

# Baseline Environmental Requirements for Supplier Deliverables to TGCS

Specification Responsibility: TGCS Environmental Team

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# 1.0 Change History

Version	Date	Change Description	
REV000	2015/10/2	First Toshiba release	
REV001	April 2016	Update SVHC list to include substances from ED/79/2015	
		Removed limits for Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins (Table 1)	
		Updated cover page artwork	
		Clean up of Tables 1 through 5.	
REV002	June 2017	Corrected the link to the TGCS publications website in section 3.3.1.3.	
REV003	August 2017	Added Small brominated alkyl alcohols to Table 4. Added Annex AAA.	
		Added Dechlorane A to Table 4.	
		Updated Table 5 with new additions to SVHC list.	
		Updated Annex NN with new additions to SVHC list.	
REV004	August 2019	Updated Annex NN with new additions to SVHC list.	
		Updated Annex OO with new additions to Authorisation list.	
		Added Bisphenol A and Bisphenol S to Table 1.	
REV005	May 2021	Added PIP (3:1) and PCTP to Table 1.	
		Updated Annex NN with new additions to SVHC list.	
REV006	July 2022	Updated Annex NN with new additions to SVHC list.	
		Added prohibition for PHFxS to Table 1.	

# 2.0 Scope

## 2.1 Objectives

TGCS Engineering Specification 3ADENVM0001 establishes baseline environmental requirements for all Deliverables where this specification is referenced in a Statement of Work, print, contract or other procurement documents. ES 3ADENVM0001 implements TGCS's environmental policy objectives and contains some, but not all, environmental legal requirements for Deliverables. Supplier shall ensure Deliverables comply with the requirements provided in this specification. ES 3ADENVM0001 contains restrictions on Materials, certain chemicals used in manufacturing and includes other requirements, e.g., battery collection programs, labeling of batteries, energy efficiency, and marking of plastic Parts. If the Deliverable does not contain certain types of parts, then the section of this ES referring to those parts would not apply, e.g., if there are no batteries in the Deliverable, then the battery requirements would not apply. ES 3ADENVM0001 requires Suppliers to disclose information about the content of certain substances in their Deliverables. This specification also applies to chemical Deliverables used for Field Use Materials, Chemical Product Supplies and chemicals contained in hardware Deliverables, Parts, or Products.

Compliance with the requirements in ES 3ADENVM0001 alone may not satisfy the Supplier's responsibilities to TGCS because it does not encompass all environmental legal requirements for Deliverables worldwide. In addition to ES 3ADENVM0001, Supplier shall ensure the Deliverables comply with all "Environmental Laws" and are ready for import, export, sale, or other distribution of the Deliverable in all jurisdictions worldwide, regardless of where they are sold to TGCS. "Environmental Laws include laws, rules and regulations at local, state, provincial, national, or international level that relate to environmental matters, including without limitation, material restrictions, material bans, labeling, availability of product environmental information, energy efficiency, end-of-life take back, battery requirements, and other similar requirements.

It is important to note that in addition to ES 3ADENVM0001, TGCS maintains environmental and/or related requirements in other specifications, contracts, or procurement documents. Most notably, full compliance requirements for the European Union (EU) Directive 2011/65/EU on the Restriction on the use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) are not solely a part of ES 3ADENVM0001, but are rather applied through the combination of ES 3ADENVM0001, other applicable contract provisions, and TGCS engineering specifications, such as 3ADENVM0002 or 8734444. In circumstances where multiple documents contain restrictions on the same chemical or substance in the same application, the most restrictive requirements apply.

#### 2.2 Definitions

Additional definitions can be found in the applicable sections.

**Agglomerate** – a collection of weakly bound particles or aggregates where the resulting external surface area is similar to the sum of the surface areas of the individual components. [Source: EU Commission Recommendation 2011/696/EU on the definition of nanomaterial]

**Aggregate** – a particle comprising of strongly bound or fused particles. [Source: EU Commission Recommendation 2011/696/EU on the definition of nanomaterial]

**Article** – an object which during production is given a special shape, surface, or design which determines its function to a greater degree than does its chemical composition. [Source: EU Regulation 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)]

**Battery or accumulator** – any source of electrical energy generated by direct conversion of chemical energy and consisting of one or more primary battery cells (nonrechargeable) or consisting of one or more secondary battery cells (rechargeable). [Source: EU Directive 2006/66/EC on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators]

**Chemical Product Supply** – a chemical used as part of the operation of a hardware product which is consumed during the operation of the product and/or which must be periodically replaced to maintain the product.

**Covered Electronic Device** – video display device containing a screen greater than 4 inches, measured diagonally, such as computer monitors containing cathode ray tubes, laptop computers with a liquid crystal display, liquid crystal display containing monitors. [Source: California Electronic Waste Recycling Act, SB 20, 2003, and SB 50, 2004]

**Deliverable(s)** – any tangible item(s) delivered by or for a Supplier to TGCS in accordance with a purchase contract or other agreement with TGCS. Deliverables include, but are not limited to, components, Materials, Parts, Products, and tools.

**Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE)** – equipment which is dependent on electric currents or electromagnetic fields in order to work properly and equipment for the generation, transfer and measurement of such currents and fields and designed for use with a voltage rating not exceeding 1000 volts for alternating current and 1500 volts for direct current. [Source: EU Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)]

Field Use Material (FUM) – a chemical used to maintain and/or service hardware products.

**Frequently Handled Cables** – cables and cords which are readily accessible to the consumer during ordinary use, e.g., computer mouse cords, computer peripheral wires and cables designed to plug into the front of system (e.g., USB cords), computer peripheral AC adapter cord and I/F cable for portable computers or portable peripheral devices, computer peripheral PCMCIA card cord for portable computers, computer peripheral wires and cables for portable computers, computer speaker cords use with portable computers, desktop computer power/patch/pin cords destined to plug into the front of a computer, external CD/DVD and tape drives for portable products, audio or video cable for portable products, audio/video/computer/telecommunications cables, packaged individually for retail sales, portable digital imaging equipment, portable DVD player, portable power adapters, AC adapters for foreign outlets and other voltage converters, portable ZIP drives, scanners for portable computers, USB and firewire cords.

**Homogeneous Material** – one material of uniform composition throughout a material, consisting of a combination of materials that cannot be disjointed or separated into different materials by mechanical actions such as unscrewing, cutting, crushing, grinding and abrasive processes. [Source: EU Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment]

**Intentionally Added or Intentional Addition** – a substance is deliberately utilized in the production of a Deliverable.

**Materials** – chemical substances and preparations that are supplied for the production of Parts, Products and other items (e.g., structural plastics, metals, coatings, paints, and adhesives) and chemical substances or preparations that are shipped with Parts or Products (e.g., toners, cleaners, lubricants, oils, and refrigerants).

**Mixture** – a mixture or solution composed of two or more substances. [Source: EU Regulation No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling, and packaging of substances and mixtures]

**Not Detected** – below the detection limit of established test standards or appropriate industry wide test methods. In general, these test standards/methods should achieve trace level detection or at the lowest detection capabilities of the specific sample matrix.

**Particle** – a minute piece of matter with defined physical boundaries. [Source: EU Commission Recommendation 2011/696/EU on the definition of nanomaterial]

Parts - fabricated Materials, components, devices, and assemblies.

**Plastic** – material that contains, as an essential ingredient, one or more organic polymeric substances of large molecular weight, is solid in its finished state, and, at some stage in its manufacture or processing into finished articles, can be shaped by flow. [Source: National Sanitation Foundation International Draft Standard NSF/ANSI 426]

**Postconsumer recycled material** - Material generated by households or by commercial, industrial and institutional facilities in their role as end-users of the product, which can no longer be used for its intended purpose. This includes returns of material from the distribution chain. [Source: National Sanitation Foundation International Draft Standard NSF/ANSI 426]

**Preparation** – a mixture or solution composed of two or more substances, for example, paint, lubricant or ink. [Source: EU Regulation 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)]

**Products** – stand alone, final assemblies including complete machines supplied by an original equipment manufacturer (OEM).

**RoHS** – an acronym for European Union Directive 2011/65/EU on the Restriction of the use of certain Hazardous Substances in electrical and electronic equipment and subsequent amendments.

**RoHS substances** – substances regulated by EU Directive 2011/65/EU on RoHS. These substances (as of the last revision date of this specification) are: mercury, lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, and polybrominated diphenyl ethers.

**REACH** – and acronym for European Commission Regulation Number 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals.

**Substance** – a chemical element and its compounds in the natural state or obtained by any manufacturing process, including any additive necessary to preserve its stability and any impurity deriving from the process used, but excluding any solvent which may be separated without affecting the stability of the substance or changing its composition. This definition is from EU Regulation 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization, and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). Substances include such examples as ethanol and metals. Note: metals are included here not in the form of a part or product such as a heat sink or sheet metal cover, but as a metal such as aluminum or aluminum alloy. Substance goes beyond a pure chemical compound defined by a single molecular

structure. The definition of substance includes different constituents such as impurities. Also note the word "substance" is used through this specification, only the "Substance" with a capital letter refers to this specific definition.

#### Substance(s) of Very High Concern (SVHC) -

- 1. Substances meeting the criteria for classification in accordance with EU Directive 67/548/EEC:
  - Carcinogenic category 1 or 2
  - Mutagenic category 1 or 2
  - Toxic for reproduction category 1 or 2;
- Substances which are persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) in accordance with the criteria set out in Annex XIII of the EU REACH Regulation;
- 3. Substances such as those having endocrine disrupting properties or those having PBT properties or vPvB properties which do not fulfill the criteria of 2 above for which there is scientific evidence of probable serious effects to human health or the environment which give rise to an equivalent level of concern to those of other substances listed in 1 or 2 and which are identified on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 59 or REACH. [Source: EU REACH Regulation, Article 57]

**WEEE** – an acronym for European Union (EU) Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE).

## 2.3 Application

ES 3ADENVM0001 applies to all Deliverables supplied to TGCS that reference this specification in a Statement of Work, print, contract, or other TGCS document.

Suppliers are responsible for compliance with ES 3ADENVM0001 in their own operations, in their subcontracted operations, and in the Materials they procure for the manufacture of Deliverables for TGCS as described herein.

In the event of conflict between ES 3ADENVM0001 and any TGCS part drawing requirement, Suppliers shall immediately notify their TGCS procurement representative. Any deviation from the requirements of ES 3ADENVM0001 must have prior written approval by TGCS's procurement representative. TGCS Procurement shall obtain consent from the appropriate TGCS representatives. TGCS Procurement must contact the author of this document for details on the requirement for deviations.

#### 2.4 Document Administration

This document is maintained and controlled by Toshiba Global Commerce Solutions.

#### 2.5 TGCS Documents

ES 3ADENVM0001 and the following documents referenced herein can be accessed by contacting your TGCS representative.

- PCD
- 3ADENVM0002
- 0873444
- 92F6933
- 5897660

# 3.0 Requirements

## 3.1 Prohibited From Use

# 3.1.1 Restrictions for Hardware Deliverables, Parts, Products, Chemicals, Substances and Preparations

Table 1 lists restrictions for categories of substances which must not be contained in Deliverables, Parts, Products, Chemicals, Substances, and Preparations. The scope of restrictions varies by substance category. Details of the restriction for each category are provided in Table 1 along with some applicable regulatory references. Please note the regulatory references are only examples, and are not intended to impact or alter the TGCS restrictions set forth in this specification. Restrictions on chemicals used in manufacturing of Deliverables and also included (bold entry in table). Expanded listings of relevant substances in each of the categories are available in the Annexes referenced in Table1. If a substance is found in several entries (Tables 1,2,3,4,5 and/or the Annexes) due to multiple laws and chemical classifications, verify the stated requirements for the application of concern and use the more restrictive level.

Please note certain substances subject to EU RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU are already restricted by other regulations at concentrations levels that are more stringent than those associated with EU RoHS compliance. Table 1 presents the requirements for these substances as defined by certain existing legislation and/or TGCS requirements.

Compliance of Deliverables to all the criteria of the EU Directive on RoHS is not solely governed by ES 3ADENVM0001. Only those restrictions on RoHS substances which must be met in ES 3ADENVM0001 are listed in Table 1. Other TGCS specifications are used to apply EU RoHS compliance requirements to

Deliverables. See print notes, Part specifications, purchase contracts, purchase orders, or contact your TGCS procurement representative to determine if TGCS's RoHS specifications apply in addition to ES 3ADENVM0001.

In addition to the prohibited substances in Table 1, TGCS prohibits the use of the following substances in system enclosures:

- Polyvinyl chloride (CAS 9002-86-2). Prohibited by TGCS for use in system enclosures for TGCS designed Products with a Toshiba logo and OEM designed Products with a Toshiba logo. System enclosures include cover sets enclosing an entire product, including enclosures for monitors, servers, workstations, storage systems, and kiosks. This does not include mice, keyboards, cables, or bezels for subcomponents. Bezels for Storage products (e.g., tape and CD/DVD drives) must meet this requirement and not use PVC. This prohibition includes blends of resins which include PVC in whole or part of the composition.
- Monomer tetrabromobisphenol-A (TBBA)(CAS 79-94-7). Prohibited by TGCS for use as an additive flame retardant in system enclosures for TGCS designed Products with a Toshiba logo and OEM designed Products with a Toshiba logo. System enclosures include housing parts enclosing an entire product such as monitors, workstations, kiosks. This does not included mice, keyboards, and bezels for subcomponents such as DVD drives. The non-reactive form only is prohibited. (Note: TBBA used in polycarbonate resin is generally in a reactive form, not additive.)

Notes for Table 1:

- A list of representative regulatory references is included after Table 1. This list is not allinclusive; it is provided for example purposes only. Where the reference of "TGCS Requirement" is made, this means the requirement in that line is requirement by TGCS and may or may not be also required by a regulation or law.
- Bold font indicates substances are also prohibited from use in manufacturing of the Deliverable. The substance may also be restricted in Deliverables, please refer to the "Details of Restriction" column.
- 3. The referenced Annexes include lists of example compounds and Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) numbers. The Annexes are not all inclusive unless stated.

Chemical Substance Category	Details of Restriction	Sample Regulatory References
Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers. Group containing: Chromic acid (CAS 7738-94-5); dichromic acid (CAS 13530-68-2); oligomers of chromic acid and dichromic acid (CAS not yet assigned)		1

#### TOSHIBA GLOBAL COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC. SPECIFICATION #: 3ADENVM0001 VERSION: REV006

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 1, 2016 REVISION DATE: July 1, 2022

Acrylamide (CAS 79-06-1)	Shall not be used as a Substance or constituent of Mixtures in a	1
	concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight for grouting	-
	applications.	
	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Arsenic and compounds (Annex U)	Prohibited in wood products and paints. Applications other than for wood or	1.2
	paint are reportable on the PCD; see Table 4 for reporting details for other	-, -
	applications.	
	Prohibited.	1,2,3,12, TGCS
х ў		Requirement
Azo colorants (Annex B)	Azodyes which may release one or more aromatic amines (listed in Annex B	1, 2
	(1)) are prohibited in detectable concentrations, e.g., above 30 mg/kg (ppm)	
	in textile and leather articles which may come into direct and prolonged	
	contact with human skin. (Please note Benzidine has further restrictions, see	
	entry in this Table for Benzidine.)	
	Azodyes (listed in Annex B (2)) are prohibited in concentrations above 0.1%	
	by weight in colorants for textile and leather articles (e.g., fabrics for	
	headphones and wrist straps).	
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction	Prohibited except as an additive in rubber. Tires are excluded from the	15
products with styrene and 2,4,4-	rubber exemption.	
trimethylpentene (CAS 68921-45-9)		
Benzidine (CAS 92-87-5), and compounds	Prohibited. (Note benzidine is also listed in Annex B. The more restrictive	1, 2, 12, 15, 43
Annex QQ)	level applies, which is this entry.)	1, 2, 12, 13, 43
,	Prohibited in wood based materials in excess of 0.5 milligrams per kilogram	2
	of dry matter.	2
	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited	1
	at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials.	
note this substance is prohibited		44
elsewhere on this table at a more		
restrictive level.		
Biocidal product as defined in EU	Prohibited on or in Deliverables, for example, prohibited for use as a	41
Regulation 528/2012 concerning the	treatment on Deliverables where the biocidal product is expected to remain	
	on the TGCS Deliverable. This restriction shall not apply to treated articles	
of biocidal products	where the sole treatment undertaken was the fumigation or disinfection of	
	premises or containers used for storage or transport and where no residues	
	are expected to remain from such treatment on the TGCS Deliverable.	
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (CAS	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited	1
	at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials.	
prohibited elsewhere on this table at a		44
more restrictive level.		
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Prohibited in spray paints, paints intended to be sprayed or in spray cleaners	1
(DEGBE) (CAS 112-34-5)	in concentrations equal to or greater than 3% by weight.	
Bisphenol A (CAS 80-05-07)	200ppm (0.02%) in thermal paper	47

Cadmium/Cadmium Compounds (Annex	Cadmium is prohibited in concentrations above 100 ppm or 0.01% by weight	1, 2, 12, 28
C) *	when used in a paint, varnish, color pigment, dye, stabilizer, plastic, resins,	
	epoxy resins, or in alloy applications. Shall not be used in brazing fillers in	
	concentrations equal to or greater than 0.01% by weight. All cadmium use in	
	plating or in a surface coating containing cadmium is prohibited.	
	For restrictions in battery applications, see Table 8.	
	Cadmium is prohibited in wood based materials in excess of 2 milligrams per	
	kilogram of dry matter.	
Chromium trioxide (CAS 1333-82-0)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
	r folibited at of above 0.176 weight by weight of the beliverable.	1
Creosote, coal tar, tar oils, and	Prohibited for the treatment of wood.	1, 2
anthracene substances (Annex FF)		
Decabromo diphenyl ether (CAS 1163-19-	Prohibited in Deliverables, Parts, and Products.	19, 23, 31
5) *	Prohibited in Substances and Preparations at levels at and above 0.1% by	
	weight.	22, 33
	TGCS prohibits the Intentional Addition of Decabromo diphenyl ether in any	TGCS Requirement
	Homogeneous Material.	rocs nequirement
4.4/ Disprise disk survive stars (AADA)	-	4
4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) (CAS 101-77-9)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Diarsenic pentaoxide (CAS 1303-28-2)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
(synonym - arsenic pentoxide)		_
Diarsenic trioxide (CAS 1327-53-3)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
	r folibited at of above 0.176 weight by weight of the beliverable.	1
Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) (CAS 84-74-2)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited	1
Please note this substance is prohibited	at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials.	
elsewhere on this table at a more		44
restrictive level.		
Dibutyltin (DBT) compounds (Annex KK)	Prohibited in Mixtures and Articles where the concentration in the Mixture or	1
	Article, or part thereof, is greater than the equivalent of 0.1% by weight of	
	tin.	
Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) (CAS 84-69-5)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable. Prohibited	1
Please note this substance is prohibited	at or above 0.1% by weight (or 1000ppm) in homogeneous materials.	
elsewhere on this table at a more	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	44
restrictive level.		
Dimethylfumarate (CAS 624- 49-7)	Prohibited in Articles, Products, Parts, and Deliverable greater than 0.1 mg/kg	1, 30
	of the weight of the Article, Product, Part or Deliverable. Prohibited in	
	pouches (e.g., desiccants) and in chemicals, Substances, and Preparations.	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene (CAS 121- 14-2)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Dioctylin (DOT) compounds (e.g.,	Prohibited in concentrations greater than the equivalent of 0.1% by weight of	
dioctyltin oxide CAS 870-08-6 and	tin in:	=
dioctyltin dilaurate CAS 3648-18-8)	1. Textile articles intended to come into contact with skin, and	
	<ol> <li>Two-component room temperature vulcanization molding kits (RTV-2</li> </ol>	
	molding kits).	
N,N'-ditolyl-p-phenylenediamine (Annex	Prohibited	
XX)		
Dioxins (Annex YY)	Prohibited	
Eluorinated athers and also hels (Annov	Prohibited	32
Fluorinated ethers and alcohols (Annex	רוטווגונכע	32
SS)		

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)	1. Materials capable of releasing formaldehyde into the air, under	25
	reasonably foreseeable conditions of use at concentrations reaching or exceeding 0.1 ppm are prohibited.	11, 29
	<b>2.</b> The use of formaldehyde in textiles intended for skin contact is prohibited (e.g., Wrist straps and headphones) above 75 mg/kg formaldehyde. The use of formaldehyde in textiles not intended for skin contact is prohibited above 300 mg/kg.	20, 21 24
	<ul> <li>3. The use of formaldehyde in wood applications may not be used if the formaldehyde emission caused by the wooden materials exceeds 0.1 ml/m3 (ppm) in the air of a test chamber.</li> </ul>	
	Formaldehyde emission standards in Composite Wood must not exceed the following limits (see Section 2.11 for more details): Hardwood Plywood Veneer Core - 0.05 ppm	
Halogenated aromatic substances (Annex D)	Prohibited from use in capacitors and transformers above 500 ppm for monohalogenated or 50 ppm for polyhalogenated aromatic substances in materials of the component. (Please note PCBs have further restrictions, see entry in this Table for PCBs.)	1, 2
Halogenated diphenyl methanes (Annex E)	Prohibited from use and in Preparations and products containing it.	1, 12
, Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD) and all major diastereoisomers identified (alpha HBCDD, beta HBCDD, gamma HBCDD) (CAS 25637-99-4, 3194-55-6, 134237-50-6, 134237-51-7, 134237-52-8)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Hexachlorobenzene (CAS 118-74-1	Prohibited except if incidentally present.	15,40
Hexachlorobutadiene (HCBD) (CAS 87-68- 3)	Prohibited.	10, 15, 48
Hexachloroethane (Annex F)	Prohibited in manufacturing or processing of nonferrous metals.	1, 2, 12
Hexavalent Chromium/ Hexavalent Chromium Compounds (Annex G) *	Intentional Addition is prohibited by TGCS in paints and plastic resins. Prohibited in leather articles or articles containing leather parts coming into contact with skin in concentrations equal to or greater than 3 mg/kg (0.0003% by weight) of the total dry weight of the leather.	TGCS Requirement 1
Hydrofluorocarbons (Annex JJ)	Prohibited in non-refillable containers, foams, and non-confined, direct evaporation systems containing refrigerants. Prohibited in new products and applications from October 2014.	32
Lead chromate (CAS 7758-97-6) (Please note hexavalent chromium and lead are prohibited for use in Deliverables; see TGCS RoHS specifications and other entries in this table.) *	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red (Color Index Pigment Red 104) (CAS 12656-85-8)) (Please note hexavalent chromium and lead are prohibited for use in Deliverables; see TGCS RoHS specifications and other entries in this table.) *	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1

Lood / Lood Compounds (Array 11)*	4 Lond expension (CAC EOO C2 Oper 44240 4C C) and lond and the (CAC	1 10
Lead/ Lead Compounds (Annex H) *	<b>1.</b> Lead carbonates (CAS 598-63-0 and 1319-46-6) and lead sulfates (CAS 7446-14-2 and 15720-80-7) may not be used as substances and constituents	1, 12
	7446-14-2 and 15739-80-7) may not be used as substances and constituents of Preparations intended for use as paints.	2
		14
	content of 0.01% or more by mass.	14
	<b>3.</b> Lead is prohibited in wood based materials in excess of 90 milligrams	39, 42
	per kilogram of dry matter.	
	<b>4.</b> The lead content of the surface layer of cables and cords for Frequently	
	Handled Cables (e.g., Mouse cables) must be below 300 ppm. See	
	Definitions Section for examples of Frequently Handled Cables. A lab	
	analysis will be required to document the lead content for these types of	
	cables. See Section 2.3.1 for details about the analysis.	
	5. For restrictions in battery applications see Table 8.	
	6. Lead as an ingredient in the manufacturing of paints, enamels, coatings	
	and inks is prohibited when the total lead content of 600 ppm or greater in	
	the non-volatile part of the product or a dry film of the product.	
Lead sulfochromate yellow (Color Index	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Pigment Yellow 34) (CAS 1344-37-2, see		
Annex II for deleted CAS numbers.)		
(Please note hexavalent chromium and		
lead are prohibited for use in		
Deliverables, see TGCS RoHS		
specifications and other entries in this		
table.) *		
Mercury/ Mercury Compounds (Annex I)*		1, 2, 8, 9, 12, 13,
	10ppm. Please note, there may be existing products with cold cathode	17, 18, 45
	fluorescent lamps (CCFLs), released prior to October 2014. No new products	
	may use mercury containing CCFLs as of October 2014.	
	Mercury use in cold cathode fluorescent lamps, for previously released parts, has multiple requirements including labeling (see section 2.6). When present	
	in an approved application, TGCS must be supplied with a data sheet on	
	mercury content.	
	For additional mercury restrictions in batteries, see Table 8.	
2-methoxyethanol (CAS 109-86-4)	Prohibited except for use in semiconductor manufacturing processes.	15
2 (2 moth owneth own) other of (DECME)	Deshibited in points, point stripports, cleaning agents, and solf shining	1
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol (DEGME) (CAS 111-77-3)	Prohibited in paints, paint strippers, cleaning agents, and self-shining emulsions in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.	T
,	Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, and Articles.	1, TGCS Requirement
bromobenzylbromo-toluene, mixture of		i, ides nequirement
isomers (Trade name DBBT) (CAS 99688-		
47-8)		
Monomethyl-dichloro- diphenyl methane	Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, and Articles	1, TGCS Requirement
(Trade names Ugilec 121 and Ugilec 21)		
(CAS 81161-70-8)		
Monomethyl-tetrachlorodiphenyl	Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, and Articles.	1, TGCS Requirement
methane (Trade name Ugilec 141) (CAS		
76253-60-6)		
Nickel and compounds (Annex J)	Nickel finishes are prohibited on surfaces that are designed to be in	1
	prolonged contact with skin. Examples of relevant applications in the	
	electronics industry include wrist straps, mice, keyboards, headphones, and	
	portable electronic products designed to be frequently handled. Contact your	
	portable electronic products designed to be frequently handled. Contact your TGCS representative for questions about use of the Deliverable in a TGCS	

Nitrogen trifluoride (CAS 7783-54-2)	Prohibited in Preparations and Articles.	1, 32
Nonylphenol ethoxylates (Annex VV)	Prohibited in textile articles in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.01% by weight of the textile article or of each part of the textile article.	1
Ozone-Depleting Substances (CFCs, HCFCs, HBFCs, carbon tetrachloride, etc.) (Annex K)	Prohibited in Deliverables and Deliverables may not be manufactured with these substances.	2, 5, 6, 7, 12, TGCS Requirement
Pentachlorobenzene (CAS 608-93-5)	Prohibited.	10, 15, 40
Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) and its salts and esters (Annex HH)	Prohibited in the treatment of wood. Prohibited in wood based materials in excess of 3 milligrams per kilogram of dry matter.	1 2
Pentachlorothiophenol (PCTP) (CAS 133- 49-3)	Prohibited at or above 1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	48
Perfluorinated compounds (Annex TT has a complete list of regulated substances)	Prohibited.	32
Perfluorocarbons (PFC) (Annex L)	Must not be contained in Products or Parts as a gas. Prohibited in non- refillable containers, foams, and non-confined direct evaporation systems containing refrigerants.	4, 27, 32
Perfluorooctane sulfonates (PFOS) and salts, C&F17SO2X (X=OH, metal salt, halide, amide and other derivatives including polymers), or Compounds that contain C&F17SO2, C&F17SO3 or C&F17SO2N, (for a list of PFOS CAS numbers see OECD Annex 1 at http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments /displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mon o%282006%2915&doclanguage=en) (Please note this includes CAS numbers 1763-23-1, 2795-39-3, 29457-72-5, 29081-56-9, 70225-14-8, 56773-42-3, 251099-16-8, 4151-50-2, 31506-32-8, 1691-99-2, 24448-09-7, 307-35-7 in addition to all PFOS and salts as cited by the OECD document)	<ol> <li>Prohibited in Substances, in Mixtures or as a constituent of Preparations in a concentration higher than 10mg/kg (0.001% by weight). (See Table 2 for more restrictive requirements for TGCS Field Use Materials, Chemical Product Supplies, Substances, Mixtures and Preparations.)</li> <li>Prohibited in products or parts when PFOS is equal to or higher than 0.1% by weight. If a PFOS substance is present in concentrations below 0.1%, then it may only be incidentally present and not intentionally added.</li> <li>Prohibited in textiles when PFOS is equal to or higher than 1 ug/m2. If a PFOS substance is present in concentrations below 1 ug/m2, then it may only be incidentally present and not intentionally added.</li> <li>Refer to the referenced regulations for more details on these requirements and exemptions.</li> </ol>	1, 2, 10, 15, 36

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA CAS 335-67	Prohibited as a Substance, as constituents of other substances in	1
1) including its salts and any other	concentrations equal or above 2 ppb of a single substance, in a mixture in	
substance having linear or branched	concentrations equal or above 2 ppb of a single substance. Prohibited in	
perfluoroheptyl derivatives with the	Articles or any parts thereof containing one of the substances in	
formula C7F15-as a structural element,	concentrations equal to or greater than 2 ppb of a single substance. This	
including its salts except those derivatives	prohibition for Articles applies to newly releasing TGCS part numbers	
with the formula C7F15-X, where X= F, Cl,	effective July 1, 2015.	
Br and any other substance having linear		
or branched perfluorooctyl derivatives		
with the formula C8F17- as a structural		
element, including its salts, except those		
derivatives with the formula C8F17-X,		
where X= F, Cl, Br or, C8F17-SO2X', C8F17	-	
C(=O)OH or C8F17-CF2-X' (where X'=any		
group, including salts) (Annex Z and for a		
more extensive list of PFOA CAS numbers		
see OECD Annex 3 at		
http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments		
/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mon		
o%282006%2915&doclanguage=en)		
PFHxS and its precursor compounds	PFHxS is prohibited at or above 25ppb in a deliverable.	49
		15
Precursor compounds are any substance	The sum of PFHxS precursor compounds are prohibited at or above 1000ppb.	
that decomposes into PFHxS and has a		
perfluorohexanesulfonyl group as one of		
its partial structures.		
Detectory Depart but d anthelate (DDD)	Prohibited when summed together, at an above 1000 ppm is a homogone are	1
Phthalates: Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP)	Prohibited, when summed together, at or above 1000ppm in a homogeneous	T
	material. (Please note these substances are prohibited elsewhere in this	
(DEHP) (CAS 117-81-7), Dibutyl phthalate	specification. The more restrictive level applies, which will generally be this	
(DBP) (CAS 84-74-2), Diisobutyl phthalate	entry.)	
(DIBP) (CAS 84-69-5)		
		10
(1,1- dimethylethyl) (CAS 3846-71-7)	ribbon, and molded plastic products.	
Phenol, isopropylated phosphate (PIP	Prohibited in Deliverables. Exceptions noted below.	48
(3:1)) (CAS 68937-41-7)	Prohibited in adhesives and sealants from January 6, 2025.	-0
(3.1) (CU2 00221-41-1)	Prohibited in Photographic printing articles from January 1, 2023.	
	Allowed in:	
	(i) Hydraulic fluids either for the aviation industry or to meet military	
	specifications where no alternative chemical is available that meets safety	
	requirements	
	(ii) Greases and lubricants	
	(iii) New and replacement parts for automobiles and aerospace vehicles	
	(iv) Intermediate used in a closed system in the production of cyanoacrylate	
	adhesives	
	(v) Specialized engine air filters for locomotive and marine applications	
	(vi) Plastics that contain PIP (3:1) made from recycled plastics	
	(vii) Products or articles that use plastics that contain PIP (3:1) made from	
	recycled plastics	

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Prohibited in Deliverables.	1, 2, 12, 10, 15, 36, 40,
M) *		TGCS Requirement
Polybrominated Diphenyl ethers (PBDEs);	Prohibited in Deliverables.	10, 16, 36, 40, TGCS
also known as Polybrominated Biphenyl ethers (PBBEs) or Polybrominated Biphenyl Oxides (PBBOs); except Decabromo diphenyl ether (see this substance in separate entry) (See Annex N for a limited list.) *		Requirement
Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) (Annex O)	Prohibited. (Please note PCBs are prohibited by other regulations; see halogenated aromatic substances in Table 1 and Annex O.)	1, 10, 12, 36, 37, 40, TGCS
Polychlorinated naphthalenes, C10H8-	Prohibited except if incidentally present. Prohibited in Field Use Materials,	Requirement 10, 15
nCln where "n" is greater than 1 (Annex R)	Substances, Preparations, Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies.	10, 15
Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCTs) (e.g., CAS 61788-33-8)	Prohibited.	1, 12, 15
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (Annex LL)	Prohibited in Articles at and above 1 mg/kg by weight, if any rubber or plastic component comes in to direct and prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with skin or oral cavity under normal or reasonable foreseeable conditions of use.	
Potassium chromate (CAS 7789-00-6)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Potassium dichromate (CAS 7778-50-9)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Red phosphorus	Prohibited in coating of electrical cables	
Shortchain Chlorinated Paraffins (C 10 - 13) (also referred to as Short-chain Chlorinated Alkanes) (Annex P)	Prohibited in products, Substances, and Preparations.	1, 2, 12, 15
Sodium chromate (CAS 7775-11-3)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Sodium dichromate (CAS 7789-12-0 and 10588-01-9)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Substances subject to REACH Authorization found in Annex XIV of REACH regulation and amendments (Annex OO in this specification lists current authorized substances as of date of this specification)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Sulphur hexafluoride (CAS 2551-62-4)	Prohibited in Preparations and Articles. Prohibited in foams and non- refillable containers.	2, 27, 32
Tetrachlorobenzenes (CAS numbers included in Annex D)	Prohibited	15
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
Tris-(aziridinyl) – phosphineoxide (CAS 545-55- 1)	Prohibited from use in textile articles intended to come into contact with skin, e.g., wrist straps and headphones.	1, 12
Tris (2,3 dibromopropyl) phosphate (CAS 126-72-7)	Prohibited from use in textile articles intended to come into contact with skin, e.g., wrist straps and headphones.	1, 12, 35
	1	

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	Prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	1
96-8)		
Tri-substituted organostannic	Prohibited in Articles, or part thereof, where the concentration in the article	1, 15
compounds, e.g., tributyltin (TBT) (Annex	is greater than the equivalent of 0.1% by weight of tin.	
EE) and triphenyltin (TPT) (Annex EE)		
Yellow phosphorus (CAS 12185-10-3)	Prohibited in Deliverables except for semiconductors	

\* For further TGCS EU RoHS requirements, see specification 3ADENVM0002. This specification bans the use of RoHS substances (exemptions allowed), including hexavalent chromium and compounds in finishing processes for sheet steel, aluminized, electroless nickel and die cast parts, fasteners and heat sinks. Hexavalent chromium and its compounds must not be used prior to painting or in other surface treatments for metal parts. This specification applies to Deliverables where the specification is cited on the print, contract, Statement of Work or other procurement documentation.

