropropane | Not available |

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| Tetrachlorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-223) | 29470-95-9 |
|--|--------------------------|
| | 134237-37-9 ³ |
| 1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane | 54002-59-4 |
| 1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane | 431-83-4 |
| 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-3,3,3-trifluoropropane | 431-81-2 |
| 1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane | 422-52-6 |
| 1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane | 422-50-4 |
| 1,2,3,3-tetrachloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane | 422-41-3 |
| 2,2,3,3-tetrachioro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane | 422-35-5 |
| 1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane | 422-29-7 |
| 1 | Not available |
| 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,2,3-tetrachloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | 1101 010110210 |
| Trichlorotetrafluoropropane (HCFC-224) | 127564-91-4 |
| | 134237-38-0 ³ |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 53063-53-9 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 53063-52-8 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 431-84-5 |
| 1,3,3-trichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane | 422-54-8 |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | 422-53-7 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 422-51-5 |
| 2,3,3-trichloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane | 422-47-9 |
| · | 422-42-4 |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | 422-32-2 |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,2,3-trichloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | |
| Dichloropentafluoropropane (HCFC-225) | 127564-92-5 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane | 136013-79-1 |
| 3,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca) | 422-56-0 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225cb) | 507-55-1 |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225aa) | 128903-21-9 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropane | 111512-56-2 |
| (R,S)2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane | 111512-55-1 |
| (R,R)2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane | 111512-51-7 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,2,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane | 13474-88-9 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,1,3,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225da) | 431-86-7 |
| 2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ba) | 422-48-0 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane | 422-44-6 |
| | |
| Chlorohexafluoropropane (HCFC-226) | 28987-04-4 |
| | 134308-72-8 ³ |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226ba) | 51346-64-6 |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226da) | 431-87-8 |
| 3-chloro-1,1,1,2,2,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226ca) | 422-57-1 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226cb) | 422-55-9 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226ea) | 359-58-0 |
| T GIIIOTO 1,1,2,3,3,3-HEXAHUOTOPTOPAHE (HCI C-220Ea) | |

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| Pentachlorofluoropropane (HCFC-231) | 134190-48-03 |
|--|-------------------|
| 1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-2-fluoropropane | 421-94-3 |
| 1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-2-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,2,3-pentachloro-1-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1,2,2-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-2-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,2,3-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-1-fluoropropane | Not available |
| Tetrachlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-232) | 127564-82-3 |
| 1,2,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 67879-59-8 |
| 1,1,3,3,-tetrachloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 1112-14-7 |
| 1,1,1,3,-tetrachloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 677-54-3 |
| 1,1,1,3,-tetrachloro-3,3-difluoropropane | 460-89-9 |
| 1,1,1,3,-tetrachloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1,2,-tetrachloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1,2,-tetrachloro-3,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,2-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available Not |
| 1,2,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,2-difluoropropane | available |
| (1,1,2,3,-tetrachloro-2,3-difluoropropane) | |
| 1,2,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,1-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,2,-tetrachloro-3,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| (2,2,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,1-difluoropropane) | |
| 1,1,2,2,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane | |
| | Not available |

| Trichlorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-233) | 61623-04-9 |
|--|--------------------------|
| | 134237-40-4 ³ |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane | 131221-36-8 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane | 131211-71-7 |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | 54377-32-1 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane | 54306-56-8 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane | 13058-99-6 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-3,3,3-trifluoropropane | 7125-84-0 |
| 2,2,3-trichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane | 7125-83-9 |
| 2,3,3-trichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane | 431-51-6 |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane | 421-99-8 |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane | 421-95-4 |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane | 333-26-6 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,3,3-trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,2,3-trichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |

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| | 1 |
|--|--------------------------|
| Dichlorotetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234) | 127564-83-4 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234fa) | 76140-39-1 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | 70341-81-0 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | 70192-63-1 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 64712-27-2 |
| (R,R) 1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | 53149-65-8 |
| 3,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane | 53063-54-0 |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 17705-30-5 |
| 1,1-dichloro-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 4071-01-6 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | 425-94-5 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234cc) | 422-00-4 |
| 2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234da) | Not available |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| Chloropentafluoropropane (HCFC-235) | 108662-83-5 |
| | 134237-83-5 ³ |
| 3-chloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane | 134237-41-5 |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235da) | 134251-06-2 |
| 1-chloro-1,2,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235ca) | 28103-66-4 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentahuoropropane (HCFC-235ca) | 679-99-2 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentahuoropropane (HCFC-235cc) | 677-55-4 |
| 3-chloro-1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235cb) | 460-92-4 |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane | 422-02-6 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane | Not available |
| 2-chloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane | Not available |
| | 1 |

| Tetrachlorofluoropropane (HCFC-241) | 134190-49-1 ³ |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane | 84816-05-7 |
| 1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane | 23153-22-2 |
| 1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane | 21981-25-9 |
| 1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane | 7126-06-9 |
| 1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane | 3175-26-6 |
| 1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane | 3175-25-5 |
| 1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane | 666-27-3 |
| 1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,2,3-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane | Not available |

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| Trichlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-242) | 127564-90-3 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | 134237-42-6 ³ |
| 1,3,3-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 460-63-9 |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-1,2-difluoropropane | 7164-14-9 |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 1112-13-6 431-24-3 |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 1112-05-6 |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 7126-05-8 |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 7126-04-7 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1,2-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,2,3-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-3,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-3,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | |

| Dichlorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-243) | 116890-51-8 |
|--|--|
| | 134237-43-7 ³ |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane 1,1-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane 1,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 2,3-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane (HCFC-243da) 1,3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane 1,1-dichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane 3,3-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane 1,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 1,2-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane 1,1-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane 2,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 2,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane 2,2-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | 134237-43-7 ³ 7126-01-4 7125-99-7 7126-00-3 338-75-0 67406-68-2 70192-70-0 460-69-5 Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available |
| 1 | Not available |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 3,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | Not available |

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| (1) | |
|---|--------------------------|
| Chlorotetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244) | 134190-50-4 ³ |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244db) | 117970-90-8 |
| 3-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane | 679-85-6 |
| 1-chloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | 67406-66-0 2730-64-5 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244fb) | 19041-02-2 |
| 2-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244da) | 421-73-8 |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba) | 421-75-0 |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 1-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 3-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane | Not available |
| 3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane | |
| Trichlorofluoropropane (HCFC-251) | 134190-51-5 ³ |
| (R,S)-(.+) 1,2,3-trichloro-1-fluoropropane | 84847-80-3 |
| (R,R)-(.+) | 84847-79-0 |
| [R(R,S)] | 76985-34-7 |
| [R(R,R)] | 76985-33-6 |
| (R,S) | 67832-50-2 |
| (R,R) | 67832-44-4 |
| 1,2,3-trichloro-2-fluoropropane | 7126-16-1 |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-3-fluoropropane | 70192-89-1 818-99-5 |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-1-fluoropropane | 76937-36-5 |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-2-fluoropropane | 421-41-0 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-1-fluoropropane | 3175-24-4 |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-2-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-2-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,1-trichloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,2-trichloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1,3-trichloro-3-fluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2,2-trichloro-1-fluoropropane 1,2,3-trichloro-1-fluoropropane | Not available |
| | |
| | |
| | 1 |
| Dichlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-252) | 134190-52-6 ³ |
| 1,1-dichloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 1112-01-2 |
| 1,1-dichloro-3,3-difluoropropane | 131404-17-6 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | 121612-64-4 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 7126-15-0 |
| 1,2-dichloro-2,3-difluoropropane | 70192-74-4 |
| 2,3-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 82578-00-5 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 819-00-1 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,2-difluoropropane | 111483-26-2 |
| 1,3-dichloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 1112-36-3 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1,2-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,1-dichloro-2,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,2-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1,3-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 2,2-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |

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| Chlorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-253) | 26588-23-8 |
|---|--|
| | 134237-44-8 ³ |
| 2-chloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane 3chloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane | 421-47-6 |
| 1chloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 2chloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane | 460-35-5 |
| 3chloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 1chloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | 134251-05-1 69202-10-4 |
| 1chloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane 1chloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane | 121612-65-5 |
| 2chloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane 3chloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane | 83124-56-5 |
| (1chloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane) 1chloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | 70192-76-6 |
| 2chloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane | 56758-54-4 |
| | Not available |
| | Not available |
| | |
| | Not available |
| | Not available |
| | |
| Dichlorofluoropropane (HCFC-261) | 127404-11-9 |
| | 134237-45-9 ³ |
| 1,1-dichloro-1-fluoropropane | 7799-56-6 |
| 1,1-dichloro-1-huoropropane | 53074-31-0 |
| 1,1-dichloro-3-fluoropropane | 53074-30-9 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1-fluoropropane | 7799-56-5 |
| 1,2-dichloro-1-huoropropane | 420-97-3 |
| 1,2-dichloro-3-fluoropropane | 453-01-0 |
| 1,3-dichloro-1-fluoropropane | 83124-60-1 |
| 1,3-dichloro-2-fluoropropane | 816-38-6 |
| 2,2-dichloro-1-fluoropropane | Not available |
| | 424400 52 73 |
| Chlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-262) | 134190-53-73 |
| 1-chloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 421-02-3 |
| 2-chloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 430-93-3 |
| 3-chloro-1,1-difluoropropane | 83124-57-6 430-96-6 |
| 1-chloro-1,2-difluoropropane | 37161-81-2 |
| 1-chloro-2,3-difluoropropane | 102738-79-4 |
| 2-chloro-1,3-difluoropropane 1-chloro-2,2-difluoropropane | 420-99-5 |
| 2-chloro-1,2-difluoropropane | Not available |
| 1-chloro-1,3-difluoropropane | Not available |
| | |
| Chlorofluoropropane (HCFC-271) | 134190-54-8 ³ |
| 1-chloro-1-fluoropropane | 430-55-7 |
| 1-chloro-2-fluoropropane | 430-46-6 |
| 1-chloro-3-fluoropropane | 462-38-4 |
| 2-chloro-1-fluoropropane | 20372-78-5 |
| 2-chloro-2-fluoropropane | 420-44-0 |
| | I and the second |

Notes:

- Manufacturing processes do not include facilities equipment or systems such as chillers and fire suppression systems.
- DR denotes a deleted registry number that was replaced with another registry number.
- ³ Chemical to which Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) assigned registry number based on premise that it was a trade name, although chemical may be the same as another one already listed.

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Annex L. Perfluorocarbons (PFC)

| | I |
|--|----------|
| Carbon tetrafluoride (Perfluoromethane, tetrafluoromethane) | 75-73-0 |
| Perfluoroethane (Hexafluoroethane) (PFC-116) | 76-16-4 |
| Perfluoropropane (Octafluoropropane) (PFC-218) | 76-19-7 |
| Perfluorobutane (Decafluorobutane) (PFC-3-1-10; R-31-10) | 355-25-9 |
| Perfluoropentane (Dodecafluoropentane) (PFC-4-1-12; R-41-12) | 678-26-2 |
| Perfluorohexane (Tetradecafluorohexane) (PFC-5-1-14; R-51- | 355-42-0 |
| Perfluorocyclobutane (Octafluorocyclobutane) (PFC-c-318) | 115-25-3 |
| Perfluoroheptane | 335-57-9 |
| Perfluorooctane | 307-34-6 |

Annex M. Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs) including all congeners and isomers

| 2-Bromobiphenyl | 2052-07-5 |
|-------------------------|------------|
| 3-Bromobiphenyl | 2113-57-7 |
| 4-Bromobiphenyl | 92-66-0 |
| Decabromobiphenyl | 13654-09-6 |
| Dibromobiphenyl | 92-86-4 |
| Heptabromobiphenyl | 35194-78-6 |
| Hexabromobiphenyl | 59080-40-9 |
| Hexabromo-1,1-biphenyl | 36355-01-8 |
| Nonabromobiphenyl | 27753-52-2 |
| Octabromobiphenyl | 61288-13-9 |
| Pentabromobiphenyl | 56307-79-0 |
| Polybrominated Biphenyl | 59536-65-1 |
| Tetrabromobiphenyl | 40088-45-7 |
| Tribromobiphenyl | 59080-34-1 |
| Firemaster FF-1 | 67774-32-7 |

Annex N. Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs) including all congeners and isomers

| 101-55-3 |
|------------|
| 1163-19-5 |
| 2050-47-7 |
| 68928-80-3 |
| 36483-60-0 |
| 63936-56-1 |
| 32536-52-0 |
| 32534-81-9 |
| 40088-47-9 |
| 49690-94-0 |
| |

Annex O. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)

| Polychlorinated Biphenyls | 1336-36-3 |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Aroclor | 12767-79-2 |
| Chlorodiphenyl (Aroclor 1260) | 11096-82-5 |
| Kanechlor 500 | 27323-18-8 |

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| Aroclor 1254 | 11097-69-1 |
|--------------|------------|
| Terphenyls | 26140-60-3 |

Annex P. Shortchain Chlorinated Paraffins (also known as Shortchain chlorinated alkanes) Only shortchain chlorinated paraffins with carbon length of 10-13 atoms are covered.

| Chlorinated paraffins (C10-13) (also known as Alkanes, C10-13, chloro) | 85535-84-8 |
|--|-------------|
| Alkanes, C 10-12, chloro | 108171-26-2 |
| Alkanes, C ₁₂₋₁₃ , chloro | 71011-12-6 |
| Other Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins | - |

Annex Q. Chlorinated Solvents (complete list)

| Chloroform | 67-66-3 |
|--|----------|
| 1,1,2-trichloroethane | 79-00-5 |
| 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane | 79-34-5 |
| 1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane | 630-20-6 |
| Pentachloroethane | 76-01-7 |
| 1,1-dichloroethylene | 75-35-4 |
| 1,1,1 Trichloroethane (note - this substance is also included in the Annex for ozone depleting substances) | 71-55-6 |
| Carbon tetrachloride (note - this substance is also included in the Annex for ozone depleting substances) | 56-23-5 |

Annex R. Polychlorinated naphthalenes

| Polychlorinated Naphthalenes | 70776-03-3 |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Dichloronaphthalene | 28699-88-9 |
| Trichloronaphthalene | 1321-65-9 |
| Tetrachloronaphthalene | 1335-88-2 |
| Pentachloronaphthalene | 1321-64-8 |
| Hexachloronaphthalene | 1335-87-1 |
| Heptachloronaphthalene | 32241-08-0 |
| Octachloronaphthalene | 2234-13-1 |
| Other polychlorinated naphthalenes | - |

Annex S. Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO)

| Bis(tri-n-butvltin) | E6 2E 0 |
|---------------------|---------|
| Bis(tri-n-butyItin) | 30-33-9 |
| ` , , | |

Annex T. Antimony/Antimony Compounds

| Antimony (metallic) | 7440-36-0 |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Antimony pentoxide | 1314-60-9 |
| Antimony trichloride | 10025-91-9 |
| Sodium antimonate | 15432-85-6 |
| Other antimony compounds | - |