- 1. Sample regulatory references for Table 1
- 2. EU Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- 3. Switzerland Ordinance on Risk Reduction related to the Use of certain particularly dangerous Substances, Preparations and Articles (Ordinance on Risk Reduction related to Chemical Products (ORRChem) of 18 May 2005.
- 4. United States Toxic Substances Control Act; Occupational Safety and Health Act (29 CFR 1910.1001-1051).
- 5. Statutory Order no. 552 of 2 July 2002 Regulating Certain Industrial Greenhouse Gasses (Denmark).
- 6. EU Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on Substances that deplete the ozone layer.
- 7. United States Clean Air Act Section 611 of the 1990 amendments; 40 CFR Part 82.
- Law Concerning the Protection of the Ozone Layer through the Control of Specified Substances and Other Measures (Law No. 53 of May 20, 1988) (Japan).
- 9. No. 553 Decree of 9 September 1998, comprising regulations regarding products containing mercury (Decree on Product Containing Mercury, 1998 Environmentally Hazardous Substances Act) Netherlands.
- 10. The Mercury-containing Products (Certain) Ordinance (SFS 1991:1290) Sweden.
- 11. Japan Act on the Evaluation of chemical substances and Regulation of Their Manufacture, etc. (Act No. 117 of October 16, 1973, last revised October 30, 2009.)
- 12. The Netherlands 178 Besluit van 22 maart 2001, houdende vaststelling van het Warenwetbesluit formaldehyde in textiel.
- 13. Norway Product Control Regulation Chapter 2. Restricted Substances and Preparations.
- 14. Connecticut Public Law 02-90, the Mercury Education and Reduction Act.
- 15. California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.
- 16. Canada Environmental Protection Act, 1999. Prohibition of Certain Toxic Substances Regulations.
- 17. State of Washington Title 70 RCW an act relating to phasing out the use of polybrominated diphenyl ethers.
- 18. Louisiana Mercury Risk Reduction Act of 2006.
- 19. Rhode Island Mercury Education and Reduction Act.
- 20. Maine Public Law Chapter 296 Section 1. 38 MRSA 1609, with 2009 amendment Public Law Chap 121 Section 17 38 MRSA 1609 Sub 5.
- 21. Austria BGB I 1990/194: Formaldehydeverordnung, 2, 12/2/1990.
- 22. Germany: LMBG B 82.02-1 Untersuchungen von Bedarfsgegenständen; Bestimmung der Formaldehydabgabe aus textilen Bedarfsgegenständen; Ausgabe: 1985-06.
- 23. Norway Regulation amending regulation of 1 June 2004 No 922 relating to restrictions on the use of chemicals dangerous to health and environment and other products.
- 24. Minnesota 325E.387 Ban on deca-BDE in computer enclosures.
- 25. California Regulation 93120 Airborne Toxic Control Measure to Reduce Formaldehyde Emissions from Composite Wood Products.
- 26. USA 29 CFR 1910.1048 Toxic and Hazardous Substances Formaldehyde.
- 27. EU Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).
- Austria Ordinance on bans and restrictions of partly fluorinated and fully fluorinated hydrocarbons and of sulfur hexafluoride 447/2002, with amendments 246/2005, 86/2006 and 139/2007.
- 29. Sweden. The Chemical Products Ordinance 1998:944 to 2009:14.
- 30. Lithuanian Hygiene Norm HN 96:2000.
- 31. EU Commission Decision 2009/251/EC Products containing the biocide dimethylfumarate.
- 32. Oregon SB 596 Relating to decabrominated diphenyl ether amending ORS 453.005, 453.025 and 453.085.
- 33. EU Regulation (EC) No 517/2014 on fluorinated greenhouse gases
- 34. Maryland Act concerning Environment Decabrominated Diphenyl Ether Prohibitions.
- 35. Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 2-butoxyethanol regulations SOR/2006-347.

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- 36. Canada Hazardous Products Act.
- 37. EU Commission Regulation 757/2010 of 24 August 2010 amending Regulation No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council on persistent organic pollutants as regards Annexes I and III.
- 38. EU Regulation No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC.
- 39. France Decree no. 2012-232 concerning the annual declaration of substances with nanoparticle status.
- 40. NORMA Oficial Mexicana NOM-004-SSA1-2013 Environmental Health. Limitations and sanitation specification for the use of lead compounds.
- 41. EU Regulation No 649/2012 of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.
- 42. EU Regulation No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.
- 43. NOM-003-SSA1-2006 Health Environmental. Health requirement to be met by the labeling of paints, inks, varnishes, lacquers and enamels.
- 44. USA 40 CFR Part 721.1660 Benzidine-based chemical substances.
- 45. EU Directive amending Annex II to Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the list of restricted substances (RoHS). (Proposed)
- 46. Canada Products Containing Mercury SOR/2014-1244.
- 47. Switzerland ChemRRV
- 48. USA Regulation of Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic Chemicals Under TSCA Section 6(h)
- 49. Switzerland Ordinance on Risk Reduction related to the Use of certain particularly dangerous Substances, Preparations and Articles (Ordinance on Risk Reduction related to Chemical Products (ORRChem) of 23 Feb 2022.

# **3.1.2** Additional Restrictions and Requirements for Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies

Substances, Preparations, TGCS Field Use Materials (FUMs), and Chemical Product Supplies must meet the applicable restrictions in Section 3.1.1 and Table 1 as well as the additional requirements in this section. This section applies to:

- Substances or Preparations used on or in a Deliverable or to maintain or service hardware Deliverables, Parts or Product, e.g., adhesives, cleaning solvents or solutions, lubricants, water cooling solutions, and refrigerant gas.
- Substances or Preparations used to operate a hardware Part of Product and which is consumed during the operation of the Part or Product and/or must be periodically replaced to maintain the Part or Product. Examples include toner, toner cartridges, ink and ribbon cartridges.
- Substances or Preparations contained in a Part, Product, or assembly which is not normally consumed but may require replacement of the chemical to maintain operation of a Part, Product or assembly. Examples include refrigerants, lubricants, biocides, or corrosion inhibitors in a closed looped water cooling system.

The individual container or individual protective packaging of the Substance, Preparation, Field Use Material, or Chemical Product Supply must be labeled with:

- The chemical name as it appears on the associated Material Safety Data Sheet(s),
- The name and address of the appropriated chemical manufacturer, Supplier or other responsible party, (in some cases, TGCS may designate the responsible party), and

• Appropriate hazard warnings as applicable.

The label must be provided in English at a minimum. The label must have text in other languages and format as required by law or regulation in countries outside the US. For example, the label must meet requirements for content, format, and language translation for the EU Classification, Labeling, and Packaging Regulation. In some cases, TGCS may specify the label and its contents.

A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) must be supplied to the TGCS procurement representative or other TGCS designated representative. The MSDS must be provided in English at a minimum and comply with legal requirements for information content and format. For example, MSDSs must be provided which meet the requirements of the EU REACH Regulation for format, content, and language translation. The MSDS may be required in other languages and formats as required by law or regulation in countries outside the US. The Supplier shall work with the appropriate TGCS chemical representative through the TGCS procurement representative to ensure proper format, information content, and translation requirements. In some cases, TGCS may specify the language and format of an MSDS. Full chemical disclosure for all Substances and Preparations is required.

Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies must comply with chemical registration and premanufacture notification requirements in countries which require this type of notification in order to permit import, export, and sale of the Deliverable in that country.

The following are prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies. The applicable restriction is listed in the column entitled "Details of Restriction." The cited regulation can be found after Table 1.

Table 2 Prohibited in Substances Mixtures Prenarations Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies

Substance	Details of Restriction	Example legal citations (See Table 1)
Aldrin (HHDN, Octalene) (CAS 309-00-2)	Prohibited	
4-aminobiphenyl xenylamine (CAS 92-67-1) and its salts	Prohibited from use in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in Substances or Preparations.	1, 2, 12
Benzene (CAS 71-43-2)	Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in Substances or Preparations.	1, 2, 12
2-Butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)	Prohibited in paint stripper or thinner at 0.5 % (w/w). Prohibited in aerosol cleaners at 5 % (w/w). Prohibited in non- aerosol cleaners at 6 % (w/w). Prohibited in aerosol paint and coating at 0.1% (w/w). Prohibited in non-aerosol paint or coating at 0.5% (w/).	34
Chlordanes (Annex WW)	Prohibited	
Clordecone (CAS 143-50-0)	Prohibited	
Chlorinated Solvents (see specific list in Annex Q)	Prohibited in concentrations equal to orgreater than 0.1% by weight in Substances and Preparations.	1, 2, 12

	-
	1
accordance to the EU REACH Regulation.	
Prohibited	
Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use	TGCS requirement, 28
Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies.	
Prohibited	
Prohibited	
Prohibited	
Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies.	TGCS requirement
Mixtures or solutions composed of greater than 0.1%	25
formaldehyde are prohibited.	
Prohibited	40
Prohibited as a constituent in a Mixture in concentrations equal	1
to or greater than 0.1% by weight.	
Prohibited	
Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by	1, 2, 12
weight in Substances and Preparations.	
Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by	1, 2, 12
mass in Substances or Preparations.	
Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies.	TGCS requirement
Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies.	TGCS requirement
Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies.	TGCS requirement, 10, 40
Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies.	TGCS requirement, 10, 40
Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies.	TGCS requirement, 10, 40
	Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies. Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies. Mixtures or solutions composed of greater than 0.1% formaldehyde are prohibited. Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited Prohibited as a constituent in a Mixture in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight. Prohibited Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight in Substances and Preparations. Prohibited in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in Substances or Preparations. Prohibited in Field Use Materials and Chemical Product Supplies.

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Cubstances which are classified (in Dart 2 of Annov) () to	Dyshibited in Substances, constituents of Substances, or in	4
	Prohibited in Substances, constituents of Substances, or in	1
EU Regulation 1272/2008 on Classification, Labeling,	Mixtures.	
and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures) as:		
i) Carcinogen Category 1A or 1B or carcinogen		
category 1 or 2;		
ii) Germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B or		
mutagen category 1 or 2;		
iii) Toxic to reproduction category 1A or 1B or		
toxic to reproduction category 1 or 2. For more		
information about this restriction see EU REACH		
Regulation Annex XVII and amendments		
Substances with nanoparticle status (intentionally	Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Mixtures,	38
manufactured on a nanometric scale and containing	Preparations, and Chemical Products	
particles, unbound or as an aggregate or agglomerate,		
of which a minimum proportion, in the number sizes		
distribution, has one or more external dimensions in		
the size range 1 nm and 100 nm)		
Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) CAS 127-18-4	Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Mixture.	TGCS requirement, 10, 28
	Preparations, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not	
	limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents.	
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal	1
	to or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints.	
	Spray paint includes paint designed or intended to be sprayed on.	
Toxaphene (CAS 8001-35-2)	Prohibited	
Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO) (Annex S)	Prohibited in Field Use Materials, Substances, Preparations,	10, 40
	Mixtures, and Chemical Product Supplies.	
2,2,2-trichloro-1,1-bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethanol (CAS	Prohibited	
115-32-2) (Kelthane, Dicofol)		
Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1)	Prohibited as a Substance or in Mixtures in concentrations equal	1
	to or greater than 0.1% by weight. Exemptions allowed: as	
	intermediate of synthesis, process solvent in closed chemical	
	applications for chlorination reactions and manufacture of TATB.	
	See EU Regulation for details.	
Trichloroethylene (CAS 79-01-6)	Prohibited in Substances, Mixtures, Preparations, Field Use	TGCS requirement, 10, 28
	Materials, and Chemical Product Supplies, including but not	
	limited to adhesives, paints, and cleaning agents.	
2,4,6-Tri-tert-butylphenol (CAS 732-26-3)	Prohibited in lubricating oils.	10, 48

Chemicals regulated by transportation regulations must be packaged and labeled according to ES 3ADENVM0002 "Packaging Requirements for Dangerous Goods." Contact the TGCS Hazardous Materials Transportation Coordinator for more details on packaging requirements.

#### **3.2 Product Content Declarations**

TGCS documents the presence of certain categories of substances in Deliverables to meet regulatory reporting requirements and customer requirements for Product content disclosures. Suppliers are

required to complete a Product Content Declaration (PCD) for Deliverables sold to TGCS. Some commodities and Product, such as batteries, cables, connectors, and Vendor Logo Products may require additional information. The PCDs can either be completed and returned to TGCS upon request or the information can be directly entered into TGCS's systems by select Suppliers. Suppliers are required to keep documentation and/or test data that demonstrates procedures and actions taken by the supplier and the results to verify compliance of the Deliverable for 10 years from the end of production and make available to TGCS upon request. This includes documentation and data maintained by the supplier from their respective supply chain and supplier's own records on the material content of the product. See Section 3.13 for additional documentation requirements. When laboratory sampling is completed for testing the RoHS substances in Table 3, the test method must be in accordance with the latest version of IEC 62321 Electrotechnical products – Determination of levels of six regulated substances (lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, polybrominated diphenyl ethers) as referred to in EN50581:2012, Technical Documentation for the Assessment of Electrical and Electronic Products with Respect to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances.

## 3.2.1 RoHS Reporting

In certain markets and products the presence of RoHS substances in Deliverables must be quantified and reported (e.g., California Electronic Waste Recycling Act). To meet this and other reporting obligations and requests, TGCS requires that RoHS substances in the Supplier's Deliverables must be quantified and reported to TGCS when such substances are present in permissible applications (such permissible applications do not include those listed in Table 1) and when they exceed the concentrations listed in Table 3 in any Homogeneous Materials. If the Supplier determines that substances in Table 3 are not present above their respective specified thresholds, then the absolute weight in grams of the substance (e.g., cadmium) present in the Deliverable shall be reported to TGCS. Absolute weights, rather than weight percentages or ppm, shall be reported. Suppliers shall contact their TGCS representative to verify the reporting process for material content (e.g., declaration) data. PCDs are available upon request to your TGCS representative.

RoHS substance	Threshold for reporting in non-restricted applications* (ppm of
	the substance in any Homogeneous Material )
Cadmium use in plating and surface coating applications.	Any detectable level must be reported.*
Cadmium, all applications except plating and surface coating	100
applications.	
Hexavalent chromium (CrVI) **	1,000
Lead ***	1,000
Mercury	Any detectable level must be reported, except unavoidable impurities
	at levels below 10ppm.
Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) flame retardants	Any detectable level must be reported. ****
Polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE) flame retardants. Note this	Any detectable level must be reported. ****
reporting category includes Deca BDE.	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP)	1,000****
Butyl Benzyl phthalate (BBP)	1,000****

Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	1,000****
Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP)	1,000****

\* Restricted applications are defined in Table 1. Concentrations of these substances above the levels referenced in Table 1 are prohibited. \*\* TGCS prohibits intentional addition of hexavalent chromium in paints and plastic resins. See Table 1. For EU RoHS requirements, see specification 3ADENVM0002. This TGCS RoHS specification bans the use of hexavalent chromium and compounds in finishing processes for sheet steel, aluminized, electroless nickel and die cast parts, fasteners and heatsinks. Hexavalent chromium and its compounds must not be used prior to painting or in other surface treatments for metal parts. This RoHS specification applies to Deliverables where the specification is cited on the print, contract, Statement of Work or other procurement documentation.

\*\*\* There are restrictions for lead use at levels lower than 1000ppm. See Table 1 for details.

\*\*\*\* While listed here for completeness, PBB and PBDE flame retardants are banned by TGCS per Section 3.1.1 and Table 1 of this specification. There are no permissible applications which can be reported.

#### 3.2.2 Other Reportable Substances

TGCS requires additional substances be quantified and reported by Suppliers <u>if they are present in a</u> <u>Supplier's Deliverables at concentrations greater than the specified thresholds</u> per Table 4 in any individual part in the Deliverable supplied to TGCS. If the Supplier determines that substances in Table 4 are present in any constituent parts of the Deliverable above their respective specified thresholds, then the absolute weight in grams of the substance present in each part of the Deliverable supplied to TGCS shall be reported to TGCS. Absolute weights, rather than weight percentages or ppm, shall be reported to allow aggregation of the data with that from other parts in other Deliverables that comprise a final Product. Please note, the underlined text above emphasizes the need to report on the PCD substances and their weights present in the Deliverable to TGCS, which may be different from the weight of substances in the raw material used.

For example, if the Deliverable supplied to TGCS is a power supply, then the substances in Table 4 should be reported to TGCS if they occur above the specified thresholds in any of the constituent parts of the power supply.

Example #1: If a device or part in a power supply contains a tin-antimony solder and the concentration of the antimony is above the threshold limit of 1000ppm in the device or part, then the total weight of the antimony must be reported on the PCD for the power supply.

Example #2: If antimony trioxide is used as part of the flame retardant system of several devices and plastic components in a power supply and the amount of antimony trioxide is above 1000ppm in its respective homogeneous material (e.g., resin), then the weight of antimony trioxide use in each material in the power supply must be totaled and stated on the PCD.

Product Content Declaration forms are available from your TGCS representative.

Table 4. Other Reporting Requirements		
•	Threshold for Reporting is at the "Part" level unless otherwise noted.	Examples of Industry Uses / Comments

Antimony/Antimony Compounds (Annex	1000 ppm (0.1%)	Solder alloy
T) Please note antimony trioxide should not		• CRT glass
be reported in this category, antimony trioxide		
has a separate entry on this table.		
Antimony trioxide (CAS 1309-64-4)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Flame retardant, e.g., in plastic housings and chip encapsulant. Often used in combination with brominated flame retardants.</li> <li>Opacifying agent for glass, ceramics and enamels</li> <li>Pigments</li> <li>Catalyst for polyethylene terephthalate and vulcanization of rubber</li> </ul>
Arsenic/Arsenic Compounds	1000 ppm (0.1%)	Dopant in semiconductor manufacture
		<ul> <li>Gallium arsenide is used as</li> </ul>
(Annex U) Please note some applications of		semiconductor substrate
arsenic are prohibited in Table 1 and		
reportable in Table 5 as an SVHC.		
Reporting here is for other applications		
and/or concentrations. Arsenic		
pentoxide and arsenic trioxide should		
not be reported with this entry but in each		
of their respective entries on this table.		
Arsenic pentoxide (CAS 1303-28-2)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Solution in the manufacturing of metal</li> </ul>
(synonym - diarsenic pentoxide) Please note,	material	adhesives, wood preservatives, and in printing
this substance should not be reported		and dyeing.
under the entry of Arsenic/ Arsenic		
compounds in this Table but rather here in		
this entry. This substance is restricted in Table		
1 at 0.1% by weight of the Deliverable. This		
entry is for reporting levels below this.		
Arsenic trioxide (CAS 1327-53-3)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Wood preservative, glass, and non-ferrous
Please note, this substance should not be	material	alloys.
reported under the entry of Arsenic/		
Arsenic compounds in this Table but rather		
here in this entry. This substance is restricted in		
Table 1 at 0.1% by weight of the Deliverable.		
This entry is for reporting levels below this.		
Beryllium metal (CAS 7440-41-7) Please note,	1000ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	Heat transport and heat sinking applications,
this substance should not be reported under		gears, and cogs
the entry of Beryllium compounds in this Table		
but rather here in this entry.		
Beryllium Compounds (Annex V) Please note	200 ppm (0.02%)	<ul> <li>Substrate for integrated circuits</li> </ul>
this entry does not include beryllium, beryllium		<ul> <li>Lightweight housings</li> </ul>
oxide and beryllium copper alloys. These		
beryllium substances have their own entry for		
reporting on this table.		
Beryllium copper alloys. Please note, this	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Connectors
substance should not be reported under the	material	<ul> <li>Electrical contacts and springs</li> </ul>
entry of Beryllium compounds in this Table but		
rather here in this entry.		
Beryllium oxide (CAS 1204-56-9)	1000 ppm (0.1%)	Insulator
		Structural ceramic

Bis(2-ethylhexyl)tetrabromophthalate (TBPH or	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Flame retardant in polyurethane foam
	material	Plasticizer for PVC
		Adhesives
Bismuth/Bismuth Compounds (also alloys)	1000 ppm (0.1%)	Solder alloy
(Annex W)		
,	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Used in synthesis of epoxy and plastic resins,</li> </ul>
	material	e.g., polycarbonate, polyesters
		Antioxidant in some plasticizers
		Polymerization inhibitor in PVC
		Precursor for the flame retardant
		tetrabromobisphenol A
		Color developer in thermal paper     Carbonloss paper
Brominated Flame Retardants (other than	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Carbonless paper     Flame retardant
	material	
-,	material	
retardants specifically called out in this Table)		
in all applications except printed wiring board laminates. (Annex X)		
Brominated Flame Retardants (other than PBBs	900 ppm (0.09%) in a homogeneous	Flame retardant
	material in printed wiring board laminate	
2-Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Paints, varnishes, stains and coatings</li> </ul>
	material	<ul> <li>Wood preservatives</li> </ul>
	inderidi	<ul> <li>Adhesives, silicone sealants and printing inks</li> </ul>
		Corrosion inhibitors
		Urethane polymers
n-Butyl glycidyl ether (CAS 2426-08-6)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Epoxy resin formulations for coatings,</li> </ul>
	material	adhesives, binders, sealants, fillers and resins
	inaterial	auricaivea, bindera, actiona, miera dra realita
Chlorinated Flame Retardants in all applications	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Flame retardant
	material	
Chlorinated Flame Retardants in printed wiring	900 ppm (0.09%) in a homogeneous	Flame retardant
board laminates only	material in printer wiring board laminate	
Cobalt dichloride (CAS 7646-79-9) Please note	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Cobalt plating and cobalt based pigments and</li> </ul>
this substance is also listed in Table 5 for	material	drier compounds (desiccants). Pneumatic
reporting. This entry requires reporting for a		panels for indicating water contamination.
lower concentration level than Table 5.		
	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Electroplating
	material	
Cobalt sulfate (CAS 10124-43-4; 13455-64-0	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Preparation of pigments for glass and
monohydrate; 10026-24-1 heptahydrate)	material	porcelain
		<ul> <li>Used in storage batteries</li> </ul>
		Electroplating baths
		Use in sympathetic ink
Dechlorane A (CAS 13560-89-9)	1000ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	Flame retardant
. ,		
monohydrate; 10026-24-1 heptahydrate)	material	<ul> <li>porcelain</li> <li>Used in storage batteries</li> <li>Electroplating baths</li> <li>Use in sympathetic ink</li> </ul>

4, 4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA) (CAS	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Epoxy hardening agent     Braduction of high performance polymers
101-77-9) Please note this substance has	material	Production of high performance polymers
prohibited levels listed in Table 1. This entry is		Curative for neoprene
for reporting levels below the restricted		<ul> <li>Preparation of isocyanates and netwice granates</li> </ul>
amount.		polyisocyanates
2, 3-Dibromo-1-propanol (CAS 96-13-9) Please	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Flame retardant
note, this substance should not be reported	material	
under the entry of Brominated Flame		
Retardants in this Table but rather here in this		
entry.		
Dibromoneopentyl glycol (CAS 3296-90-0)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Flame retardant in unsaturated polyester</li> </ul>
Please note this substance is not to be included	material	resins, in molded products, and in rigid
in the Brominated Flame Retardant entry in this	5	polyurethane foam.
table, but rather as its own separate entry		
here.		
P-Dichlorobenzene (CAS 106-46-7) Please note	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Precursor to the high performance polymer</li> </ul>
this substance has a restricted application in	material	poly (p-phenylene sulfide)
Table 1 under Halogenated aromatic		Disinfectant
substances and Annex D. Reporting for this		
table is for applications which are not		
restricted.		
Diethyl phthalate (DEP) (CAS 84-66-2) Please	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Plasticizer
note this phthalate compound should not be	material	
reported in the general phthalate category in		
this table, but rather her in this entry.		
Diisodecyl phthalate (DIDP) (CAS 26761-40-0	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Plasticizer (e.g., for PVC)</li> </ul>
and 68515-49-1) Please note this phthalate	material	<ul> <li>Paints, sealing compounds, and textile inks</li> </ul>
compound should not be reported in the		
general phthalate category in this table, but		
rather here in this entry.		
Diisononyl phthalate (DINP) (CAS 28553-12-0	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Plasticizer (e.g., for PVC)</li> </ul>
and 68515-48-0) Please note this phthalate	material	
compound should not be reported in the		
general phthalate category in this table, but		
rather here in this entry.		
Di-n-hexyl phthalate (DNHP) (CAS 84- 75-3)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Plasticizer
Please note this phthalate compound should	material	
not be reported in the general phthalate		
category in this table and is also reportable in		
Table 5 as a REACH SVHC when present at or		
above 0.1% by weight.		
2, 4-Dinitrotoluene (CAS 121-14-2) Please note	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Production of flexible polyurethane foam</li> </ul>
this substance has prohibited levels listed in	material	Plasticizer
Table 1. This entry is for reporting levels below		
the restricted amount.		
Di-n-octyl phthalate (DnOP) (CAS 117-84-0)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Constituent of phthalate mixtures
Please note this phthalate compound should	material	
not be reported in the general phthalate		
category in this table.		
Di-n-pentyl phthalate (DnPP) (CAS 131-18-0)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	Plasticizer
Please note this phthalate compound should	material	
not be reported in the general phthalate		
category in this table.		

Dioctyltin (DOT) compounds (e.g., dioctyltin	Reportable in Articles where the	Textiles
oxide CAS 870-08-6 and dioctyltin dilaurate CAS 3648-18-8) Please note Table 1 prohibits DOT in some applications. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications.	concentration in the Article, or a part thereof, is greater than 0.1% by weight of	<ul> <li>Vulcanization molding kits</li> </ul>
2-Ethylhexyl-2,3,4,5-tetrabromobenzoate (TBB) (CAS 183658-27-7) Please note TBB is not to be included in the Brominated Flame Retardant entry in this table, but rather as its own separate entry here.		<ul> <li>Flame retardant in polyurethane foam</li> </ul>
Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) Please note this substance has prohibited applications listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications.	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul><li>Wood</li><li>Textiles</li></ul>
Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD), (e.g., CAS 25637-99-4, 3194-55-6, 134237-50-6, 134237- 51-7, 134237-52-8.) Please note this substance has a restricted level listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting at lower levels.	50 ppm (0.005%)in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Flame retardant in extruded and expanded polystyrene and flexible polyurethane foam</li> </ul>
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Used as solvents in cleaning agents in the printing and textile industry.</li> <li>Used in glues for the leather industry.</li> <li>Used in quick-drying glues and rubber cement.</li> </ul>
Hydrazine (CAS 302-01-2)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Nickel plating</li> <li>Polymerization of urethane</li> <li>Corrosion inhibitor</li> </ul>
Indium phosphide (CAS 22398-80-7)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	Semiconductor
Lead/ Lead compounds	300ppm to 1000ppm in surface coating materials for cables/ cords with thermoset	• Stabilizer
Please note, lead /lead compound are restricted on Tables 1 and 3, this entry is for levels of lead either below those restricted levels or for lead acid batteries only.	or thermoplastic coatings; Lead acid batteries	
Long chain chlorinated paraffins (LCCP; generally C 18-28) (also referred to as Long-chain chlorinated alkanes) (e.g., CAS 85535-86-0)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Metal working applications</li> <li>Plasticizer</li> <li>Leather</li> <li>Paints and coatings</li> <li>Sealants</li> <li>Rubber applications</li> </ul>
Magnesium/Magnesium Alloys (Annex Y)	1000 ppm (0.1%)	<ul><li>Surface coating</li><li>Computer casings</li></ul>
Medium chain chlorinated paraffins (C 14-17 alkyl chain) (MCCPs) (e.g., CAS 85535-85-9) (also referred to as Medium-chain chlorinated alkanes)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul><li>Flame retardant</li><li>Plasticizer</li></ul>

Nanomaterials intended to be released under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use. Nanomaterials are defined as natural, incidental or manufactured material containing Particles, in an unbound state or as an Aggregate or as an Agglomerate and where, for 50% or more of the Particles in the number size distribution, one or more external dimensions is in the size range 1nm – 100nm. In addition, fullerenes, graphene flakes and single wall carbon nanotubes with one or more external dimensions below 1nm are considered nanomaterials.	Any amount intended to be released under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use.	<ul> <li>Carbon black in hoses, tubes, vibration mounts, pigments, inks, paints, and rubber based adhesives and sealants</li> <li>Nanosilver for antimicrobial properties</li> <li>Synthetic amorphous silica as a filling agent.</li> <li>Aluminum oxide in rubber, paints, varnishes, catalysts, and plastics.</li> <li>Cerium dioxide in catalysts, paints, coated steel, and coating agents.</li> <li>Carbon nanotubes in plastics, coated electronic components, catalysts, paints, and inks.</li> <li>Zinc oxide in ceramics, adhesive tapes, paints, inks, and plastics.</li> </ul>
Nickel sulfamate (CAS 13770-89-3)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Nickel plating</li> </ul>
Nickel sulphate CAS 7786-81-4 (anhydrous), 10101-97-0 (hexahydrate), 10101-98-1 (heptahydrate)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	Nickel plating
	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Lubrication oil additive</li> <li>Emulsifier</li> <li>Wetting and dispersing agent</li> <li>Antistatic agent</li> <li>Demulsifier and solubiliser</li> </ul>
Organic phosphorus compounds (Annex ZZ)	Prohibited	
Perchlorates (Annex MM)	6ppb in a material	<ul><li>Coin cell batteries</li><li>Acoustic foam</li></ul>
Perfluoro carboxylic acid and related compounds (PFCAs) for a list of PFCA CAS numbers see OECD Annex 4 at http://search.oecd.org/officialdocumen ts/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/m ono%282006%2915&doclanguage=en	1000 ppm (0.1% by mass) in Deliverables	<ul> <li>Water, oil and grease repellant</li> <li>Surfactant</li> <li>Spreading/ wetting agent.</li> </ul>
Perfluoroalkyl sulfonates (PFASs) (for a list of PFAS CAS numbers see OECD Annex 2 at <u>http://search.oecd.org/officialdocumen</u> <u>ts/disp</u> laydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono %282006%2915&doclanguage=en	1000 ppm (0.1% by mass) in Deliverables	<ul> <li>Semiconductor applications</li> <li>Flame retardant in resins</li> </ul>
Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and its salts (Annex Z and for a more extensive list of PFOA CAS numbers see OECD Annex 3 at http://search.oecd.org/officialdocumen ts/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono %282006%2915&doclanguage=en) Please note: PFOAs are restricted, see entry in Table 1. Reporting PFOAs is allowed only for parts which		<ul> <li>Semiconductor applications</li> </ul>

Phthalates (Annex AA) Please note several phthalates have separate entries on this Table and should not be included for reporting in this general phthalate category. Several phthalates are restricted, see Table 1.	1000 ppm (0.1%)	<ul> <li>Plasticizer in plastics (e.g., PVC)</li> <li>PVC electrical cables</li> <li>Solder paste</li> <li>Sealants, varnishes, paper coating, inks, resins and adhesives.</li> </ul>
Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) (e.g., phenanthrene CAS 85-01- 8) (Annex LL) Please note this substance grouping has prohibited applications listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications or levels below the restricted amount	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Dyes, plastics, coal tars, and creosote.</li> </ul>
Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) (Annex BB)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Plastic</li> <li>Insulator</li> <li>Windows on cell phones</li> <li>Housings for IT equipment</li> <li>Electrical cables</li> <li>Flexible CD jackets</li> </ul>
Postconsumer recycled material - Plastic (see definitions in Section 1.2)	Report only the amount of postconsumer recycled material - plastic (not the amount of pre-consumer or new plastic) in grams for parts equal to or greater than 25 grams.	• Bezels, fillers, enclosure covers
Radioactive Substances (Annex CC)	Any Intentional Addition	<ul> <li>Promethium 147 as an over-voltage device</li> <li>Measuring devices</li> <li>Gauges</li> <li>Detectors</li> <li>Optical properties (e.g., thorium)</li> </ul>
Refractory Ceramic Fibres; Special Purpose Fibres, [Man-made vitreous (silicate) fibres with random orientation with alkaline oxide and alkali earth oxide (Na2O+K2O+CaO+ MgO+ BaO)	Content less or equal to 18 % by weight	<ul> <li>Insulation material in high temperature applications</li> </ul>
Recyclable Materials – glass in Covered Electronic Devices only, e.g., monitors with a screen size greater than 4 inches (measured diagonally) with a liquid crystal display or cathode ray tube, as defined by California Electronic Waste Recycling Act	Report the amount of glass (in grams) in a Covered Electronic Devices which are recyclable.	In Covered Electronic Devices, as defined by the California Electronic Waste Recycling Act: <u>http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/</u> <u>EWaste/MoreInfo.cfm#Covered_Electronic_</u> Devices_CEDs
Recyclable Materials – metals in Covered Electronic Devices only, e.g., monitors with a screen size greater than 4 inches (measured diagonally) with a liquid crystal display or cathode ray tube, as defined by California Electronic Waste Recycling Act	Report the amount of metals (in grams) in a Covered Electronic Devices which are recyclable.	• In Covered Electronic Devices, as defined by the California Electronic Waste Recycling Act: <u>http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/</u> <u>EWaste/MoreInfo.cfm#Covered_Electronic</u> Devices_CEDs
Recyclable Materials – plastics in Covered Electronic Devices only, e.g., monitors with a screen size greater than 4 inches (measured diagonally) with a liquid crystal display or cathode ray tube, as defined by California Electronic Waste Recycling Act	Report the amount of plastics (in grams) in a Covered Electronic Devices which are recyclable.	In Covered Electronic Devices, as defined by the California Electronic Waste Recycling Act: <u>http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/HazardousWaste/</u> <u>EWaste/MoreInfo.cfm#Covered_Electronic_</u> Devices_CEDs
Selenium/Selenium Compounds (Annex DD)	1000 ppm (0.1%)	<ul> <li>Diodes and light detectors (lead selenide)</li> <li>Historically used as photoelectric coating</li> </ul>

Small Brominated Alkyl Alcohols (Annex AAA)	1000 ppm (0.1%)	Flame retardant
Tetrabromobisphenol A (CAS 79-94-7) Please note TBBA is not to be included in the Brominated Flame Retardant entry in this table, but rather as its own separate entry here.	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Flame retardant</li> <li>Epoxy resins in printed circuit boards</li> </ul>
Tetrabutyltin (TTBT) (CAS 1461-25-2)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	Stabilizer for PVC
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	1000 ppm (Please note that in Table 2 toluene is prohibited as a Substance or constituent of Preparations in concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass in adhesives and spray paints.)	<ul> <li>Adhesive</li> <li>Paints/varnishes</li> <li>Coatings</li> <li>Silicon sealants</li> </ul>
Toluene Diisocyanates (see Annex UU for all inclusive list of CAS numbers)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Chemical intermediate in the production of polyurethane</li> </ul>
Tributyltin (TBT) and tributyltin compounds (Annex EE) Please note this substance has restrictions in Table 1 under the entry for tri- substituted organostannic compounds. This reporting is for lower concentration levels.	Any Intentional Addition in chemical products	<ul> <li>Antibacterial and antifungal agents, antifoulant</li> <li>Paint, pigment, and stabilizer</li> </ul>
1, 2, 3-Trichlorobenzene (CAS 87-61-6) Please note this entry has a prohibited application listed in Table 1 for Halogenated aromatic substances. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications.	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Solvent</li> <li>Dye carrier</li> <li>Heat transfer medium</li> </ul>
1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene (CAS 120-82-1) Please note this entry has a prohibited application listed in Table 1 for Halogenated aromatic substances. This entry is for reporting of all other non-restricted applications.	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Solvent</li> <li>Dielectric fluid</li> <li>Dye carrier</li> <li>Synthetic transformer oil</li> <li>Lubricant</li> <li>Heat transfer medium</li> <li>Wood preservatives</li> </ul>
	Any Intentional Addition in chemical products	<ul> <li>Antiseptic and antifungal agent</li> <li>Paint, pigment, and stabilizer</li> </ul>
Tris (2-chloroethyl) phosphate (TCEP) (CAS 115- 96-8) Please note this substance has restrictions in Table 1. Reporting in this table is for lower concentration levels.	material	<ul> <li>Flame retardant, plasticizer, and viscosity regulator in polyurethane, polyester resins, polyacrylates, polyvinyl chloride, cellulose derivatives, and thermoplastic resins. Also in adhesives, paints, varnishes, and epoxy.</li> </ul>
Tris (2-chloro-1-methylethyl) phosphate (TCPP) (CAS 13674-84-5)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	• Flame retardant, e.g., for polyurethane
Tris (2, 3-dibromopropyl) phosphate (CAS 126- 72-7) Please note this entry has a prohibited application listed in Table 1. This entry is for reporting of all other nonrestricted applications.	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	<ul> <li>Flame retardant, e.g., synthetic textiles and plastics</li> <li>Phenolic resins</li> <li>Paints, paper coatings, and rubber</li> </ul>

Tris (1,3-dichloro-2-propyl) phosphate (TDCPP)	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous	<ul> <li>Flame retardant, e.g., in textiles and</li></ul>
(CAS 13674-87-8)	material	polyurethane foam.
	1000 ppm (0.1%) in a homogeneous material	Chemical intermediate used in production of polyvinyl chloride

# 3.2.3 Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) in Articles – Reporting Requirements

The current candidate list of REACH SVHC as published by the European Chemicals Agency is located at: http://echa.europa.eu/chem\_data/candidate\_list\_table\_en.asp . Annex NN in this specification also has the list of SVHC Candidate Substances as of the date of this document. Please check the web site for updates since this list is subject to change. Annex OO is the list of substances subject to REACH Authorization (current as of the date of this specification) and which are prohibited at or above 0.1% weight by weight of a Deliverable.

TGCS requires suppliers to identify <u>if any substances on the SVHC Candidate list are present in an Article</u> (Deliverable) at or above the 0.1% weight by weight (w/w) concentration and report the name and CAS number of the SVHC candidate and the quantity on the Product Content Declaration (PCD) for the Deliverable. The table in this section has a list of SVHC Candidate substances which may potentially be present in Information Technology (IT) equipment. Some of the SVHC substances are not included on this table for various reasons, such as they are already restricted by other laws or are unlikely to be present in IT equipment. Annex NN has the list of SVHC, as of the date of this document, including those with a potential to be in IT equipment. Please note, the underlined text above emphasizes the need to report on the PCD substances and their weights present in the Deliverable to TGCS, which may be different from the weight of the substances in the raw material used.

If an SVHC is present in a Deliverable at or above the reporting concentrations, report it on the PCD. If an SVHC in Table 5 or Annex NN is present in a Deliverable at or above the reporting concentrations, the Supplier must provide a customer communication to TGCS meeting the requirement of Article 33 of the EU REACH Regulation when the Deliverable is procured by TGCS in the European Union. Please provide a copy of this communication to the author of this specification. Information about REACH can be found at the European Chemicals Agency website <u>www.echa.europa.eu</u>.

SVHC (from proposed Candidate List)	CAS Number	Reporting Concentration	Examples of industry uses
Acrylamide	79-06-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Synthesis of polyacrylamides. Polyacrylamides can be used in various applications, e.g., paper processing, gels, and grouting agent.
Aluminosilicate, Refractory Ceramic Fibers	Not available	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	High temperature insulating fiber for industrial furnaces, pipes, ducts, and cables. Fire protection equipment, e.g., heat shields. Brake pads, air bags, catalytic converters, and metal reinforcements.

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Ammonium	3825-26-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Processing aid in the production of
pentadecafluorooctanoate (APFO)		of the Deliverable	fluoropolymers and fluoroelastomers and other
		or the benverable	surfactant uses.
Anthracene	120-12-7	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Scintillator for radiation detection. Radiation
		of the Deliverable	therapy dosimetry. Used to make dyes, plastics,
			and pesticides.
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,	71888-89-6	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Plasticizer in PVC, sealants, and printing inks.
di-C 6 - 8 - branched alkyl esters,		of the Deliverable	
C7 -rich (Diisoheptyl phthalate)	1		
(DIHP)			
. , ,	68515-42-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Plasticizer
di-C 7-11- branched and linear		of the Deliverable.	
alkyl esters (Di(heptyl, nonyl,			
undecyl)phthalate - DHNUP)			
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,	68515-50-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Plasticizer in PVC, rubbers, inks, and lacquers.
dihexyl ester,		of the Deliverable.	
branched and linear			
2-benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-di-	3846-71-7	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	UV stabilizer.
tert-butylphenol (UV-320)	5040717	of the Deliverable.	
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-	25973-55-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	UV stabilizer in coatings, ABS resin, epoxy resin,
4,6-ditertpentylphenol (UV- 328)	23373-33-1	of the Deliverable.	fiber resin, propylene and polyvinyl chloride.
		of the benverable.	inder resin, propylene and poryvinyremonde.
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-	36437-37-3	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	
(tert-butyl)-6-(sec-		the Deliverable	
butyl)phenol (UV-350)			
Benzo[def]chrysene	50-32-8	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	
(Benzo[a]pyrene)		the Deliverable	
Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate	117-82-8	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Plasticizer for nitrocellulose, acetyl
	11/ 02 0	of the Deliverable	cellulose, polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl
			chloride and polyvinylidene chloride.
			Enameled wire, film, high-strength varnish and
			adhesive.
Bis(tributyltin)oxide (p)	56-35-9	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Antiseptic, antifungal agent, paint,
	50 55 5	of the Deliverable	pigment, antistaining, refrigerant, foaming agent,
			and extinguishant.
Boric acid	10043-35-3,	At or above 0.1% weight by weight	Applications include electrolytic
	11113-50-1	of the Deliverable	capacitors, glass, ceramics, rubber, flame
	11110 50 1	or the benverable	retardants, paints, industrial fluids,
			soldering products, wood veneers, pressed wood
			panels, and film developers.
Cadmium	7440-43-9	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	
	,	the Deliverable	electroplating baths, electrical connectors and
			connector inserts, cadmium plated fasteners and
			bearing components,
			as an alloying element in copper, tin, and zinc
			alloys, electrical conductors, electrical contact
			materials in line starters and solenoid relays, and
			other devices subject to high surge current,
			pigment in plastic, inks, and dispersant in plastic.
			Please note, most of these applications are prohibited by the EU RoHS Directive.
			promoted by the LO Kons Directive.

Cadmium chloride	10108-64-2		Applications include electroplating and
		the Deliverable	electrogalvanizing, manufacture of solar cells
Cadmium fluoride	7790-79-6	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Can be used in certain phosphorus for luminescent screens. Manufacture of glass, high- temperature dry film lubricant, and optical applications. Active component in fluxes for soldering of aluminum and its alloys.
Cadmium oxide	1306-19-0	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	
Cadmium sulphate	10124-36-4; 31119-53-6	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Metal surface coating. Additive to increase performance of lead acid batteries.
Cadmium sulphide	1306-23-6	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Used as a pigment. Used in manufacturing of photoresistors. Used for thin-film transistors. As a thin film can be used in piezoelectric and as transducers.
Cobalt (II) carbonate	513-79-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Used as an intermediate in the hydrometallurgical purification of cobalt from its ores, as an inorganic pigment, and as a precursor to catalysts.
Cobalt (II) diacetate	71-48-7	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Used in production of intermediate chemicals, surface treatments, and adhesion improvement between rubber and steel.
Cobalt dichloride	7646-79-9	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Cobalt plating and cobalt based pigments and drien compounds (desiccants). Pneumatic panels for indicating water contamination.
Cobalt (II) dinitrate	10141-05-6	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Used in production of intermediate chemicals, surface treatment and batteries.
Cobalt (II) sulphate	10124-43-3	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Used in production of intermediate chemicals, surface treatment, corrosion prevention, batteries, preparation of pigments, manufacture of drier in lithographic inks.
Diboron trioxide (Please note, report this substance only if it is present in a Deliverable in its pure original form, do not report if the substance is incorporated into a glass or bonded chemical structure).	1303-86-2	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Glass
Diisopentylphthalate	605-50-5	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Plasticizer. Used in manufacture of propellants.
Di-n-hexyl phthalate (DNHP) (synonym - dihexyl phthalate)	84-75-3	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Plasticizer
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1,2-dimethoxyethane; ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDME)	110-71-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Possible use in batteries
2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-(5- chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)phenol (UV-327)	3864-99-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	
Dipentyl phthalate (DPP)	131-18-0	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable.	Plasticizer in polyvinyl chloride
Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	1330-43-4 (anhydrous), 12179-04-3 (pentahydrate), 1303-96-4 (decahydrate)	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Wood preservative. Biocide. Electrolytic capacitors.
2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Solvent for commercial and industrial applications. Multipurpose cleaner in such products as varnish remover and degreasers.
2-Ethoxyethyl acetate	111-15-9	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Solvent. Used in formulations of paints, lacquers and varnishes for industrial uses.
2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4- dioctyl- 7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5 – dithia -4 – stannatetra decanoate (DOTE)	15571-58-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Use in manufacture of rubber and plastic products. Heat stabilizer in PVC. Coloring agent.
Fatty acids, C16-18, lead salts	91031-62-8	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Potential use in PVC processing for cables and power cords
Hydrazine	7803-57-8; 302-01-2	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Blowing agent for thermoplastic and Elastomers. Organic dyes for textiles. Precursor to polymerization catalysts. Metallization of glass, plastics and metals. Nickel and palladium electroless deposition. Making PCB holes conductive.
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (Bisphenol A; BPA)	80-05-7	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	
Lead hydrogen arsenate Please note Table 1 of this specification and RoHS Specifications 97P3864 already restrict lead levels in many applications.	7784-40-9	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Biocide for wood.

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Land monovide (land	1217 20 9	At an above 0.1% weight by weight of	Detential use in load said betteries Class
Lead monoxide (lead	1317-36-8	• , •	Potential use in lead acid batteries Glass
oxide) trioxide (Please note,		the Deliverable	
report this substance only if it is			
present in a Deliverable in its pure			
original form, do not report if the			
substance is incorporated into a			
glass or bonded chemical			
structure).			
Lead oxide sulphate	12036-76-9	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Potential use in lead acid batteries
Lead titanium trioxide	12060-00-3	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Ceramics
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Manufacture of rubber and plastic products.
		the Deliverable.	Multipurpose solvent, for example, in varnishes,
			dyes, and resins.
1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	High temperature coating, urethane dispersions,
		the Deliverable.	acrylic and styrene latexes. Paint remover,
			industrial degreaser, and injection head and cast-
			molding equipment cleaner. Cleaning, de-fluxing,
			edge bead removal and photoresist stripping.
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	
	50 55 5	the Deliverable	
N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC)	127-19-5	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	
		the Deliverable	
Orange lead (lead tetroxide)	1314-41-6	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Potential use in lead acid batteries
		the Deliverable	
Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid	335-67-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Surfactant in emulsion polymerization of
(PFOA)		the Deliverable	fluoropolymers
Perfluorononan-1-oic acid and its	See Annex NN	At or above the 0.1% weight by	
sodium and ammonium salts		weight of the Deliverable	
[Phthalate (2-)]dioxotrilead	69011-06-9	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Potential plasticizer in cable jacketing
1,3-propanesultone	1120-71-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	
Pyrochlore, antimony lead yellow	8012-00-8	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of the Deliverable	Potential pigment in paints and inks
5-sec-butyl-2-(2 <i>,</i> 4-		At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	
dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-		the Deliverable	
methyl-1,3-dioxane [1]			
5-sec-butyl-2-(4,6-			
dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-			
methyl-1,3-dioxane[2]			
Covering any of the individual			
stereoisomers of [1] and [2] or			
any combination thereof			

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Reaction mass of 2-ethyl hexyl 10-	Not Available	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Heat stabilizer in PVC.
ethyl-4,4-dioctyl- 7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-		the Deliverable	
dithia-4- stannatetradecanoate			
and 2- ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4-[[2-			
[(2-ethylheyxl)oxy]- 2-			
oxoethyl]thio]-4-octyl-7- oxo-8-			
oxa-3,5-dithia-4-			
stannatetradecanoate (reaction			
mass of DOTE and MOTE)			
Tetraboron disodium heptaoxide,	12267-73-1	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Applications include electrolytic capacitors, glass
hydrate		the Deliverable	and glass fibers, ceramics, cleaners, industrial
			fluids, metallurgy, adhesives, wood applications,
			and flame retardants.
Tetralead trioxide sulphate	12202-17-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Potential stabilizer in PVC
		the Deliverable	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	96-18-4	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Paint and varnish remover. Solvent for oils, fats,
		the Deliverable	waxes, rubber, and resins. Degreasing agent.
Triethyl arsenate	15606-95-8	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	Biocide for wood.
		the Deliverable	
Zirconia Aluminosilicate,	Not available	At or above 0.1% weight by weight of	High temperature insulating fiber for industrial
Refractory Ceramic Fibers		the Deliverable	furnaces, pipes, ducts, cables, and high-temp test
			equipment. Fire protection equipment such as
			heat shields. Used for brake pads, catalytic
			converters, metal reinforcement, and air bags

# 3.3 Marking of Products and Parts

# 3.3.1 Product/Part

# 3.3.1.1 Logo and Compliance Identification Number

A mark, such as a logo, identifying the producer of a Product must be permanently affixed and clearly displayed on the Product. Examples of Products requiring a logo include, but are not limited to printers, servers, workstations, storage products, external drives, Uninterruptible Power Supplies, monitors including both standalone and monitors embedded in a system, keyboards, mice, kiosks, external power supplies, and power distribution units.

Products must have a compliance identification number, e.g., batch or serial number allowing identification of the product. Examples of this identification include machine type, machine type model, feature code, or part number. This information must be located on the product. It may be located on the agency label. Where the size or nature of the product does not allow it, the required information must be provided on the packaging or in a document accompanying the EEE. The compliance identification number must match the Declaration of Conformity (DoC) required for RoHS and EU Energy Related Products (ERP) regulations. See Sections 3.11 and 3.13 for additional details about DoCs.

# 3.3.1.2 California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act

A warning, compliant to the requirements of the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, must be placed on Deliverables containing a substance listed on the California list of Chemicals Know to the State to Cause Cancer or Reproductive Toxicity when these substances are incorporated in a manner to expose any individual to the chemical. The list of substances and the warning information can be found at: http://www.oehha.org/prop65/law/P65law72003.html

For use of lead in Frequently Handled Cables, see Table 1. Lead concentrations below 300ppm in Frequently Handled Cables do not require a warning label as described above. TGCS will request a laboratory analysis to document the level of lead in the cable jacketing of Frequently Handled Cables. The test report must use a method of sufficient sensitivity to establish a limit of quantification of less than 300ppm. Frequently handled cables include but are not limited to:

- Computer mouse cords,
- Computer peripheral wires and cables designed to plug into front of system (e.g. USB cords),
- Computer peripheral AC adapter cord and I/F cable for portable computers or portable peripheral devices,
- Computer peripheral PCMCIA card cord for portable computers,
- Computer peripheral wires and cables for portable computers,
- Desktop computer power/patch/pin cords designed to plug into front of computer,
- External CD/DVD and tape drives for portable computers,
- Mobile PC computer cords,
- Computer joystick,
- Audio or video adapter cords for portable products,
- Audio or video cable for portable products,
- Audio/Video/Computer/telecommunications cables packaged individually for retail sales,
- Portable digital imaging equipment,
- Portable DVD player,
- Portable power adapters, AC adapters for foreign outlets and other voltage converters,
- Portable ZIP drives,
- Scanners for portable computers, and
- USB, firewire cords.

# 3.3.1.3 California Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials

Deliverables with 6 parts per billion (ppb) or greater of perchlorate materials (see Annex MM for a list of some perchlorate substances) must include the following information with the Deliverable when shipping to a customer:

"For California: Perchlorate Material – special handling may apply. See

http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate. The foregoing notice is provided in accordance with California Code of Regulations Title 22, Division 4.5 Chapter 33 Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials."

This requirement may be fulfilled by TGCS via customer notices, please contact your TGCS representative for more information. The following may be used to fulfill this requirement:

- a. TGCS label part number 15R7482, or
- b. TGCS flyer part number 42R6959, or
- c. TGCS Environmental Notices and User Guide, either hardcopy or CD, pdf file located at: <a href="http://www.toshibacommerce.com/support/publications">www.toshibacommerce.com/support/publications</a>

## 3.3.1.4 CE Mark for European Union and other jurisdictions

See Sections 3.11 and 3.13 for CE marking requirements for Energy Related Products (ERP) and RoHS regulations.

Engineering prototypes, which are put on display at trade fairs, exhibitions and demonstrations in the EU or other jurisdictions requiring a CE mark to indicate compliance to RoHS or ERP requirements, must be visibly labeled stating that the product may not be placed on the market and/or put into service until conformity is obtained. Please contact the author of this document for more information. Example wording for the label applied on the product may include, "This device is an engineering prototype that has not obtained required agency authorizations. This device is not, and may not be offered for sale or lease, or sold or leased until authorization has been obtained. This device is the property of Toshiba and is not for resale."

The CE marking is the only marking that may be placed on the product to indicate the product or part is in conformance with an EU CE marking legislation. Other marks may be present on the part or product, but they must have a different function from that of demonstrating conformity to an EU CE marking legislation.

# 3.3.2 Plastic Part Marking

This section applies only to Toshiba logo Products and to Deliverables when those Deliverables are incorporated or integrated within a Toshiba logo Product. If a supplier has questions about whether this section applies to a particular Deliverable, they should consult their TGCS Procurement representative.

Plastic parts molded and/or fabricated from thermoplastic materials and weighing 25 grams or more must be marked in accordance with the International Organization for Standardization's international standard ISO 11469:2000 "Plastics- Generic identification and marking of plastics products." The marking convention of ISO 11469 is outline in the following sections. Marking is optional for plastic Parts weighing less than 25 grams, however, all plastic Parts having adequate surface area for coding should be marked. Marking requirements do not apply to cable and cable assemblies, experimental tooling or to plastic Parts without adequate surface area for coding. Marking of protective packaging

materials is not in the scope of this specification. See Section 2.5 for information concerning the location of packaging specifications.

## 3.3.2.1 Coding Method

The marking shall be made by injection molding, stamping, or other means of permanently affixing the information in a readily visible area on non-decorative or nonfunctional surfaces. Marking in a readily visible area means that the marking can be seen on the disassembled plastic Parts. Use of labels with adhesives for coding Parts is not allowed.

Notes:

- 1. When two or more resins may be used for production of a plastic Part, identification of the actual resin used for fabrication is required.
- 2. If the plastic Parts must be plated or painted on the internal surface, it may not be possible to have a readily visible injection molded-in marking. In such cases, it may be necessary to code the Parts with a stamp or other means of permanently affixing the information. If the Parts must be painted with a decorative paint, it must be indicated on the internal surface with an appropriate means (for example, stamp) that the Part has been painted.

# 3.3.2.2 Symbol to Signify Recyclability

To indicate that the plastic Material used for the fabrication of the Part is recyclable, the two symbols ">" and "<" (normally used to indicate greater than and less than) will be used. Marking with these symbols indicates that the Material which makes up the Part is recyclable. Note: The size of the symbol is optional as long as it is clearly legible.

### 3.3.2.3 Resin Generic Identification

Resin identification will be marked on plastic Parts using the symbol for polymer type in between the symbols > and < as shown in the example of polycarbonate/ABS blend below.

> PC+ABS<

The symbols for the plastic Materials shall be selected from Part 1 of international standard ISO 1043, Plastics-Symbols and abbreviated terms. Symbols of plastics not appearing in ISO 1043-1 shall be selected from ASTM D 4000, *Classification System for Specifying Plastic Materials*; and ASTM D 1600, *Terminology Relating to Abbreviations, Acronyms and Codes for Terms Relating to Plastics*. See table entitled "Commonly Used Resins" for typical examples.

Table 6. Commonly Used Resins		
Generic Family Name	Polymer Symbol	
Polyamide	PA	
Polycarbonate	PC	
Poly(phenylene ether)	PPE	
Polymethylmethacrylate	РММА	

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Poystyrene	PS
Polyvinyl chloride	PVC
Acrylonitrile/Butadiene/Styrene	ABS
Polycarbonate + Acrylonitrile/Butadiene/Styrene	PC+ABS
Polycarbonate with 10% glass fiber	PC – GF10

When two or more resins may be used for production of a Part, identification of the actual resin used for fabrication can be displayed by arrows. See table below for examples.

Table 7. Examples of Completed Plastic Part Markings		
Example	Marking	
Single material used in production of Part	> ABS-FR(17) <	
Two or more generically different materials allowed for production of Part	Arrow points to actual material used in production. > ABS-FR(17) < $\rightarrow$ > PC + ABS-FR(40)<	

Additives identification shall be marked on plastic Parts using the generic symbols from the series of international standards ISO 1043-2, 1043-3, and 1043-4. For example, a blend of polycarbonate/ABS with halogen-free organic phosphate flame retardant compounds is marks with the following code:

> PC+ABS-FR(40) <

# 3.4 Additional Requirements for Batteries

# **3.4.1 Battery Content Restrictions**

All batteries contained in Deliverables cover by ES 3ADENVM0001 shall meet the requirements of the table below.

Table 8. Battery Content Restrictions		
Battery Type	Restrictions	
All Battery Types, including accumulators. (Some battery types have more restrictive substance levels; see following entries on this table.)	<ul> <li>No intentionally-introduced mercury</li> <li>≤ 0.0005% mercury by weight in homogeneous materials<sup>1, 11</sup></li> <li>≤ 0.001% cadmium by weight (Note the lower cadmium restrictions for some battery types below.)<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Only battery types which are exempted from all hazardous materials transport regulations (surface and air), i.e., not classified as a hazardous material (for purposes of transport) or dangerous good, can be used. Refer to 92F6933 for these requirements or contact the TGCS Hazardous Materials Transportation Coordinator.</li> </ul>	
Nonremovable batteries or accumulators, unless the battery is nonremovable due to user safety or other principal purpose of the Deliverable.	<ul> <li>≤ 0.0005% cadmium by weight<sup>5</sup></li> <li>≤ 0.1% lead by weight<sup>5</sup></li> <li>≤ 0.0005% mercury by weight<sup>5</sup></li> </ul>	
Alkaline zinc manganese dioxide	<ul> <li>≤ 0.001% cadmium<sub>4, 6</sub></li> <li>≤ 0.004% lead<sup>2, 6, 9</sup></li> <li>≤ 0.001% mercury<sup>2, 6, 9</sup></li> </ul>	
Alkaline manganese button cell battery with mercury added	Prohibited <sup>7</sup>	

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Lead Acid, Sealed	Must be classified as non-spillable and meet the requirements of US Code of Federal Regulation, 49 CFR 173.159a and IATA Special Provision A67.	
Mercuric oxide button cell battery	Prohibited <sup>7</sup>	
Nickel Cadmium (Ni-Cd)	Prohibited <sup>1</sup>	
Silver oxide mercury added button cell batteries, including silver oxide button cell batteries designated SR357, SR364, SR371, SR377 and SR395	Prohibited <sup>7</sup>	
Zinc-air button cell battery with mercury added	Prohibited <sup>7, 8</sup>	
Zinc carbon	<ul> <li>≤0.200% lead by weight<sup>2</sup></li> <li>≤ 0.001% cadmium by weight<sup>4</sup> (R6, R14 and R20)</li> <li>≤ 0.0001% mercury by weight<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>	
Zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries	• ≤ 0.005 mg/g mercury <sup>10</sup>	
Non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide	<ul> <li>≤ 0.001% cadmium<sup>4, 6, 9</sup></li> <li>≤ 0.100% lead<sup>2, 6</sup></li> <li>≤ 0.0001% mercury<sup>2, 6</sup></li> </ul>	

Note – the regulations cited below are only a sample of the regulations pertaining to batteries. They are provided for example purp oses only. <sup>1</sup> EU Directive 2006/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 September 2006 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators.

<sup>2</sup> Argentina National Legislature Act 26.184 on the manufacturing, assembly and importing of batteries.

<sup>3</sup> New York Battery Reduction and Elimination. New York State Consolidated Laws. Environmental Conservation

<sup>4</sup> Austrian Battery Ordinances 514/1990, as amended by BGBI No. 3/1991 (4 January 1991) and BGBI, II No. 495/1999 (28 December 1999) of the Ordinance of Federal Ministry for Environment, Youth and Family.

<sup>5</sup> Switzerland Ordinance of Risk Reduction related to the Use of certain particularly dangerous Substances, Preparations and Articles.

<sup>6</sup> Brazil Resolution Number 401 of November 4, 2008 Batteries.

<sup>7</sup> Main Act Concerning Mercury-added Button Cell Batteries.

<sup>8</sup> 2011 Wisconsin Act 201 relating to zinc air button cell batteries

<sup>9</sup> GB 24427-2009 Limitation of mercury, cadmium and lead contents for alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries. National Standards of the People's Republic of China.

<sup>10</sup> GB 24428-2009 Limitation of mercury contents for zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries. National Standards of the People's Republic of China.

<sup>11</sup> Canada Products Containing Mercury Regulations SOR/2014-254.

# 3.4.2 Product Design, Management Plans, and Labeling Requirements for Batteries

All batteries contained in Deliverables covered by ES 3ADENVM0001 shall be designed for easy identification and removal. Batteries must be classified as non-hazardous (for purposes of transport) by all modes of transport as required by 92F6933. Data (safety data sheets for all batteries, plus UN38.3 test reports for lithium batteries) used to classify batteries as non-hazardous in transport must be supplied to TGCS upon request. For further information on this, please contact the TGCS Hazardous Materials Transportation Coordinator.

Suppliers of Deliverables with lead acid batteries must provide TGCS with a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) with is current, e.g., less than 3 years old, and conforms to US Occupational Safety and Health Administration requirements in 29 Code of Federal Register 1910. A copy of this MSDS must accompany

lead acid batteries which ship to a TGCS customer, including end use customers, Business Partners, and OEM customers. The MSDS must also be available upon request in Spanish.

Battery manufacturers must comply with Battery Management Plans as required by multiple jurisdictions, including, but not limited to those listed in the table below. TGCS Procurement may request written documentation from a Supplier verifying compliance and upon such request; Supplier must provide this compliance documentation. The table below briefly outlines some battery management plan requirements by jurisdiction for batteries sold for commercial, industrial or business applications. The list is not all-inclusive.

Table 9. Limited Summary of Battery Management Plan Requirements by Jurisdiction		
Jurisdiction	Battery type requiring management plan	
Brazil	Lead acid, nickel cadmium, mercury oxide, alkaline manganese and zinc manganese	
Ecuador	Primary batteries: mercury oxide batteries Secondary batteries: nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, nickel iron and lithium ion batteries	
EU Countries, as well as Israel and Turkey	All	
Florida	Rechargeable nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid batteries, weighing less than 25 pounds excluding those used for memory backup	
Maine	Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid batteries	
Maryland	Nickel cadmium or lead acid batteries	
Minnesota	Rechargeable batteries Mercuric oxide, silver oxide, nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid batteries	
New Jersey	Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium, sealed lead rechargeable, alkaline manganese, lithium, silver oxide, zinc- air, and zinc-carbon batteries Any button, coin, cylindrical, rectangular or other shaped battery consisting of two or more cells composed of lead, lithium, manganese, mercury, mercuric oxide, silver oxide, cadmium, zinc, copper or other metals	
Vermont	Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium or sealed lead acid	

Note: The list of requirements in this table is not all inclusive of all legally mandated Battery Management Plan requirements.

All Batteries shall have appropriate labels affixed, including but not limited to:

- Battery type and chemistry (IEC standard name is acceptable for button cells, e.g., CR2032, BR1225, see IEC 60086-2),
- 2. Manufacturer name,
- 3. Capacity rating on all batteries with the exception of coin cell
  - a. All batteries must have capacity displayed in Ah on a label with a minimum size of 1mm x 5mm,
  - b. Lithium ion batteries also require the specific marking format of Wh, see 92F6933, and
- 4. Other markings, hazard warnings, and information as required by applicable laws and regulations.

Battery labels or markings must be printed visibly, legibly and indelibly. The battery marking shall be located on or adjacent to each battery unless otherwise noted in this Section. Deliverables containing batteries that are not readily identifiable must be clearly labeled on the exterior to indicate the presence of a battery inside. In battery packs, individual cells may be labeled (in cases where multiple

manufactures or chemistries cannot clearly be identified using a single label for the pack) or one label may be used for the pack.

Batteries and batteries in Deliverables must meet the requirements in this and the following sections. These requirements must be met irrespective of the jurisdiction where the Deliverable is transferred to TGCS.

# 3.4.2.1 Requirements for the EU, Brazil, Macedonia, Turkey, and multiple other jurisdictions

Instructions must be provided in the Product or Part hardware publications, showing how batteries can be removed safely by either the customer or a qualified professional and informing the customer of the type of battery in the Deliverable. These instructions must accompany the product, if not, a reference to the web location of the removal instructions must accompany the product.

A mark indicating separate collection must be printed on all batteries or accumulators. See the figure in this section. The mark must (1) consist of a crossed-out wheeled bin container; (2) cover at least 3% of the area of the largest side of the battery, accumulator or battery pack, up to a maximum size of 5cm x 5cm; (3) for cylindrical cells, the symbol should cover at least 1.5% of the surface area of the battery or accumulator, and shall have a maximum size of 5cm x 5cm; and (4) where the mark would be smaller than 0.5cm x 0.5cm, the battery, accumulator or battery pack need not be marked but a symbol measuring at least 1cm x 1cm must be printed on the package. Refer to specification 5897661 "Recyclable Packaging Materials" for more details about the marking on the packaging if required.

In addition to the above, batteries and accumulators containing heavy metals must be marked with specific symbols for heavy metal content: Hg for mercury content greater than 0.0005% mercury; Cd for cadmium content greater than 0.002% cadmium; Pb for lead content greater than 0.004% lead. These symbols must be printed beneath the separate collection mark and must cover an area at least ¼ of the size of the symbol.



Figure 1. Collection and heavy metal content marking for a lead acid battery

See previous section for capacity rating labeling requirements.

Batteries shall be tested as required in Turkey Announcement 2009/15 by a Turkey accredited laboratory. The analysis shall show compliance of the battery to the substance restrictions in the Turkey Page **46** of **135** 

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Regulation for Used Batteries and Accumulators, Number 25569 for mercury and cadmium. The analysis shall be completed and dated within six months of submittal to TGCS.

# 3.4.2.2 Requirements for the United States

In the United States, the Mercury-Containing and Rechargeable Battery Management Act (Public Law 104-142) establishes national, uniform labeling requirements for rechargeable batteries, such as nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, lithium ion, small sealed lead acid batteries, and products containing these regulated batteries as a primary energy supply. Products that include an internal uninterrupted power supply (UPS) device are exempt. Regulated batteries must display three chasing arrows or a comparable recycling symbol and the text indicated in the table below for the respective regulated items. No size or color requirements for the recycling symbol are specified in the regulation. EPA publication EPA5330-K-97-009, "Implementation of the Mercury-Containing and Rechargeable Battery Management Act" depicts the three chasing arrows symbol shown in the figure below.



Figure 2. Three chasing arrows symbol from the US Battery Management Act

The required labeling must appear on the packaging of the Products containing regulated batteries that are not easily removable, and on the packaging of regulated batteries that are sold separately from such Products, if the labeling on the Product or battery is not visible through the packaging.

Table 10. Text for Battery Marking for the US Battery Management Act		
Regulated Item	Text	
Nickel-cadmium batteries*	Nickel cadmium or Ni-Cd with the phrase "BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY"	
Lead acid batteries	Pb or the words "LEAD," "RETURN," and "RECYCLE", and if the batteries are sealed, the phrase "BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED."	
Products containing regulated lead acid batteries that are not easily removable	"CONTAINS SEALED LEAD BATTERY. BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED."	
Product containing Ni-Cd batteries that are not easily removable	"CONTAINS NICKEL CADMIUM BATTERY. BATTERY MUST BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF PROPERLY."	

\* Nickel cadmium batteries are prohibited from use in Deliverables covered by this specification. See Table 8.

California – In California, certain coin or button cell lithium manganese dioxide batteries may require a label or flyer. Lithium manganese dioxide batteries containing perchlorate substances must either be:

- 1. Clearly labeled on the exterior of the shipping package, or
- 2. Have included with the Deliverable a shipping document or package insert.

The label or the insert must have the following statements, "Perchlorate Material – special handling may apply. See http://www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate/." The following must also be included on the label or insert for Toshiba log Products or Deliverables incorporated within a Toshiba logo

Product, "The foregoing notice is provided in accordance with California Code of Regulations Title 22, Division 4.5 Chapter 33. Best Management Practices for Perchlorate Materials. This product/part includes a lithium manganese dioxide battery which contains a perchlorate substance."

Wisconsin – Manufacturers of zinc air button cell batteries must certify to the State of Wisconsin that the battery contains no mercury that was intentionally introduced.

# 3.4.2.3 Requirements for China

The China Regulation on Mercury Content Limitation for Batteries requires all domestically manufactured and imported alkaline zinc manganese and zinc-manganese batteries sold in China to be marked to indicate mercury content using Chinese characters equivalent to "low mercury" (if the mercury content is less than 0.025% of the weight of the battery) or "mercury free" (if the mercury content is less than 0.0001% of the weight of the battery).

China Management Methods for Controlling Pollution by Electronic Information Products, Ministry of Information Industry (MII) Order #39 requires a Mark logo on all batteries except lead acid batteries and on batteries where due to size and function the battery may not be able to be labeled. Button and coin cell batteries are examples of batteries which may not be able to be labeled with a Mark logo. See Section 3.9 for more information in regard to labeling batteries with a China Mark logo. In the case where batteries cannot be labeled due to size or function restrictions, the battery must be listed on the Hazardous Substance Table, see Section 3.9 for details. An example China Mark logo for a battery can be found in the following Figure.



Figure 3. Example of China Mark Logo for batteries

# 3.4.2.4 Requirements for Taiwan

All dry cell batteries sold in Taiwan are required to have the "Four-in-One" recycling symbol and the words, in Chinese characters, which interpreted mean "Please recycle batteries." See Figure below. The "Four-in-One" recycling symbol must be printed in any solid color (monotone), must be square in shape with each side not smaller than 0.5cm in packaging and 1.5cm in user manuals and product literature. The recycle symbol and words should be placed in one of the following locations only, using this order of priority:

- 1. On the battery,
- 2. As close to the battery as possible,
- 3. On the cardboard packaging of the field replaceable unit (FRU),
- 4. On a flyer that goes with the battery,

- 5. On the Product containing the battery, or
- 6. The symbol and words should appear in hardware manuals.



廢電池清回收

Figure 4. Four-in-One recycling symbol and words for Taiwan

#### 3.4.2.5 Requirements for Japan

Rechargeable sealed lead acid, nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride, and lithium ion batteries sold inside Japan shall be labeled according to Ordinance No. 95 of the Ministry of Economy, Trade, and Industry under the Law for the Promotion of the Effective Utilization of Resources (Law No. 48, 1993 as amended, 2001). These requirements are summarized in the Tables and Forms below. Sealed lead acid batteries with greater than 234,000 coulombs charge and small coin type rechargeable batteries that are contained inside Products are exempted from the special Japanese labeling requirements of this section.

Class of the Specified Labeled Product	Form*
Sealed lead storage batteries not covered by using plastic or other materials and sealed lead storage batteries covered	Form 1
by using plastic or other material with height of less than 10mm	
Sealed lead storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm or more	Form 2
Sealed alkaline storage batteries (limited to sealed nickel-cadmium storage batteries. The same will apply in this item	Form 3
and the next item.) not covered by using plastic or other materials and sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by	
using plastic or other material with height of less than 10mm	
Sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm or more	Form 4
Sealed alkaline storage batteries (limited to sealed nickel-hydrogen storage batteries. The same will apply in this item	Form 5
and the next item.) not covered by using plastic or other materials and sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by using	
plastic or other materials with height of less than 10mm	
Sealed alkaline storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm ore more	Form 6
Lithium storage batteries not covered by using plastic or other materials and lithium storage batteries covered by using	Form 7
plastic or other materials with height of less than 10mm	
Sealed lithium storage batteries covered by using plastic or other materials with height of 10mm ore more	Form 8

\* Forms appear on the following pages

#### Form 1



(Remarks)

The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.





#### Form 3



The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.





#### Form 5

#### Form 7



(Remarks)

The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.





Characters
Li-ion
(Remarks)

The letter size shall be 4.5 point type or bigger as provided in Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) Z 8305.





# 3.4.2.6 Requirements for Brazil

Lead acid, nickel cadmium, mercury oxide, alkaline manganese, and zinc manganese batteries or accumulators shall be labeled in accordance to the requirement for the European Union, see previous section for the EU. In addition, these batteries must be clearly and indelibly labeled in Brazilian Portuguese with the following information:

- Identification of the importer and manufacturer,
- Warning about risks to human health and the environment, and
- Requirement to return the battery, after use, to the reseller, manufacturer, or importer.