Annex U. Arsenic/Arsenic Compounds

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| Arsenic | 7440-38-2 |
|---|------------|
| Gallium arsenide | 1303-00-0 |
| Calcium arsenate | 7778-44-1 |
| Calcium arsenite | 27152-57-4 |
| Potassium arsenite | 10124-50-2 |
| Potassium arsenate | 7784-41-0 |
| Lead arsenate | 3687-31-8 |
| Sodium arsenate | 10048-95-0 |
| Copper arsenate | 10103-61-4 |
| Ammonium arsenate | 7784-44-3 |
| Lead arsenate | 7784-40-9 |
| Arsenic acid, magnesium salt | 10103-50-1 |
| Arsenic trichloride | 7784-34-1 |
| Arsine | 7784-42-1 |
| Copper arsenite | 10290-12-7 |
| Arsenic acid | 7778-39-4 |
| Other arsenic compounds, not including arsenic pentoxide and arsenic trioxide, as these substances have a separate entry on the reportable table) | - |

Annex V. Beryllium/Beryllium Compounds

| Beryllium-aluminum alloy | 12770-50-2 |
|---|----------------------------|
| Beryllium chloride | 7787-47-5 |
| Beryllium fluoride | 7787-49-7 |
| Beryllium hydroxide | 13327-32-7 |
| Beryllium phosphate | 13598-15-7 |
| Beryllium sulfate | 13510-49-1 |
| Beryllium sulfate tetrahydrate | 7787-56-6 |
| Beryl ore | 1302-52-9 |
| Beryllium carbonate | 66104-24-3 and 13 106-47-3 |
| Beryllium nitrate | 13597-99-4 |
| Other beryllium compounds (This does not include beryllium, beryllium oxide and beryllium copper alloys. These substances have a separate entry on the reportable table.) | - |

Annex W. Bismuth/Bismuth Compounds and Alloys

| Bismuth | 7440-69-9 |
|-------------------------|------------|
| Bismuth trioxide | 1304-76-3 |
| Bismuth nitrate | 10361-44-1 |
| Other bismuth compounds | - |

Annex X. Brominated Flame Retardants (other than PBB or PBDE)

| Poly(2,6-dibromo-phenylene oxide) | 69882-11-7 |
|--|------------|
| Tetra-decabromo-diphenoxy-benzene | 58965-66-5 |
| 1,2-Bis(2,4,6-tribromo-phenoxy) ethane | 37853-59-1 |

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| TBBA, unspecified | 30496-13-0 |
|---|------------|
| | 1 |
| TBBA-epichlorhydrin oligomer | 40039-93-8 |
| TBBA-TBBA-diglycidyl-ether oligomer | 70682-74-5 |
| TBBA carbonate oligomer | 28906-13-0 |
| TBBA carbonate oligomer, phenoxy end capped | 94334-64-2 |
| TBBA carbonate oligomer, 2,4,6-tribromo-phenol terminated | 71342-77-3 |
| Brominated epoxy resin end-capped with tribromophenol | 139638-58- |
| Brominated epoxy resin end-capped with tribromophenol | 135229-48- |
| TBBA-(2,3-dibromo-propyl-ether) | 21850-44-2 |
| TBBA bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl-ether) | 4162-45-2 |
| TBBA-bis-(allyl-ether) | 25327-89-3 |
| TBBA-dimethyl-ether | 37853-61-5 |
| Tetrabromo-bisphenol S | 39635-79-5 |
| TBBS-bis-(2,3-dibromo-propyl-ether) | 42757-55-1 |
| 2,4-Dibromo-phenol | 615-58-7 |
| 2,4,6-tribromo-phenol | 118-79-6 |
| Pentabromo-phenol | 608-71-9 |
| 2,4,6-Tribromo-phenyl-alltl-ether | 3278-89-5 |
| Tribromo-phenyl-allyl-ether, unspecified | 26762-91-4 |
| Bis(methyl)tetrabromo-phthalate | 55481-60-2 |
| Bis(2-ethlhexyl)tetrabromo-phtalate | 26040-51-7 |
| 2-Hydroxy-propyl-2-(2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-ethyl-TBP | 20566-35-2 |
| TBPA, glycol-and propylene-oxide esters | 75790-69-1 |
| N,N'-Ethylene –bis-(tetrabromo-phthalimide) | 32588-76-4 |
| Ethylene-bis(5,6-dibromo-norbornane-2,3-dicarboximide) | 52907-07-0 |
| 2,3-Dibromo-2-butene-1,4-diol | 3234-02-4 |
| Dibromo-neopentyl-glycol | 3296-90-0 |
| Dibromo-propanol | 96-13-9 |
| Tribromo-neopentyl-alcohol | 36483-57-5 |
| Poly tribromo-styrene | 57137-10-7 |
| Tribromo-styrene | 61368-34-1 |
| Dibromo-styrene grafted PP | 171091-06- |
| Poly-dibromo-styrene | 31780-26-4 |
| Bromo-/Chloro-paraffins | 68955-41-9 |
| Bromo-/Chloro-alpha-olefin | 82600-56-4 |
| Vinylbromide | 593-60-2 |
| Tris-(2,3-dibromo-propyl)-isocyanurate | 52434-90-9 |
| Tris(2,4-Dibromo-phenyl) phosphate | 49690-63-3 |
| Tris(tribromo-neopentyl) phosphate | 19186-97-1 |
| Chlorinated and brominated phosphate esther | 125997-20- |
| Pentabromo-toluene | 87-83-2 |
| Pentabromo-benzyl bromide | 38521-51-6 |
| 1,3-Butadiene homopolymer,brominated | 68441-46-3 |
| Pentabromo-benzyl-acrylate, monomer | 59447-55-1 |
| Pentabromo-benzyl-acrylate, polymer | 59447-57-3 |

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| Decabromo-diphenyl-ethane | 84852-53-9 |
|---|------------|
| Tribromo-bisphenyl-maleinimide | 59789-51-4 |
| Brominated trimethylphenyl-lindane | |
| Hexabromo-cyclo-dodecane (HBCD), unspecified | 3194-55-6 |
| Tetrabromo-chyclo-octane | 31454-48-5 |
| 1,2-Dibromo-4-(1,2 dibromo-methyl)-cyclo-hexane | 3322-93-8 |
| TBPA Na salt | 25357-79-3 |
| Tetrabromo phthalic anhydride | 632-79-1 |
| TBBA-bisphenol A-phosgene polymer | 32844-27-2 |
| Bis(methyl)tetrabromo-phtalate | 55481-60-2 |
| Formaldehyde, polymer with bromophenol and 2- | 68541-56-0 |
| Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO 1043-4 code number FR (14) [Aliphatic/alicyclic brominated compounds] | - |
| Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO 1043-4 code number FR (15) [Aliphatic/alicyclic brominated compounds in combination with antimony compounds] | - |
| Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO 1043-4 code number FR (16) [Aromatic brominated compounds excluding brominated diphenyl ether and biphenyls] | - |
| Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO 1043-4 code number FR (17) [Aromatic brominated compounds excluding brominated diphenyl ether and biphenyls) in combination with antimony compounds] | - |
| Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO 1043-4 code number FR (22) [Aliphatic/alicyclic chlorinated and brominated compounds] | - |
| Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO 1043-4 code number FR (42) [Brominated organic phosphorus compounds] | - |

Annex Y. Magnesium/Magnesium Alloys

| Magnesium | 7439-95-4 |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Other magnesium alloys | - |

Annex Z. Perfluorooctyl acid (PFOA) and salts (for a more comprehensive list of PFOA CAS numbers see OECD)