See your Toshiba engineering representative for the part number that Toshiba logo products may use for this requirement. If there is insufficient space on the batteries to put the above information then this information must be on the packaging and in the product manual. Shipping the latest version of the TGCS Environmental Notices and User Guide (ENUG) with the product or part with the battery will meet the product manual requirements. See Section 3.10 for additional information about the ENUG.

The manufacturer of these batteries must:

- 1. Register in the Brazil Federal Technical Register of Activities that are Potentially Contaminating or that Use Environmental Resources.
- 2. Test the batteries in accordance to Chapter 1, Section 3 of Brazil Resolution Number 401 of November 4, 2008 (and Article 3 of Brazil Normative Instruction NI) No.8) at an in-country (Brazil) INMETRO accredited laboratory. The testing results must be submitted annually to TGCS, the Brazil National Institute of Metrology and Standards (INMETRO), and the Brazil Institute of the Environment and Renewable Natural Resources (IBAMS). Please not this testing requirement applies only to lead acid, zinc manganese and alkaline manganese batteries and accumulators only. (This testing also applies to nickel cadmium and mercury oxide batteries, which are not allowed in TGCS products.)
- 3. Submit a battery management plan to the required Brazil environmental agency (IBAMA).
- 4. Include in the packaging, in Brazilian Portuguese, information about the symbols, warnings on the risks to human health and the environment, and the necessity to return the battery after use to the reseller, manufacturer or importer.

# 3.4.2.7 Requirements for Ecuador

Mercuric oxide, nickel cadmium, nickel metal hydride and nickel iron batteries shipping individually, not incorporated into a product or part, must be labeled with the following:

#### **ADVERTENCIA**

La pila usada es un desecho peligroso para la salud y el ambiente.

La pilas usadas deberán devolverse al momento de adquirir una nueva."

This translates to, "WARNING Waste batteries are a hazardous waste for the health and environment. Waste batteries shall be returned at the time to buy new ones."

# 3.4.3 Requirements for alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries

# 3.4.3.1 Requirements for the People's Republic of China

#### Reference

GB24427-2009 National Standards of the People's Republic of China. Limitation of mercury, cadmium and lead contents for alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries.

GB 24427-2009 National Standards of the People's Republic of China. Limitation of mercury content for zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries.

#### Requirement

Alkaline and non-alkaline zinc manganese dioxide batteries (excluding button batteries) must be labeled with the following:

- 1. Model type;
- 2. Production year and month and validation, or recommended time of expiration;
- 3. Positive and negative contact;
- 4. Nominal voltage;
- 5. Name and address of the manufacturer or supplier;
- 6. Trade mark;
- 7. Code number of the standard followed;
- 8. Notification of safe use (warning notice);
- 9. Mercury content ("low mercury" or "mercury free"), in Chinese characters

2, 5, 7, 8 and 9 above can be marked on the package.

Method GB/T 20155-2006 is used to determine mercury, cadmium and lead content in these batteries.

Zinc silver oxide, zinc air and zinc manganese dioxide button batteries must be labeled with the following:

- 1. Model type;
- 2. Production year and month and validation, or recommended time of expiration;
- 3. Positive and negative contact;
- 4. Nominal voltage;
- 5. Name and address of the manufacturer or supplier;
- 6. Trade mark;
- 7. Code number of the standard followed;
- 8. Notification of safe use (warning notice);
- 9. Caution of preventing accidental swallowing;
- 10. Mercury content ("low mercury" or "mercury free"), in Chinese characters.

1 and 3 above must be marked on the battery. 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 and 10 above can be marked on the package.

Method GB/T 20155-2006 is used to determine mercury, cadmium, and lead content in these batteries.

## 3.5 Requirement for Decorative Metal Finishing

This section applies only to Toshiba logo Products and Deliverables when those Deliverables are incorporated or integrated within a Toshiba logo Product. If a Supplier has questions about whether this section applies to a particular Deliverable, they should consult their TGCS Procurement representative.

The decorative metal finishing of Toshiba logo hardware Products is required to be achieved using powder coatings. Decorative metal Parts and OEM Products with decorative metal housings must use powder coating. Exceptions to this requirement are applications where production volumes do no justify using the powder coating process; a unique color, texture, or "feel" (e.g., soft-touch) is specified; or conductive (e.g., electrostatic discharge (ESD), electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)) functional coatings are required. Powder coatings are not applicable for the finishing of plastic parts.

## 3.6 Requirements for Parts and Products Containing Mercury

Mercury containing components are prohibited in TGCS Deliverables. New parts or products releasing after October 2014 can no longer have mercury containing Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamps (CCFLs) (e.g., in Liquid Crystal Displays (LCDs)). For parts or products released before that date, the use of a mercury-containing CCFL must be reported to your TGCS procurement representative to ensure that the applicable legal requirements are met for Products containing mercury in CCFLs. TGCS Procurement will request information about the length of the fluorescent tube, as this determines the level of mercury allowed. All Parts or Products containing mercury and the packaging for the part or Product must be labeled in English and/or French Canadian for certain US State and Canada laws which require appropriate text indicating that mercury is present in the Part or Product and that the item must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations and requirements. This label must also be on any replacement parts and the packaging for the replacement parts which contain these mercury-containing components. Additionally, appropriate text must be added to user and service manuals for mercury-added Products indicating which Product components contain mercury and directing the Product owner to dispose of the Product per local regulations.

The table below provides a list of typical Information Technology (IT) Product categories that were known to contain mercury, and provides requirements for label wording, label font size, and user manual text. Labels and manual text for Product categories not listed in the table below must be reviewed and approved by your TGCS procurement representative.

Table 12. Mercury Added Product Labeling Information - US

#### TOSHIBA GLOBAL COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC.

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Product Type	Mercury Location	Mercury Amount	Product and Part Label Requirements*	Product and Replacement Part Package Label Requirements*	User/Service Manual Requirements
Flat Panel Display	Fluorescent lamp in display module	Displays range from 15 to 20 inches. Varies with the number of bulbs. Each bulb has ≤ 3.5mg of mercury. Mercury amount per product ranges from less than 10mg to less than 30mg. See Table 1 for mercury restrictions per lamp.	<ul> <li>Label Wording – "This product contains a cathode fluorescent lamp which contains mercury. Please refer to user manual or follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal of this machine."</li> <li>Label Location – rear panel of product.</li> <li>Label Construction – Per requirements of UL 969 Standard, "Marking and Labeling Systems."</li> <li>Minimum Capital Letter Text Height – 3.53mm**</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Label Wording – "This product contains a cathode fluorescent map which contains mercury. Please refer to user manual or follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal of this machine (or product)."</li> <li>Label Construction – Per requirements of UL 969 Standard, "Marking and Labeling Systems."</li> <li>Minimum Capital Letter Text Height – 3.53mm. **</li> </ul>	Statement Wording – "The fluorescent lamp in the liquid crystal display contains mercury. Dispose of it as required by local ordinances and regulations."

\* The labels must also be on the replacement part or product, such as a service part and the packaging for the replacement part. \*\* The State of Vermont requires a 10 point font which equates to a height of 3.53mm. If the text on the Product or Part label is not able to meet this height requirement, then an Alternative Labeling Plan must be submitted to and approved by the State of Vermont. TGCS may request documentation from the Supplier of an approved Alternative Labeling Plan. The label for the packaging must meet the 10 point font requirement.

For Canada, the following information is required in a readily visible location on the product and package:

- 1. The statement "Contains mercury/ Contient du mercure"
- 2. Safe handling procedures and the measures to be taken in case of accidental breakage, the address of a website where that information is available, or contact information for a person who can provide that information;
- The options available for the disposal and recycling of the product in accordance with the laws of the jurisdiction where the disposal or recycling is to take place, the address of a website where that information is available, or contact information for a person who can provide that information;
- 4. A statement that the product should be disposed of or recycled in accordance with the applicable laws; and
- 5. Symbol "Hg" in a font size of at least 10 points with characters that are at least 3mm in height or within a pictogram of at least 7mm in height.

The above information for Canada must be in both English and French Canadian; in a font size of at least 10 points with characters that are at least 3mm in height, that are legible and indelible and that are impressed, embossed or in a color that contrasts with the label's background or the color of the

product; be enclosed by a border, and be easily distinguishable from other graphic material on the product or its package. See the Canada regulation for further details if the product or package is too small, or there is no package to accommodate the information. Annual reporting and a permit is required to import mercury containing products into Canada after November 7, 2015.

In some jurisdictions, at the point of sale of a Product containing mercury, notification must be given to the customer that the product contains mercury. Contact your TGCS representative for more details or requirements.

### 3.7 Product Chemical Emissions

Chemical emissions analyses shall be performed on Products and supplies (e.g., toner), but are not necessary for Parts or subassemblies of Toshiba logo hardware Products. Products covered by this specification shall not emit chemicals during normal use conditions which exceed the threshold values or requirements listed in US 29 CRF 1910 (tables Z 1-3)) or the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Product chemical emissions requirements are delineated in ECMA 328: Detection and Measurement of Chemical Emissions from Electronic Equipment.

# 3.8 WEEE Marking

### 3.8.1 Affected Products and Jurisdictions

**Reference** (limited list of jurisdictions with WEEE requirements) EU Directive 2012/19/EU of the European parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) (recast) European Standard EN 50419 Marking of electrical and electronic equipment

Electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) which is put on the market in the European Union after August 13, 2005, and is listed in Annex II of EU Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) is subject to the requirements for product markings in accordance with the Directive. In addition to the products specified in this Annex of the WEEE Directive, stand-alone options that operate external to the products listed (e.g., keyboards, monitors, external power supplies, mice, external drives, racks, power distribution units) should also be marked. Components and internal parts of the stand-alone equipment listed in Annex II do no need to be marked. Please not that external power supplies, adapters and electronic tools require a WEEE label. This requirement is also required for several other jurisdictions, e.g., Buenos Aires, Argentina, Bosnia-Herzegovina, India, Jordan, Macedonia, Nigeria, Peru (recommended for Peru, not required), Serbia and Turkey.

# 3.8.2 WEEE Marking Elements, Including Date of Manufacture

The marking of EEE, in order to meet requirements in all jurisdictions, must have the following:

- The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol, including the black bar, in accordance with Annex IX of the WEEE Directive per Article 14(4). (Please note, the symbol of the crossed-out wheeled bin, without the underlying black bar, is the same as required for the battery collection mark in the EU, see Figure 5.)
- A unique identification of the producer such as a brand name, trademark, company registration number or other suitable means recorded in EU member state's register of producers per Article 12(1) of the Directive,
- 3. The date of manufacture/put on the market, and
- 4. A product identification number (compliance ID number) and serial number (for Nigeria).

The date of manufacture or date put on the market must be in un-coded text in accordance with EN 28601 (this European standard is equivalent to ISO 8601) or other coded text. If coded text is used, the code definition must be made available for treatment facilities and must be provided to TGCS. The preferred DOM format is YYYYMMDD. See Section 3.9.2 for additional DOM requirements for China. The specific placement of these markings is not prescribed other than for the relationship of the solid bar to the crossed-out wheeled bin.



Figure 5. The WEEE Mark

The markings must be visible, accessible, durable, legible, and indelible. The height of the solid bar shall be the greater of 0.3a or 1mm. Each marking element must be located on a permanent portion of the EEE such as a frame member or chassis that cannot be removed or exchanged. Markings can be located behind a door or cover, but must be viewable without the use of a tool by a customer or operator. When the size or function of the product does not allow a label, the marking shall be printed on the packaging, on the instruction for use, and in the warranty of the product.

European Standard 50419:2005 prescribes that the marking must meet minimum marking durability requirements. The marking must remain legible after rubbing by hand for 15 seconds with a piece of cloth soaked with water and again for 15 seconds with a piece of cloth soaked with aliphatic solvent hexane. If marking plates or labels are used, then after this test they shall not show curling.

# 3.9 China Electrical and Electronic Products and Electronics Information Products Mark and Table

## 3.9.1 Scope and Definitions

This section specifies the requirements for the People's Republic of China Management Methods for Controlling Pollution by Electronic Information Products, Ministry of Information Industry Order #39 and Standard SJ/T 11364-2014 Marking for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products (EEP).

Deliverables for which this section applies to include but may not be limited to:

- 1. Systems, e.g., servers, printers, and storage products
- Standalone products which are located external to a TGCS system, e.g., monitors/displays, laptops, keyboards, mice, modems, routers, uninterruptible power supplies, and external disk drives. Refer to the People's Republic of China Ministry of Information Industry (MII) List of Electronic Information Products Classification and Explanations for a comprehensive list of EIP and/or EEP.
- Parts, assemblies, or products which are sold commercially not for use in TGCS equipment or TGCS designed OEM equipment, e.g., hard disk drives, circuit cards, and storage media. Refer to the MII List of Electronic Information Products Classifications and Explanations for a comprehensive list of EIP and/or EEP.
- 4. Electronic measuring equipment, e.g., Voltage measure apparatus, oscillographs, frequency measuring instruments, testers, voltage power supplies, and power meters. Refer to the MII List of Electronic Information Products Classification and Explanations for a comprehensive list of EIP and/or EEP.

This section does not apply to:

- 1. Non-electrical tools (e.g., hammers, screwdrivers, ladders),
- 2. Electrical tools for use with TGCS equipment, e.g., Power hand tools such as drills, (Note: electrical tools which are used in the production of mold and gear as specified in MII's EIP and/or EEP List are included in the MII's regulations for EIP and/or EEP),
- 3. Customer instruction manuals and publications, both hardcopy and softcopy (Note: this section does apply to manuals and publications on floppy disks),
- 4. Software and firmware updates, this includes recorded storage media such as CDs and DVDs (Note: this section does apply to software and firmware updates on floppy disks), and
- 5. Product packaging materials (e.g., cardboard and wood pallets). TGCS packaging requirements are located in 5897661. (name)

Section 3.9.2 on EEP Pollution Control Logos does not apply to the following, but these parts must be included in the Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table outlined in Section 3.9.2:

1. Production parts and assemblies internal to TGCS systems, including line cords,

- 2. Spare parts, parts for upgrade, maintenance or repair when the parts are used internal to a TGCS system, and
- 3. Coin cell batteries where there is no functional space to place an EEP Pollution Control logo.

# 3.9.1.1 Definitions

**Contain** – Per SJ/T 11364-2014 – Refers to cases that the content of hazardous substances is in excess of the concentration limits specified in GB/T 26572-2011 Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Restricted Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products or the product contains one of these substances to an exemption allowed pursuant to the EU RoHS Directive. See reference table below for applicable Concentration Limits (CL).

Table 13. Hazardous Substances and Concentration Limits for C	China EEP Regulation
Hazardous Substance	CLs in a Homogeneous Material - % by weight or ppm
Lead (Pb)	0.1% or 1,000 ppm
Mercury (Hg)	0.1% or 1,000 ppm
Cadmium (Cd)	0.01% or 100 ppm
Hexavalent chromium (Cr <sup>vi</sup> )	0.1% or 1,000 ppm
Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) flame retardants*	0.1% or 1,000 ppm
Polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE) flame retardants*	0.1% or 1,000 ppm

\* See Annexes for limited lists of PBBs and PBDEs.

**Electronic Information Products (EIP)** – Per MII Order No. 39 – Products and their accessories that are manufactured by utilizing electronic information technologies including:

- 1. Electronic radar products
- 2. Electronic communications products
- 3. Radio and television products
- 4. Computer products
- 5. Home electronic products
- 6. Electronic instrument measuring products
- 7. Specialized electronic products
- 8. Electronic components and parts
- 9. Electronic applications
- 10. Electronic materials
- 11. Software products and their accessories

**Electrical and Electronic Product (EEP)** – Per SJ/T 11364-2014 – Refers to equipment and supportive products which rely on electric current or electromagnetic field to operate, or are intended to generate, transmit and measure electric current or electromagnetic field, with the rated operating voltage not exceeding 1500V for DC, or 1000V for AC.

**Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP)** – A period of time measured in years defined in SJ/T 11364-2014 as the period when hazardous substances contained in electrical and electronic products, will not lead or change abruptly, the use of such products will not cause severe environmental pollution Page 59 of 135

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or causes severe harm to the life or property of the users. The EPUP starts with the Date of Manufacture of the product.

**Homogeneous Materials** – For purposes of this section, this is defined in Standard GB/T 26572-2011 as materials formed of one or more substances, which are homogeneous throughout its various parts.

**Hazardous Substances** – Per SJ/T 11364-2014 – Lead and its compounds, mercury and its compounds, cadmium and its compounds, hexavalent chromium and its compounds, polybrominated biphenyl (PBB), and polybrominated diphenylether (PBDE) contained in electrical and electronic products. (See Table 1 for restrictions on these substances and applicable RoHS specification.)

## 3.9.2 Requirements

# 3.9.2.1 EEP Pollution Control Logos

Electrical and electronic products shall be marked with either a Mark I or a Mark II logo, also referred to as the EEP pollution control logo. The logos must meet the requirements in standard SJ/T 11364-2014 – Marking for the Restriction of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products.

The logo shall be clear, distinguishable, visible, resistant to color fading, and difficult to remove. The logo shall not be smaller than 5mm x 5mm. The logo may be applied on the product by molding, spray coating, sticking, or printing. The "e" in Mark I is an image, is not a character. The font of the EPUP number in the Mark II logo is "Impact".

If it is not possible to mark the EEP because of size, irregular shape or function restrictions, then the Mark logo shall be included in the product hardware instructions or in a flyer or insert, which must accompany the EEP. Cables are an example of an irregular shaped product. If the EEP has a maximum surface area less than 5x103mm2, then the Mark logo must be included in the product hardware instructions, in a flyer or insert included with the Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table. See details further in this section. If the operating instructions and the packaging of the product are integrated then the mark may be placed on the packaging. The pollution control logo is to be marked in a prominent location on the EEP, such as the front, side, or back of the product where function keys are located. If restricted by function and appearance, the logo shall be located at another visible location easily visible by consumers. The logo may be placed on the chassis.

#### Mark I

A Mark I logo (see Figure below) must be used if the product does not contain any toxic and hazardous substances or elements above the CLs in any material or application including those exempt from the requirements of the EU RoHS Directive. It is suggested by the standard that the logo be colored green and color match to C:85, M:30, Y:85, K:20. If the marking does not look sufficiently clear because the color of the EEP is close to the suggested color, the color may be altered to any other prominent color. Molded in marking can be the same color as that of the product. TGCS Procurement or Development may direct or authorize use of part number 42R7561, which is the Mark I label.



Figure 6. Mark I symbol

This symbol is included as reference only. For the actual image refer either to the China Labeling Standard or the MII website.

#### Mark II

A Mark II logo (see Figure below) must be placed on products which have one or more toxic and hazardous substances exceeding the CLs regardless of whether the toxic or hazardous substance is used in an application which is exempt from the EU RoHS Directive. See specification 3ADENVM0002 for a list of EU RoHS Directive exemptions which may apply to TGCS products.



#### Figure 7. Mark II symbol

This symbol is included as reference only. For the actual image refer to the China Labeling Standard or the MII website.

It is suggested by the Chinese standard that the Mark II label be orange. The SJ/T 11364-2014 standard references the color match as C:0, M:75, Y:100, K:0. If the logo does not look sufficiently clear because the color of the EEP is close to the suggested color, the color may be altered to any other prominent color. Molded in marking can be the same color as that of the product.

TGCS Procurement or Development may direct or authorize use of TGCS part numbers which are the Mark II labels. While the Supplier is responsible for determine the EPUP for its parts and products, TGCS intends to use the following EPUPs for Toshiba logo parts and products manufactured for TGCS. The corresponding TGCS label part number is listed.

Table 14. Sample TGCS EPUPs and Corresponding Label Part Numbers		
EEP	EPUP	TGCS Label Part Number
Professional computers, including POS and high end printers	30	42R7646
Displays, Input/Output devices (e.g., keyboards, mice), low end external drives (e.g., floppy disk drives, CD drives), compact discs, storage media*, cables, and LCDs with fluorescent lamps	10	42R7644
Batteries** (except lead acid)	5	42R7643
Electronic measurement instrument products	40	None available at this time

Please note while the Supplier is responsible for determining the appropriate EPUP for its parts and products, (a) if the Supplier of a Toshiba logo product intends to use a different EPUP number, then the Supplier must inform TGCS in writing of its intent, and such EPUP number must be approved by the TGCS product environmental focal point, and (b) if the Supplier of a non-Toshiba logo product intends to use a different EPUP for a non-Toshiba logo product to be distributed by TGCS, then the Supplier must inform TGCS in writing of its intent.

\* Storage media, such as CDs, DVDs when sold commercially or at retail for use in non-Toshiba logo systems must have a Mark logo. If a Mark II logo is used then a Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements Table must accompany the parts or products. This applies to blank storage media. Note: CDs and DVDs with TGCS software and firmware for TGCS Products do not require a Mark logo, whereas floppy disks with TGCS software and firmware do require a Mark logo and HST table.

\*\* TGCS does not require a Mark symbol for coin and button cell batteries, if located inside another product. Battery packs, such as nickel metal hydride battery packs and lithium ion batteries must be labeled with a Mark logo. Batteries and battery packs must be listed in the Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table (see Section 3.9.2) if the product is labeled with a Mark II logo. Note: lead acid batteries do not require a Mark label.

As required by the China Regulations of Product Marking and Labeling, products labeled with Mark II must also be labeled with a Date of Manufacturing (DOM). The DOM may be on the product or the packaging. The DONM may be in any of the following formats: YY, WW-YY, MM-YY, DD-MM-YY or by way of other widely accepted product marking method containing manufacture date such as product serial number and bar code. See Section 3.8 for other DOM requirements. Labeling methods such as serial numbers and bar codes that contain the date of the products may also be used, but the manufacturer or importer must provide necessary manufacturing date identification services for consumers and regulatory authorities.

# 3.9.2.2 Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements Table (HST)

When a Mark II symbol is used on a Product, a Toxic and Hazardous Substance Table must accompany the shipment of the Product. The table below outlines the format TGCS requires for the HST and provides examples of completed lines. All text must be translated into Simplified Chinese. English may remain on the table next to the Simplified Chinese text. When electronic versions (e.g., removable laser disk) of product instructions or descriptions are shipped with the product rather than hardcopy paper versions, then the HST may be included on the electronic version of the product information rather than in hardcopy version. The TGCS ENUG may be used to fulfill this requirement.

Names and Cont	ents of Hazardou	is Substances i	n the Product			
	Hazardous S	ubstance				
Part Name	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr(VI))	Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB)	Polybrominated diphenylether (PBDE)
Server	Х	0	0	0	0	0
Chassis	0	0	0	0	0	0
Power Supply	х	0	0	0	0	0
Battery Pack	х	0	0	0	0	0

This table is prepared according to SJ/T 11364

O: Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in GB/T 26572

X: Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogenous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in GB/T 26572

Note: In the above table, the "X" is a cross (the two lines are perpendicular) and the "O" is a circle. The height of the Chinese characters must not be less than 1.8mm.

The first column must be completed with the part names found in the product or part. The columns under the Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements must be filled in with either a cross or a circle to indicate the presence or absence of the Toxic and Hazardous Substances or Elements in the part. Presence of a substance is determined if the concentration of the substance is above the CL included when used in an application which is exempt from the EU RoHS Directive. Absence is determined if the concentration of the substance is below the CL and is not used in an application which is allowed under an EU RoHS Directive exemption. See specification 3ADENVM0002 for a list of EU RoHS Directions exemptions which may apply to TGCS Products and Parts for a listing of allowable exemptions. For Toshiba logo Products or Parts, see table below for a list of Part names which can be used for the column in the table listing Part names.

Table 16. Part Names for	use in a Toxic and Hazardous	Substances or Elements Ta	ble for Toshiba Logo Produc	ts and Parts
Accessor control	Drum	LCD Monitor	Sensor	LCD Touch screen
Operator interface unit	Air moving devices	ECAT assemblies	LED display panel	Optical cable
Signature capture device	Batteries	LED Monitor	Other mechanical parts	Speaker
Battery pack assembly	External covers	Light	Cable assemblies	Payment device
Cages or enclosures	Line cord	Storage device	Cash-handling device	Logic modules
Point of sale device	Casters	Frame assemblies	Mechanical assemblies	Chassis
Memory modules	Power supply	UPS	Circuit card with mechanicals	MICR head
Printer	Circuit card without mechanicals	Ground strap	Printer cartridge	Conveyor
IO station	Print head	Monitor	Processor modules	Keyboard
Mouse	Roll	Scale	Disk drive	Scanner

TGCS requires that the following additional text, in Simplified Chinese, be added to the bottom of the table for Toshiba logo Products or Parts:

"Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) Disclaimer: The number provided as the EPUP is provided solely to comply with applicable laws of the People's Republic of China. It does not create any warranties or liabilities on behalf of TGCS to customers. The EPUP assumes that the product will be used under normal conditions in accordance with the TGCS operating manual. Certain assemblies inside this product (for example, assemblies that contain a battery) may have an EPUP which is lower than the EPUP on this product."

#### Example of China HST for Toshiba Logo Products

#### The HST below is provided in English for reference, the table must be translated into Simplified Chinese.

	Hazardo	us Substance				
Part Name	Pb	Hg	Cd	Cr (VI)	PBB	PBDE
frame assemblies	x	0	0	0	o	0
external covers	x	o	o	o	o	o
mechanical assemblies	x	0	0	0	0	0
cooling assembly	x	o	o	o	o	0
air moving devices	x	0	O	o	o	0
battery pack assembly	x	o	0	o	o	o
batteries	x	0	0	0	o	0
cable assemblies	x	o	0	o	0	o
wrap plug	x	o	o	O	o	0
fiber optic transceiver	x	0	0	0	o	0
keyboard	x	0	0	o	o	0
mouse	x	o	o	0	0	o
modem	x	o	0	o	o	o
LED Display Panel	x	0	0	0	o	0
LCD monitor - CCFL	x	x	o	o	o	o
LED monitor	x	o	0	o	o	0
storage device	x	o	0	o	o	o
ECAT assemblies	x	o	o	o	0	0
emergency power off switch	x	o	x	0	o	o
power supply	x	0	x	o	o	0
power distribution unit	x	o	x	o	0	o
uninterruptible power supply	x	o	x	0	o	o

For China: Names and Contents of Hazardous Substances in the Product

This table is prepared according to SJ/T 11364.

Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this
part is below the limit requirement in GB/T 26572.

x Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement in GB/T 26572.

Environmental Protection Use Period (EPUP) Disclaimer: The number provided as the EPUP is provided solely to comply with applicable laws of the People's Republic of China. It does not create any warranties or liabilities on behalf of TGCS to customers. The EPUP assumes that the product will be used under normal conditions in accordances with the TGCS operating manual. Certain assemblies inside this product (for example, assemblies that contain a battery) may have an EPUP which is lower than the EPUP on this product.

### **3.10 Environmental Notifications for Customer Hardware Publications**

The latest release of the TGCS Environmental Notices and User Guide must ship with products, as well as some repair or spare parts (e.g., whole unit replacement parts, parts with batteries, LCDs, and chemical

cooling systems) including beta systems, prototypes, etc. Whole unit replacement parts include products such as monitors, keyboards, mice, external power supplies, battery chargers, and external drives. The requirement for repair or spare parts also applies for vendor logo repair or spare parts and whole unit replacement parts. For parts and/or products coming from a supplier, TGCS will direct Supplier to include these notices where needed.

A hardcopy notice for WEEE product take back programs in Croatia and battery return information for the Czech Republic is required for product shipments to those countries. Flyer part number 00GU108 may be used for Toshiba logo products. TGCS will direct suppliers to include these notices where needed.

# **3.11 Product Energy Requirements**

## 3.11.1 Monitors

# **3.11.1.1** Requirements for China

Computer monitors shall meet the energy efficiency requirements of the National Standard of the People's Republic of China GB 21520-2008, Sections 4.2 and 4.4. The scope of this standard includes general purpose computer monitors, including, but not limited to cathode ray tubes, liquid crystal displays and light emitting diode displays when used for computers as a computer monitor using normal electrical network voltages and to display equipment with modulator/receivers mainly used for computers. Monitors must meet at least the minimum efficiency standards for Grade 2. See table in this section for requirements for Grade 2.

China Energy Effi	ciency Grades for M	onitors				
	Energy Efficiency	Grade				
	Grade 1		Grade 2		Grade 3	
Monitor Type	Energy efficiency (cd/W)	Energy consumption in off mode (W)	Energy efficiency (cd/W)	Energy consumption in off mode (W)	Energy efficiency (cd/W)	Energy consumption in off mode (W)
CRT	0.18	1	0.16	3	0.14	5
LCD	1.05	0.5	0.85	1	0.55	2

Monitors shall be tested and the testing reported and registered in accordance with the GB 21520-2008 and the China Rules for Computer Monitor Energy Label.

Monitors shall be labeled with the China Energy Label in accordance with the China Rules for Computer Monitor Energy Labeling. See figure below for an example label. The label can be on the product, on the packaging, or displayed at least two seconds on the monitor when the monitor is turned on. The minimum length is 80mm and the minimum width is 54mm. The label must be in color with a blue and

white background. The label must have the name of the manufacturer, product model, energy efficiency level, energy efficiency (cd/W), energy consumption in off mode (W) and number of energy efficiency standard. The label, if placed on the packaging or on the product, must be on 80 gram or more coated paper. The label or information from the label shall also be included in the product instructions. If there are no product instructions, then this last requirement is not needed.



Figure 8. Example of a China Energy Label

# 3.11.1.2 Requirements for Korea

#### Definitions

**Monitor** – Commercially available, electronic product with a display screen and its associated electronics encased in a single housing that is capable of displaying output information from a computer via one or more inputs, such as VGA and DVI with nameplate output power of power supply less than or equal to 1,000W. Includes computer monitors (i.e., focusing on computer monitor as the primary function) or as dual function computer monitors and televisions. Excludes monitor – main body integrated computers, network computers, monitors with VoIP and other special embedded functions, monitors for broadcasting and medical purposes.

#### Requirements

Monitors must be labeled according to Annex V of the Korean e-Standby Program Application Regulation, August 28, 2008 with a warning logo if the monitors do not meet the requirements in the following table:

Monitor low power mode	e performance			
Classification	Product Type	On Mode Power Consumption	Sleep Mode Power Consumption	Off Mode Power Consumption
Products without Automatic Brightness	Diagonal Screen Size <76cm, Screen Resolution ≤1.1MP	Po=6x(MP)+0.00775x(A)+3	<2.0W	≤0.5W
Control	Diagonal Screen Size <76cm, Screen Resolution >1.1MP	Po=9x(MP)+0.00775x(A)+3	52.0W	2.5 W

	Diagonal Screen Size 76~153cm, All Screen Resolutions	Po=0.04185x(A)+8
Products with Automatic Brightness Control	All screen sizes and resolutions	Po1=(0.8xPh)+(0.2xPl)

Po = on mode power consumption

MP = megapixels

A = viewable screen area (cm<sup>2</sup>)

Po1 = on mode average value of power consumption

Ph = on mode power consumption of high ambient lighting conditions

PI = on mode power consumption of low ambient lighting conditions

The figure below has an example warning logo. The minimum diameter of the logo is 2.5cm. The logo is to be labeled on the front or top side of the product or on the nameplate of the product where it is visually easy to find. The logo may be monochrome, the predominant color of the product's surface, or in the colors suggested by the Korean e-Standby Regulation. English is provided in the Figure below only as a reference.



Figure 9. Example of a warning logo

The manufacturer of the monitor shall provide TGCS with a test report issued by one of the designated testing institutes in Annex IV of the regulation (e.g., Korea Testing Laboratory, Korea Electric Testing Institute, Korea Electrotechnology Research Institute, EMC Research Institute, Telecommunications Technology Association, and/or Korea Electronics Technology Institute) in order for TGCS to submit Form A (found in the regulation) along with the issued test report to the Korea Energy Management Corporation (KEMCO).

# 3.11.1.3 Requirements for the EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Turkey, Israel, Jordan and other jurisdictions

#### Reference

EU Regulation 1275/2008 for ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products

Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

#### Requirements

See Section 3.11.14 for energy requirements for EMC Class B (in accordance with EN55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN55022:2010) equipment, including monitors.

## 3.11.1.4 Requirements for Australia and New Zealand

#### Reference

Australia Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards Act 2012 Australia Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Computer Monitors) Determination 2013 Additional information for this program can be found at <u>http://www.energyrating.gov.au/</u>.

#### Definitions

**Computer Monitor** – A commercially available product with a display screen and associated electronics, encased in a single housing that as its primary function displays visual information from a computer, workstation or server, including via a wireless connection. This includes LCD, LED, CRT and plasma display panels (PDP).

Computer monitors must meet the minimum energy performance standards (MEPS) and energy rating label requirements as found in AS/NZS 5815.1:2013 and AS/NZS 5815.2:2013. There are multiple displays which these standards do not apply to, for example, specialized electronic displays intended for use primarily in commercial and professional fields, not intended for sale to the general public. Also excluded are displays which are built-in or have integrated networking functionality, the circuitry for which cannot be physically separated or switched independently from the electronic display component.

#### Requirements

Computer monitors are required to have the six star or ten star label affixed to the product, as outlined in Section 26 of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards Act 2012 and Section 7 of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Computer Monitors) determination 2013. The label may also be placed on the packaging. The format of the labels is in Schedule 1 and Schedule 2 of the Greenhouse and Energy Minimum Standards (Computer Monitors) Determination 2013.

Suppliers are required to supply TGCS a copy of the test report and a confirmation the product has been registered in Australia and New Zealand.

### 3.11.1.5 Requirements for Vietnam

Computer monitors must meet the minimum energy performance standard as required in Vietnam Decision 51/2011/PD-TTg and Vietnam standard TCVN 9508:2012 Computer monitor energy efficiency.

# 3.11.2 External Power Supplies and Adapters

#### Reference

Australia/New Zealand: Minimum Energy Performance Requirements for External Power Supplies http://www.energyrating.gov.au/regulations/legistlation/legislation-for-e3-under-gems/ http://www.energyrating.gov.au/regulations

United States: Federal Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for External Power Supplies Standards:

http://www1.eere.energy.gov/guildings/appliance\_standards/product.aspx?productid=23 United States: CA Code of Regulations, Title 20 Section 1601-1608

United States: Oregon Minimum Energy Efficiency Standards for State-regulated appliances and equipment

Canada: Energy Efficiency Act, Energy Efficiency Regulations

Jordan: JSNO 2111/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for no-load condition electric power consumption and average active efficiency of external power supplies; JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related Products

Korea: Korean Regulation on Energy Efficiency Labeling and Standards, July 31, 2008

European Union: Commission Regulation EC No 278/2009 of 6 April 2009 implementing Directive 2005/32/EC with regard to ecodesign requirement for no-load condition electric power consumption and average active efficiency of external power supplies

#### Definitions

#### Australia/New Zealand

**Single output external power supply** – an appliance that is designed to supply power to other appliances and that:

- 1. Has an input from mains supply; Note: This input is usually 100 volts, 60 hertz; 230 volts, 50 hertz; 240 volts, 50 hertz or a range including some or all of these input conditions.
- 2. Has one extra low voltage output (either alternating current or direct current) that is either at a fixed voltage or a user selectable voltage through a selector switch;
- 3. Is sold with, or intended to be used with a separate end-use product that constitutes the primary load on the power supply. Note: These units are often used to power/recharge laptop computers, mobile telephones, portable stereo units and other portable household devices. It is immaterial whether or not the power supply and end use product are packaged separately or together.
- 4. Is contained in a separate physical enclosure form the end-use product. Note: These units cannot be built into the equipment being powered and hence are 'external' to the device being powered. The housings of the EPS and its associated end use product are different. Designs covered include units with an integral mains plug, 'in-line' units and units with provision for equipment to sit in a cradle while being used.

- 5. Is connected to the end-use product via a hard-wired or removable male/female electrical connection, cable, cord or other wiring;
- 6. Does not have batteries, or battery packs, that physically attach direction to the power supply unit (either permanently or only for the purpose of charging). Note: This includes batteries that are removable from the power supply unit. For example, a battery pack for a portable electric drill; and
- 7. Does not have either a battery chemistry, or type selector, switch; or an indicator light or state of charge meter.

United States – Federal and California

**External power supply** – an external power supply circuit that is used to convert household electric current into DC current or lower voltage AC current to operate a consumer product

Class A external power supply – a device that:

- 1. Is designed to convert line voltage AC input into lower voltage AC or DC output;
- 2. Is able to convert to only 1 AC or DC output voltage at a time;
- 3. Is sold with, or intended to be used with, a separate end-use product that constitutes the primary load;
- 4. Is contained in a separate physical enclosure from the end-use product;
- 5. Is connected to the end-use product via a removable or hard wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord, or other wiring; and
- 6. Has nameplate output power that is less than or equal to 250 watts.

Class A EPS does not include any device that:

- 1. Requires Federal Food and Drug Administration listing and approval as a medical device in accordance with Section 513 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 260c); or
- 2. Powers the charge of a detachable battery pack or charges the battery or a product that is fully or primarily motor operated.

**Single-voltage external AC-DC power supply** – means an external power supply that is designed to convert line voltage AC into lower voltage DC output and is able to convert to only one DC output voltage at a time.

**Single-voltage external AC-AC power supply** – means an external power supply that is designed to convert line voltage AC into lower voltage AC output and is able to convert to only one AC output voltage at a time.

**Multiple-voltage external power supply** – means an external power supply that is designed to convert line voltage AC input into more than one simultaneous lower voltage output

**Low voltage external power supply** – means an external power supply with a nameplate output voltage less than 6 volts and nameplate output current greater than or equal to 550 milliamps.

**Basic voltage external power supply** – means an external power supply that is not a low voltage external power supply.

**Direct operation external power supply** – means an external power supply that can operate a consumer product that is not a battery charger without the assistance of a battery.

**Indirect operation external power supply** – means an external power supply that cannot operate a consumer product that is not a battery charger without the assistance of a battery.

#### California

**Consumer product** – any article, other than an automobile, as defined in 49 U.S.C Section 32901(a)(3):

- 1. of a type which in operation consumes, or is designed to consume, energy or, with respect to showerheads, faucets, water closets, and urinals, water; and which, to any significant extent, is distributed in commerce for personal use or consumption by individuals;
- without regard to whether such article of such type is in fact distributed in commerce for personal use or consumption by an individual, except that such term includes fluorescent lamp ballasts, general service fluorescent lamps, incandescent reflector lamps, showerheads, faucets, water closets, and urinals distributed in commerce for personal or commercial use or consumption.

As listed in the DoE EPS FAQ, any external power supply that is of a type capable of operating a consumer product would be considered a covered product, without regard to whether that external power supply was in fact distributed in US commerce to operate a consumer product. Only external power supplies that have identifiable design characteristics that would make them incapable of operating a consumer product would be considered to not meet EPCA's definition of external power supply.

United States - California, Oregon, Rhode Island, New York, Arizona, Washington, Connecticut

**State-regulated external power supply or single voltage external AC to DC power supply** – a single voltage external AC to DC or AC to AC power supply that:

- 1. Is designed to convert line voltage AC input into lower voltage DC or AC output;
- 2. Is able to convert to only one DC or AC output voltage at a time;
- 3. Is sold with, or intended to be used with, a separate end-use product that constitutes the primary load;
- 4. Is contained within a separate physical enclosure from the end-use product;
- 5. Is connected to the end-use product via a removable or hard-wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord, or other wiring;
- 6. Does not have batteries or battery packs that physically attach directly (including those that are removable) to the power supply unit;
- 7. Does not have a battery chemistry or type selector switch and an indicator light; or, does not have a battery chemistry or type selector switch and a state of charge meter;

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8. Has a nameplate output power less than or equal to 250 watts.

#### Canada

#### **External Power Supply** – a power supply device that:

- 1. Is designed to convert line voltage AC input to a lower voltage DC or AC output;
- 2. Is able to convert to only one DC or AC output voltage at a time;
- Is designed to be used with a household or office end-use product that constitutes the primary load;
- 4. Is encased in an enclosure separated from that end-use product and is connected to that product by an electrical connection; and
- 5. Has a nominal output power of 250 watts or less.

An EPS does not include a device that:

- 1. Powers the charger of a detachable battery pack of an end-use product;
- 2. Charges the battery of an end-use product that is fully or primarily motor operated;
- 3. Is an accessory to a medical device as defined in Section 1 of Canada Medical Devices Regulations; or
- 4. Is a power sourcing equipment as defined in IEEE 802.3-2008 Standard for Information Technology Telecommunications and Information Exchange between Systems.

This scope is limited to EPSs designed for household and office use.

#### Replacement External Power Supply – an external power supply that:

- 1. Is marked for replacement of a specified end-use product that was manufactured before July 1, 2010; and
- 2. Is imported or shipped in quantities of less than fifty units.

Korea

**Adapter** – a single voltage external power supply (AC-DC or AC-AC) under 150W (nameplate output power) without any charging function.

**Charger** – Single voltage external power supply (AC-DC) with charging function to charge a lithium ion battery and has an input of 20W.

EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Jordan and Turkey

**External power supply** – a device connected to an EMC classification of Class B device or a computer (as defined by EU Regulation 617/2013) which meets all of the following criteria:

- 1. It is designed to convert alternating current (AC) power input from the mains power source into lower voltage direct current (DC) or AC output;
- 2. It is able to convert to only one DC or AC output voltage at a time;
- 3. It is intended to be used with a separate device that constitutes the primary load;
- 4. It is contained in a physical enclosure separate from the device that constitutes the primary load;
- 5. It is connected to the device that constitutes the primary load via a removable or hard-wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord or other wiring;
- 6. It has a nameplate output power not exceeding 250 Watts;
- It is intended for use with electrical and electronic household and office equipment as referred to in EU Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 Article 2(1) or with computers as defined in EU Regulation 617/2013.

Requirements by Juris	Requirements by Jurisdiction				
Jurisdiction	Marking	Efficiency Requirements <sup>1</sup>	Test Method <sup>2</sup>	Certification	Information required by TGCS
Australia and New Zealand	Manufacturer name Model Number Date of Manufacture International Efficiency Marking Protocol, IV or higher, on product and packaging	Tier 2	AS/NZS 4665	Registration with government	A/NZ Test Report Copy of registration with government
United States, Federal regulations	Manufacturer name Model Number Date of Manufacture International Efficiency Marking Protocol on product, packaging or accompanying documentation	Tier 2 Beginning February 10, 2016 for Direct Operation External Power Supply: See efficiency section	US EPA	Certified by manufacturer to US Department of Energy with test results and compliance statement	US Test Report Copy of certification
United States, State regulations	Manufacturer name Model Number Date of Manufacture International Efficiency Marking Protocol on product, packaging or accompanying documentation <sup>5</sup>	Tier 2 Beginning February 10, 2016 for Direct Operation External Power Supply: See efficiency section	US EPA	Requirements vary by state, but typically include registration with the energy efficiency test report to verify marking	Energy Efficiency Test Report
Canada	Model number Mark of a Standards	See Efficiency Requirements section	CSA C381.1-08	Certification by accredited certification body <sup>3</sup>	Certification statement from accredited certification body

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	Council of Canada (SCC) accredited certification body or International Efficiency Marking Protocol IV or higher				Test results
Korea	Unique to Korea; see Marking section below	See Efficiency Requirements section	Unique to Korea; see Test Method section	Certification by accredited certification body <sup>4</sup>	Test report issued by one of the designated independent testing laboratories listed for Adapter/ Charger in Annex 4 of the regulation
EU, Jordan	CE mark, at least 5mm high on the product, see Figure 10 Brand name Single Point of Contact address	See Efficiency Requirements section	EN 50563:2011/A1:2013	Self-certification	Technical documentation (dated and signed EPS test report) Declaration of Conformity See Required Documentation section below for more information

<sup>1</sup> See Efficiency Requirements section for more information

<sup>2</sup> See Test Method section for more information

<sup>3</sup> The manufacturer or the dealer of the External Power Supply must submit to Natural Resources Canada and energy efficiency report, which must include: product name, manufacturer name, brand name, model number, nominal output, in volts, at highest and lowest output setting, nominal output, in watts, at highest and lowest output setting, if applicable, whether the output is AC or DC, the average efficiency at highest and lowest output setting, no load power in watts, whether it is a replacement external power supply or a security EPS, if a replacement EPS or a security EPS, the end-use equipment and the brand and model number of that equipment, roman numeral mark, if applicable, whether the product bears a verification mark, name of the certification body associated with verifying the Roman numeral mark or that authorized the verification mark that appears on the product

<sup>4</sup> e.g., Korea Testing Laboratory, EMC Research Institute, Telecommunications Technology Association or Korea Electric Testing Institute <sup>5</sup> Some states may require the mark to be on the product, with no allowance for the mark to be on the packaging. TGCS recommends the mark be placed on the EPS product.

# 3.11.2.1 Efficiency Requirements

Tier 2 Efficiency requirements, see above table under Requirements by Jurisdiction

External Power Supply Requirements		
Active Mode		
Nameplate Output	Required Efficiency (decimal equivalent of a percentage)	
Less than 1 watt	0.5 times the Nameplate Output	
From 1 watt to not more than 51 watts	The sum of 0.09 times the Natural Logarithm of the Nameplate Output and 0.5	
Greater than 51 watts	0.85	
No-Load Mode		
Nameplate Output	Maximum Consumption	
Not more than 250 watts	0.5 watts	

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#### Korea

### Adapters (external power supply without charging)

Minimum Energy Performance Standards for Adapters			
Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS)			
Output power on name plate (P <sub>no</sub> )	Running Efficiency (On mode energy efficiency)	Output power on name plate (P <sub>no</sub> )	Maximum Standby Power Power consumption on No- Load Mode
0 <p<sub>no≤1W</p<sub>	≥0.49 x P <sub>no</sub>		
414-0 - 24014		0 <pno<10w< td=""><td>≤0.5W</td></pno<10w<>	≤0.5W
1W <p<sub>no≤49W</p<sub>	≥[0.09 x Ln(P <sub>no</sub> )] + 0.49	10W≤P <sub>no</sub> <150W	≤0.75W
49W <p<sub>no≤150W</p<sub>	≥0.84		

### Chargers (external power supply with charging function to charge Li Ion Battery)

Minimum Energy Performance Standards for Chargers		
Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS)		
Measured Input Power (P <sub>in</sub> ) Maximum Standby Power Power consumption on No-Load Mode		
0 <p<sub>in&lt;10W ≤0.5W</p<sub>		
10W≤P <sub>in</sub> ≤20W ≤0.75W		

### Canada

### Energy efficiency standard

External Power Supply Energy Efficiency Standard (not applicable to replacement EPS manufactured before July 1, 2013)			
Nameplate output (nominal power Ln)Minimum average efficiency in active mode (decimal equivalent of a percentage)Maximum power in no-load mode (not applicable to security EPS)			
< 1 watt	0.5 *Ln (nameplate output)	0.5 watt	
$\ge$ 1 watt and $\le$ 51 watts 0.09 *Ln (nameplate output) + 0.5 0.5 watt			
> 51 watts	0.85	0.5 watt	

Where: Ln (nameplate output) = natural logarithm of the nameplate output, nameplate output is expressed in watts

### EU

Newly releasing external power supplies (and previously released EPSs by April 6, 2011) must meet the following requirements:

1. The no-load condition power consumption shall not exceed the following limits:

	AC-AC EPSs, except low voltage EPSs	AC-DC EPSs except low voltage EPSs	Low voltage EPSs
Po ≤ 51.0W	0.50W	0.30W	0.30W
Po > 51.0W	0.50W	0.50W	Not applicable

### 2. The average active efficiency shall be not less than the following limits:

	AC-AC and AC-DC EPSs, except low voltage EPSs	Low voltage EPSs
Po ≤ 1.0W	0.480 * Po + 0.140	0.497 * Po + 0.067
1.0W < Po ≤ 51.0W	0.063* ln(Po) + 0.622	0.075 * ln(Po) + 0.561
Po > 51.0W	0.870	0.860

### United States – Federal and California

Beginning February 10, 2016: for Direct Operation External Power Supply Efficiency Standards

	Minimum Average Efficiency in Active	
Nameplate Output Power (Pout)	Mode (expressed as a decimal)	Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W)
Pout≤1W	≥ 0.5 x Pout + 0.16	≤ 0.100
1W < Pout ≤ 49W	≥ 0.071 x ln(Pout) – 0.0014 x Pout + 0.67	≤ 0.100
49W < Pout ≤ 250W	≥ 0.880	≤ 0.210
Pout > 250W	≥ 0.875	≤ 0.500
Single Voltage External AC-DC Power Sup	pply, Low Voltage	
Nameplate Output Power (Pout)	Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal)	Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W)
Pout ≤ 1W	≥ 0.517 x Pout + 0.087	≤ 0.100
1W < Pout ≤ 49W	≥ 0.0834 x ln(Pout) – 0.0014x Pout+0.609	≤ 0.100
49W < Pout ≤ 250W	≥ 0.870	≤ 0.210
Pout > 250W	≥ 0.875	≤ 0.500
Single Voltage External AC-AC Power Sup	ply, Basic Voltage	
Nameplate Output Power (Pout)	Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal)	Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W)
Pout≤1W	≥ 0.5 x Pout + 0.16	≤ 0.100
1W < Pout ≤ 49W	≥ 0.071 x ln(Pout) – 0.0014x Pout + 0.67	≤ 0.100
49W < Pout ≤ 250W	≥ 0.880	≤ 0.210
Pout > 250W	≥ 0.875	≤ 0.500
Single Voltage External AC-AC Power Sup	ply, Low Voltage	·
Nameplate Output Power (Pout)	Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal)	Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W)
Pout ≤ 1W	≥ 0.517 x Pout + 0.087	≤ 0.100
1W < Pout ≤ 49W	≥ 0.0834 x ln(Pout) – 0.0014x Pout+0.609	≤ 0.100
49W < Pout ≤ 250W	≥ 0.870	≤ 0.210
Pout > 250W	≥ 0.875	≤ 0.500
Multiple Voltage External Power Supply		1

Nameplate Output Power (Pout)	Minimum Average Efficiency in Active Mode (expressed as a decimal)	Maximum Power in No-Load Mode (W)
Pout ≤ 1W	≥ 0.497 x Pout + 0.067	≤ 0.300
1W < Pout ≤ 49W	≥ 0.075 x ln(Pout) + 0.561	≤ 0.300
Pout ≥ 49W	≥ 0.860	≤ 0.300

# 3.11.2.2 Marking

United States Federal and California

Through February 9, 2016: Class A EPSs must have IV mark or higher, see International Efficiency Marking Protocol below.

Beginning February 10, 2016	: US Federal EPS Marking	Requirements by Product Class are:
-----------------------------	--------------------------	------------------------------------

Class ID	Product Class	Marking Requirement
В	Direct Operation, AC-DC, Basic Voltage	Roman numeral VI
С	Direct Operation, AC-DC, Low Voltage	Roman numeral VI
D	Direct Operation, AC-AC, Basic Voltage	Roman numeral VI
E	Direct Operation, AC-AC, Low Voltage	Roman numeral VI
х	Direction Operation, Multiple Voltage	Roman numeral VI
н	Direction Operation, High Power	Roman numeral VI
N	Indirect Operation	Class A: Roman numeral IV or higher. Non-Class A: No marking requirement.

International Efficiency Marking Protocol

The marking is determined by comparing the unit's active and no load test data with the performance requirements of the International Efficiency Marking Protocol scale. The marking shall be permanently shown on the nameplate of the power supply. The font should be a plain serif font such as Times Roman. The size must be legible and indelible in a color that contrasts with the nameplate background. The label must include the manufacturer's name, model number, and Date of Manufacture. See International Efficiency Marking Protocol for further information:

http://www.regulations.gov/#!documentDetail;D=EERE-2008-BT-STD-0005-0218

## Korea

Adapters and Chargers must be tested and labeled in accordance with the Korean Regulation on Energy Efficiency Labeling and Standards, July 31, 2008. The required label is in the Figure below. The label shall be on the front or top of the product. Please note that "ABC-12345" represents the model number of the external power supply. If the model number is already shown on the unit, then the line text with the model number can be eliminated on this label. The KC mark does not need to be right next to the Korean text, but does need to be on the front or top of the unit.



## Korea Energy Label for Adapters and Chargers

# 3.11.2.3 Test Methods

## Reference

US EPA: "Test Method for Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Single Voltage External AC-DC and AC-AC Power Supplies" dated August 11, 2004, except that the test voltage specified in Section 4(d) of the test method shall be only 115 volts, 60Hz.

Korea Regulation on Energy Efficiency Labeling and Standards, Annex I, Section 13 EU Regulation EC No 278/2009, Annex I

## Requirements

### EU, Jordan

The following documents must be provided to TGCS in English, Romanian and Turkish as well as other available languages:

- Declaration of Conformity (DoC) to EU Regulations 1275/2008 and 278/2009 as required by EU Directive 2009/125/EC and Declaration of Conformity as required by JSNO 2111/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for no-load condition electric power consumption and average active efficiency of external power supplies. The DoC must include:
  - a) Name and address of the manufacturer or of its authorized representative;
  - b) A description of the model sufficient for unambiguous identification;
  - c) Where appropriate, the references of the harmonized standards applied;
  - d) Where appropriate, the other technical standards and specifications used;
  - e) Where appropriate, the reference to other EU Community legislation providing for the affixing of the CE mark that is applied; and
  - f) Identification and signature of the person empowered to bind the manufacturer or its authorized representative.
- 2. The technical documentation (including a dated and signed test report) showing efficiency data must be provided. The technical documentation must meet the requirements of Annexes I and II of EU Commission Regulation No 278/2009 and Switzerland Energy Regulation Appendix 2:11. This documentation must include a general description of the product and its intended use. In addition, the following is an example of the format of the technical documentation specifically for EPSs, from EU Commission Regulation No 278/2009:

Reported Quantity	Description
Root mean square (Rms) output current (mA)	
Rms output voltage (V)	Measured at load conditions 1-4
Active output power (W)	

Rms input voltage (V)		
Rms input power (W)	Measured at load conditions 1-5	
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	Measured at 1040 conditions 1-5	
True power factor	1	
Power consumed (W)	Calculated at load conditions 1-4, measured at load condition 5	
Efficiency	Calculated at load conditions 1-4	
Average efficiency	Arithmetic average of efficiency at load conditions 1-4	

Percentage of nameplate output current		
Load condition 1	100% ± 2%	
Load condition 2	75% ± 2%	
Load condition 3	50% ± 2%	
Load condition 4	25% ± 2%	
Load condition 5	0% (no-load condition)	

### Exemptions

### Australia/New Zealand

An external power supply made available by a manufacturer directly to a consumer or service or repair facility after and separate from the original sale of the product requiring the EPS as a service part or spare part shall be exempt from meeting EMSP requirements until 5 years after implementation of the MEPS requirements.

### **United States**

Class A EPSs must meet the energy requirements in the Tier 2 table above. Exceptions to this include EPSs which were:

- Manufactured during the period beginning on July 1, 2008, and ending on June 30, 2015; and
- Made available by the manufacturer as a service part or a spare part for an end-use product:
  - That constitutes the primary load; and
  - Was manufactured before July 1, 2008.

#### Canada

Replacement EPSs, which meet the definition above are exempt from MEPS until July 1, 2013, however, they must be registered prior to and reported at the time of import. Initial registration does not need to include an efficiency report, or any of the electrical parameters that would be required for production hardware. See the reporting requirements above for EPSs, the required elements for Replacement EPSs would include items (a) through (d) and (i) through (k). See reporting requirements as referenced in the Canada Energy Efficiency Regulations.

# 3.11.3Laptops

# 3.11.3.1 Requirements for the EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Jordan, Turkey and other jurisdictions as applicable

## References

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

## Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B (in accordance with EN55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN55022:2010) equipment including external laptops.

# 3.11.4 Workstations

# 3.11.4.1 Requirements for the EU, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway, Jordan, Turkey and other jurisdictions as applicable

## References

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

## Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B (in accordance with EN55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN55022:2010) equipment including external laptops.

# 3.11.5 Switches

# 3.11.5.1 Requirements for Japan

These requirements are from japan Ordinance No 39 of the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI) amending the Japan Enforcement Regulation of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy. English translation is not yet available from the Japan Ministry.

# Definitions

**Switch** – Switching apparatus specified by a Cabinet Order set forth in Paragraph 1 of Article 78 of the Law shall be defined in Article 21 in Enforcement Ordinance of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy as below:

(xxiii) Switching apparatus (referring to apparatus which transmit and receive telecommunication signals and are capable of selecting, in the transmission of telecommunication signals, such a path as is provided for in the preceding item (i) for each destination from among a plurality of paths through which the said apparatus may transmit telecommunication signals and of transmitting telecommunication signals to each destination through the said path selected (limited to such apparatus used exclusively for telecommunications via the Internet, excluding those capable of wireless communications and other matters specified by an Ordinance of the METI)).

The exclusion from application for switching apparatus prescribed by an Ordinance of the METI as set forth in Article 21, item (xxiii) of the Enforcement Order hall be as follows:

- i) Those which do not transmit or exchange any Ethernet frames;
- ii) Those which transmit and exchange Internet Protocol packets;
- iii) Those which connection ports for transmitting and/or receiving telecommunications signals, half or more of which use a two-wire connection mode;
- iv) Those designed to be capable of being incorporated into items such as a housing or computer;
- v) Those intended to control a device that wirelessly relays telecommunication signals;
- vi) Those intended mainly for use as a power supply, as specified by the Minister of Economy, Trade and Industry.

## Requirements

Switch suppliers must provide to TGCS the following information with respect to the energy efficiency ratio of an applicable Switch in order to meet the Japanese Energy Savings law:

- 1. Product names, included manufacturer's name;
- 2. Category letter and the Standard Energy Efficiency Ration;
- 3. Line speed for a port during measurement and the number of ports per line speed;
- 4. Maximum effective transmission speed at a frame length of 1,518 bytes;
- 5. Maximum supply capability achieved by Power over Ethernet (limited to Switches with the Power over Ethernet function); and
- 6. Energy efficiency ratio.

The above information must be included in a prominent location in a product catalog where either the performance of the Switch is indicated or in a document use for the selection of a Switch.

# **3.11.5.2** Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions

# Reference

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

## Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B switches and routers which are not rack mounted.

# 3.11.6 Routers

# **3.11.6.1** Requirements for Japan

These requirements are from Japan Ordinance No 39 of the METI amending the Japan Enforcement Regulation of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy. English translation is not yet available from the Japan Ministry.

## Definitions

**Router** – Router apparatus specified by a Cabinet Order set forth in Paragraph 1 of Article 78 of the Law shall be defined in Article21 in Enforcement Ordinance of the Law Concerning the Rational Use of Energy as below:

(xxii) Routing apparatus (referring to apparatus which transmit and receive telecommunication signals and are capable of identifying, in the transmission of telecommunication signals, the path that is the most appropriate of the existing plurality of paths to the destination apparatus according to circumstances such as the conditions of the said paths, and of transmitting the said telecommunication signals through the said path identified as being the most appropriate (limited to such apparatus used exclusively for telecommunications transmission via the Internet, excluding those use for connecting a communication terminal to the Internet via a telephone line for the purpose of telephoning an Internetaccess service provider to connect the said communication terminal to the Internet, and other matters specified by an Ordinance of the METI.)) Exclusion from application for the Routing apparatus prescribed by an Enforcement Regulation of the METI as set forth in Article 48, item (20) of the Enforcement regulations shall be as follows:

- i) Those which do not transmit or exchange Internet Protocol packets;
- Those which transmit Internet Protocol packets at as speed, in terms of the maximum sum of singal bits of the said packets transmitted per unit time, in excess of 200 megabits per second (excluding those listed in item (vi));
- iii) Those equipped with a device intended for the use of Asynchronous Transfer Mode that cannot be easily removed;
- iv) Those with the capability to superimpose a high-frequency current of 10 kilohertz or higher upon a power line
- v) Those with connection ports for transmitting and/or receiving telecommunication signals, at least three of which (excluding such connection ports which use Internet Protocol) are intended for transmitting and/ or receiving audio signals;
- vi) Those which wirelessly transmit Internet Protocol packets at a speed, in terms of the maximum sum of signal bits of the said packets transmitted per unit time, in excess of 100 megabits per second;
- vii) Those with the capability to use an artificial satellite;
- viii) Those with the capability to multiplex and then transmit 53 subcarriers or more by an orthogonal frequency division multiplex system
- ix) Those with the capability to set up a virtual closed network;
- x) Those designed to be capable of being incorporated into items such as a computer.

## Requirements

Router suppliers must provide TGCS the following information with respect to the energy efficiency ratio of an applicable Router to meet the Japanese Energy Savings law:

- 1. Product names, including the manufacturer's name;
- 2. Category letter and the Standard Energy Efficiency Ration;
- Availability of 2.4GHz band wireless output power (for Routers falling under category C, limited to cases of 2.4GHz band wireless transmission only or of simultaneous transmission of waves of the two frequency bands);
- 4. Availability of 5GHz band wireless output power (for Routers falling under Category C, limited to cases of 5GHz band wireless transmission only or of simultaneous transmission of waves of the two frequency bands); and
- 5. Energy efficiency ratio.

The above information must be included in a prominent location in a product catalog where either the performance of the Router is indicated or in a document use for the selection of a Router.

# **3.11.6.2** Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions

## References

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

## Requirements

See Section 3.11.11 for energy requirements for EMC Class B switches and routers which are not rack mounted.

# 3.11.7 Motors

# **3.11.7.1** Requirements for the US

Small electric motors, as defined by 42 US Code 6291 (16) and US Code of Federal Regulations 10 CFR Part 431 must have an average full load efficiency as specified in 10 CFR 431.446.

Manufacturer of the most must supply TGCS with a copy of the tested motor's certification document from the certified testing agency.

Additionally, DOE regulated motors that meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Is a single-speed induction motor;
- 2. Is rated for continuous duty (MG1) operation for duty type S1 (IEC);
- 3. Contains a squirrel-cage (MG1) or cage (IEC) rotor;
- 4. Operates on polyphase alternating current 60Hz sinusoidal line power;
- 5. Is rated 600 volts or less;
- 6. Has a 2-, 4-, 6-, or 8-pole configuration;
- Is built in a three-digit or four-digit NEMA frame size (or IEC metric equivalent), including those designs between two consecutive NEMA frame sizes (or IEC metric equivalent), or an enclosed 56 NEMA frame size (or IEC metric equivalent);
- 8. Produces at least 1 horsepower (0.746kW) but not greater than 500 horsepower (373kW); and
- 9. Meets all of the performance requirements of a NEMA Design A, B, or C motor or of an IEC Design N or H motor.

## Definitions

**Small electric motor** – a National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) general purpose alternating current single-speed induction motor, built in a two-digit frame number series in accordance with NEMA Standards Publication MG1-1987 including IEC metric equivalent motors.

For more definitions of electric motors, see 10 CFR 431.12 Definitions.

### Requirements

The energy efficiency requirements take affect beginning March 9, 2015 and apply to small single phase and polyphase electric motors with a rating from ¼ to 3 horsepower (180-2.2kW). The regulatory requirements are effective on March 9, 2017 for small electric motors which require listing or certification by a nationally recognized safety testing laboratory.

Energy Efficiency Requirements for sr	nall electric motors		
Motor horsepower/standard Kilowatt equivalent	Average full load efficiency tandard Polyphase Open motors (number of poles)		
	6	4	2
0.25/0.18	67.5	69.5	65.6
0.33/0.25	71.4	73.4	69.5
0.5/0.37	75.3	78.2	73.4
0.75/0.55	81.7	81.1	76.8
1/0.75	82.5	83.5	77.0
1.5/1.1	83.8	86.5	84.0
2/1.5	N/A	86.5	85.5
3/2.2	N/A	86.9	85.5
Motor horsepower/standard Kilowatt equivalent	Average full load efficiency Capacitor-start capacitor-run and capacitor-start induction-run Open motors (number of poles)		
	6	4	2
0.25/0.18	62.2	68.5	66.6
0.33/0.25	66.6	72.4	70.5
0.5/0.37	76.2	76.2	72.4
0.75/0.55	80.2	81.8	76.2
1/0.75	81.1	82.6	80.4
1.5/1.1	N/A	83.8	81.5
2/1.5	N/A	84.5	82.9
3/2.2	N/A	N/A	84.1

Reference the following DOE website for more information:

http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance\_standards/standards\_test\_procedures.html

Energy efficiency requirements for electric motors meeting the above nine requirements can be found in 10 CFR Part 431 Energy Conservation Standards for Commercial and Industrial Electric Motors; Final Rule.

# 3.11.8 Fans

# 3.11.8.1 Requirements for the EU, Jordan and other jurisdictions as applicable

# References

EU Commission Regulation (EC) No 327/2011 (implementing Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council) with regard to ecodesign requirements for fans driven by motors with an electric input power between 125W and 500kW.

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy related products

These regulations must be referenced to clarify details such as definitions, product information, measurements and calculations and methodology for calculating the target energy efficiency. Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2112/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for fans

## Definitions

Fan – a rotary bladed machine that is used to maintain a continuous flow of gas, typically air, passing through it and whose work per unit mass does not exceed 25kJ/kg, and which:

- Is designed for use with or equipped with an electrical motor with an electric input power between 125W and 500kW (≥125W and ≤500kW) to drive the impeller at its optimum energy efficiency point;
- 2. Is an axial fan, centrifugal fan, cross flow fan or mixed flow fan;
- 3. May or may not be equipped with a motor when placed on the market or put into service.

More definitions, including those defining the fan type, can be found in the Regulation cited above. The regulation also further describes fans which are out of scope.

## Requirements

Fans placed on the market before January 1, 2015 as replacement for identical fans integrated into products which were placed on the market before January 1, 2013 are exempt. The packaging, product information, and technical documentation as required by the Regulation must clearly indicate this. Information must accompany these fans indicating that the fan shall only be used for the purpose for which it is intended.

Fans in scope of this regulation must meet the energy efficiency requirements in the table below. The efficiency requirements in the table below do not apply to fans which are designed to operate with no optimum energy efficiency at 8000 rotations per minute or more, or in applications in which the 'specific ratio' is over 1.11.

Minimum energy efficiency requirements for fans

# TOSHIBA GLOBAL COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC.

SPECIFICATION #: 3ADENVM0001 VERSION: REV006 EFFECTIVE DATE: May 1, 2016 REVISION DATE: July 1, 2022

Fan Types	Measurement category (A-D)	Efficiency category	Power range P (kW)	Target energy efficiency	Efficiency grade (N)	
		Chatia	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 2.74*ln(P) - 6.33 + N	10	
	Α, C	Static	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td><td>40</td></p≤500<>	η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N	40	
Axial Fan		<b>T</b> .1.1	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 2.74*ln(P) – 6.33 + N	50	
	B, D	Total	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td><td>58</td></p≤500<>	η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N	58	
Centrifugal forward		Statia	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 2.74*ln(P) – 6.33 + N	4.4	
curved fan and	Α, C	Static	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td><td></td></p≤500<>	η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N		
centrifugal radial		Tatal	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 2.74*ln(P) – 6.33 + N	40	
bladed fan	B, D	Total	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N</td><td>49</td></p≤500<>	η target = 0.78*ln(P) – 1.88 + N	49	
Centrifugal backward			0.125≤P≤10	η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N		
curved fan without housing	A, C Stati	an without A, C	Static	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td>62</td></p≤500<>	η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N	62
		Charles -	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N	64	
Centrifugal backward curved fan with	A, C	Static	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*In(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td>61</td></p≤500<>	η target = 1.1*In(P) – 2.6 + N	61	
housing		Tatal	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N	64	
	B, D Total	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td>64</td></p≤500<>	η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N	64		
		Chatia	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N	50	
	Α, C	Static	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td>50</td></p≤500<>	η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N	50	
Mixed flow fan		Tatal	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 4.56*ln(P) – 10.5 + N		
B, D	Total	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N</td><td>62</td></p≤500<>	η target = 1.1*ln(P) – 2.6 + N	62		
Current flow for		Tatal	0.125≤P≤10	η target = 1.14*ln(P) – 2.6 + N	24	
Cross flow fan	в, D	B, D Total 10 <i< td=""><td>10<p≤500< td=""><td>η target = N</td><td>21</td></p≤500<></td></i<>	10 <p≤500< td=""><td>η target = N</td><td>21</td></p≤500<>	η target = N	21	

Fans in scope of this regulation must have the following information visibly displayed in the technical documentation of the fan (in the order as below) and at a free access manufacturer's website:

- 1. Overall efficiency (η), rounded to 1 decimal place;
- 2. Measurement category used to determine the energy efficiency (A-D);
- 3. Efficiency category (static or total);
- 4. Efficiency grade at optimum energy efficiency point;
- 5. Whether the calculation of fan efficiency assumed use of a variable speed drive (VSD) and if so, whether the VSD is integrated within the fan or the VSD must be installed with the fan;
- 6. Year of manufacture;
- 7. Manufacturer's name or trade mark, commercial registration number and place of manufacture;
- 8. Product's model number;
- 9. The rated motor power input(s) (kW), flow rate(s) and pressure(s) at optimum energy efficiency;
- 10. Rotations per minute at the optimum energy efficiency point;
- 11. The 'specific ratio';
- 12. Information relevant for facilitating disassembly, recycling or disposal at end-of-life;
- 13. Information relevant to minimize impact on the environment and ensure optimal life expectancy as regards installation, use and maintenance of the fan; and

14. Description of additional items used when determining the fan energy efficiency such as ducts that are not described in the measurement category and supplied with the fan.

A copy of the technical documentation must be provided to TGCS.

Information from numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 above must be durably marked on or near the rating plate of the fan. For number 5, the following forms of words must be used where applicable:

- 1. 'A variable speed drive must be installed with this fan'
- 2. 'A variable speed drive is integrated within the fan'

Manufacturers will provide information in the manual of instruction on specific precautions to be taken when fans are assembled, installed or maintained. If number 5 above indicates that a VSD must be installed with the fan, manufacturers must provide details on the characteristics of the VSD to ensure optimal use.

Fans in scope of this regulation and in conformance must bear the CE mark, as shown in Annex III of this Directive 2009/125/EC (example in Figure 10 of this specification). This includes the manufacturer's name, address, single point of contact, product identification number, and year of manufacture. The manufacturer must provide TGCS a Declaration of Conformity and maintain Technical Documentation in accordance with:

- 1. Annex VI of EU Directive 2009/125/EC and
- 2. Jordan Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related Products JSNO 2090 and Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for fans JSNO 10152

# 3.11.8.2 Requirements for Ecuador

## Reference

Ecuador Resolution No. 14 403 Technical Regulation RTE INEN 138 "Energy Efficiency for fans with motors of input power between 125W and 500kW.

## Requirements

Fans, shipping stand-alone not installed in a product, released by or for TGCS after October 2, 2014, with motors of input power between 125W and 500kW must meet the energy efficiency requirements of Ecuador Resolution No. 14 403.

The following information must be in Spanish and visible in the technical documentation of the fan and at a free access webpage of the fan manufacturer.

- 1. Overall efficiency (η), rounded to 1 decimal place;
- 2. Measurement category used to determine the energy efficiency (A-D);
- 3. Efficiency category (static or total);
- 4. Efficiency grade at optimum energy efficiency point;
- 5. Whether the calculation of fan efficiency assumed use of a variable speed drive (VSD) and if so, whether the VSD is integrated within the fan or the VSD must be installed with the fan;

- 6. Year of manufacture;
- 7. Manufacturer's name or trade mark, commercial registration number and place of manufacture;
- 8. Product model number;
- 9. The rated motor power input(s) (kW), flow rate(s) and pressure(s) at optimum energy efficiency;
- 10. Rotations per minute at the optimum energy efficiency point;
- 11. The 'specific ratio';
- 12. Information relevant for facilitating disassembly, recycling or disposal and end-of-life;
- 13. Information relevant to minimize impact on the environment and ensure optimal life expectancy as regards installation, use and maintenance of the fan; and
- 14. Description of additional items used when determining the fan energy efficiency such as ducts that are not described in the measurement category and not supplied with the fan.