 $\frac{\text{http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono%282006\%2915\&doclanguage=en}{\text{oclanguage}}$

| Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid | 335-67-1 |
|---|-----------|
| 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta¬deca¬fluoro-octanoic acid, sodium salt | 335-95-5 |
| 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta¬deca¬fluoro-octanoic acid, potassium salt | 2395-00-8 |
| 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta¬deca¬fluoro-octanoic acid, silver salt | 335-93-3 |
| Acid Fluoride of PFOA | 335-66-0 |
| Methyl ester of PFOA | 376-27-2 |
| Ethyl ester of PFOA | 3108-24-5 |

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| 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta-deca-fluoro-octanoic acid, ammonium salt | 3825-26-1 |
|--|------------|
| Octanoic acid, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluoro-, chromium(3+) | 68141-02-6 |
| Ethanaminium, N,N,N-triethyl-, salt with pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (1:1) | 98241-25-9 |

Annex AA. Phthalates

| Di (2-methoxyethyl) phthalate | 117-82-8 |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Dimethyl phthalate (DMP) | 131-11-3 |
| Diethyl phthalate (DEP) | 84-66-2 |
| Diallyl phthalate (DAP) | 131-17-9 |
| Di-n-propyl phthalate (DPP) | 131-16-8 |
| Butyl cyclohexyl phthalate (BCP) | 84-64-0 |
| Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCP) | 84-61-7 |
| Diisohexyl phthalate (DiHxP) | 146-50-9 |
| Diisoheptyl phthalate (DiHpP) | 41451-28-9 |
| Butyl decyl phthalate (BDP) | 89-19-0 |
| Diisooctyl phthalate (DIOP) | 27554-26-3 |
| N-Octyl n-decyl phthalate (ODP) | 119-07-3 |
| Diundecyl phthalate (DUP) | 3648-20-2 |
| Diisoundecyl phthalate (DIUP) | 85507-79-5 |
| Ditridecyl phthalate (DTDP) | 119-06-2 |
| Diisotridecyl phthalate (DIUP) | 68515-47-9 |

Annex BB. Polyvinyl Chloride

| Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) | 9002-86-2 |
|--------------------------|-----------|
|--------------------------|-----------|

Annex CC. Radioactive Substances

| Uranium – 238 | 7440-61-1 |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Plutonium | 7440-07-5 |
| Radon | 10043-92-2 |
| Americium – 241 | 14596-10-2 |
| Thorium – 232 | 7440-29-1 |
| Cesium | 7440-46-2 |
| Cesium – 137 | 10045-97-3 |
| Strontium | 7440-24-6 |
| Strontium-90 | |
| Other radioactive substances | - |

Annex DD. Selenium/Selenium Compounds

| Selenium | 7782-49-2 |
|-------------------|------------|
| Hydrogen selenide | 7783-07-5 |
| Sodium selenide | 1313-85-5 |
| Selenium dioxide | 7446-08-4 |
| Sodium selenate | 13410-01-0 |
| Dimethyl selenide | 593-79-3 |

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| | Selenium oxide | 12640-89-0 |
|---|--------------------------|------------|
| ĺ | Other selenium compounds | - |

Annex EE. Tributyl Tin, Triphenyl Tin

| Tributulia | 600 72 2 |
|---|--|
| Tributyltin | 688-73-3 |
| Tributyltin oxide | 56-35-9 |
| Tributyltin benzoate | 4342-36-3 |
| Tributyl tin bromide | 1461-23-0 |
| Tributyltin linoleate | 24124-25-2 |
| Tributyltin methacrylate | 2155-70-6 |
| Triphenyl tin | 668-34-8 |
| Triphenyltin N,N'-dimethyldithiocarbamate | 1803-12-9 |
| Triphenyltin fluoride | 379-52-2 |
| Triphenyltin acetate | 900-95-8 |
| Triphenyltin chloride | 639-58-7 |
| Triphenyltin hydroxide | 76-87-9 |
| Triphenyltin fatty acid salts (C=9-11) | 47672-31-1 |
| Triphenyltin chloroacetate | 7094-94-2 |
| Tributyltin methacrylate | 2155-70-6 |
| Bis(tributyltin) fumarate | 6454-35-9 |
| Tributyltin fluoride | 1983-10-4 |
| Bis(tributyltin) 2,3-dibromosuccinate | 31732-71-5 |
| Tributyltin acetate | 56-36-0 |
| Tributyltin laurate | 3090-36-6 |
| Bis(tributyltin) phthalate | 4782-29-0 |
| Copolymer of alkyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate and tributyltin methacrylate(alkyl; C=8) | 67772-01-4 |
| Tributyltin sulfamate | 6517-25-5 |
| Bis(tributyltin) maleate | 14275-57-1 |
| Tributyltin chloride | 1461-22-9, 7342-38-3 |
| Mixture of tributyltin cyclopentanecarboxylate and its analogs (Tributyltin naphthenate) | - |
| Tributyltin cyclopentane carbonate=mixture | 5409-17-2 |
| Triphenyltin fatty acid ((9-11) salt) | 18380-71-7 18380-72-8 47672-31-1 94850-90-5 |
| Mixture of tributyltin | 26239-64-5 |
| 1,2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,10,10a-decahydro -7-isopropyl- 1,4a- dimethyl1- phenanthlenecarboxylate and its analogs (Tributyltin rosin salt) | |
| Tributyltin naphthenate | 85409-17-2 |
| Other Tributyl Tins & Triphenyl Tins | - |

Annex FF. Creosote, Coal Tar, Anthracene Etc.

| Cresote; wash oil | 8001-58-9 |
|-------------------|-----------|

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| Creosote Oil; wash oil | 61789-28-4 |
|---|-------------|
| Distillates (coal tar), naphthalene oils; naphthalene oil | 84650-04-4 |
| Cresote oil, acenaphthene fraction; wash oil | 90640-84-9 |
| Distillates (coal tar), upper; heavy anthracene oil | 65996-91-0 |
| Anthracene oil | 90640-80-5 |
| Tar acids, coal, crude; crude phenols | 65996-85-2 |
| Cresote, wood | 8021-39-4 |
| Low temperature tar oil, alkaline; extract residues (coal), low temperature coal tar alkaline | 122384-78-5 |
| Coal tar | 8007-45-2 |

Annex GG. Ethylene based Glycol Ethers

| 2-Methoxyethanol | 109-86-4 |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Methoxyethanol | 32718-54-0 |
| Methoxyethanol acetate | 110-49-6 |
| 2-Ethoxyethanol | 110-80-5 |
| Ethoxyethanol acetate | 111-15-9 |
| Diethylene glycol dimethyl ether | 111-96-6 |
| Ethylene glycol dimethyl ether | 110-71-4 |
| Methoxyacetic acid | 625-45-6 |
| Ethoxyacetic acid | 627-03-2 |

Annex HH. Pentachlorophenol (PCP) and its salts and esters

| Pentachlorophenol | 87-86-5 |
|--------------------------|----------|
| Sodium pentachlorophenol | 131-52-2 |

Annex II. Lead sulfochromate yellow (C.I. Pigment Yellow 34)

Please note CAS numbers have been deleted from the CA index, but may still be in use.

| Chrome orange | 8012-76-8 |
|------------------------|------------|
| Chrome Orange Pigment | 61513-05-1 |
| Chrome Orange Pigment | 61513-06-2 |
| C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 | 61513-07-3 |
| C.I. Pigment Yellow 34 | 81209-53-2 |

Annex JJ. Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)

| Trifluoromethane (HFC-23) | 75-46-7 |
|---|-------------|
| Difluoromethane (HFC-32) | 75-10-5 |
| Fluoromethane (HFC-41) | 593-53-3 |
| 1,1,1,2,3,4,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane (HFC-43-10) | 138495-42-8 |
| 2H, 3H-Decafluoropentane (HFC-43-10mee) | 138495-42-8 |
| Pentafluoroethane (HFC–125) | 354-33-6 |
| 1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134) | 359-35-3 |
| 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a) | 811-97-2 |
| 1,1,2-trifluoroethane (HFC-143) | 430-66-0 |

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| 1,1,1-trifluoroethane (HFC-143a) | 420-46-2 |
|--|---------------|
| 1,2-Difluoroethane (HFC-152) | 624-72-6 |
| 1,1-Difluoroethane (HFC-152a) | 75-37-6 |
| Monofluoroethane (Ethyl fluoride) (HFC-161) | 353-36-6 |
| 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropane (HFC-227ca) | 431-89-0 |
| 1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoropropane (HFC-227ca) | 2252-84-8 |
| 1,1,2,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236ca) | 27070-61-7 |
| 1,1,1,2,2,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236cb) | 677-56-5 |
| 1,1,1,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236ea) | 431-63-0 |
| 1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236fa) | 690-39-1 |
| 1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HFC-245ce and HFC245ca) | 679-86-7 |
| 1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HFC-245fa) | 460-73-1 |
| 1,1,1,3,3-pentafluorobutane (HFC-365mfc) | 406-58-6 |
| Heptafluorocyclopentane (HFC-c-447ef) | 15290-77-4 |
| 1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5,-decafluoropentane (HFC-43-10 mee) | 138495-42-8 |
| HFC-1234yf | Not available |
| HFC-1234ze | Not available |
| HFC-1336mzz | Not available |
| HFC-1233zd | Not available |
| HFC-1233xf | Not available |

Annex KK. Dibutyltin Compounds (DBT)

| Dibutyltin oxide | 818-08-6 |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Dibutyltin chloride | 683-18-1 |
| Dibutyltin diacetate | 1067-33-0 |
| Dibutyltin dilaurate | 77-58-7 |
| Dibutyltin hydrogen borate | 75113-37-0 |
| Dibutyltin maleate | 78-04-6 |
| Other dibutyltin compounds | - |

Annex LL. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)

| Acenaphthene | 83-32-9 |
|---|----------|
| Acenaphthylene | 208-96-8 |
| Anthanthrene | 191-26-4 |
| Anthracene (Please note this substance is also a REACH SVHC required to be reported on the PCD if present in the referenced concentration as cited in Section 2.2.3.) | 120-12-7 |
| Benz[a]anthracene | 56-55-3 |
| Benzo[b]fluoranthene | 205-99-2 |
| Benzo[j]fluoranthene | 205-82-3 |
| Benzo[k]fluoranthene | 207-08-9 |
| Benzo[ghi]fluoranthene | 203-12-3 |
| Benzo[a]fluorene | 238-84-6 |
| Benzo[b]fluorene | 243-17-4 |
| Benzo[ghi]perylene | 191-24-2 |

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| Benzo[c]phenanthrene | 195-19-7 |
|------------------------|------------|
| Benzo[a]pyrene | 50-32-8 |
| Benzo[e]pyrene | 192-97-2 |
| Chrysene | 218-01-9 |
| Coronene | 191-07-1 |
| Cyclopenta[cd]pyrene | 27208-37-3 |
| Dibenz[a,h]anthracene | 53-70-3 |
| Dibenzo[a,e]pyrene | 192-64-0 |
| Dibenzo[ah]pyrene | 189-64-0 |
| Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene | 189-55-9 |
| Dibenzo[a,/]pyrene | 191-30-0 |
| Fluoranthene | 206-44-0 |
| Fluorene | 86-73-7 |
| Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene | 193-39-5 |
| 5-methylchrysene | 3697-24-3 |
| 1-methylphenathrene | 832-69-9 |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 |
| Perylene | 198-55-0 |
| Phenanthrene | 85-01-8 |
| Pyrene | 129-00-0 |
| Triphenylene | 217-59-4 |
| Dibenz[a, c]anthracene | 215-58-7 |
| Dibenz[a, j]anthracene | 224-41-9 |

Annex MM. Perchlorates

| Ammonium perchlorate | 7790-98-9 |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Lithium perchlorate | 7791-03-9 |
| Potassium perchlorate | 7778-74-7 |
| Sodium perchlorate | 7601-89-0 |
| Barium perchlorate | 13465-95-7 |
| Lead perchlorate | 13637-76-8 |
| Magnesium perchlorate | 10034-81-8 |
| Nickel perchlorate | 13637-71-3 |

Annex NN. SVHC Candidate List (offered here as a reference, current and detailed list maintained by ECHA at http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/candidate-list-table). Authorized SVHCs are listed in Annex OO.

| 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate (DOTE) | 15571-58-1 |
|---|---------------|
| 2-benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-di-tert-butylphenol (UV-320) | 3846-71-7 |
| Reaction mass of 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo8-oxa-3,5- dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate and 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2-ethylheyxl)oxy]- 2- oxoethyl]thio]-4octyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate (reaction mass of DOTE and MOTE) | Not available |

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| Cadmium fluoride | 7790-79-6 |
|---|------------------------|
| Cadmium sulphate | 10124-36-4; 31119-53-6 |
| 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-ditertpentylphenol (UV-328) | 25973-55-1 |
| Lead dipicrate | 6477-64-1 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester, branched and linear | 68515-50-4 |
| Sodium perborate; perboric acid, sodium salt | Not available |
| Sodium peroxometaborate | 7632-04-4 |
| Cadmium chloride | 10108-64-2 |
| Cadmium sulphide | 1306-23-6 |
| Disodium 4-amino-3-[[4'[(2,4-diaminophenyl)azo] [1,1'biphenyl] -4-yl]azo] -5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo) naphthalene- 2,7-disulphonate (C.I. Direct Black 38) | 1937-37-7 |
| Dihexyl phthalate | 84-75-3 |
| Imidazolidine-2-thione; (2-imidazoline-2-thiol) | 96-45-7 |
| Trixylyl phosphate | 25155-23-1 |
| | |
| Disodium 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl] -4,4'- diylbis (azo)] bis (4-aminonaphthalene- 1- sulphonate) (C.I. Direct Red 28) | 573-58-0 |
| Lead di(acetate) | 301-04-2 |
| Cadmium | 7440-43-9 |
| Cadmium oxide | 1306-19-0 |
| Ammonium pentadecafluorooctanoate (APFO) | 3825-26-1 |
| Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) | 335-67-1 |
| Dipentyl phthalate (DPP) | 131-18-0 |
| 4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear, ethoxylated [substances with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, ethoxylated covering UVCB-and well-defined substances, polymers and homologues, which include any of the individual isomers and/or combinations thereof] | Not available |
| Zirconia Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres: fibres covered by index number 650-017-00-8 in Annex VI, part 3, table 3.1 of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, and fulfil the three following conditions: a) oxides of aluminum, silicon and zirconium are the main components present (in the fibres) within variable concentration ranges b) fibres have a length weighted geometric mean diameter less two standard geometric errors of 6 or less micrometres (μm). c) alkaline oxide and alkali earth oxide (Na2O+K2O+CaO+MgO+BaO) content less or equal to 18% by weight | None available |
| Calcium arsenate | 7778-44-1 |