Manufacturers will provide information in the instruction manual on specific precautions to be taken when fans are assembled, installed, or maintained. If number 5 above indicates that a VSD must be installed with the fan, manufacturers must provide details on the characteristics of the VSD to ensure optimal use.

# 3.11.9 Battery Chargers (including Battery Back-up Units and Uninterruptible Power Supplies)

# 3.11.9.1 Requirements for California, Oregon and British Columbia

# Reference

California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations See regulations for additional definitions and effective dates. Oregon Act relating to minimum energy efficiency standards 2013 British Columbia Energy Efficiency Act, Standards for Small Battery Charging Systems

# Definitions

À la carte charger – a battery charger that is individually packaged without batteries. À la carte chargers include those with multi-voltage or multi-port capability

**Battery backup or uninterruptible power supply charger (UPS)** – a small battery charger system that is voltage and frequency dependent (VFD) and designed to provide power to an end use product in the event of a power outage, and includes a UPS as defined in IEC 62040 – 3 ed.2.0. The output of the VFD upon which the UPS is dependent changes in AC input voltage and frequency and is not intended to provide additional corrective functions, such as those relating to the use of tapped transformers.

**Battery charger system (BCS)** – a battery charger coupled with its batteries or battery chargers coupled with their batteries, which together are referred to as battery charger systems. This term covers all rechargeable batteries or devices incorporating a rechargeable battery and the charges used with them. Battery charger system include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Electronic devices with a battery that are normally charged from AC line voltage or DC input voltage through an internal or external power supply and a dedicated battery charger;
- 2. The battery and battery charger components of devices that are designed to run on battery power during part or all of their operations;
- 3. Dedicated battery systems primarily designed for electrical or emergency backup; and
- 4. Devices whose primary function is to charge batteries, along with the batteries they are designed to charge.

These units include chargers for power toll batteries and chargers for automotive, AA, AAA, C, D, or 9V rechargeable batteries, as well as chargers for batteries used in larger industrial equipment and à la carte chargers.

The charging circuitry of battery charger systems may or may not be located within the housing of the end-use device itself. In many cases, the battery may be charged with a dedicated external charger and power supply combination that is separate from the device that runs on power from the battery. Except those:

- Used to charge a motor vehicle that is powered by an electric motor drawing current from rechargeable storage batteries, fuel cells, or other portable sources of electrical current, and which may include a nonelectrical source of power designed to charge batteries and components thereof. This exception does not apply to autoettes, electric personal assistive mobility devices, gold carts, or low speed vehicles, as those vehicles are defined in Division 1 of the California Vehicle Code;
- 2. That are classified as Class II or Class III devices for human use under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and require US Food and Drug Administration listing and approval as a medical device;
- 3. Used to charge a battery or batteries in an illuminated exit sign, as defined in Section 1602(1);
- 4. With input that is three phase of line-to-line 300 volts root mean square or more and is designed for a stationary power application;
- 5. That are battery analyzers; or
- 6. That are voltage independent or voltage and frequency independent uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) as defined by International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 62040-3 ed.2.0.

**Inductive charger system** – a small battery charger that transfers power to the charger through magnetic or electric induction.

**Large battery charger system** – a battery charger system (other than a battery charger system for golf carts) with a rated input power of more than 2kW.

**Small battery charger system** – a battery charger system with a rated input power of 2kW or less, and includes golf cart battery charger systems regardless of the output power.

**USB charger system** – a small battery charger system that uses a Universal Serial Bus (USB) connector as the only power source to charge the battery, and is packaged with an external power supply rated with a voltage output of 5 volts and a power output of 15 watts or less.

### Requirements

Large Battery Charger Systems manufactured on or after January 1, 2014 shall meet the performance values in Table W-1 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations

The following Small Battery Charger Systems shall meet the applicable performance values in Table W-2 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations:

- Consumer products that are not USB charger systems with a battery capacity of 20 watt-hours or more, and are manufactured on or after February 1, 2013;
- Consumer products that are USB charger systems with a battery capacity of 20 watt-hours or more and are manufactured on or after January 1, 2014; and
- Those that are not consumer products and are manufactured on or after January 1, 2017.

Exceptions to these Small Battery Charger requirements are à la carte chargers that are:

- 1. Provided separately from and subsequent to the sale of a small battery charger system manufactured before the effective date of the applicable standard in Section 1605.3(w)(2);
- 2. Necessary as a replacement for, or as a replacement component of, such small battery charger system;
- 3. Is provided by a manufacturer directly to a consumer or to a service or repair facility; and
- 4. Is manufactured no more than five years after the effective date in Section 1605.3(w)(2) applicable to the particular Small Battery Charger System for which the à la carte charger is intended as a replacement or replacement component.

À la carte chargers shall not be required to meet the applicable standard in Section 1605.3(w)(2) and Table W-2.14 of the California regulations.

Inductive charger system manufactured on or after February 1, 2013 shall meet either the applicable performance standards in Table W-2 or shall use less than 1 watt in maintenance mode, less than 1 watt in no battery mode, and an average of 1 watt or less over the duration of the charge and maintenance mode test.

Battery Backup and UPSs manufactured on or after February 1, 2013 for consumer products and January 1, 2017 for products that are not consumer products shall consume no more than 0.8+0.0021xEb watts in maintenance mode where Eb is the battery capacity in watt-hours.

The appliances must be testing in accordance with Sections 1603 and 1604 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations at an approved test laboratory or an approved industry certification program.

The manufacturer must file a statement with the California Executive Director for each appliance sold or offered for sale in California in accordance with Section 1606 of the California Energy Commission Appliance Efficiency Regulations. Certification information is pending from the State of California, but will include the following:

- Enter data results from the test into an Excel file formatted for uploading into the Energy Commission's Appliance Efficiency Database.
- Fill out and sign a declaration form. This form must record the contact information for the manufacturer and test laboratory along with a statement that all of the submitted information is true, accurate, and in compliance with the law.
- E-mail data file and a scan of the signed declaration to the Energy Commission. If needed, include a test laboratory approval application for the test laboratory used.

Effective dates of this regulation vary, please see regulation for details. The following are some effective dates:

- Most small consumer charger systems manufactured on or after February 1, 2013;
- Large battery charger systems and certain USB-based small consumer charger systems manufactured on or after January 1, 2014; and
- Non-consumer charger systems manufactured on or after January 1, 2017.

Each battery charger system shall be marked with a "BC" inside a circle. The marking shall be legible and permanently affixed to:

- 1. The product nameplate that houses the battery charging terminals, or;
- 2. The retail packaging, and, if included, the cover page of the instructions.



Examples of the compliance label

# 3.11.10 Lamps

# **3.11.10.1** Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions

## Reference

EU Regulation No 1194/2012 for ecodesign requirements for directional lamps, light emitting diode lamps and related equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products

## Requirements

The electrical lighting products listed below must meet the requirements set out in Annex III of EU Regulation No 1194/2012 except if they are special purpose products:

- Directional lamps;
- Light-emitting diode (LED) lamps;
- Equipment designed for installation between the mains and the lamps, including lamp control gear, control devices and luminaires (other than ballasts and luminaires for fluorescent and high-intensity discharge lamps);

including when they are integrated into other products.

## Definitions

Special purpose product – a product that uses the technologies covered by this Regulation but is intended for use in special applications because of its technical parameters as described in the technical documentation. Special applications are those that require technical parameters not necessary for the purposes of lighting average scenes or objects in average circumstances. They are of the following types:

- 1. Applications where the primary purpose of the light is not lighting, such as:
  - a) Emission of light as an agent in chemical or biological processes (such as polymerization, ultraviolet light used for curing/drying/hardening, photodynamic therapy, horticulture, pet care, anti-insect products);
  - Image capture and image projection (such as camera flashlights, photocopiers, video projectors);
  - c) Heating (such as infrared lamps);
  - d) Signaling (such as traffic control or airfield lamps);
- 2. Lighting applications where:
  - a) The spectral distribution of the light is intended to change the appearance of the scene or object lit, in addition to making it visible (such as food display lighting or colored lamps as defined in point 1 of Annex I), with the exception of variations in correlated color temperature; or
  - b) The spectral distribution of the light is adjusted to the specific needs of particular technical equipment, in addition to making the scene or object visible for humans (such as studio lighting, show effect lighting, theatre lighting); or
  - c) The scene or object lit requires special protection from the negative effects of the light source (such as lighting with dedicated filtering for photosensitive patients or photosensitive museum exhibits); or
  - d) Lighting is required only for emergency situations (such as emergency lighting luminaires or control gears for emergency lighting); or
  - e) The lighting products have to withstand extreme physical conditions (such as vibrations or temperatures below -20°C or above 50°C);

3. Products incorporating lighting products, where the primary purpose is not lighting and the product is dependent on energy input in fulfilling its primary purpose during use (such as refrigerators, sewing machines, endoscopes, blood analyzers).

Other relevant definitions can be found in the regulation.

## Requirements

Manufacturers of these lamps must have a conformity assessment procedure as required by the regulation. The lamps must be marked in accordance with CE marking requirements. The manufacturer must provide TGCS with a CE Declaration of Conformity and Technical Documentation in accordance with Annex VI of EU Directive 2009/125/EC of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products.

Special purpose products shall comply with the information requirements set out in Annex I of this regulation.

# 3.11.11 EMC Class B Equipment

# 3.11.11.1 Requirements for the EU and other CE Marking jurisdictions

## Reference

EU Regulation 1275/2009 for ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Commission Regulation No 801/2013 of 22 August 2013 amending Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008 with regard to ecodesign requirements for standby, off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

EU Directive 2009/125/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for energy related products Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment

This section applies to Energy Related Products (ERP) including information technology equipment intended primarily for use in the domestic environment. Products in Annex I of the regulation include information technology equipment intended primarily for use in the domestic environment which means products classified as EMC Class B per EN 55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN 55022:2010 in EU Directive 89/336/EEC for Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC). Examples of products which may be classified as EMC Class B include monitors, workstations, laptops, routers, switches, and other networked equipment.

This regulation excludes desktop computers, integrated desktop computers and notebook computers as defined in EU Regulation 617/2013 (see Annex I of EU Regulation No 1275/2008 and amendment in Article 4 of EU Regulation 617/2013) and Class B equipment placed on the market with a low voltage

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external power supply (<250 volts) to work as intended (EPSs are regulated by EU Regulation (EC) No 278/2009 Ecodesign requirements for no-load condition electric power consumption and average active efficiency of external power supplies).

### Definitions

Electrical and electronic household and office equipment – any energy-using product which:

- 1. Is made commercially available as a single functional unit and is intended for the end-user;
- 2. Falls under the list of energy-using products of Annex I (in EU Regulation (EC) No 1275/2008);
- 3. Is dependent on energy input from the main power source in order to work as intended; and
- 4. Is designed for use with a nominal voltage rating of 250V or below.

Networked equipment – equipment that can connect to a network and has one or more network ports

**Networked equipment with high network availability (HiNA equipment)** – equipment with one or more of the following functionalities, but no other, as the main functions(s): router, network switch, wireless network access point, hub, modem, VoIP telephone, video phone.

**Networked equipment with high network availability (HiNA) functionality** – equipment with the functionality of a router, network switch, wireless network access point or combination thereof included, but not being HiNA equipment.

**Router** – a network device whose primary function is to determine the optimal path along which network traffic should be forwarded. Routers forward packets from one network to another, based on network layer information (L3).

**Network switch** – a network device whose primary function is to filter, forward and distribute frames based on the destination address of each frame. All switches operate at least at the data link layer (L2).

For a complete list of definitions, please refer to the EU Regulation cited above.

For this regulation, the terms 'router' and 'switch' do not apply to products mounted in a rack for use in a data center.

## Requirements

Electronic equipment, such as monitors, workstations and laptops which are EMC Class B Information Technology equipment as defined in EN 55022:2006+A1:2007 or EN 55022:2010 and newly releasing must meet the following requirements:

- 1. Power consumption in off-mode shall not exceed 0.50W;
- 2. Power consumption in standby mode with a reactivation function shall not exceed 0.50W;
- 3. Power consumption in standby mode providing only information or status display shall not exceed 1.00W, and on its functions, equipment shall, unless inappropriate for the intended use, offer a power management function that switches equipment after the shortest possible period of time into standby mode, or off mode, or another condition which does not exceed the

applicable power consumption requirements for off mode and/or standby mode when the equipment is connected to the mains power supply. The power management function shall be activated before delivery to TGCS.

In addition, as of January 1, 2015,

- 1. Any Class B networked equipment shall offer a power management function, unless the Class B networked equipment is intended for data center use.
- 2. Specifically, any Class B HiNA equipment or equipment with HiNA functionality's power consumption in a condition providing networked standby into which equipment is switched by the power management function shall not exceed 12W.

As of January 1, 2017, those pieces of equipment that apply to the requirements of January 1, 2015 above must also:

- 1. Comply with the standby requirements when all wired network ports are disconnected and when all wireless network ports are deactivated
- 2. Any equipment with HiNA functionality in networked standby shall not exceed 8W
- 3. All other networked equipment networked standby power shall not exceed 3W.

## Labeling and Documentation

The product must be marked with the CE conformity marking. See example in the following Figure. The CE mark must have a height of at least 5mm. The CE marking must be affixed to the ERP. Where this is not possible, it must be affixed to the packaging and to the accompanying documents.



Figure 10. Example of CE conformity marking

The following technical documents must be provided to TGCS:

- Declaration of Conformity (DoC) to EU Regulation 1275/2008 in accordance with Annex VI of EU Directive 2009/125/EC of 21 October 2009 establishing a framework for the setting of ecodesign requirements for energy-related products and a Declaration of Conformity for compliance with Jordan JSNO 2090/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requiremetns for energy related products and Jordan JSNO 2109/2013 Technical Regulation on ecodesign requirements for standby and off mode electric power consumption of electrical and electronic household and office equipment. The DoC must include:
  - a) Name and address of the manufacturer or of its authorized representative;
  - b) A description of the model sufficient for unambiguous identification;
  - c) Where appropriate, the references of the harmonized standards applied;

- d) Where appropriate, the other technical standards and specifications used;
- e) Where appropriate, the reference to other EU Community legislation providing for the affixing of the CE mark that is applied; and
- f) Identification and signature of the person empowered to bind the manufacturer or its authorized representative.
- 2. Statement indicating which energy efficiency tier (or both) the DoC applies to (see the first two paragraphs of this section for energy efficiency tier information), and
- The technical documentation showing efficiency data must be provided. The technical documentation must meet the requirements of Annex IV of EU Commission Regulation No 1275/2008. For Israel, testing must be conducted at an approved testing facility in Israel and the results provided to TGCS.

The above DoC and technical documentation must be provided in English, and other available languages such as Romanian, Turkish and Hebrew.

As of January 1, 2015, the following information for networked equipment shall be visibly displayed on the manufacturer's website:

- 1. For each standby and/or off mode and the condition providing networked standby into which the equipment is switched by the power management function or similar function:
  - a) The power consumption data in Watts rounded to the first decimal place,
  - b) The period of time after which the power management function, or a similar function, switches the equipment automatically into standby and/or off mode and/or the conditions providing networked standby
- 2. The power consumption of the product in networked standby if all wired network ports are connected and all wireless network ports are activated,
- 3. Guidance on how to activate and deactivate wireless network ports.

# **3.12 Requirements for Product Take-Back**

This section applies to Products which have a log or brand other than Toshiba and are not included inside a Toshiba branded product. For example, this section applies to monitors which do not have a Toshiba logo, but rather a vendor logo. Products, such as this, must have product take-back programs in place in the jurisdictions where required, financed and maintained by the vendor whose logo appears on the Product.

# **3.13 Requirements for RoHS**

Reference (limited list of jurisdictions regarding RoHS compliance)

EU Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (recast)

EU Decision No 768/2008/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 on a common framework for the marketing of products

EN 50581:2012 Technical Documentation for the assessment of electrical and electronic products with respect to the restriction of hazardous substances

# 3.13.1 Restrictions

See Product specification 3ADENVM0002 for details about material restrictions, allowable finishes and exemptions. See Table 1 in this specification for additional details about material restrictions.

# 3.13.2 Definitions

**Finished Product** – for the purposes of this specification, Finished Product means any stand-alone, final assembly in any form factor. Examples of stand-along, final assemblies include, but are not limited to:

Displays/Monitors	Keyboards	Servers
Electrical tools	Mice	Smart Card Readers
External storage drives	Power distribution units	Storage products
External memory keys/flash drives	Printers	Switches
External modems	Racks	Workstations
External power supplies	Routers	

**Manufacturer** – any natural or legal person who manufactures EEE or who has EEE designed or manufactured and markets it under his name or trademark. This definition is from the EU Directive 2011/65/EU.

# 3.13.3 Requirements for Finished Products

All EEE must meet Article 7 of EU Directive 2011/65/EU RoHS. Refer to the Directive for further details.

# Documentation

Manufacturers must have in place technical documentation as required by Article 7 and carry out the internal production control procedure in line with module A of Annex II to Decision No 768/2008/EC. Manufacturers must ensure that procedures are in place for series production to remain in conformity. Changes in product design or characteristics and changes in the harmonized standards or in technical specifications by reference to which conformity of EEE is declared shall be adequately taken into account. Technical Documentation must be in accordance with the latest version of EN 50581:2012, Technical Documentation for the Assessment of Electrical and Electronic Products with Respect to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances.

Manufacturers must keep the technical documentation and the EU Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for 10 years after the EEE has been placed on the market. This documentation must be readily available to TGCS and provided within two business days upon request.

When laboratory sampling is completed and used as part of the technical documentation, the test method must be in accordance with the latest version of IEC 62321 Electrotechnical products – Determination of levels of sic regulated substances (lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, polybrominated diphenyl ethers) as referred to in EN 50581:2012.

Manufacturers must keep a register of non-conforming EEE and product recalls, and keep distributors, including TGCS, informed thereof.

Manufacturers, when requested by a competent national authority or TGCS, must provide all the information and documentation necessary to demonstrate the conformity of the EEE with the RoHS Directive, in a language which can be easily understood by the authority, and that they cooperate with the authority, at its request, on actions taken to ensure compliance with the Directive for the EEE which they have placed on the market or provided to TGCS for placing on the market.

Manufacturers must draw up an EU DoC which must have the following:

- 1. It shall state that it has been demonstrated that the requirements specified in Article 4 of the EU Directive have been met.
- 2. It shall have the model structure and contain the elements specified in Annex VI of the Directive, including:
  - a) Number, which is the unique identification of the EEE.
  - b) Name and address of the manufacturer or authorized representative.
  - c) Wording, "This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer (or installer)".
  - d) Object of the declaration (identification of EEE allowing traceability e.g., a photograph)
  - e) The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with Directive 2011/65/EU
  - f) Where applicable, references to the relevant harmonized standards used or references to the technical specifications in relation to which conformity is declared.
  - g) Signature block including:
    - i) Signed for and on behalf of,
    - ii) Place and date of issue, and
    - iii) Name, function and signature.

By drawing up the EU DoC, the manufacturer shall assume responsibility for the compliance of the EEE with the EU RoHS Recast Directive. Manufacturers of Finished Products must provide TGCS a DoC in as many languages as available, for example, Czech and Slovenian. A single DoC must be provided which references all EU CE marking legislation applicable to the product in accordance with EU Decision 768/2008/EC, Article 5. The product name or number identifier on the product must match the name or number on the DoC and the name or number on the Technical Documentation.

## Labeling

The CE marking must be placed on all Finished Products, including Toshiba logo and non-Toshiba logo products. Figure 10 has an example CE Mark. The CE Mark must be at least 5mm in height. The

Manufacturer of the Finished Product must place the CE mark on the product. The CE marking shall be affixed visibly, legibly and indelibly to the finished EEE or to its data plate. Where that is not possible because of the nature of the EEE, it shall be affixed to the packaging and to the accompanying documents. The CE Mark shall be the only marking which establishes the conformity of a product to the EU RoHS Recast Directive. No other markings indicating compliance to EU RoHS requirements shall be used.

EEE must have a type, batch or serial number or other element allowing its identification, or, where the size or nature of the EEE does not allow it, that the required information is provided on the packaging or in a document accompanying the EEE. This must be completed by the manufacturer of the EEE. Examples of this include, but are not limited to machine type, machine type model, or part number. This marking shall be affixed visibly, legibly and indelibly to the finished EEE or packaging.

Manufacturers must indicate their name, registered trade name or registered trade mark and the address at which they can be contacted on the EEE or, where that is not possible, on its packaging or in a document accompanying the EEE. The address must indicate a single point at which the manufacturer can be contacted.

Irrespective of the company logo on the product, when Toshiba is referenced on the product as the manufacturer, the TGCS single point of contact information must be included. This information must include:

Toshiba Global Commerce Solutions 3039 Cornwallis Road RTP, NC 27709 www.toshibacommerce.com

## Notification

Manufacturers who have reason to believe that EEE which they have delivered to TGCS is not in conformity with this Directive must immediately take the necessary corrective measures to bring that EEE into conformity, to withdraw it or recall it, as well as immediately notify TGCS.

# 3.13.4 Requirements for Parts

EEE, parts and Deliverables provided to TGCS must meet EU Directive 2011/65/EU. Refer to the Directive for further details.

Suppliers must have in place documentation as required by Article 7 and carry out the internal production control procedure in line with module A of Annex II to Decision No 768/2008/EC. Suppliers must ensure that procedures are in place for series production to remain in conformity. Changes in product design or characteristics and changes in the harmonized standards or in technical specifications by reference to which conformity of EEE is declared shall be adequately taken into account. Suppliers must keep the documentation for 10 years after the EEE has been placed on the market. This

documentation must be readily available to TGCS and provided in English within two business days upon request.

When laboratory sampling is completed and used as part of the documentation, the test method must be in accordance with the latest version of IEC 62321 Electrotechnical products – Determination of levels of six regulated substances (lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls, polybrominated diphenyl ethers) as referred to in EN50581:2012, Technical Documentation for the Assessment of Electrical and Electronic Products with Respect to the Restriction of Hazardous Substances. Manufacturers, when requested by TGCS, must provide all the information and documentation necessary to demonstrate the conformity of the EEE with the RoHS Directive in English.

Suppliers who have reason to believe that EEE which they have delivered to TGCS is not in conformity with this Directive must immediately take the necessary corrective measures to bring the EEE into conformity, as well as immediately notify TGCS.

# 4.0 Notification Procedures

If the Deliverable being supplied to TGCS does not meet one or more of the applicable requirements in ES 3ADENVM0001, the Supplier must immediately notify their TGCS procurement representative. This also applies if the Supplier or a subcontractor(s) makes changes in their operations that will cause a Deliverable to no longer comply with ES 3ADENVM0001. If any Deliverable contains a substance in applications restricted by this specification, Suppliers must immediately report such information to their TGCS procurement representative.

# 5.0 Limited List of References

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986

Connecticut Public Law 02-90, the Mercury Education and Reduction Act

Danish Ministry of the Environment EPA Project No. 1291 2009 Development and use of screening methods to determine chromium (VI) and brominated flame retardants in electrical and electronic equipment

EU Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (recast)

EU Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electrnoic equipment (WEEE) (recast)

EU: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

Maine Title 38, Chapter 24, Subchapter 4, 2165 Regulation of certain dry cell batteries

New Jersey Dry Cell Battery Management Act; NJSA 13:1E-99.5-206

United States 29 Code of Federal Register 1910.1200 Toxic and Hazardous Substances – Hazard Communication

United States 29 Code of Federal Register 1910.1048 Toxic and Hazardous Substances – Formaldehyde

United States Mercury-Containing and Rechargeable Battery Management Act (Public Law 104-142)

### **ANNEXES: Chemical Lists with CAS Numbers**

Unless specifically indicated as complete for the chemicals affected, these annex listings are examples only, except where noted.

#### Annex A. Asbestos

Asbestos	1332-21-4	
Actinolite	77536-66-4	
Amosite (Grunerite)	12172-73-5	
Anthophyllite	77536-67-5	
Chrysotile	12001-29-5	
Crocidolite	12001-28-4	
Cummingtonite	17499-08-0	
Fibrous erionite	66733-21-9	
Tremolite	77536-68-6	
	14567-73-8	

### Annex B. Azo colorants -

Note: The EC azo dyes ban applies to 1) Certain azo colorants that by reductive cleavage of azo groups may release one of the following 22 aromatic amines and 2) The Azodye compound listed in the second table of this annex.

biphenyl-4-ylamine	92-67-1
Benzidine (Note: benzidine is also listed as prohibited in Table 1, which is more	92-87-5
restrictive than the requirements for azo colorants.)	
4-chloro-o-toluidine	95-69-2
2-naphthylamine	91-59-8
o-aminoazotoluene	97-56-3
5-nitro-o-toluidine	99-55-8
4-chloroaniline	106-47-8
4-methoxy-m-phenylenediamine	615-05-4
4,4'-methylenedianiline	101-77-9
3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1
3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine	119-90-4
3,3'-dimethylbenzidine	119-93-7
4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine	838-88-0
6-methoxy-m-toluidine	120-71-8
4,4'-methylene-bis(2-chloroaniline)	101-14-4
4,4'-oxydianiline	101-80-4
4,4'-thiodianiline	139-65-1
o-toluidine	95-53-4
4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine	95-80-7
2,4,5-trimethylaniline	137-17-7
o-anisidine	90-04-0
4-amino azobenzene	60-09-3
2. List of regulated azodyes	
A mixture of Disodium- (6- (4- anisidino) -3- sulfonato -2- (3,5- dinitro- 2-oxidophenylazo 1-naphtholato) (1- (5- chloro -2-oxidophenylazo) -2-naphtholato) chromate (1-); (molecula formula C39H23ClCN7O12S.2Na); Trisodium bis (6- (4-anisidino) -3- sulfonato -2- (3,5- dinitro-2- oxidophenylazo) -1- naphtholato) chromate(1-) (molecular formula C46H30CrN10O20S2.3Na)	

### Annex C. Cadmium/Cadmium Compounds

Cadmium	7440-43-9
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Cadmium oxide	1306-19-0	
Cadmium sulfide	1306-23-6	
Cadmium chloride	10108-64-2	
Cadmium sulfate	10124-36-4	
Cadmium chromate	14312-00-6	
Other cadmium compounds	-	

### Annex D. Halogenated aromatic substances

Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)(Note: PCBs are prohibited by	See Annex O
other regulations, see PCBs in Table 1 and Annex O)	
Halogenated diarylalkanes -	
Monomethyltetrachlorodiphenylmethane (Trade name: Ugilec	76253-60-6
Monomethyldichlorodiphenylmethane (Trade name: Ugilec 121)	81161-70-8
Monomethyldibromodiphenylmethane (Trade name: DBBT)	99688-47-8
Halogenated benzenes -	
Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene, MCB)	108-90-7
Dichlorobenzene, 1,2- (ortho-DCB)	95-50-1
Dichlorobenzene, 1,4- (para-DCB)	106-46-7
Tetrachlorobenzene, 1, 2, 4, 5-	95-94-3
Tetrachlorobenzene, 1, 2, 3, 5-	634-90-2
Tetrachlorobenzene, 1, 2, 3, 4-	634-66-2
Trichlorobenzene, 1, 2,4 -	120-82-1
Trichlorobenzene, 1, 2, 3-	87-61-6
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1

### Annex E. Halogenated diphenyl methanes

Monomethyl tetrachloro diphenyl methane; Trade name: Ugilec 141	76253-60-6
Monomethyl dichloro diphenyl methane; Trade name: Ugilec 121, Ugilec 21	81161-70-8
Monomethyl dibromo dipenyl methane (DBBT)	99688-47-8

#### Annex F. Hexachloroethane

Hexachloroethane	67-72-1

## Annex G. Hexavalent Chromium/Hexavalent Chromium Compounds

	•
Ammonium dichromate	7789-09-5
Chromium (VI) oxide	1333-82-0
Barium chromate	10294-40-3
Calcium chromate	13765-19-0
Chromic acetate	1066-30-4
Chromium trioxide	1333-82-0
Lead (II) chromate	7758-97-6
Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red	12656-85-8
Lead sulfochromate yellow	1344-37-2
Potassium chlorochromate	16037-50-6
Potassium chromate	7789-00-6
Potassium dichromate	7778-50-9
Silver chromate	7784-01-2
Sodium chromate	7775-11-3
Sodium chromate, dihydrate	7789-12-0
Sodium dichromate	10588-01-9
Strontium chromate	7789-06-2
Zinc chromate	13530-65-9
Other hexavalent chromium compounds	-

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Lead	7439-92-1
Lead (II) sulfate	7446-14-2
Lead (II) carbonate	598-63-0
Lead hydrocarbonate	1319-46-6
Lead acetate	301-04-2
Lead (II) acetate, trihydrate	6080-56-4
Lead phosphate;	7446-27-7
Lead (II) phosphate	7446-27-7
Lead selenide	12069-00-0
Lead (IV) oxide	1309-60-0
Lead (II,IV) oxide	1314-41-6
Lead (II) sulfide	1314-87-0
Lead (II) oxide	1317-36-8
Lead (II) carbonate basic	1319-46-6
Lead hydroxidcarbonate	1344-36-1
Lead (II) chromate	7758-97-6
Lead (II) titanate	12060-00-3
Lead sulfate, sulphuric acid, lead salt	15739-80-7
Lead sulphate, tribasic	12202-17-4
Lead stearate	1072-35-1
Lead arsenite	10031-13-7
Lead azide	13424-46-9
Lead hexafluorosilicate	25808-74-6
Lead (II) methanesulphonate	17570-76-2
Lead naphthenate	61790-14-5
Lead dinitrate	10099-74-8
Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red	12656-85-8
Lead sulfochromate yellow	1344-37-2
Tetraethyl lead	78-00-2
Tetramethyl lead	75-74-1
Other lead compounds	-

### Annex H. Lead/Lead Compounds

### Annex I. Mercury/Mercury Compounds

An extensive list of mercury compounds can be found at

### http://www.pic.int/en/CasNumbers/mercury%20compounds%20CAS%20numbers.pdf

Mercury	7439-97-6	
Phenylmercury acetate	62-38-4	
Phenylmercury propionate	103-27-5	
Phenylmercury 2-ethylhexanoate	13302-00-6	
Phenylmercuric octanoate	13864-38-5	
Phenylmercury neodecanoate	26545-49-3	
Mercuric chloride	33631-63-9	
Mercury (II) chloride	7487-94-7	
Mercuric sulfate	7783-35-9	
Mercuric nitrate	10045-94-0	
Mercuric (II) oxide	21908-53-2	
Mercuric sulfide	1344-48-5	
Other mercury compounds	-	

### Annex J. Nickel

Nickel	7440-02-0
Nickelacetate	373-02-4
Nickelcarbonate	3333-67-3
Nickelcarbonyl	13463-39-3

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Nickelhydroxide	12054-48-7, 11113-74-9	
Nickelocene	1271-28-9	
Nickeloxide	1313-99-1	
Nickelsulfide	12035-72-2	
Other nickel compounds	-	

### Annex K. Ozone Depleting Substances

Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs):	
Trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11) and its isomers	75-69-4 DR <sup>2</sup> 62185-70-0 DR <sup>2</sup> 79620-41-0 DR <sup>2</sup> 83589-40-6 DR <sup>2</sup> 91315-61-6
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12) and its isomers	75-71-8 DR <sup>2</sup> 185009-39-6 DR <sup>2</sup> 62185-71-1
Trichlorotrifluoroethane (CFC-113) and its isomers	76-13-1 DR <sup>2</sup> 39349-94-5 DR <sup>2</sup> 56996-61-3 DR <sup>2</sup> 57762-34-2
Dichlorotetrafluoroethane (CFC-114) and its isomers	76-14-2
Monochloropentafluoroethane (CFC-115) and its isomers	76-15-3 DR <sup>2</sup> 12770-91-1
Chlorotrifluoromethane (CFC-13) and its isomers	75-72-9 185009-43-2
Pentachlorofluoroethane (CFC-111) and its isomers	354-56-3 29756-45-4
Tetrachlorodifluoroethane (CFC-112) and its isomers	76-12-0 76-11-9
Heptachlorofluoropropane (CFC-211) and its isomers	422-78-6 135401-87-5
Hexachlorodifluoropropane (CFC-212) and its isomers	3182-26-1
Pentachlorotrifluoropropane (CFC-213) and its isomers	2354-06-5 134237-31-3
Tetrachlorotetrafluoropropane (CFC-214) and its isomers	29255-31-0 2268-46-4
Trichloropentafluoropropane (CFC-215) and its isomers	1599-41-3 4259-43-2 76-17-5
Dichlorohexafluoropropane (CFC-216) and its isomers	661-97-2
Chloroheptafluoropropane (CFC-217) and its isomers	422-86-6 76-18-6
Halons:	
Dibromodifluoromethane (Halon-1202)	75-61-6
Bromochlorodifluoromethane (Halon-1211) and its isomers	353-59-3 11104-73-7
Bromotrifluoromethane (Halon-1301) and its isomers	75-63-8 62395-25-9
Dibromotetrafluoroethane (Halon-2402) and its isomers	124-73-2 DR <sup>2</sup> 76199-55-8
Tribromofluoromethane (Halon 1103)	353-54-8
Dibromochlorofluoromethane (Halon 1112)	353-55-9
Tetrabromodifluoroethane (Halon 2204)	Not available
Bromodichlorofluoromethane (Halon 1121)	Not available
Pentabromofluoroethane (Halon 2105)	Not available
Tribromotrifluoroethane (Halon 2303)	Not available
Bromopentafluoroethane (Halon 2501)	Not available
Tribromopentafluoropropane (Halon 3503)	Not available

Dibromohexafluoropropane (Halon 3602)	Not available
Bromoheptafluoropropane (Halon 3701)	Not available
Other:	
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5
1,1,1-trichloroethane (methyl chloroform) and its isomers except	71-55-6
1,1,2- trichloroethane	DR <sup>2</sup> 74552-83-3
Bromomethane (methyl bromide)	74-83-9
1-Bromopropane (n-propyl bromide)	106-94-5
Bromoethane (ethyl bromide)	74-96-4
Chlorobromomethane	74-97-5
Trifluoroiodomethane (trifluoromethyl iodide)	2314-97-8
Chloromethane (methyl chloride)	74-87-3
Hydrobromofluorocarbons (HBFCs) and their isomers:	
Bromodifluoromethane and its isomers	1511-62-2
HBFC-22B1 (FM-100)	1511-62-2
CHFBr2	1868-53-7
CH2FBr	Not available
C2HFBr4	Not available
C2HF2Br3	Not available
C2HF3Br2	354-04-1
	DR <sup>2</sup> 66542-88-9
C211E4D-	
C2HF4Br C2H2FBr3	Not available Not available
C2H2F2Br2	75-82-1
C2H2F3Br	421-06-7
C2H3FBr2	358-97-4
C2H3F2Br	Not available
C2H4FBr	762-49-2
C3HFBr6	Not available
C3HF2Br5	Not available
C3HF3Br4	Not available
C3HF4Br3	Not available
C3HF5Br2	Not available
C3HF6Br	Not available
C3H2FBr5	Not available
C3H2F2Br4	Not available
C3H2F3Br3	Not available
C3H2F4Br2	Not available
C3H2F5Br	Not available
C3H3FBr4	Not available
C3H3F2Br3	Not available
C3H3F3Br2	Not available
C3H3F4Br	Not available
C3H4FBr3	Not available
C3H4F2Br2	Not available
C3H4F3Br	Not available
C3H5FBr2	Not available
C3H5F2Br	Not available
C3H6FBr	Not available
Hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFCs) and their isomers:	
Dichlorofluoromethane (HCFC-21)	75-43-4
· · · · ·	DR <sup>2</sup> 39289-28-6
Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)	75-45-6
	DR <sup>2</sup> 73666-77-0
	DR <sup>2</sup> 134191-96-1
L	

Chlorofluoromothano (HCEC 21)	E02 70 A
Chlorofluoromethane (HCFC-31)	593-70-4
Tetrachlorofluoroethane (HCFC-121)	134237-32-4
	130879-71-9
	DR <sup>2</sup> 134237-32-43
1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-2-fluoroethane	354-11-0
1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-1-fluoroethane	354-14-3
Trichlorodifluoroethane (HCFC-122)	41834-16-6
Trichloro-1,1-difluoroethane	55949-46-7
1,2,2-trichloro-1,1-difluoroethane	354-21-2
	DR <sup>2</sup> 134237-33-53
	DR <sup>2</sup> 62549-18-2
1,2,2-trichloro-1,2-difluoroethane	354-15-4
1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-difluoroethane	354-12-1
1,1,2-trichloro-2,2-difluoroethane	Not available
Dichlorotrifluoroethane (HCFC-123)	34077-87-7
Dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	90454-18-5
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane	306-83-2
1,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane (HCFC-123a)	354-23-4
1,1-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	812-04-4
2,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	Not available
Chlorotetrafluoroethane (HCFC-124)	63938-10-3
2-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane	2837-89-0
1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HCFC-124a)	354-25-6
Trichlorofluoroethane (HCFC-131)	27154-33-2
	134237-34-63
1,1,2-trichloro-2-fluoroethane	359-28-4
1,1,2-trichloro-1 (or 2)-fluoroethane	90134-98-8
1,1,2-trichloro-1-fluoroethane (HCFC-131a)	811-95-0
1,1,1-trichloro-2-fluoroethane (HCFC-131b)	2366-36-1
Dichlorodifluoroethane (HCFC-132)	25915-78-0
Dichloro-1,1-difluoroethane	55494-45-6
1,1-dichlorodifluoroethane	31153-51-2
(meso) 1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane	33579-37-2
(R,R)-(+-).1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane	33489-30-4
1,2-dichloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-132b)	1649-08-7
1,1-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane	1842-05-3
1,1-dichloro-2,2-difluoroethane	471-43-2
1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoroethane	431-06-1
Chlorotrifluoroethane (HCFC-133)	1330-45-6
	DR2 38097-47-1
1-chloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	431-07-2
1-chloro-1,1,2-trifluoroethane	421-04-5
2chloro-1,1,1-trifluoroethane (HCFC-133a)	75-88-7
Dichlorofluoroethane (HCFC-141)	25167-88-8
1,1-dichloro-1-fluoroethane (HCFC-141b)	1717-00-6
1,2-dichloro-1-fluoroethane	430-57-9
1,1-dichloro-2-fluoroethane	430-53-5
Chlorodifluoroethane (HCFC-142)	25497-29-4
	DR <sup>2</sup> 58561-84-5
	DR <sup>2</sup> 27175-71-9
Chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	55949-44-5
2-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane	338-65-8
1-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-142b)	75-68-3
	DR <sup>2</sup> 65762-25-6
1-chloro-1,2-difluoroethane (HCFC-142a)	338-64-7

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	134237-35-73
1,1,1,2,3,3-hexachloro-3-fluoropropane	431-79-8
1,1,1,2,3,3-hexachloro-2-fluoropropane	422-40-2
1,1,1,2,2,3-hexachloro-1-fluoropropane	422-26-4
1,1,2,2,3,3-hexachloro-1-fluoropropane	422-28-6
1,1,1,3,3,3-hexachloro-2-fluoropropane	Not available
Pentachlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-222)	116867-32-4
	134237-36-8 <sup>3</sup>
1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-1,3-difluoropropane	431-82-3
1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-3,3-difluoropropane	431-80-1
1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-2,2-difluoropropane	422-49-1
1,2,2,3,3-pentachloro-1,1-difluoropropane	422-30-0
1,1,1,2,2-pentachloro-3,3-difluoropropane	422-27-5
1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
(1,1,3,3,3-pentachloro-1,2-difluoropropane)	
1,1,2,2,3-pentachloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-1,2-difluoropropane	Not available
Tetrachlorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-223)	29470-95-9
	134237-37-9 <sup>3</sup>
1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane	54002-59-4
1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane	431-83-4
1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-3,3,3-trifluoropropane	431-81-2
1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane	422-52-6
1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane	422-50-4
1,2,3,3-tetrachloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane	422-41-3
2,2,3,3-tetrachloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane	422-35-5
1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane	422-29-7
1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,2,2,3-tetrachloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
Trichlorotetrafluoropropane (HCFC-224)	127564-91-4
	134237-38-0 <sup>3</sup>
1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	53063-53-9
1,1,1-trichloro-2,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	53063-52-8
1,1,2-trichloro-1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	431-84-5
1,3,3-trichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane	422-54-8
1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane	422-53-7
1,1,1-trichloro-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	422-51-5
2,3,3-trichloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane	422-47-9
1,2,3-trichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane	422-42-4
1,2,2-trichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	422-32-2
2,2,3-trichloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	Not available

Dichloropentafluoropropane (HCFC-225)	127564-92-5
1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane	136013-79-1
3,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ca)	422-56-0
1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225cb)	507-55-1
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225aa)	128903-21-9
1,1-dichloro-1,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropane	111512-56-2
(R,S)2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane	111512-55-1
(R,R)2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane	111512-51-7
1,1-dichloro-1,2,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane	13474-88-9
1,2-dichloro-1,1,3,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225da)	431-86-7
2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-225ba)	422-48-0
1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane	422-44-6
Chlorohexafluoropropane (HCFC-226)	28987-04-4
	134308-72-8 <sup>3</sup>
2-chloro-1,1,1,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226ba)	51346-64-6
2-chloro-1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226da)	431-87-8
3-chloro-1,1,1,2,2,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226ca)	422-57-1
1-chloro-1,1,2,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226cb)	422-55-9
1-chloro-1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HCFC-226ea)	359-58-0
Pentachlorofluoropropane (HCFC-231)	134190-48-03
1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-2-fluoropropane	421-94-3
1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-2-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,2,3-pentachloro-1-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1,2,2-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1,2,3-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1,3,3-pentachloro-2-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,2,3-pentachloro-3-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,3,3-pentachloro-1-fluoropropane	Not available
Tetrachlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-232)	127564-82-3
1,2,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,1-difluoropropane	67879-59-8
1,1,3,3,-tetrachloro-2,2-difluoropropane	1112-14-7
1,1,1,3,-tetrachloro-2,2-difluoropropane	677-54-3
1,1,1,3,-tetrachloro-3,3-difluoropropane	460-89-9
1,1,1,3,-tetrachloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1,2,-tetrachloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1,2,-tetrachloro-3,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,2-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,2,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,2-difluoropropane	Not available
(1,1,2,3,-tetrachloro-2,3-difluoropropane)	
1,2,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,1-difluoropropane	Not available
1,2,2,3,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,2,-tetrachloro-3,3-difluoropropane	Not available
(2,2,3,3,-tetrachloro-1,1-difluoropropane)	
1,1,2,2,-tetrachloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available

	C1C22 04 0
Trichlorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-233)	61623-04-9
	134237-40-43
1,1,3-trichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane	131221-36-8
1,1,1-trichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane	131211-71-7
1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane	54377-32-1
1,1,1-trichloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane	54306-56-8
1,1,2-trichloro-2,3,3-trifluoropropane	13058-99-6
1,1,1-trichloro-3,3,3-trifluoropropane	7125-84-0
2,2,3-trichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane	7125-83-9
2,3,3-trichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane	431-51-6
1,1,3-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane	421-99-8
1,2,3-trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane	421-95-4
1,1,3-trichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane	333-26-6
1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,2,3-trichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2-trichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,3,3-trichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane	Not available
2,2,3-trichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,2,3-trichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
1,2,2-trichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
Dichlorotetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234)	127564-83-4
1,3-dichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234fa)	76140-39-1
1,3-dichloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane	70341-81-0
1,1-dichloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane	70192-63-1
1,1-dichloro-1,3,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	64712-27-2
(R,R) 1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane	53149-65-8
3,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane	53063-54-0
2,2-dichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	17705-30-5
1,1-dichloro-2,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	4071-01-6
1,2-dichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	425-94-5
1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234cc)	422-00-4
2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-234da)	Not available
1,1-dichloro-1,2,3,3-tetrafluoropropane	Not available
1,2-dichloro-1,1,3,3-te traflu oropropane	Not available Not available
2,3-dichloro-1,1,1,2-te trafluoropropane 2,2-dichloro-1,1,1,3-te trafluoropropane	Not available
1,2-dichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane	Not available
1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane	Not available
Chloropentafluoropropane (HCFC-235)	108662-83-5
	134237-83-5 <sup>3</sup>
3-chloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane	134237-41-5
2-chloro-1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235da)	134251-06-2
1-chloro-1,2,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235ca)	28103-66-4
1-chloro-1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235cc)	679-99-2
1-chloro-1,1,3,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235fa)	677-55-4
3-chloro-1,1,1,2,2-pentafluoropropane (HCFC-235cb)	460-92-4
2-chloro-1,1,1,2,3-pentafluoropropane	422-02-6
1-chloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane	Not available
2-chloro-1,1,2,3,3-pentafluoropropane	Not available

Tetrachlorofluoropropane (HCFC-241)	134190-49-1 <sup>3</sup>
1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane	84816-05-7
1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane	23153-22-2
1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane	21981-25-9
1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane	7126-06-9
1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane	3175-26-6
1,1,1,2-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane	3175-25-5
1,1,2,3-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane	666-27-3
1,1,1,3-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2,2-tetrachloro-3-fluoropropane	Not available
1,2,2,3-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-1-fluoropropane	Not available
1,1,3,3-tetrachloro-2-fluoropropane	Not available
Trichlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-242)	127564-90-3
	134237-42-6 <sup>3</sup>
1,3,3-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	460-63-9
1,2,3-trichloro-1,2-difluoropropane	7164-14-9
1,1,3-trichloro-2,2-difluoropropane	1112-13-6
1,2,3-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	431-24-3
1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-difluoropropane	1112-05-6
1,2,2-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	7126-05-8
1,1,2-trichloro-1,2-difluoropropane	7126-04-7
1,1,1-trichloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,3-trichloro-1,2-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2-trichloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,2,2-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
2,2,3-trichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,1-trichloro-3,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,3-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,2-trichloro-3,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1,3-trichloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,2,3-trichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available

SPECIFICATION #: 3ADENVM0001 VERSION: REV006 EFFECTIVE DATE: May 1, 2016 REVISION DATE: July 1, 2022

Dichiorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-243)116890-51-8134237-43-73134237-43-732,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane7125-01-41,1-dichloro-1,2-trifluoropropane7125-09-71,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane (HCFC-243da)338-75-01,3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane67406-68-21,1-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane70192-70-03,3-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropro
2,2-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane7126-01-41,1-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane7125-99-71,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane7126-00-32,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane67406-68-21,1-dichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane67406-68-21,1-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane460-69-53,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoro
1.1-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane7125-99-71,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane7126-00-32,3-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane67406-68-21,1-dichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane70192-70-03,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane70192-70-03,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,2-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,2-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneKoros2-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluo
1.2-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane7126-00-32.3-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane (HCFC-243da)338-75-01.3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane67406-68-21.1-dichloro-2,2-3-trifluoropropane70192-70-03.3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane460-69-51.3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1.1-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2.3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2.3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropaneNot available2.3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropaneNot available2.3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2.3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1.3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1.3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3.3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3.3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropaneNot available3.3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropaneNot available3.3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropaneNot available3.3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropaneNot available3.3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1.3-dichloro-1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2.chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane679-85-61.chloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane67406-66-02.chloro-1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane19041-02-22.chloro-1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane19041-02-22.chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3.chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3.chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro
2,3-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane (HCFC-243da)338-75-01,3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane67406-68-21,1-dichloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane70192-70-03,3-dichloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane460-69-51,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,3,2-trifluoropropaneNot available2,2-dichloro-1,3,2-trifluoropropaneNot available1,2-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available3,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available1,3-dichloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropaneNot available2,-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane67406-66-01,-chloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244b)1904-02-22,-chloro-1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)1904-02-22,-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)1904-02-22,-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3,-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
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1,3-dichloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropaneNot availableChlorotetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244)134190-50-432-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244db)117970-90-83-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane679-85-61-chloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244fb)2730-64-52-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244da)19041-02-22-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-73-81-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-75-01-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
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2-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244db)117970-90-83-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane679-85-61-chloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane67406-66-01-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244fb)2730-64-52-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244da)19041-02-22-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-73-81-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
3-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane679-85-61-chloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane67406-66-01-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244fb)2730-64-52-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)19041-02-22-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-73-81-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
1-chloro-1,2,2,3-tetrafluoropropane67406-66-01-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244fb)2730-64-52-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244da)19041-02-22-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-73-81-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane421-75-01-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
1-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244fb)2730-64-52-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244da)19041-02-22-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-73-81-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane421-75-01-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
2-chloro-1,1,3,3-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244da)19041-02-22-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-73-81-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane421-75-01-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
2-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropane (HCFC-244ba)421-73-81-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane421-75-01-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
1-chloro-1,1,2,2-tetrafluoropropane421-75-01-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
1-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
3-chloro-1,1,1,2-tetrafluoropropaneNot available2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
2-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropaneNot available
3-chloro-1,1,1,3-tetrafluoropropane Not available
3-chloro-1,1,2,3-tetrafluoropropane I Not available
hot datable
Trichlorofluoropropane (HCFC-251) 134190-51-5 <sup>3</sup>
(R,S)-(.+) 1,2,3-trichloro-1-fluoropropane 84847-80-3
(R,R)-(.+) 84847-79-0
[R(R,S)] 76985-34-7
[R(R,R)] 76985-33-6
(R,S) 67832-50-2
(R,R) 67832-44-4
1,2,3-trichloro-2-fluoropropane 7126-16-1
1,2,2-trichloro-3-fluoropropane 70192-89-1
1,1,3-trichloro-1-fluoropropane 818-99-5
1,1,3-trichloro-2-fluoropropane 76937-36-5
1,1,2-trichloro-1-fluoropropane 421-41-0
1,1,2-trichloro-2-fluoropropane 3175-24-4
1,1,1-trichloro-2-fluoropropane Not available
1,1,1-trichloro-3-fluoropropane Not available
1,1,2-trichloro-3-fluoropropane Not available
1,1,3-trichloro-3-fluoropropane Not available
1,2,2-trichloro-1-fluoropropane Not available
1,2,3-trichloro-1-fluoropropane Not available

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Dichlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-252)	134190-52-6 <sup>3</sup>
1,1-dichloro-2,2-difluoropropane	1112-01-2
1,1-dichloro-3,3-difluoropropane	131404-17-6
1,1-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	121612-64-4
1,2-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	7126-15-0
1,2-dichloro-2,3-difluoropropane	70192-74-4
2,3-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	82578-00-5
1,3-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	819-00-1
1,3-dichloro-1,2-difluoropropane	111483-26-2
1,3-dichloro-2,2-difluoropropane	1112-36-3
1,1-dichloro-1,2-difluoropropane	Not available
1,1-dichloro-2,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,2-dichloro-1,2-difluoropropane	Not available
1,2-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
1,3-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
2,2-dichloro-1,1-difluoropropane	Not available
2,2-dichloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available
Chlorotrifluoropropane (HCFC-253)	26588-23-8
	134237-44-8 <sup>3</sup>
2-chloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane 3-	421-47-6
chloro-1,1,1-trifluoropropane 1-	460-35-5
chloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 2-	134251-05-1
chloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 3-	69202-10-4
chloro-1,1,2-trifluoropropane 1-	121612-65-5
chloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane 1-	83124-56-5
chloro-1,2,2-trifluoropropane 1-	70192-76-6
chloro-2,2,3-trifluoropropane 2-	56758-54-4
chloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane 3-	Not available
chloro-1,1,3-trifluoropropane (1-	Not available
chloro-1,3,3-trifluoropropane) 1-	
chloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane 2-	Not available
chloro-1,2,3-trifluoropropane	Not available
Dichlorofluoropropane (HCFC-261)	127404-11-9
	134237-45-93
1,1-dichloro-1-fluoropropane	7799-56-6
1,1-dichloro-2-fluoropropane	53074-31-0
1,1-dichloro-3-fluoropropane	53074-30-9
1,2-dichloro-1-fluoropropane	7799-56-5
1,2-dichloro-2-fluoropropane	420-97-3
1,2-dichloro-3-fluoropropane	453-01-0
1,3-dichloro-1-fluoropropane	83124-60-1
1,3-dichloro-2-fluoropropane	816-38-6
2,2-dichloro-1-fluoropropane	
	Not available

Chlorodifluoropropane (HCFC-262)	134190-53-7 <sup>3</sup>	
1-chloro-1,1-difluoropropane	421-02-3	
2-chloro-1,1-difluoropropane	430-93-3	
3-chloro-1,1-difluoropropane	83124-57-6	
1-chloro-1,2-difluoropropane	430-96-6	
1-chloro-2,3-difluoropropane	37161-81-2	
2-chloro-1,3-difluoropropane	102738-79-4	
1-chloro-2,2-difluoropropane	420-99-5	
2-chloro-1,2-difluoropropane	Not available	
1-chloro-1,3-difluoropropane	Not available	
Chlorofluoropropane (HCFC-271)	134190-54-8 <sup>3</sup>	
1-chloro-1-fluoropropane	430-55-7	
1-chloro-2-fluoropropane	430-46-6	
1-chloro-3-fluoropropane	462-38-4	
2-chloro-1-fluoropropane	20372-78-5	
2-chloro-2-fluoropropane	420-44-0	
Chlorofluoroethane (HCFC-151)	762-50-5	

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Manufacturing processes do not include facilities equipment or systems such as chillers and fire suppression systems.

 $^{\rm 2}\,$  DR denotes a deleted registry number that was replaced with another registry number.

<sup>3</sup> Chemical to which Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) assigned registry number based on premise that it was a trade name,

although chemical may be the same as another one already listed.

### Annex L. Perfluorocarbons (PFC)

Carbon tetrafluoride (Perfluoromethane, tetrafluoromethane)	75-73-0
Perfluoroethane (Hexafluoroethane) (PFC-116)	76-16-4
Perfluoropropane (Octafluoropropane) (PFC-218)	76-19-7
Perfluorobutane (Decafluorobutane) (PFC-3-1-10; R-31-10)	355-25-9
Perfluoropentane (Dodecafluoropentane) (PFC-4-1-12; R-41-12)	678-26-2
Perfluorohexane (Tetradecafluorohexane) (PFC-5-1-14; R-51-	355-42-0
Perfluorocyclobutane (Octafluorocyclobutane) (PFC-c-318)	115-25-3
Perfluoroheptane	335-57-9
Perfluorooctane	307-34-6

#### Annex M. Polybrominated biphenyls (PBBs) including all congeners and isomers

2-Bromobiphenyl	2052-07-5
3-Bromobiphenyl	2113-57-7
4-Bromobiphenyl	92-66-0
Decabromobiphenyl	13654-09-6
Dibromobiphenyl	92-86-4
Heptabromobiphenyl	35194-78-6
Hexabromobiphenyl	59080-40-9
Hexabromo-1,1-biphenyl	36355-01-8
Nonabromobiphenyl	27753-52-2
Octabromobiphenyl	61288-13-9
Pentabromobiphenyl	56307-79-0
Polybrominated Biphenyl	59536-65-1
Tetrabromobiphenyl	40088-45-7
Tribromobiphenyl	59080-34-1
Firemaster FF-1	67774-32-7

Annex N. Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDEs) including all congeners and isomers

Bromobiphenyl Ether	101-55-3	
Decabromobiphenyl Ether	1163-19-5	
Dibromobiphenyl Ether	2050-47-7	
Heptabromobiphenyl Ether	68928-80-3	
Hexabromobiphenyl Ether	36483-60-0	
Nonabromobiphenyl Ether	63936-56-1	
Octabromobiphenyl Ether	32536-52-0	
Pentabromobiphenyl Ether	32534-81-9	
Tetrabromobiphenyl Ether	40088-47-9	
Tribromobiphenyl Ether	49690-94-0	

#### Annex O. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)

Polychlorinated Biphenyls	1336-36-3
Aroclor	12767-79-2
Chlorodiphenyl (Aroclor 1260)	11096-82-5
Kanechlor 500	27323-18-8
Aroclor 1254	11097-69-1
Terphenyls	26140-60-3

# Annex P. Shortchain Chlorinated Paraffins (also known as Shortchain chlorinated alkanes)

### Only shortchain chlorinated paraffins with carbon length of 10-13 atoms are covered.

Chlorinated paraffins (C10-13) (also known as Alkanes, C10-13, chloro)	85535-84-8
Alkanes, C 10-12, chloro	108171-26-2
Alkanes, C 12-13, chloro	71011-12-6
Other Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins	-

#### Annex Q. Chlorinated Solvents (complete list)

Chloroform	67-66-3
1,1,2-trichloroethane	79-00-5
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	79-34-5
1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane	630-20-6
Pentachloroethane	76-01-7
1,1-dichloroethylene	75-35-4
1,1,1 Trichloroethane (note - this substance is also included in the Annex for ozone depleting substances)	71-55-6
Carbon tetrachloride (note - this substance is also included in the Annex for ozone depleting substances)	56-23-5

### Annex R. Polychlorinated naphthalenes

Polychlorinated Naphthalenes	70776-03-3	
Dichloronaphthalene	28699-88-9	
Trichloronaphthalene	1321-65-9	
Tetrachloronaphthalene	1335-88-2	
Pentachloronaphthalene	1321-64-8	
Hexachloronaphthalene	1335-87-1	
Heptachloronaphthalene	32241-08-0	
Octachloronaphthalene	2234-13-1	
Other polychlorinated naphthalenes	-	

#### Annex S. Tributyl tin oxide (TBTO)

Bis(tri-n-butyltin)	56-35-9
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#### Annex T. Antimony/Antimony Compounds

Antimony (metallic)	7440-36-0
Antimony pentoxide	1314-60-9
Antimony trichloride	10025-91-9
Sodium antimonate	15432-85-6
Other antimony compounds	-

#### Annex U. Arsenic/Arsenic Compounds

Arsenic	7440-38-2
Gallium arsenide	1303-00-0
Calcium arsenate	7778-44-1
Calcium arsenite	27152-57-4
Potassium arsenite	10124-50-2
Potassium arsenate	7784-41-0
Lead arsenate	3687-31-8
Sodium arsenate	10048-95-0
Copper arsenate	10103-61-4
Ammonium arsenate	7784-44-3
Lead arsenate	7784-40-9
Arsenic acid, magnesium salt	10103-50-1
Arsenic trichloride	7784-34-1
Arsine	7784-42-1
Copper arsenite	10290-12-7
Arsenic acid	7778-39-4
Other arsenic compounds, not including arsenic pentoxide and	-
arsenic trioxide, as these substances have a separate entry on	
the reportable table)	

### Annex V. Beryllium/Beryllium Compounds

Beryllium-aluminum alloy	12770-50-2
Beryllium chloride	7787-47-5
Beryllium fluoride	7787-49-7
Beryllium hydroxide	13327-32-7
Beryllium phosphate	13598-15-7
Beryllium sulfate	13510-49-1
Beryllium sulfate tetrahydrate	7787-56-6
Beryl ore	1302-52-9
Beryllium carbonate	66104-24-3 and 13 106-47-3
Beryllium nitrate	13597-99-4
Other beryllium compounds (This does not include beryllium,	-
beryllium oxide and beryllium copper alloys. These substances	
have a separate entry on the reportable table.)	

### Annex W. Bismuth/Bismuth Compounds and Alloys

Bismuth	7440-69-9
Bismuth trioxide	1304-76-3
Bismuth nitrate	10361-44-1
Other bismuth compounds	-

#### Annex X. Brominated Flame Retardants (other than PBB or PBDE)

Poly(2,6-dibromo-phenylene oxide)	69882-11-7	
Tetra-decabromo-diphenoxy-benzene	58965-66-5	
1,2-Bis(2,4,6-tribromo-phenoxy) ethane	37853-59-1	
TBBA, unspecified	30496-13-0	

TBBA-epichlorhydrin oligomer	40039-93-8
TBBA-TBBA-diglycidyl-ether oligomer	70682-74-5
TBBA carbonate oligomer	28906-13-0
TBBA carbonate oligomer, phenoxy end capped	94334-64-2
TBBA carbonate oligomer, 2,4,6-tribromo-phenol terminated	71342-77-3
Brominated epoxy resin end-capped with tribromophenol	139638-58-
Brominated epoxy resin end-capped with tribromophenol	135229-48-
TBBA-(2,3-dibromo-propyl-ether)	21850-44-2
TBBA bis-(2-hydroxy-ethyl-ether)	4162-45-2
TBBA-bis-(allyl-ether)	25327-89-3
TBBA-dimethyl-ether	37853-61-5
Tetrabromo-bisphenol S	39635-79-5
TBBS-bis-(2,3-dibromo-propyl-ether)	42757-55-1
2,4-Dibromo-phenol	615-58-7
2,4,6-tribromo-phenol	118-79-6
Pentabromo-phenol	608-71-9
2,4,6-Tribromo-phenyl-alltl-ether	3278-89-5
Tribromo-phenyl-allyl-ether, unspecified	26762-91-4
Bis(methyl)tetrabromo-phthalate	55481-60-2
Bis(2-ethlhexyl)tetrabromo-phtalate	26040-51-7
2-Hydroxy-propyl-2-(2-hydroxy-ethoxy)-ethyl-TBP	20566-35-2
TBPA, glycol-and propylene-oxide esters	75790-69-1
N,N'-Ethylene —bis-(tetrabromo-phthalimide)	32588-76-4
Ethylene-bis(5,6-dibromo-norbornane-2,3-dicarboximide)	52907-07-0
2,3-Dibromo-2-butene-1,4-diol	3234-02-4
Dibromo-neopentyl-glycol	3296-90-0
Dibromo-propanol	96-13-9
Tribromo-neopentyl-alcohol	36483-57-5
Poly tribromo-styrene	57137-10-7
Tribromo-styrene	61368-34-1
Dibromo-styrene grafted PP	171091-06-
Poly-dibromo-styrene	31780-26-4
Bromo-/Chloro-paraffins	68955-41-9
Bromo-/Chloro-alpha-olefin	82600-56-4
Vinylbromide	593-60-2
Tris-(2,3-dibromo-propyl)-isocyanurate	52434-90-9
Tris(2,4-Dibromo-phenyl) phosphate	49690-63-3
Tris(tribromo-neopentyl) phosphate	19186-97-1
Chlorinated and brominated phosphate esther	125997-20-
Pentabromo-toluene	87-83-2
Pentabromo-benzyl bromide	38521-51-6
1,3-Butadiene homopolymer,brominated	68441-46-3
Pentabromo-benzyl-acrylate, monomer	59447-55-1
Pentabromo-benzyl-acrylate, polymer	59447-57-3
Decabromo-diphenyl-ethane	84852-53-9
Tribromo-bisphenyl-maleinimide	59789-51-4
Brominated trimethylphenyl-lindane	
Hexabromo-cyclo-dodecane (HBCD), unspecified	3194-55-6
Tetrabromo-chyclo-octane	31454-48-5
1,2-Dibromo-4-(1,2 dibromo-methyl)-cyclo-hexane	3322-93-8
TBPA Na salt	25357-79-3
Tetrabromo phthalic anhydride	632-79-1
TBBA-bisphenol A-phosgene polymer	32844-27-2
Bis(methyl)tetrabromo-phtalate	55481-60-2
Formaldehyde, polymer with bromophenol and 2-	68541-56-0
Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO	
1043-4 code number FR (14) [Aliphatic/alicyclic brominated	-

SPECIFICATION #: 3ADENVM0001 VERSION: REV006 EFFECTIVE DATE: May 1, 2016 REVISION DATE: July 1, 2022

Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO	
1043-4 code number FR (15) [Aliphatic/alicyclic brominated	-
compounds in combination with antimony compounds]	
Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO	
1043-4 code number FR (16) [Aromatic brominated compounds	-
excluding brominated diphenyl ether and biphenyls]	
Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO	
1043-4 code number FR (17) [Aromatic brominated compounds	-
excluding brominated diphenyl ether and biphenyls) in	
combination with antimony compounds]	
Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO	
1043-4 code number FR (22) [Aliphatic/alicyclic chlorinated and	-
brominated compounds]	
Brominated flame retardant which comes under notation of ISO	
1043-4 code number FR (42) [Brominated organic phosphorus	-
compounds]	

#### Annex Y. Magnesium/Magnesium Alloys

Magnesium	7439-95-4
Other magnesium alloys	-

Annex Z. Perfluorooctyl acid (PFOA) and salts (for a more comprehensive list of PFOA CAS numbers see OECD)

http://search.oecd.org/officialdocuments/displaydocumentpdf/?cote=env/jm/mono%282006%2915&d

#### oclanguage=en

Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid	335-67-1
2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta-deca-fluoro-octanoic acid, sodium salt	335-95-5
2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta-deca-fluoro-octanoic acid, potassium salt	2395-00-8
2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta-deca-fluoro-octanoic acid, silver salt	335-93-3
Acid Fluoride of PFOA	335-66-0
Methyl ester of PFOA	376-27-2
Ethyl ester of PFOA	3108-24-5
2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-penta-deca-fluoro-octanoic acid, ammonium salt	3825-26-1
Octanoic acid, 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-pentadecafluoro-, chromium(3+)	68141-02-6
Ethanaminium, N,N,N-triethyl-, salt with pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (1:1)	98241-25-9

### Annex AA. Phthalates

Di (2-methoxyethyl) phthalate	117-82-8
Dimethyl phthalate (DMP)	131-11-3
Diethyl phthalate (DEP)	84-66-2
Diallyl phthalate (DAP)	131-17-9
Di-n-propyl phthalate (DPP)	131-16-8
Butyl cyclohexyl phthalate (BCP)	84-64-0
Dicyclohexyl phthalate (DCP)	84-61-7
Diisohexyl phthalate (DiHxP)	146-50-9
Diisoheptyl phthalate (DiHpP)	41451-28-9
Butyl decyl phthalate (BDP)	89-19-0
Diisooctyl phthalate (DIOP)	27554-26-3
N-Octyl n-decyl phthalate (ODP)	119-07-3
Diundecyl phthalate (DUP)	3648-20-2
Diisoundecyl phthalate (DIUP)	85507-79-5
Ditridecyl phthalate (DTDP)	119-06-2
Diisotridecyl phthalate (DIUP)	68515-47-9

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#### Annex BB. Polyvinyl Chloride

Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) 9002-86-2	

#### Annex CC. Radioactive Substances

Uranium – 238	7440-61-1	
Plutonium	7440-07-5	
Radon	10043-92-2	
Americium – 241	14596-10-2	
Thorium – 232	7440-29-1	
Cesium	7440-46-2	
Cesium – 137	10045-97-3	
Strontium	7440-24-6	
Strontium-90		
Other radioactive substances	-	

### Annex DD. Selenium/Selenium Compounds

Selenium	7782-49-2	
Hydrogen selenide	7783-07-5	
Sodium selenide	1313-85-5	
Selenium dioxide	7446-08-4	
Sodium selenate	13410-01-0	
Dimethyl selenide	593-79-3	
Selenium oxide	12640-89-0	
Other selenium compounds	-	

### Annex EE. Tributyl Tin, Triphenyl Tin

Tributyltin	688-73-3
Tributyltin oxide	56-35-9
Tributyltin benzoate	4342-36-3
Tributyl tin bromide	1461-23-0
Tributyltin linoleate	24124-25-2
Tributyltin methacrylate	2155-70-6
Triphenyl tin	668-34-8
Triphenyltin N,N'-dimethyldithiocarbamate	1803-12-9
Triphenyltin fluoride	379-52-2
Triphenyltin acetate	900-95-8
Triphenyltin chloride	639-58-7
Triphenyltin hydroxide	76-87-9
Triphenyltin fatty acid salts (C=9-11)	47672-31-1
Triphenyltin chloroacetate	7094-94-2
Tributyltin methacrylate	2155-70-6
Bis(tributyltin) fumarate	6454-35-9
Tributyltin fluoride	1983-10-4
Bis(tributyltin) 2,3-dibromosuccinate	31732-71-5
Tributyltin acetate	56-36-0
Tributyltin laurate	3090-36-6
Bis(tributyltin) phthalate	4782-29-0
Copolymer of alkyl acrylate, methyl methacrylate and tributyltin	67772-01-4
methacrylate(alkyl; C=8)	
Tributyltin sulfamate	6517-25-5
Bis(tributyltin) maleate	14275-57-1
Tributyltin chloride	1461-22-9, 7342-38-3
Mixture of tributyltin cyclopentanecarboxylate and its analogs (Tributyltin naphthenate)	-

Tributyltin cyclopentane carbonate=mixture	5409-17-2
Triphenyltin fatty acid ((9-11) salt)	18380-71-7
	18380-72-8
	47672-31-1
	94850-90-5
Mixture of tributyltin	26239-64-5
1,2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,10,10a-decahydro -7-isopropyl- 1,4a- dimethyl-	
1- phenanthlenecarboxylate and its analogs (Tributyltin rosin	
salt)	
Tributyltin naphthenate	85409-17-2
Other Tributyl Tins & Triphenyl Tins	-

#### Annex FF. Creosote, Coal Tar, Anthracene Etc.

Cresote; wash oil	8001-58-9
Creosote Oil; wash oil	61789-28-4
Distillates (coal tar), naphthalene oils; naphthalene oil	84650-04-4
Cresote oil, acenaphthene fraction; wash oil	90640-84-9
Distillates (coal tar), upper; heavy anthracene oil	65996-91-0
Anthracene oil	90640-80-5
Tar acids, coal, crude; crude phenols	65996-85-2
Cresote, wood	8021-39-4
Low temperature tar oil, alkaline; extract residues (coal), low	122384-78-5
temperature coal tar alkaline	
Coal tar	8007-45-2

#### Annex GG. Ethylene based Glycol Ethers

2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4	
Methoxyethanol	32718-54-0	
Methoxyethanol acetate	110-49-6	
2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5	
Ethoxyethanol acetate	111-15-9	
Diethylene glycol dimethyl ether	111-96-6	
Ethylene glycol dimethyl ether	110-71-4	
Methoxyacetic acid	625-45-6	
Ethoxyacetic acid	627-03-2	

#### Annex HH. Pentachlorophenol (PCP) and its salts and esters

Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5
Sodium pentachlorophenol	131-52-2

### Annex II. Lead sulfochromate yellow (C.I. Pigment Yellow 34)

Please note CAS numbers have been deleted from the CA index, but may still be in use.