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| Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres: fibres covered by index number 650-017-00-8 in Annex VI, part 3, table 3.1 of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, and fulfil the three following conditions: a) oxides of aluminium and silicon are the main components present (in the fibres) within variable concentration ranges b) fibres have a length weighted geometric mean diameter less two standard geometric errors of 6 or less micrometres (μm) c) alkaline oxide and alkali earth oxide (Na2O+K2O+CaO+MgO+BaO) content less or equal to 18% by weight | None available |
|--|-----------------------|
| 2-Methoxyaniline; o-Anisidine | 90-04-0 |
| Trilead diarsenate | 3687-31-8 |
| 4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol | 140-66-9 |
| Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate | 117-82-8 |
| Lead diazide, Lead azide | 13424-46-9 |
| Lead styphnate | 15245-44-0 |
| Phenolphthalein | 77-09-8 |
| Cobalt dichloride | 7646-79-9 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 96-18-4 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C7-11-branched and linear alkyl esters | 68515-42-4 |
| 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone | 872-50-4 |
| Hydrazine | 302-01-2, 7803-57-8 |
| 2-Ethoxyethyl acetate | 111-15-9 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-8-branched alkyl esters, C7rich | 71888-89-6 |
| Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers. Group containing: Chromic acid, Dichromic acid, Oligomers of chromic acid and dichromic acid | 7738-94-5, 13530-68-2 |
| Cobalt(II) carbonate | 513-79-1 |
| Cobalt(II) diacetate | 71-48-7 |
| 2-Methoxyethanol | 109-86-4 |
| Chromium trioxide | 1333-82-0 |

| Cobalt(II) dinitrate | 10141-05-6 | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Cobalt(II) sulphate | 10124-43-3 | |
| 2-Ethoxyethanol | 110-80-5 | |
| Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous | 1303-96-4, 1330-43-4, 12179-04-3 | |
| Ammonium dichromate | 7789-09-5 | |
| Tetraboron disodium heptaoxide, hydrate | 12267-73-1 | |
| Potassium dichromate | 7778-50-9 | |
| Trichloroethylene | 79-01-6 | |
| Sodium chromate | 7775-11-3 | |
| Potassium chromate | 7789-00-6 | |
| Boric acid | 10043-35-3, 11113-50-1 | |
| Acrylamide | 79-06-1 | |
| Anthracene oil, anthracene-low | 90640-82-7 | |
| Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, anthracene fraction | 91995-15-2 | |

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| Anthracene oil | 90640-80-5 | |
|--|--|--|
| Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, distn. Lights | 91995-17-4 | |
| Pitch, coal tar, high temp. | 65996-93-2 | |
| Anthracene oil, anthracene paste | 90640-81-6 | |
| Sodium dichromate | 7789-12-0, 10588-01-9 | |
| Bis(tributyltin)oxide (TBTO) | 56-35-9 | |
| Alkanes, C10-13, chloro (Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins) | 85535-84-8 | |
| Triethyl arsenate | 15606-95-8 | |
| Anthracene | 120-12-7 | |
| Lead hydrogen arsenate | 7784-40-9 | |
| Pyrochlore, antimony lead yellow | 8012-00-8 | |
| 6-methoxy-m-toluidine (p-cresidine) | 120-71-8 | |
| Henicosafluoroundecanoic acid | 2058-94-8 | |
| Hexahydromethylphthalic anhydride [1], Hexahydro-4methylphthalic anhydride [2], Hexahydro-3-methylphthalic anhydride [3], Hexahydro-3-methylphthalic anhydride [4] | 25550-51-0, 19438-60-9, 48122-14-1, 57110-29-9 | |
| Cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [1], cis-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [2], trans-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [3] | 85-42-7, 13149-00-3, 14166-21-3 | |
| Dibutyltin dichloride (DBTC) | 683-18-1 | |
| Lead bis(tetrafluoroborate) | 13814-96-5 | |
| Lead dinitrate | 10099-74-8 | |
| Silicic acid, lead salt | 11120-22-2 | |
| 4-Aminoazobenzene | 60-09-3 | |
| Lead titanium zirconium oxide | 12626-81-2 | |
| Lead monoxide (lead oxide) | 1317-36-8 | |
| o-Toluidine | 95-53-4 | |
| 3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine | 143860-04-2 | |
| Silicic acid (H2Si2O5), barium salt (1:1), lead-doped | 68784-75-8 | |
| Trilead bis(carbonate)dihydroxide | 1319-46-6 | |
| Furan | 110-00-9 | |
| N,N-dimethylformamide | 68-12-2 | |
| 4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol, ethoxylated | Not available | |
| 4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear | Not available | |
| 4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine | 838-88-0 | |
| Diethyl sulphate | 64-67-5 | |
| Dimethyl sulphate | 77-78-1 | |
| Lead oxide sulfate | 12036-76-9 | |
| Lead titanium trioxide | 12060-00-3 | |
| Acetic acid, lead salt, basic | 51404-69-4 | |
| [Phthalato(2-)]dioxotrilead | 69011-06-9 | |

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| N-methylacetamide | 79-16-3 |
|--|-------------|
| Dinoseb (6-sec-butyl-2,4-dinitrophenol) | 88-85-7 |
| 1,2-Diethoxyethane | 629-14-1 |
| Tetralead trioxide sulphate | 12202-17-4 |
| N-pentyl-isopentylphthalate | 776297-69-9 |
| Dioxobis(stearato)trilead | 12578-12-0 |
| Tetraethyllead | 78-00-2 |
| Pentalead tetraoxide sulphate | 12065-90-6 |
| Pentacosafluorotridecanoic acid | 72629-94-8 |
| Tricosafluorododecanoic acid | 307-55-1 |
| Heptacosafluorotetradecanoic acid | 376-06-7 |
| 1-bromopropane (n-propyl bromide) | 106-94-5 |
| Methoxyacetic acid | 625-45-6 |
| 4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine (toluene-2,4-diamine) | 95-80-7 |
| Methyloxirane (Propylene oxide) | 75-56-9 |
| Trilead dioxide phosphonate | 12141-20-7 |
| o-aminoazotoluene | 97-56-3 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dipentylester, branched and linear | 84777-06-0 |
| Orange lead (lead tetroxide) | 1314-41-6 |
| 4,4'-oxydianiline and its salts | 101-80-4 |
| Biphenyl-4-ylamine | 92-67-1 |
| Diisopentylphthalate | 605-50-5 |
| Fatty acids, C16-18, lead salts | 91031-62-8 |
| Diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide (C,C'-azodi(formamide)) | 123-77-3 |
| Sulfurous acid, lead salt, dibasic | 62229-08-7 |
| Lead cyanamidate | 20837-86-9 |
| a,a-Bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-4 (phenylamino)naphthalene1- methanol (C.I. Solvent Blue 4) | 6786-83-0 |
| N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-4,4'-methylenedianiline | 101-61-1 |
| 1,3,5-tris[(2S and 2R)-2,3-epoxypropyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6- (1H,3H,5H)- trione (-TGIC) | 59653-74-6 |
| Diboron trioxide | 1303-86-2 |
| 1,2-bis(2-methoxyethoxy)ethane (TEGDME; triglyme) | 112-49-2 |
| 4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)-4"-(methylamino)trityl alcohol | 561-41-1 |
| Lead(II) bis(methanesulfonate) | 17570-76-2 |
| Formamide | 75-12-7 |
| [4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylamino) benzhydrylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien- | 548-62-9 |

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| 1- ylidene]dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Violet 3) | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1,2-dimethoxyethane; ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDME) | 110-71-4 |
| [4-[[4-anilino-1-naphthyl][4- (dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene] dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Blue 26) | 2580-56-5 |
| 1,3,5-Tris(oxiran-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4,6-trione (TGIC) | 2451-62-9 |
| 4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)benzophenone (Michler's ketone) | 90-94-8 |
| 1,3-propanesultone | 1120-71-4 |
| 2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)phenol (UV-327) | 3864-99-1 |
| 2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-(tert-butyl)-6-(sec-butyl)phenol (UV350) | 36437-37-3 |
| Nitrobenzene | 98-95-3 |
| N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC) | 127-19-5 |
| Perfluorononan-1-oic-acid and its sodium and ammonium salts Ammonium salts of perfluoronan-1-oic-acid Perfluorononan-1-oic-acid Sodium salts of perfluorononan-1-oic-acid | 4149-60-4 375-95-1 21049-39-8 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-10-alkyl esters | 68515-51-5 |
| 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mixed decyl and hexyl and octyl diesters | 68648-93-1 |
| 5-sec-butyl-2-(2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3dioxane [1], 5-sec-butyl-2-(4,6-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5methyl-1,3-dioxane[2] covering any of the individual stereoisomers of [1] and [2] or any combination thereof | - |

Annex OO. List of substances subject to REACH Authorization (current as of the date of this specification, current list maintained in the latest REACH regulation and its amendments)

| Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers. Group containing: Chromic acid Dichromic acid | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Oligomers of chromis acid and dichromic acid | 7738-94-5 |
| | 13530-68-2 Not yet assigned |
| Ammonium dichromate | 7789-09-5 |
| Arsenic acid | 7778-39-4 |
| Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP) Please note a more restrictive level is listed in Table 1 for this substance. | 85-68-7 |
| Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) Please note a more restrictive level is listed in Table 1 for this substance. | 117-81-7 |
| Bis(2-methoxyethyl) ether (Diglyme) | 111-96-6 |
| Chromium trioxide | 1333-82-0 |
| Diarsenic trioxide | 1327-53-3 |
| 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) | 101-77-9 |
| Diarsenic pentaoxide | 1303-28-2 |

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| Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) Please note a more restrictive level is listed in | 84-74-2 |
|---|-----------------------|
| Table 1 for this substance. | 04-74-2 |
| 1,2-dichloroethane (EDC) | 107-06-2 |
| | |
| 2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylenedianiline (MOCA) | 101-14-4 |
| Dichromium tris(chromate) | 24613-89-6 |
| Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) Please note a more restrictive level is listed in | 84-69-5 |
| Table 1 for this substance. | |
| 2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT) | 121-14-2 |
| Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline | 25214-70-4 |
| Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD) alpha-hexabromocyclododecane | 3194-55-6, 25637-99-4 |
| beta-hexabromocyclododecane gamma-hexabromocyclododecane | 134237-50-6 |
| | 134237-51-7 |
| | 134237-52-8 |
| Lead chromate | 7758-97-6 |
| Lead sulfochromate yellow (C.I. Pigment Yellow 34) | 1344-37-2 |
| Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red (C.I. Pigment Red 104) | 12656-85-8 |
| Pentazinc chromate octahydroxide | 49663-84-5 |
| Potassium chromate | 7789-00-6 |
| Potassium dichromate | 7778-50-9 |
| Potassium hydroxyoctaoxodizincatedichromate | 11103-86-9 |
| Sodium chromate | 7775-11-3 |
| Sodium dichromate | 7789-12-0, 10588-01-9 |
| Strontium chromate | 7789-06-2 |
| 5-tert-butyl-2,4,6-trinitro- m-xylene (Musk xylene) | 81-15-2 |
| Trichloroethylene | 79-01-6 |
| Tris (2-chloroethyl) phosphate (TCEP) | 115-96-8 |

Annex PP. Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI)

| Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI) | 26447-40-5 |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | 101-68-8 |
| 2,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | 5873-54-1 |
| 2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate | 2536-05-2 |

Annex QQ. Benzidine-based substances

| 1,3-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 7-hydroxy-8-[2-[4'-[2-(4hydroxyphenyl)diazenyl][1,1'- biphenyl]-4-yl]diazenyl]- | 117-33-9 |
|--|---|
| 1,3,6-Naphthalenetri-sulfonic acid, 8-hydroxy-7-[2-[4'-[2-(2hydroxy-1- naphthalenyl)diazenyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4yl]diazenyl]-, lithium salt (1:3) | 65150-87-0 |
| 2,7-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 5-amino-3-[2-[4'-[2-(7-amino-1-hydroxy3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl)diazenyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]diazenyl]-4hydroxy-, sodium salt (1:2) | 68214-82-4 |
| 2,7-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[2-[4'-[2-[2-hydroxy-4-[(2- methylphenyl)amino] phenyl]diazenyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]diazenyl]6-(2-phenyldiazenyl)- | 72379-45-4 |
| 2,7-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy [[[(substituted phenylamino)] substituted phenylazo] diphenyl]azo-, phenylazo-, disodium salt | Accession No. 21808 CAS No. CBI (NA) |

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| 4-(Substituted naphthalenyl)azo diphenylyl azo-substituted carbopolycycle azo benzene-sulfonic acid, sodium salt | Accession No. 24921 CAS No. CBI (NA) |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| 4-(Substituted phenyl)azo biphenylyl azo-substituted carbopolycycloazo benzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt | Acession No. 26256 CAS No. CBI (NA) |
| 4-(Substituted phenyl)azo biphenylyl azo-substituted carbo-polycycle azo benzenesulfonic acid, sodium salt | Accesion No. 26267 CAS No. CBI (NA) |
| Phenylazo amino-hydroxynaph thalenylazo biphenylazo substituted benzene sodium sulfonate | Acession No. 26701 CAS No. CBI (NA) |
| [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine | 92-87-5 |
| [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, dihydrochloride | 531-85-1 |
| 1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis[4-amino-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Red 28) | 573-58-0 |
| 2,7-Naphthalened is ulfonic acid, 4-amino-3-[[4'-[(2,4-diaminophenyl) azo][1,1'biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Black 38) | 1937-37-7 |
| $1-Naphthalenesulfonic\ acid,\ 8,8'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis[7-hydroxy,disodium\ salt\ (C.I.\ Direct\ Red\ 44)$ | 2302-97-8 |
| 2-7Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 5-amino-3-[[4'-[(7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-n naphthalenyl)azo][1,1'biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-4-hydroxy-, trisodium salt (C.I. Direct Blue 2) | 2429-73-4 |
| $\label{lem:benzoic} Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[(1-amino-4-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylazo]-2hydroxy-disodium salt (C.I. Direct Orance 8)$ | 2429-79-0 |
| Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,6-diamino-3-[[8-hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-7-[(4-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-2-naphthalenyl]azo]-5-methylphenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]2-hydroxy-, tetrasodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 31) | 2429-81-4 |
| Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[(7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 2) | 2429-82-5 |
| 2,7-Naphthalened is ulfonic acid, 4-amino-3-[[4'-[(2,4-diamino-5-methylphenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt (Direct Black 4) acid (Di | 2429-83-6 |
| Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[(2-amino-8-hydroxy-6-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Red 1) | 2429-84-7 |
| Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,6-diamino-3-methyl-5-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 1:2) | 2586-58-5 |
| 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis[5-amino-4hydroxy-tetrasodium salt (C.I. Direct Blue 6) | 2602-46-2 |
| Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,4-dihydrosy-3-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 6) | 2893-80-3 |
| 1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 8-[[4'-[(4-ethoxyphenyl) azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-7-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Red 37) | 3530-19-6 |
| 1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 7-hydroxy-8-[[4'-[[4- [[(4methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-, disodium salt (C.I. Acid Red 85) | 3567-65-5 |
| 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[[4'[(4-hydroxyphenyl)azo][1,1'biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Green 1) | 3626-28-6 |
| Benzoic acid, $5-[[4'-[[2,4-diamino-5[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 1)$ | 3811-71-0 |
| 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydrosy-6-[[4'-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)azo] [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)azo]-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Green 6) | 4335-09-5 |