Chrome orange	8012-76-8
Chrome Orange Pigment	61513-05-1
Chrome Orange Pigment	61513-06-2
C.I. Pigment Yellow 34	61513-07-3
C.I. Pigment Yellow 34	81209-53-2

#### Annex JJ. Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)

Trifluoromethane (HFC-23)	75-46-7
Difluoromethane (HFC-32)	75-10-5
Fluoromethane (HFC-41)	593-53-3
1,1,1,2,3,4,4,5,5,5-decafluoropentane (HFC-43-10)	138495-42-8

2H, 3H-Decafluoropentane (HFC-43-10mee)	138495-42-8
Pentafluoroethane (HFC-125)	354-33-6
1,1,2,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134)	359-35-3
1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)	811-97-2
1,1,2-trifluoroethane (HFC-143)	430-66-0
1,1,1-trifluoroethane (HFC-143a)	420-46-2
1,2-Difluoroethane (HFC-152)	624-72-6
1,1-Difluoroethane (HFC-152a)	75-37-6
Monofluoroethane (Ethyl fluoride) (HFC-161)	353-36-6
1,1,1,2,3,3,3-heptafluoropropane (HFC-227ca)	431-89-0
1,1,1,2,2,3,3-heptafluoropropane (HFC-227ca)	2252-84-8
1,1,2,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236ca)	27070-61-7
1,1,1,2,2,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236cb)	677-56-5
1,1,1,2,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236ea)	431-63-0
1,1,1,3,3,3-hexafluoropropane (HFC-236fa)	690-39-1
1,1,2,2,3-pentafluoropropane (HFC-245ce and HFC245ca)	679-86-7
1,1,1,3,3-pentafluoropropane (HFC-245fa)	460-73-1
1,1,1,3,3-pentafluorobutane (HFC-365mfc)	406-58-6
Heptafluorocyclopentane (HFC-c-447ef)	15290-77-4
1,1,1,2,2,3,4,5,5,5,-decafluoropentane (HFC-43-10 mee)	138495-42-8
HFC-1234yf	Not available
HFC-1234ze	Not available
HFC-1336mzz	Not available
HFC-1233zd	Not available
HFC-1233xf	Not available

#### Annex KK. Dibutyltin Compounds (DBT)

Dibutyltin oxide	818-08-6	
Dibutyltin chloride	683-18-1	
Dibutyltin diacetate	1067-33-0	
Dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7	
Dibutyltin hydrogen borate	75113-37-0	
Dibutyltin maleate	78-04-6	
Other dibutyltin compounds	-	

### Annex LL. Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)

Acenaphthene	83-32-9
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8
Anthanthrene	191-26-4
Anthracene (Please note this substance is also a REACH SVHC	120-12-7
required to be reported on the PCD if present in the	
referenced concentration as cited in Section 2.2.3.)	
Benz[ <i>a</i> ]anthracene	56-55-3
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	205-99-2
Benzo[j]fluoranthene	205-82-3
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	207-08-9
Benzo[ <i>ghi</i> ]fluoranthene	203-12-3
Benzo[a]fluorene	238-84-6
Benzo[b]fluorene	243-17-4
Benzo[ghi]perylene	191-24-2
Benzo[c]phenanthrene	195-19-7
Benzo[ <i>a</i> ]pyrene	50-32-8
Benzo[ <i>e</i> ]pyrene	192-97-2
Chrysene	218-01-9
Coronene	191-07-1
Cyclopenta[cd]pyrene	27208-37-3
Dibenz[ <i>a</i> , <i>h</i> ]anthracene	53-70-3
Dibenzo[ <i>a,e</i> ]pyrene	192-64-0

Dibenzo[ <i>a h</i> ]pyrene	189-64-0	
Dibenzo[a,i]pyrene	189-55-9	
Dibenzo[ <i>a</i> ,/]pyrene	191-30-0	
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	
Fluorene	86-73-7	
Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	193-39-5	
5-methylchrysene	3697-24-3	
1-methylphenathrene	832-69-9	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	
Perylene	198-55-0	
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	
Pyrene	129-00-0	
Triphenylene	217-59-4	
Dibenz[a, c]anthracene	215-58-7	
Dibenz[a, j]anthracene	224-41-9	

#### Annex MM. Perchlorates

Ammonium perchlorate	7790-98-9
Lithium perchlorate	7791-03-9
Potassium perchlorate	7778-74-7
Sodium perchlorate	7601-89-0
Barium perchlorate	13465-95-7
Lead perchlorate	13637-76-8
Magnesium perchlorate	10034-81-8
Nickel perchlorate	13637-71-3

### Annex NN. SVHC Candidate List (offered here as a reference, current and detailed list maintained by ECHA

### at http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/candidate-list-table ). Authorized SVHCs are listed in Annex OO .

	,
2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-	15571-58-1
dithia-4- stannatetradecanoate (DOTE)	
2-benzotriazol-2-yl-4,6-di-tert-butylphenol (UV-320)	3846-71-7
Reaction mass of 2-ethylhexyl 10-ethyl-4,4-dioctyl-7-oxo-	Not available
8-oxa-3,5- dithia-4-stannatetradecanoate and 2-ethylhexyl	
10-ethyl-4-[[2-[(2- ethylheyxl)oxy]- 2- oxoethyl]thio]-4-	
octyl-7-oxo-8-oxa-3,5-dithia-4- stannatetradecanoate	
(reaction mass of DOTE and MOTE)	
Cadmium fluoride	7790-79-6
Cadmium sulphate	10124-36-4; 31119-53-6
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4,6-ditertpentylphenol (UV-328)	25973-55-1
Lead dipicrate	6477-64-1
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dihexyl ester, branched and linear	68515-50-4
Sodium perborate; perboric acid, sodium salt	Not available
Sodium peroxometaborate	7632-04-4
Cadmium chloride	10108-64-2
Cadmium sulphide	1306-23-6
Disodium 4-amino-3-[[4'[(2,4-diaminophenyl)azo] [1,1'-	1937-37-7
biphenyl] -4- yl]azo] -5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo) naphthalene-	
2,7-disulphonate (C.I. Direct Black 38)	
Dihexyl phthalate	84-75-3
Imidazolidine-2-thione; (2-imidazoline-2-thiol)	96-45-7
Trixylyl phosphate	25155-23-1
Disodium 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl] -4,4'- diylbis (azo)]	573-58-0
bis (4- aminonaphthalene- 1- sulphonate) ( C.I.	
Direct Red 28)	
Lead di(acetate)	301-04-2

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	7440.42.0
Cadmium	7440-43-9
Cadmium oxide	1306-19-0
Ammonium pentadecafluorooctanoate (APFO)	3825-26-1
Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)	335-67-1
Dipentyl phthalate (DPP)	131-18-0
4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear, ethoxylated [substances	Not available
with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number of	
9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, ethoxylated	
covering UVCB- and well-defined substances, polymers and	
homologues, which include any of the individual isomers and/or	
combinations thereof]	
Zirconia Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres:	None available
fibres covered by index number 650-017-00-8 in Annex VI, part	
3, table 3.1 of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European	
Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on	
classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures,	
and fulfil the three following conditions: a) oxides of aluminum,	
silicon and zirconium are the main components present (in the	
fibres) within variable concentration ranges b) fibres have a length	
weighted geometric mean diameter less two standard geometric	
errors of 6 or less micrometres ( $\mu$ m). c) alkaline oxide and alkali	
earth oxide (Na2O+K2O+CaO+MgO+BaO) content less or equal to	
18% by weight	
Calcium arsenate	7778-44-1
Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres:	None available
fibres covered by index number 650-017-00-8 in Annex VI, part 3, table 3.1 of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European	
Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on	
classification, labelling and packaging of substances and	
mixtures, and fulfil the three following conditions: a) oxides of	
aluminium and silicon are the main components present (in the	
fibres) within variable concentration ranges b) fibres have a	
length weighted geometric mean diameter less two standard	
geometric errors of 6 or less micrometres ( $\mu$ m) c) alkaline oxide	
and alkali earth oxide (Na2O+K2O+CaO+MgO+BaO) content less	
or equal to 18% by weight	
2-Methoxyaniline; o-Anisidine	90-04-0
Trilead diarsenate	3687-31-8
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol	140-66-9
Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate	117-82-8
Lead diazide, Lead azide	13424-46-9
Lead styphnate	15245-44-0
Phenolphthalein	77-09-8
Cobalt dichloride	7646-79-9
1,2,3-Trichloropropane 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C7-11-branched and linear alkyl	96-18-4
	68515-42-4
esters 1-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4
Hydrazine	<u>872-50-4</u> 302-01-2, 7803-57-8
2-Ethoxyethyl acetate	111-15-9
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-8-branched alkyl esters, C7-	71888-89-6
rich	
Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers.	7738-94-5, 13530-68-2
Group containing: Chromic acid, Dichromic acid, Oligomers of	-,
chromic acid and dichromic acid	
Cobalt(II) carbonate	513-79-1
Cobalt(II) diacetate	71-48-7
2-Methoxyethanol	109-86-4
Chromium trioxide	1333-82-0
Cobalt(II) dinitrate	10141-05-6
Cobalt(II) sulphate	10124-43-3
2-Ethoxyethanol	110-80-5
Disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	1303-96-4. 1330-43-4. 12179-04-3
Ammonium dichromate	7789-09-5

Tetraboron disodium heptaoxide, hydrate	12267-73-1
Potassium dichromate Trichloroethylene	7778-50-9 79-01-6
Sodium chromate	7775-11-3
Potassium chromate	7789-00-6
Boric acid	10043-35-3.11113-50-1
Acrylamide	79-06-1
Anthracene oil, anthracene-low	90640-82-7
Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, anthracene fraction Anthracene oil	91995-15-2
Anthracene oil, anthracene paste, distn. Lights	90640-80-5 91995-17-4
Pitch, coal tar, high temp.	65996-93-2
Anthracene oil, anthracene paste	90640-81-6
Sodium dichromate	7789-12-0.10588-01-9
Bis(tributyltin)oxide (TBTO)	56-35-9
Alkanes, C10-13, chloro (Short Chain Chlorinated Paraffins) Triethyl arsenate	85535-84-8 15606-95-8
Anthracene	120-12-7
Lead hydrogen arsenate	7784-40-9
Pyrochlore, antimony lead yellow	8012-00-8
6-methoxy-m-toluidine (p-cresidine)	120-71-8
Henicosafluoroundecanoic acid	2058-94-8
Hexahydromethylphthalic anhydride [1], Hexahydro-4- methylphthalic anhydride [2], Hexahydro-1-methylphthalic	25550-51-0, 19438-60-9, 48122-14-1, 57110-29-9
anhydride [3], Hexahydro-3- methylphthalic anhydride [4]	
Cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic anhydride [1], cis-cyclohexane-1,2-	85-42-7, 13149-00-3, 14166-21-3
dicarboxylic anhydride [2], trans-cyclohexane-1,2-dicarboxylic	
anhydride [3]	
Dibutyltin dichloride (DBTC)	683-18-1
Lead bis(tetrafluoroborate)	13814-96-5
Lead dinitrate	10099-74-8
Silicic acid, lead salt	11120-22-2
4-Aminoazobenzene	60-09-3
Lead titanium zirconium oxide	12626-81-2
Lead monoxide (lead oxide)	1317-36-8
o-Toluidine	95-53-4
3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-1,3-oxazolidine	143860-04-2
Silicic acid (H2Si2O5), barium salt (1:1), lead-doped	68784-75-8
Trilead bis(carbonate)dihydroxide	1319-46-6
Furan	110-00-9
N,N-dimethylformamide	68-12-2
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol, ethoxylated	Not available
4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear	Not available
4,4'-methylenedi-o-toluidine	838-88-0
Diethyl sulphate	64-67-5
Dimethyl sulphate	77-78-1
Lead oxide sulfate	12036-76-9
Lead titanium trioxide	12060-00-3
Acetic acid, lead salt, basic	51404-69-4
[Phthalato(2-)]dioxotrilead	69011-06-9
Bis(pentabromophenyl) ether (decabromodiphenyl ether; DecaBDE)	1163-19-5
N-methylacetamide	79-16-3
Dinoseb (6-sec-butyl-2,4-dinitrophenol)	88-85-7

1.2 Diathanusthana	620.444
1,2-Diethoxyethane	629-14-1
Tetralead trioxide sulphate	12202-17-4
N-pentyl-isopentylphthalate	776297-69-9
Dioxobis(stearato)trilead	12578-12-0
Tetraethyllead	78-00-2
Pentalead tetraoxide sulphate	12065-90-6
Pentacosafluorotridecanoic acid	72629-94-8
Tricosafluorododecanoic acid	307-55-1
Heptacosafluorotetradecanoic acid	376-06-7
1-bromopropane (n-propyl bromide)	106-94-5
Methoxyacetic acid	625-45-6
4-methyl-m-phenylenediamine (toluene-2,4-diamine)	95-80-7
Methyloxirane (Propylene oxide)	75-56-9
Trilead dioxide phosphonate	12141-20-7
o-aminoazotoluene	97-56-3
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dipentylester, branched and linear	84777-06-0
Orange lead (lead tetroxide)	1314-41-6
4,4'-oxydianiline and its salts	101-80-4
Biphenyl-4-ylamine	92-67-1
Diisopentylphthalate	605-50-5
Fatty acids, C16-18, lead salts	91031-62-8
Diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide (C,C'-azodi(formamide))	123-77-3
Sulfurous acid, lead salt, dibasic	62229-08-7
Lead cyanamidate	20837-86-9
a,a-Bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-4 (phenylamino)naphthalene- 1- methanol (C.I. Solvent Blue 4)	6786-83-0
N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-4,4'-methylenedianiline	101-61-1
1,3,5-tris[(2S and 2R)-2,3-epoxypropyl]-1,3,5-triazine-2,4,6- (1H,3H,5H)- trione ( -TGIC)	59653-74-6
Diboron trioxide	1303-86-2
1,2-bis(2-methoxyethoxy)ethane (TEGDME; triglyme)	112-49-2
4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)-4"-(methylamino)trityl alcohol	561-41-1
Lead(II) bis(methanesulfonate)	17570-76-2
Formamide	75-12-7
[4-[4,4'-bis(dimethylamino) benzhydrylidene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien- 1- ylidene]dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Violet 3)	
1,2-dimethoxyethane; ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDME)	110-71-4
[4-[[4-anilino-1-naphthyl][4- (dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]cyclohexa-2,5-dien-1-ylidene] dimethylammonium chloride (C.I. Basic Blue 26)	2580-56-5
1,3,5-Tris(oxiran-2-ylmethyl)-1,3,5-triazinane-2,4,6-trione (TGIC)	2451-62-9
4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)benzophenone (Michler's ketone)	90-94-8
1,3-propanesultone	1120-71-4
2,4-di-tert-butyl-6-(5-chlorobenzotriazol-2-yl)phenol (UV-327)	3864-99-1
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-(tert-butyl)-6-(sec-butyl)phenol (UV- 350)	36437-37-3
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3
	1

N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC)	127-19-5
Perfluorononan-1-oic-acid and its sodium and ammonium salts	
Ammonium salts of perfluoronan-1-oic-acid	4149-60-4
Perfluorononan-1-oic-acid Sodium salts of perfluorononan-1-oic-acid	375-95-1
Source sails of perhabilition and a source and	21049-39-8
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-10-alkyl esters	68515-51-5
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, mixed decyl and hexyl and octyl diesters	68648-93-1
5-sec-butyl-2-(2,4-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5-methyl-1,3- dioxane [1], 5-sec-butyl-2-(4,6-dimethylcyclohex-3-en-1-yl)-5- methyl-1,3-dioxane[2] covering any of the individual stereoisomers of [1] and [2] or any combination thereof	-
Benzo[def]chrysene (Benzo[a]pyrene)	50-32-8
p-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenol	80-46-6
Nondadecafluorodecanoic acid (PFDA) and its sodium and	335-76-2
ammonium salts	3830-45-3
	3108-42-7
4-heptylphenol, branched and linear	-
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (Bisphenol A; BPA)	80-05-7
Perfluorohexane-1-sulphonic acid and its salts	-
Reaction products of 1,3,4-thiadiazolidine-2,5-dithione, formaldehyde and 4-heptylphenol, branched and linear (RP-HP)	-
Chrysene	218-01-9
Cadmium nitrate	10325-94-7
Cadmium hydroxide	21041-95-2
Cadmium carbonate	513-78-0
Benz[a]anthracene	56-55-3
1,6,7,8,9,14,15,16,17,17,18,18-Dodecachloropentacyclo [12.2.1.16,9.02,13.05,10] octadeca-7,15-diene ("Dechlorane Plus") covering any of its individual anti- and syn-isomers or any combination thereof	13560-89-9
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	61788-32-7
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2
Lead	7439-92-1
Ethylenediamine	107-15-3
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane	540-97-6
Disodium octaborate	12008-41-2
Dicyclohexyl phthalate	84-61-7
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	541-02-6
Benzo[ghi]perylene	191-24-2
Benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2 anhydride	552-30-7
Pyrene	129-00-0
Phenanthrene	85-01-8
Fluoranthene	206-44-0
	207-08-9
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	
Benzo[k]fluoranthene 2,2-bis(4'-hydroxyphenyl)-4-methylpentane	6807-17-6

Tris(4-nonylphenyl, branched and linear) phosphite (TNPP) with ≥ 0.1% w/w of 4-nonylphenol, branched and linear (4-NP)	-
4-tert-butylphenol	98-54-4
2-methoxyethyl acetate	110-49-6
2,3,3,3-tetrafluoro-2-(heptafluoropropoxy)propionic acid, its salts and its acyl halides	-
2-benzyl-2-dimethylamino-4'-morpholinobutyrophenone	119313-12-1
2-methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one	71868-10-5
Diisohexyl phthalate	71850-09-4
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS) and its salts	-
1-vinylimidazole	1072-63-5
2-methylimidazole	693-98-1
Butyl 4-hydroxybenzoate	94-26-8
Dibutylbis(pentane-2,4-dionato-0,0')tin	22673-19-4
Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)ether	143-24-8
Dioctylin dilaurate, stannane, dioctyl-, bis(coco acyloxy) derivs., and any other stannane, dioctyl-, bis(fatty acyloxy) derivs. wherein C12 is the predominant carbon number of the fatty acyloxy moiety	-
1,4-dioxane	123-91-1
2,2-bis(bromomethyl)propane-1,3-dio (BMP); 2,2- dimethylpropan-1-ol, tribromo derivative/3-bromo-2,2- bis(bromomethyl)-1-propanol (TBNPA); 2,3-dibromo-1-propanol (2,3-DBPA)	-
2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde and its individual stereoisomers	-
4,4'-(1-methylpropylidene)bisphenol	77-40-7
Glutaral	111-30-8
Medium-chain chlorinated paraffins (MCCP)	-
Orthoboric acid, sodium salt	-
Phenol, alkylation products (mainly in para position) with C12- rich branched alkyl chains from oligomerization, covering any individual isomers and/or combinations thereof (PDDP)	-
(+/-)-1,7,7-trimethyl-3-[(4- methylphenyl)methylene]bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-one covering any of the individual isomers and/or combinations thereof (4- MBC)	-
6,6'-di-tert-butyl-2,2'-methylenedi-p-cresol	119-47-1
S-(tricyclo(5.2.1.0'2,6)deca-3-en-8(or 9)-yl O-(isopropyl or isobutyl or 2-ethylhexyl) O-(isopropyl or isobutyl or 2- ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioate	255881-94-8
Tris(2-methoxyethoxy)vinylsilane	1067-53-4
N-(hydroxymethyl)acrylamide	924-42-5

Annex OO. List of substances subject to REACH Authorization (current as of the date of this specification, current list maintained in the latest REACH regulation and its amendments)

Acids generated from chromium trioxide and their oligomers.	
Group containing:	
Chromic acid	7738-94-5
Dichromic acid	13530-68-2 Not yet assigned
Oligomers of chromis acid and dichromic acid	Not yet assigned
Ammonium dichromate	7789-09-5
Arsenic acid	7778-39-4
Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP) Please note a more restrictive	85-68-7
level is listed in Table 1 for this substance.	
Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) Please note a more	117-81-7
restrictive level is listed in Table 1 for this substance.	
Bis(2-methoxyethyl) ether (Diglyme)	111-96-6
Chromium trioxide	1333-82-0
Diarsenic trioxide	1327-53-3
4,4'-Diaminodiphenylmethane (MDA)	101-77-9
Diarsenic pentaoxide	1303-28-2
Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) Please note a more restrictive level is	84-74-2
listed in Table 1 for this substance.	
1,2-dichloroethane (EDC)	107-06-2
2,2'-dichloro-4,4'-methylenedianiline (MOCA)	101-14-4
Dichromium tris(chromate)	24613-89-6
Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) Please note a more restrictive level is	84-69-5
listed in Table 1 for this substance.	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene (2,4-DNT)	121-14-2
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline	25214-70-4
Hexabromocyclododecane (HBCDD)	3194-55-6, 25637-99-4
alpha-hexabromocyclododecane	134237-50-6
beta-hexabromocyclododecane	134237-51-7
gamma-hexabromocyclododecane	134237-52-8
Lead chromate	7758-97-6
Lead sulfochromate yellow (C.I. Pigment Yellow 34)	1344-37-2
Lead chromate molybdate sulphate red (C.I. Pigment Red 104)	12656-85-8
Pentazinc chromate octahydroxide	49663-84-5
Potassium chromate	7789-00-6
Potassium dichromate	7778-50-9
Potassium hydroxyoctaoxodizincatedichromate	11103-86-9
Sodium chromate	7775-11-3
Sodium dichromate	7789-12-0, 10588-01-9
Strontium chromate	7789-06-2
5-tert-butyl-2,4,6-trinitro- m-xylene (Musk xylene)	81-15-2
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6
Tris (2-chloroethyl) phosphate (TCEP)	115-96-8
1-bromopropane (n-propyl bromide)	106-94-5
Diisopentyl phthalate	605-50-5
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C6-8-branched alkyl esters, C7-	71888-89-6
1,2-Benzeneiecarboxylic acid, di-C7-11-branched and linear alkyl	68515-42-4
esters	
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, dipentyl ester, branched and	84777-06-0
linear	
Bis(2-methoxyethyl) phthalate	117-82-8
Dipentyl phthalate	131-18-0
n-pentyl-isopentylphthalate	-
Anthracene oil	90640-80-5
Pitch, coal tar, high-temp.	65996-93-2
4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol, ethoxylated	-

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4-Nonylphenol, branched and linear, ethoxylated substances	
with a linear and/or branched alkyl chain with a carbon number	
of 9 covalently bound in position 4 to phenol, ethoxylated	
covering UVCB- and well-defined substances, polymers and	
homologues, which include any of the individual isomers and/or	
combinations thereof	-
26-(4-nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-Octaoxahexacosan-1-	14409-72-4
ol	
2-[2-(4-nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]ethanol	20427-84-3
Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated	68412-54-4
4-Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	26027-38-3
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated	9016-45-9
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated (6,5-EO) (9016-45-9)	-
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated (15-EO) (9016-45-9)	-
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated (10-EO) (9016-45-9)	-
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated (8-EO) (9016-45-9)	-
2-[2-[2-[2-(4-nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]ethoxy]ethanol	7311-27-5
20-(4-nonylphenxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18-hexaoxaicosan-1-ol	27942-27-4
Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated	68412-54-4
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated (EO=4)	-
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated (polymer)	-
2-{2-[4-(3,6-dimethylheptan-3-yl)phenoxy]ethoxy}ethanol	1119449-37-4
2-[4-(3,6-dimethylheptan-3-yl)phenoxy]ethanol	1119449-37-4
Nonylphenolpolyglycolether	-
Nonylphenol, ethoxylated (EO=10)	-
Isononylphenol, ethoxylated	37205-87-1
4-Nonylphenol, branched, ethoxylated	127087-87-0
26-(nonylphenoxy)-3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-octaoxahexacosan-1-ol	26571-11-9
Nonylphenolpolyglykolether	9016-45-9

### Annex PP. Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI)

Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (MDI)	26447-40-5
4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8
2,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	5873-54-1
2,2'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2536-05-2

#### Annex QQ. Benzidine-based substances

1,3-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 7-hydroxy-8-[2-[4'-[2-(4-	117-33-9
hydroxyphenyl)diazenyl][1,1'- biphenyl]-4-yl]diazenyl]-	
1,3,6-Naphthalenetri-sulfonic acid, 8-hydroxy-7-[2-[4'-[2-(2-	65150-87-0
hydroxy-1-naphthalenyl)diazenyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-	
yl]diazenyl]-, lithium salt (1:3)	
2,7-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 5-amino-3-[2-[4'-[2-(7-amino-1-hydroxy-	68214-82-4
3-sulfo-2- naphthalenyl)diazenyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]diazenyl]-4-	
hydroxy-, sodium salt (1:2)	
2,7-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[2-[4'-[2-[2-hydroxy-	72379-45-4
4-[(2-methylphenyl)amino] phenyl]diazenyl][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]diazenyl]-	
6-(2-phenyldiazenyl)-	
2,7-Naphthalenedi-sulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy [[[(substituted phenylamino)]	Accession No. 21808 CAS No. CBI
substituted phenylazo] diphenyl]azo-, phenylazo-, disodium salt	(NA)
4-(Substituted naphthalenyl)azo diphenylyl azo-substituted carbopolycycle azo	Accession No. 24921 CAS No. CBI
benzene-sulfonic acid, sodium salt	(NA)

4-(Substituted phenyl)azo biphenylyl azo-substituted carbopolycycloazo benzene- sulfonic acid, sodium salt	Acession No. 26256 CAS No. CBI (NA)
4-(Substituted phenyl)azo biphenylyl azo-substituted carbo-polycycle azo benzene- sulfonic acid, sodium salt	Accesion No. 26267 CAS No. CBI (NA)
Phenylazoamino-hydroxynaphthalenylazobiphenylazo substituted benzene sodium sulfonate	Acession No. 26701 CAS No. CBI (NA)
[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine	92-87-5
[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine, dihydrochloride	531-85-1
1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis[4-amino-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Red 28)	573-58-0
2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-3-[[4'-[(2,4-diaminophenyl) azo][1,1'- biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Black 38)	1937-37-7
1-Naphthalenesulfonic acid, 8,8'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis[7-hydroxy- ,disodium salt (C.I. Direct Red 44)	2302-97-8
2-7Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 5-amino-3-[[4'-[(7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-n naphthalenyl)azo][1,1'biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-4-hydroxy-, trisodium salt (C.I. Direct Blue 2)	2429-73-4
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[(1-amino-4-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ylazo]-2- hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Orance 8)	2429-79-0
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,6-diamino-3-[[8-hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-7-[(4-sulfo-1- naphthalenyl)azo]-2-naphthalenyl]azo]-5-methylphenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]- 2-hydroxy-, tetrasodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 31)	2429-81-4
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[(7-amino-1-hydroxy-3-sulfo-2-naphthalenyl) azo][1,1'-biphenyl]- 4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 2)	2429-82-5
2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-3-[[4'-[(2,4-diamino-5- methylphenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-5-hydroxy-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt (Direct Black 4)	2429-83-6
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[(2-amino-8-hydroxy-6-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)azo][1,1'-biphenyl]- 4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Red 1)	2429-84-7
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,6-diamino-3-methyl-5-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'- biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 1:2)	2586-58-5
2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 3,3'-[[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylbis(azo)]bis[5-amino-4- hydroxy-,tetrasodium salt (C.I. Direct Blue 6)	2602-46-2
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,4-dihydrosy-3-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]- 4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 6)	2893-80-3
1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 8-[[4'-[(4-ethoxyphenyl) azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo] 7-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Red 37)	3530-19-6
1,3-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 7-hydroxy-8-[[4'-[[4-[[(4- methylphenyl)sulfonyl]oxy]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-, disodium salt (C.I. Acid Red 85)	3567-65-5
2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[[4'[(4-hydroxyphenyl)azo][1,1'- biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-6-(phenylazo)-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Green 1)	3626-28-6
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,4-diamino-5[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4- yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 1)	3811-71-0
2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydrosy-6-[[4'-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)azo ][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-3-[(4-nitrophenyl)azo]-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Green 6)	4335-09-5
2,7-Naphthalenedisulfonic acid, 4-amino-5-hydroxy-3-[[4'-[[4-hydroxy-2-[(2- methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-6-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]-, trisodium salt (C.I. Acid Black 94)	6358-80-1
Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[4-[(4-amino-7-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl)azo]-6-sulfo-1-naphthalenyl] azo][1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-, trisodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 27)	6360-29-8

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Benzoic acid, 5-[[4'-[[2,6-diamino-3-methyl-5-[(4-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'- biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxy-3-methyl, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 154)	6360-54-9
Benzoic acid, 3,3'-[(3,7-disulfo-1,5-naphthalenediyl)bis[azo(6-hydroxy-3,1-phenylene) azo[6(or7)-sulfo-4,1-naphthalenediyl]azo[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-diylazo]]bis[6-hydroxy-, hexasodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 74)	8014-91-3
Cuprate(2-),[5-[[4'-[[2,6-dihydroxy-3-[(2-hydroxy-5-sulfophenyl)azo]phenyl]azo][1,1'- biphenyl]-4-yl]azo]-2-hydroxybenzoato(4-)]-, disodium salt (C.I. Direct Brown 95)	16071-86-6

### Annex RR. Nonylphenols

Nonylphenol	25154-52-3
p-nonyl-phenol	104-40-5
4-nonyl-phenol, branched	84852-15-3
Nonylphenol, branched	90481-04-2
Isononylphenol	11066-49-2
p-Isononylphenol	26543-97-5
p-(Nonan-2-yl)phenol	17404-66-9
p-(2-Methyloctan-2-yl)phenol	30784-30-6
4-(3-Methyloctan-3-yl)phenol	52427-13-1
o-Nonylphenol	136-83-4
o-Isononylphenol	27938-31-4
Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched	91672-41-2
m-Nonylphenol	139-84-4
Neononylphenol	1196678-78-0
4-(3,5-Dimethylheptan-3-yl)phenol	186825-36-5
4-(3,6-Dimethylheptan-3-yl)phenol	142731-63-3
2-(Nonan-2-yl)phenol	17404-45-4
Phenol, 2-tert-nonyl-	89585-68-2
Phenol, sec-nonyl-	97372-03-7
Phenol, 4-tert-nonyl-	58865-77-3
Phenol, o-sec-nonyl	27214-48-8
Phenol, p-sec-nonyl-	27072-91-9

#### Annex SS. Fluorinated ethers and alcohols

HFE-125	Not available
HFE-134 (HG-00)	Not available
HFE-143a	Not available
HCFE-235da2 (isofluorane)	Not available
HFE-245cb2	Not available
HFE-245fa2	Not available
HFE-254cb2	Not available
HFE-347 mcc3 (HFE-7000)	Not available
HFE-347pcf2	Not available
HFE-356pcc3	Not available
HFE-449sl (HFE-7100)	Not available
HFE-569sf2 (HFE-7200)	Not available
HFE-43-10pccc124 (H-Galden 1040x) HG-11	Not available
HFE-236ca12 (HG-10)	Not available
HFE-338pcc13 (HG-01)	Not available
HFE-347mmy1	Not available
2,2,3,3,3-pentafluoropropanol	Not available
Bis(trifluoromethyl)-methanol	Not available
HFE-227ea	Not available
HFE-2236ea2 (desfluoran)	Not available
HFE-236fa	Not available
HFE-245fal	Not available
HFE-263fb2	Not available

HFE-329 mcc2	Not available
HFE-338 mcf2	Not available
HFE-338mmz1	Not available
HFE-347 mcf2	Not available
HFE-356 mec3	Not available
HFE-356mm1	Not available
HFE-356pcf2	Not available
HFE-356pcf3	Not available
HFE-365 mcf3	Not available
HFE-347pc2	Not available

#### Annex TT. Perfluorinated compounds

Perfluoropolymethylisopropyl-ether (PFPMIE)	Not available
Trifluoromethyl sulphur pentafluoride	Not available
Nitrogen trifluoride	7783-54-2
Perfluorocyclopropane	Not available

#### Annex UU. Toluene Diisocyanate (this list is all inclusive)

Taluana diisaayanata trimar	9019-85-6
Toluene diisocyanate trimer	
Poly(toluene diisocyanate)	9017-01-0
Toluene diisocyanate dimer	26747-90-0
Toluene diisocyanate "cyclic" trimer	26603-40-7
2,6-Toluene diisocyanate Note – reportable except for use in coatings, adhesives,	
elastomers, binders and sealants at less than or equal to 0.1% in a Consumer Product	
(defined as a chemical substances that is directly, or as part of a mixture, sold or	91-08-7
made available to consumers for their use in or around a permanent or temporary	
household or residence, in or around a school, or in recreation. [Source: US Code of	
Federal Regulations Title 40 Part 721.3 Subpart A])	
2,4-Toluene diisocyanate Note – reportable except for use in coatings, adhesives,	
elastomers, binders and sealants at less than or equal to 0.1% in a Consumer Product	
(defined as a chemical substances that is directly, or as part of a mixture, sold or	584-84-9
made available to consumers for their use in or around a permanent or temporary	
household or residence, in or around a school, or in recreation. [Source: US Code of	
Federal Regulations Title 40 Part 721.3 Subpart A])	
Toluene diisocyanate unspecified isomer Note - reportable except for use in coatings,	
adhesives, elastomers, binders and sealants at less than or equal to 0.1% in a	26471-62-5
Consumer Product (defined as a chemical substances that is directly, or as part of a	
mixture, sold or made available to consumers for their use in or around a permanent	
or temporary household or residence, in or around a school, or in recreation.	
[Source: US Code of Federal Regulations Title 40 Part 721.3 Subpart A])	

### Annex VV. Nonylphenol Ethoxylates

Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]-	20427-84-3
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -(4-nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-	26027-38-3
3,6,9,12,15,18,21-Heptaoxatricosan-1-ol, 23-(nonylphenoxy)-	27177-05-5
3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27-Nonaoxanonacosan-1-ol, 29-(nonylphenoxy)-	27177-08-8
Ethanol, 2-(nonylphenoxy)-	27986-36-3
Ethanol, 2-[2-[2-[2-(4-nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]ethoxy]-	7311-27-5
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α(nonylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-	9016-45-9
Ethanol, 2-[2-(nonylphenoxy)ethoxy]-	27176-93-8
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -(2-nonylphenyl)- $\omega$ -hydroxy-	51938-25-1
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(isononylphenyl)-ω-hydroxy-	37205-87-1
3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24-Octaoxahexacosan-1-ol, 26-(nonylphenoxy)-	26571-11-9

#### Annex WW. Chlordanes

Gamma-chlordane	556634-7
Trans- chlordane	5103-74-2
Cis- chlordane	5103-71-9
Heptachlor	76-44-8
Oxychlordane	27304-13-8
Trans-nonachlor	39765-80-5
Cis-nonachlor	5103-73-1

### Annex XX. N,N'-ditolyl-p-phenylenediamine

N,N'-ditolyl-p-phenylenediamine	27417-40-9
N-tolyl-N'-xylyl-p-phenylenediamine	28726-30-9
N,N'-dixylyl-p-phenylenediamine	70290-05-0

#### Annex YY. Dioxins

Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxin	Not available
Polychlorinated dibenzofuran	Not available
Co-PCBs	-

### Annex ZZ. Organic phosphorus compounds

Parathion	56-38-2
Parathion-methyl	298-00-0
Demeton-S-methyl	919-86-8
EPN	2104-64-5

#### Annex AAA. Small Brominated Alkyl Alochols

	06.12.0
2,3-dibromopropan-1-ol,2,3-dibromo-1-propanol	96-13-9
1,3-dibromopropan-2-ol	96-21-9
3-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl)-1-propanol	106023-63-6
1,4-dibromobutan-2-ol	19398-47-1
3,4-Dibromo-2-butanol	79033-40-2
2,3-dibromobutan-1-ol	4021-75-4
3,4-Dibromo-1-butanol	87018-30-2
3,4-Dibromo-1,2-butanediol	35330-59-7
1,4-Dibromo-2,3-butanediol	14396-65-7
2,3,4-Tribromo-1-butanol	855236-37-2
1,2,4-Tribromo-3-butanol	87018-38-0
2,2-Bis(bromomethyl)-1-propanol	105100-80-9
4,5-Dibromo-2-pentanol	213821-22-8
1,2-Dibromo-3-pentanol	408319-76-6
1,4-dibromo-(R*R*)-(9CI)-3-pentanol	159475-15-7
2,4-Dibromo-3-pentanol	343268-04-2
3,4-Dibromo-(2R*,3S*,4S*)-(9CI)-2-pentanol	76377-07-6
4,5-Dibromo-1-pentanol	59287-66-0
2,5-Dibromo-1-pentanol	856991-78-1
2-Pentanol, 1,5-dibromo-	100606-66-4
2,5-Dibromo-2-pentanol	213821-20-6
4-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl)-1-butanol	98069-26-2
2,2-bis(bromomethyl)propane-1,3-diol (Dibromoneopentyl-glycol)	3296-90-0
4-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl)-1,3-butanediol	44804-46-8
3-Bromo-2,2-bis(bromomethyl)-1-propanol	1522-92-5
2,2-dimethylpropan-1-ol,tribromo derivative (Tribromoneopentyl alcohol)	36483-57-5