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| 2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[[4'-[[4-hydroxy-2-[(2methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-6-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]-, trisodium salt (C.I. Acid Black 94) | 6358-80-1 |
|--|------------|
| Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[4-[(4-amino-7-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-6-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl] azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, trisodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 27) | 6360-29-8 |
| Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,6-diamino-3-methyl-5-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-3-methyl, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 154) | 6360-54-9 |
| Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[(3,7-disulfo-1,5-naphthalenediyl)bis[azo(6-hydroxy-3,1-phenylene) azo[6(or7)-sulfo-4,1-naphthalenediyl]azo[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylazo]]bis[6-hydroxy-, hexasodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 74) | 8014-91-3 |
| Cuprate(2-),[5-[[4'-[[2,6-dihydroxy-3-[(2-hydroxy-5-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxybenzoato(4-)]-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 95) | 16071-86-6 |

Annex RR. Nonylphenols

| Nonylphenol | 25154-52-3 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| p-nonyl-phenol | 104-40-5 |
| 4-nonyl-phenol, branched | 84852-15-3 |
| Nonylphenol, branched | 90481-04-2 |
| Isononylphenol | 11066-49-2 |
| p-Isononylphenol | 26543-97-5 |
| p-(Nonan-2-yl)phenol | 17404-66-9 |
| p-(2-Methyloctan-2-yl)phenol | 30784-30-6 |
| 4-(3-Methyloctan-3-yl)phenol | 52427-13-1 |
| o-Nonylphenol | 136-83-4 |
| o-Isononylphenol | 27938-31-4 |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched | 91672-41-2 |
| m-Nonylphenol | 139-84-4 |
| Neononylphenol | 1196678-78-0 |
| 4-(3,5-Dimethylheptan-3-yl)phenol | 186825-36-5 |
| 4-(3,6-Dimethylheptan-3-yl)phenol | 142731-63-3 |
| 2-(Nonan-2-yl)phenol | 17404-45-4 |
| Phenol, 2-tert-nonyl- | 89585-68-2 |
| Phenol, sec-nonyl- | 97372-03-7 |
| Phenol, 4-tert-nonyl- | 58865-77-3 |
| Phenol, o-sec-nonyl | 27214-48-8 |
| Phenol, p-sec-nonyl- | 27072-91-9 |

Annex SS. Fluorinated ethers and alcohols

| HFE-125 | Not available |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| HFE-134 (HG-00) | Not available |
| HFE-143a | Not available |
| HCFE-235da2 (isofluorane) | Not available |
| HFE-245cb2 | Not available |
| HFE-245fa2 | Not available |
| HFE-254cb2 | Not available |

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| HFE-347 mcc3 (HFE-7000) | Not available |
|---|---------------|
| HFE-347pcf2 | Not available |
| HFE-356pcc3 | Not available |
| HFE-449sl (HFE-7100) | Not available |
| HFE-569sf2 (HFE-7200) | Not available |
| HFE-43-10pccc124 (H-Galden 1040x) HG-11 | Not available |
| HFE-236ca12 (HG-10) | Not available |
| HFE-338pcc13 (HG-01) | Not available |
| HFE-347mmy1 | Not available |
| 2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropanol | Not available |
| Bis(trifluoromethyl)-methanol | Not available |
| HFE-227ea | Not available |
| HFE-2236ea2 (desfluoran) | Not available |
| HFE-236fa | Not available |
| HFE-245fal | Not available |
| HFE-263fb2 | Not available |
| HFE-329 mcc2 | Not available |
| HFE-338 mcf2 | Not available |
| HFE-338mmz1 | Not available |
| HFE-347 mcf2 | Not available |
| HFE-356 mec3 | Not available |
| HFE-356mm1 | Not available |
| HFE-356pcf2 | Not available |
| HFE-356pcf3 | Not available |
| HFE-365 mcf3 | Not available |
| HFE-347pc2 | Not available |
| | |

Annex TT. Perfluorinated compounds

| Perfluoropolymethylisopropyl-ether (PFPMIE) | Not available |
|---|---------------|
| Trifluoromethyl sulphur pentafluoride | Not available |
| Nitrogen trifluoride | 7783-54-2 |
| Perfluorocyclopropane | Not available |

Annex UU. Toluene Diisocyanate (this list is all inclusive)

| Toluene diisocyanate trimer | 9019-85-6 |
|--|------------|
| Poly(toluene diisocyanate) | 9017-01-0 |
| Toluene diisocyanate dimer | 26747-90-0 |
| Toluene diisocyanate "cyclic" trimer | 26603-40-7 |
| 2,6-Toluene diisocyanate Note – reportable except for use in coatings, adhesives, elastomers, binders and sealants at less than or equal to 0.1% in a Consumer Product (defined as a chemical substances that is directly, or as part of a mixture, sold or made available to consumers for their use in or around a permanent or temporary household or residence, in or around a school, or in recreation. [Source: US Code of Federal Regulations Title 40 Part 721.3 Subpart A]) | 91-08-7 |

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| 2,4-Toluene diisocyanate Note – reportable except for use in coatings, adhesives, elastomers, binders and sealants at less than or equal to 0.1% in a Consumer Product (defined as a chemical substances that is directly, or as part of a mixture, sold or made available to consumers for their use in or around a permanent or temporary household or residence, in or around a school, or in recreation. [Source: US Code of Federal Regulations Title 40 Part 721.3 Subpart A]) | 584-84-9 |
|---|------------|
| Toluene diisocyanate unspecified isomer Note - reportable except for use in coatings, adhesives, elastomers, binders and sealants at less than or equal to 0.1% in a Consumer Product (defined as a chemical substances that is directly, or as part of a mixture, sold or made available to consumers for their use in or around a permanent or temporary household or residence, in or around a school, or in recreation. [Source: US Code of Federal Regulations Title 40 Part 721.3 Subpart A]) | 26471-62-5 |

Annex VV. Nonylphenol Ethoxylates

| Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]- | 20427-84-3 |
|--|------------|
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(4-nonylphenyl)- ω -hydroxy- | 26027-38-3 |
| 3,6,9,12,15,18,21-Heptaoxatricosan-1-ol, 23-(nonylphenoxy)- | 27177-05-5 |
| 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27-Nonaoxanonacosan-1-ol, 29-(nonylphenoxy)- | 27177-08-8 |
| Ethanol, 2-(nonylphenoxy)- | 27986-36-3 |
| Ethanol, 2-[2-[2-(4-nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]- | 7311-27-5 |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α (nonylphenyl)- ω -hydroxy- | 9016-45-9 |
| Ethanol, 2-[2-(nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]- | 27176-93-8 |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(2-nonylphenyl)- ω -hydroxy- | 51938-25-1 |
| Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(isononylphenyl)- ω -hydroxy- | 37205-87-1 |
| 3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-Octaoxahexacosan-1-ol, 26-(nonylphenoxy)- | 26571-11-9 |

Annex WW. Chlordanes

| Gamma-chlordane | 556634-7 |
|------------------|------------|
| Trans- chlordane | 5103-74-2 |
| Cis- chlordane | 5103-71-9 |
| Heptachlor | 76-44-8 |
| Oxychlordane | 27304-13-8 |
| Trans-nonachlor | 39765-80-5 |
| Cis-nonachlor | 5103-73-1 |

Annex XX. N,N'-ditolyl-p-phenylenediamine

| N,N'-ditolyl-p-phenylenediamine | 27417-40-9 |
|-------------------------------------|------------|
| N-tolyl-N'-xylyl-p-phenylenediamine | 28726-30-9 |
| N,N'-dixylyl-p-phenylenediamine | 70290-05-0 |

Annex YY. Dioxins

| Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin | Not available |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| Polychlorinated dibenzofuran | Not available |
| Co-PCBs | - |

Annex ZZ. Organic phosphorus compounds

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| Parathion | 56-38-2 |
|------------------|-----------|
| Parathion-methyl | 298-00-0 |
| Demeton-S-methyl | 919-86-8 |
| EPN | 2104-64-5 |